Network Working Group Internet-Draft

Intended status: Standards Track

Expires: August 14, 2009

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February 10, 2009

# Definitions of Managed Objects for Mapping SYSLOG Messages to Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Notifications draft-ietf-opsawg-syslog-msg-mib-00.txt

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## Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines a mapping of SYSLOG messages to Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notifications.

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#### 1. Introduction

SNMP [RFC3410] [RFC3411] and SYSLOG [I-D.ietf-syslog-protocol] are two widely used protocols to communicate event notifications. Although co-existence of several management protocols in one operational environment is possible, certain environments require that all event notifications are collected by a single system daemon such as a SYSLOG collector or an SNMP notification receiver via a single management protocol. In such environments, it is necessary to translate event notifications between management protocols.

This document defines an SNMP MIB module to represent SYSLOG messages and to send SYSLOG messages as SNMP notifications to SNMP notification receivers.

## 2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to <a href="mailto:section 7">section 7</a> of <a href="mailto:RFC 3410">RFC 3410</a> [RFC3410]

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

## Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

### 4. Overview

SYSLOG messages are converted by a SYSLOG to SNMP converter. Such a converter acts as a SYSLOG receiver [I-D.ietf-syslog-protocol] and implements a MIB module according to the SNMP architecture [RFC3411]. The converter might be tightly coupled to an SNMP agent or it might interface with an SNMP agent via a subagent protocol.

After initialization, the converter will listen for SYSLOG messages.

On receiving a message, the message will be parsed to extract information as described in the MIB module. A conceptual table is populated with information extracted from the SYSLOG message and finally a notification may be generated.

The MIB module is organized into a group of scalars and two tables. The syslogMsgControl group contains two scalars controlling the maximum size of SYSLOG messages recorded in the tables and whether SNMP notifications are generated for SYSLOG messages.

```
--syslogMsgObjects(1)

|
+--syslogMsgControl(1)

|
+-- Unsigned32 syslogMsgTableMaxSize(1)
+-- TruthValue syslogMsgEnableNotifications(2)
```

The syslogMsgTable contains one entry for each recorded SYSLOG message. The basic fields of SYSLOG messages are represented in different columns of the conceptual table.

```
--syslogMsgObjects(1)
 1
 +--syslogMsgTable(2)
     +--syslogMsgEntry(1) [syslogMsgIndex]
       +-- Unsigned32
                                    syslogMsgIndex(1)
        +-- SyslogFacility
                                  syslogMsgFacility(2)
                                  syslogMsgSeverity(3)
       +-- SyslogSeverity
       +-- Unsigned32
                                    syslogMsgVersion(4)
       +-- DateAndTimeMicroSeconds syslogMsgTimeStamp(5)
       +-- DisplayString
                                   syslogMsgHostName(6)
                                  syslogMsgAppName(7)
syslogMsgProcID(8)
       +-- DisplayString
        +-- DisplayString
        +-- DisplayString
                                   syslogMsgMsgID(9)
       +-- OctetString
                                    syslogMsgMsg(10)
        +-- Bits
                                    syslogMsgFlags(11)
```

The syslogMsgSDTable contains one entry for each structured data element parameter contained in a SYSLOG message. Since structured data elements are optional, the relationship between the syslogMsgTable and the syslogMsgSDTable is 1:0..\*.

# 5. Relationship to Other MIB Modules

The NOTIFICATION-LOG-MIB [RFC3014] provides a generic mechanism for logging SNMP notifications in order to deal with lost SNMP notifications, e.g., due to transient communication problems. Applications can poll the notification log to verify that they have not missed important SNMP notifications.

The MIB module defined in this memo provides a mechanism for logging SYSLOG notifications. This additional SYSLOG notification log is provided because (a) SYSLOG messages might not lead to SNMP notification (this is configurable) and (b) SNMP notifications might not carry all information associated with a SYSLOG notification.

The following MIB module IMPORTS objects from SNMPv2-SMI [RFC2578], SNMPv2-TC [RFC2579], SNMPv2-CONF [RFC2580], SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [RFC3411], and SYSLOG-TC-MIB [I-D.ietf-syslog-tc-mib].

#### 6. Definitions

```
SYSLOG-MSG-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Unsigned32, mib-2
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
    TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, DisplayString, TruthValue
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
    OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    SnmpAdminString
        FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
    SyslogFacility, SyslogSeverity
```

```
FROM SYSLOG-TC-MIB;
```

syslogMsgMib MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "200902100800Z"

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#### DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module represent SYSLOG messages as SNMP objects.

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REVISION "200902100800Z"

DESCRIPTION

"Initial version issued as part of RFC XXXX."

- -- RFC Ed.: replace XXXX with actual RFC number & remove this note ::= { mib-2 XXX }
- -- RFC Ed.: replace XXX with IANA-assigned number & remove this note
- -- textual convention definitions

DateAndTimeMicroSeconds ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

DISPLAY-HINT "2d-1d-1d,1d:1d:1d.3d,1a1d:1d"

STATUS current

**DESCRIPTION** 

"A date-time specification. This type is similar to the DateAndTime type defined in the SNMPv2-TC except that

the subsecond granulation is microseconds instead of deciseconds.

octets	contents	range
1-2	year*	065536
3	month	112
4	day	131
5	hour	023
6	minutes	059
7	seconds	060
	(use 60 for leap-second)	
8-10	microseconds	0999999
11	direction from UTC	'+' / '-'
12	hours from UTC*	013
13	minutes from UTC	059
	1-2 3 4 5 6 7 8-10 11	3 month 4 day 5 hour 6 minutes 7 seconds (use 60 for leap-second) 8-10 microseconds 11 direction from UTC 12 hours from UTC*

- \* Notes:
- the value of year is in network-byte order
- the value of microseconds is in network-byte order
- daylight saving time in New Zealand is +13

For example, Tuesday May 26, 1992 at 1:30:15 PM EDT would be displayed as:

```
1992-5-26, 13:30:15.0, -4:0
```

Note that if only local time is known, then timezone information (fields 11-13) is not present."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE (10 | 13))

## -- object definitions

syslogMsgControl OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgObjects 1 }

## syslogMsgTableMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS read-write
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"The maximum number of syslog messages that may be held in syslogMsgTable. A particular setting does not guarantee that there is sufficient memory available for the maximum number of table entries indicated by this object. A value of 0 means no limit.

```
If an application reduces the limit while there are syslog
        messages in the syslogMsgTable, the syslog messages that are
        in the syslogMsgTable for the longest time MUST be discarded
        to bring the table down to the new limit.
        The value of this object should be kept in nonvolatile
        memory."
    DEFVAL
                { 0 }
    ::= { syslogMsgControl 1 }
syslogMsgEnableNotifications OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                TruthValue
    MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates whether syslogMsgNotification notifications are
        generated.
        The value of this object should be kept in nonvolatile
        memory."
    DEFVAL
                { false }
    ::= { syslogMsgControl 2 }
syslogMsgTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF SyslogMsgEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A table containing recent syslog messages. The size of the
        table is controlled by the syslogMsgTableMaxSize object."
    ::= { syslogMsgObjects 2 }
syslogMsgEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SyslogMsgEntry
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "An entry of the syslogMsgTable."
    INDEX { syslogMsgIndex }
    ::= { syslogMsgTable 1 }
SyslogMsgEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    syslogMsgIndex
                        Unsigned32,
    syslogMsgFacility
                        SyslogFacility,
    syslogMsgSeverity
                        SyslogSeverity,
    syslogMsgVersion
                        Unsigned32,
```

```
syslogMsgTimeStamp
                        DateAndTimeMicroSeconds,
    syslogMsgHostName
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgAppName
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgProcID
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgMsgID
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgMsg
                        OCTET STRING,
    syslogMsgFlags
                        BITS
}
syslogMsgIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A monotonically increasing number used to identify entries in
       the syslogMsgTable. When syslogMsgIndex reaches the maximum
        value the value wraps back to 1."
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 1 }
syslogMsgFacility OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SyslogFacility
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The facility of the syslog message."
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.1)
        RFCZZZZ: Textual Conventions for Syslog Management"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    -- RFC Ed.: replace ZZZZ with SYSLOG TC RFC number, remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 2 }
syslogMsgSeverity OBJECT-TYPE
                SyslogSeverity
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The severity of the syslog message"
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.1)
        RFCZZZZ: Textual Conventions for Syslog Management"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    -- RFC Ed.: replace ZZZZ with SYSLOG TC RFC number, remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 3 }
syslogMsgVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (0..999)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
```

```
STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The version of the syslog message. A value of 0 indicates
       that the version is unknown."
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.2)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 4 }
syslogMsgTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               DateAndTimeMicroSeconds
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The timestamp of the syslog message. The special value
        '0000000000000000000000'H is returned if the timestamp
        is unknown."
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.3)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 5 }
syslogMsgHostName OBJECT-TYPE
                DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The host name of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown host name."
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.4)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 6 }
syslogMsgAppName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX DisplayString (SIZE (0..48))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The app-name of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown app-name."
    REFERENCE
       "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.5)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 7 }
syslogMsgProcID OBJECT-TYPE
                DisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
    SYNTAX
```

```
MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
      "The procid of the syslog message. A zero-length string
       indicates an unknown procid."
    REFERENCE
      "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.6)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 8 }
syslogMsgMsgID OBJECT-TYPE
               DisplayString (SIZE (0..32))
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The msgid of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown msgid."
    REFERENCE
      "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.2.7)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 9 }
syslogMsgMsg OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               OCTET STRING
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The message part of the syslog message. The syntax does not
       impose a size restriction. Implementations of this MIB module
       may truncate the message part of the syslog message such that
       it fits into the size constraints imposed by the
       implementation environment. If the message has been truncated
       by the SYSLOG to SNMP converter, the truncated bit in the
       syslogMsgFlags must be set to 1.
       If the first octets contain the value 'EFBBBF'h, then the rest
       of the message is a UTF-8 string. Since syslog messages may be
       truncated at arbitrary octet boundaries during forwarding, the
       message may contain invalid UTF-8 encodings at the end."
    REFERENCE
      "RFCYYYY: The syslog Protocol (section 6.4)"
    -- RFC Ed.: replace YYYY with SYSLOG RFC number & remove this note
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 10 }
syslogMsgFlags OBJECT-TYPE
               BITS { truncated(0), sdparams(1) }
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
```

#### DESCRIPTION

"The bits contained in this object convey meta information about the syslog message. The meaning of the bits is as follows:

- truncated This bit is set if the converter had to truncate the syslogMsgMsg to comply with implementation and/or SNMP message size constraints.
- sdparams This bit is set if the syslog messages contained structured data element parameters and serves as an indicator whether there is data in the syslogMsgSDTable for this syslog message.

For syslog messages without structured data element parameters that were not truncated by the converter, none of the bits is set."

```
::= { syslogMsgEntry 11 }
syslogMsgSDTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SEQUENCE OF SyslogMsgSDEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "A table containing structured data elements of syslog
       messages."
    ::= { syslogMsgObjects 3 }
syslogMsgSDEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SyslogMsgSDEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "An entry of the syslogMsgSDTable."
    INDEX { syslogMsgIndex, syslogMsgSDElementName,
            syslogMsgSDParamName, syslogMsgSDParamIndex }
    ::= { syslogMsgSDTable 1 }
SyslogMsgSDEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    syslogMsgSDElementName DisplayString,
    syslogMsgSDParamName DisplayString,
    syslogMsgSDParamIndex Unsigned32,
    syslogMsgSDParamValue SnmpAdminString
}
```

```
SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (1..32))
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The name of a structured data element."
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 1 }
syslogMsgSDParamName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (1..32))
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
               current
   STATUS
   DESCRIPTION
       "The name of a parameter of the structured data element."
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 2 }
syslogMsgSDParamIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "This objects indexes the instance of a structured data element
       that occurs multiple times in a structured data element,
       starting from 1. For parameters that only occure once, the
       value of this object is 1."
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 3 }
syslogMsgSDParamValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SnmpAdminString
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
   STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The value of the parameter of a syslog message identified by
       the index of this table."
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 4 }
-- notification definitions
syslogMsgNotification NOTIFICATION-TYPE
                { syslogMsgFacility, syslogMsgSeverity,
    OBJECTS
                  syslogMsgVersion, syslogMsgTimeStamp,
                  syslogMsgHostName, syslogMsgAppName,
                  syslogMsgProcID, syslogMsgMsgID,
                  syslogMsgMsg, syslogMsgFlags }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The syslogMsgNotification is generated when a new syslog
       message is generated and the value of
        syslogMsgGenerateNotifications is true.
```

```
Implementations may add syslogMsgSDParamValue objects as long
       as the resulting notification fits into the size constraints
       imposed by the implementation environment and the notification
       message size constraints imposed by maxMessageSize [RFC3412]
       and SNMP transport mappings."
   ::= { syslogMsgNotifications 1 }
-- conformance statements
                   OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgConformance 1 }
svsloaMsaGroups
syslogMsgFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The compliance statement for implementations of the
       SYSLOG-MSG-MIB."
   MODULE
               -- this module
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
       syslogMsgGroup,
       syslogMsgSDGroup,
       syslogMsgControlGroup,
       syslogMsgNotificationGroup
   }
   ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 1 }
syslogMsgReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
      "The compliance statement for implementations of the
       SYSLOG-MSG-MIB that do not support read-write access."
   MODUL F
               -- this module
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
       syslogMsgGroup,
       syslogMsgSDGroup,
       syslogMsgControlGroup,
       syslogMsgNotificationGroup
   OBJECT syslogMsgTableMaxSize
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   OBJECT syslogMsgEnableNotifications
      MIN-ACCESS read-only
      DESCRIPTION
         "Write access is not required."
   ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 2 }
```

```
syslogMsgNotificationCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
       "The compliance statement for implementations of the
       SYSLOG-MSG-MIB that do only generate notifications and not
       provide a table to allow read access to syslog message
       details."
               -- this module
   MODULE
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
       syslogMsgGroup,
       syslogMsgSDGroup,
       syslogMsgNotificationGroup
   }
   OBJECT
               syslogMsgFacility
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
   OBJECT
               syslogMsgSeverity
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
           syslogMsgVersion
   OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
               syslogMsgTimeStamp
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
               syslogMsgHostName
   OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
   OBJECT
               syslogMsgAppName
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
               syslogMsgProcID
   OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
               syslogMsgMsgID
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
   DESCRIPTION
      "Read access is not required."
   OBJECT
               syslogMsgMsg
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgFlags
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgSDParamValue
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 3 }
syslogMsgNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS {
        syslogMsgNotification
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The notifications emitted by this MIB module."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 1 }
syslogMsgGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- syslogMsgIndex,
        syslogMsgFacility,
        syslogMsgSeverity,
        syslogMsgVersion,
        syslogMsgTimeStamp,
        syslogMsgHostName,
        syslogMsgAppName,
        syslogMsgProcID,
        syslogMsgMsgID,
        syslogMsgMsg,
        syslogMsgFlags
    }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects representing a syslog message
        excluding structured data elements."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 2 }
syslogMsgSDGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- syslogMsgSDElementName,
        -- syslogMsgSDParamName,
        -- syslogMsgSDParamIndex,
        syslogMsgSDParamValue
    STATUS
                current
```

# Usage Example

**END** 

The following example shows a valid syslog message including structured data. The otherwise-unprintable Unicode BOM is represented as "BOM" in the example.

```
<165>1 2003-10-11T22:14:15.003Z mymachine.example.com
evntslog - ID47 [exampleSDID@0 iut="3" eventSource="Application"
eventID="1011"] BOMAn application event log entry...
```

This syslog message leads to the following entries in the syslogMsgTable and the syslogMsgSDTable (note that string indexes are written as strings for readability reasons):

= "1011"

#### 8. IANA Considerations

The IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value.

## 9. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o syslogMsgTableMaxSize: This object controls how many entries are kept in the syslogMsgTable. Unauthorized modifications may either cause increased memory consumption or turn off the capability to retrieve notifications using GET class operations. This be used to hide traces of an attack.
- o syslogMsgEnableNotifications: This object enables notifications. Unauthorized modifications to disable notification generation can be used to hide an attack. Unauthorized modifications to enable notification generation may be used as part of a denial of service attack against a network management system if for exampe the syslog server accepts unauthorized syslog messages.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

o syslogMsgTableMaxSize, syslogMsgEnableNotifications: These objects provide information whether SYSLOG messages are forwarded as SNMP notifications and how many messages will be maintained in the syslogMsgTable. This information might be exploited by an attacker in order to plan actions with the goal of hiding attack activities.

o syslogMsgFacility, syslogMsgSeverity, syslogMsgVersion, syslogMsgTimeStamp, syslogMsgHostName, syslogMsgAppName, syslogMsgProcID, syslogMsgID, syslogMsgMsg, syslogMsgFlags, syslogMsgSDParamValue: These objects carry the content of syslog messags and the syslog message oriented security considerations of [I-D.ietf-syslog-protocol] apply. In particular, an attacker who gains access to SYSLOG messages via SNMP may use the knowledge gained from SYSLOG messages to compromise a machine or do other damage.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

# **10**. Acknowledgments

The authors wish to thank Rainer Gerhards, Wes Hardacker, David Harrington, Juergen Quittek, and all other people who commented on various versions of this proposal.

### 11. References

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