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Definitions of Managed Objects for Mapping SYSLOG Messages to Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) Notifications draft-ietf-opsawg-syslog-msg-mib-04.txt

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines a mapping of SYSLOG messages to Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) notifications.

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<u>1</u>. Introduction

SNMP [RFC3410] [RFC3411] and SYSLOG [RFC5424] are two widely used protocols to communicate event notifications. Although co-existence of several management protocols in one operational environment is possible, certain environments require that all event notifications are collected by a single system daemon such as a SYSLOG collector or an SNMP notification receiver via a single management protocol. In such environments, it is necessary to translate event notifications between management protocols.

This document defines an SNMP MIB module to represent SYSLOG messages and to send SYSLOG messages as SNMP notifications to SNMP notification receivers.

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to <u>section 7 of</u> <u>RFC 3410</u> [<u>RFC3410</u>]

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, <u>RFC 2578 [RFC2578]</u>, STD 58, <u>RFC 2579 [RFC2579]</u> and STD 58, <u>RFC 2580</u> [<u>RFC2580]</u>.

3. Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [<u>RFC2119</u>].

4. Overview

SYSLOG messages are converted by a SYSLOG to SNMP converter. Such a converter acts as a SYSLOG collector [<u>RFC5424</u>] and implements a MIB module according to the SNMP architecture [<u>RFC3411</u>]. The converter might be tightly coupled to an SNMP agent or it might interface with an SNMP agent via a subagent protocol.

After initialization, the converter will listen for SYSLOG messages.

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On receiving a message, the message will be parsed to extract information as described in the MIB module. A conceptual table is populated with information extracted from the SYSLOG message and finally a notification may be generated.

The MIB module is organized into a group of scalars and two tables. The syslogMsgControl group contains two scalars controlling the maximum size of SYSLOG messages recorded in the tables and whether SNMP notifications are generated for SYSLOG messages.

```
--syslogMsgObjects(1)
  |
  +--syslogMsgControl(1)
   |
  +-- Unsigned32 syslogMsgTableMaxSize(1)
  +-- TruthValue syslogMsgEnableNotifications(2)
```

The syslogMsgTable contains one entry for each recorded SYSLOG message. The basic fields of SYSLOG messages as well as message properties are represented in different columns of the conceptual table.

```
--syslogMsgObjects(1)
 +--syslogMsgTable(2)
    +--syslogMsgEntry(1) [syslogMsgIndex]
       +-- Unsigned32
                           syslogMsgIndex(1)
       +-- SyslogFacility syslogMsgFacility(2)
       +-- SyslogSeverity syslogMsgSeverity(3)
       +-- Unsigned32
                           syslogMsgVersion(4)
       +-- SyslogTimeStamp syslogMsgTimeStamp(5)
       +-- DisplayString syslogMsgHostName(6)
       +-- DisplayString syslogMsgAppName(7)
       +-- DisplayString syslogMsgProcID(8)
       +-- DisplayString syslogMsgMsgID(9)
       +-- Unsigned32
                           syslogMsgSDParams(10)
       +-- OctetString
                           syslogMsgMsg(11)
```

The syslogMsgSDTable contains one entry for each structured data element parameter contained in a SYSLOG message. Since structured data elements are optional, the relationship between the syslogMsgTable and the syslogMsgSDTable ranges from one-to-zero to one-to-many. Schoenwaelder, et al. Expires November 30, 2009 [Page 4]

```
--syslogMsgObjects(1)

+--syslogMsgSDTable(3)

+--syslogMsgSDEntry(1) [syslogMsgIndex,

syslogMsgSDParamIndex,

syslogMsgSDID,

syslogMsgSDParamName]

+-- Unsigned32 syslogMsgSDParamIndex(1)

+-- DisplayString syslogMsgSDID(2)

+-- DisplayString syslogMsgSDParamName(3)

+-- SnmpAdminString syslogMsgSDParamValue(4)
```

5. Relationship to Other MIB Modules

The NOTIFICATION-LOG-MIB [<u>RFC3014</u>] provides a generic mechanism for logging SNMP notifications in order to deal with lost SNMP notifications, e.g., due to transient communication problems. Applications can poll the notification log to verify that they have not missed important SNMP notifications.

The MIB module defined in this memo provides a mechanism for logging SYSLOG notifications. This additional SYSLOG notification log is provided because (a) SYSLOG messages might not lead to SNMP notification (this is configurable) and (b) SNMP notifications might not carry all information associated with a SYSLOG notification.

The following MIB module IMPORTS objects from SNMPv2-SMI [<u>RFC2578</u>], SNMPv2-TC [<u>RFC2579</u>], SNMPv2-CONF [<u>RFC2580</u>], SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB [<u>RFC3411</u>], and SYSLOG-TC-MIB [<u>RFC5427</u>].

6. Relationship to the SNMP Notification to SYSLOG Mapping

A companion document defines a mapping of SNMP notifications to SYSLOG messages [<u>I-D.ietf-opsawg-syslog-snmp</u>]. This section discusses the possibilities of using both specifications in combination.

A SYSLOG collector implementing the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB module and the mapping of SNMP notifications to SYSLOG messages may be configured to translate received SYSLOG messages containing SNMP notifications back into the original SNMP notification. In this case, the relevant tables of the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB will not be populated for SYSLOG messages carrying SNMP notifications. This configuration allows operators to build a forwarding chain where SNMP notifications are Schoenwaelder, et al. Expires November 30, 2009 [Page 5]

"tunneled" through SYSLOG messages. Due to size restrictions of the SYSLOG transports and the more verbose textual encoding used by SYSLOG, there is a possibility that SNMP notification content gets truncated while tunneled through SYSLOG and thus the resulting SNMP notification may be incomplete.

An SNMP management application supporting the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB and the mapping of SNMP notifications to SYSLOG messages may process information from the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB in order to emit a SYSLOG message representing the SYSLOG message recorded in the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB module. This configuration allows operators to build a forwarding chain where SYSLOG messages are "tunneled" through SNMP messages. A notification receiver can determine whether a syslogMsgNotification contained all structured data element parameters of a SYSLOG message. In case parameters are missing, a forwarding application MUST retrieve the missing parameters from the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB. Regular polling of the SYSLOG-MSG-MIB can be used to take care of any lost SNMP notifications.

Definitions

SYSLOG-MSG-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

```
IMPORTS
```

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE, Unsigned32, mib-2
FROM SNMPv2-SMI
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, DisplayString, TruthValue
FROM SNMPv2-TC
OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP, MODULE-COMPLIANCE
FROM SNMPv2-CONF
SnmpAdminString
FROM SNMP-FRAMEWORK-MIB
SyslogFacility, SyslogSeverity
FROM SYSLOG-TC-MIB;

```
syslogMsgMib MODULE-IDENTITY
LAST-UPDATED "200905150800Z"
ORGANIZATION "IETF OPSAWG Working Group"
CONTACT-INFO
"Juergen Schoenwaelder
<j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de>
Jacobs University Bremen
Campus Ring 1
28757 Bremen
Germany
```

Alexander Clemm

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```
<alex@cisco.com>
    Cisco Systems
    170 West Tasman Drive
    San Jose, CA 95134-1706
    USA
    Anirban Karmakar
    <akarmaka@cisco.com>
    Cisco Systems
    170 West Tasman Drive
    San Jose, CA 95134-1706
    USA"
DESCRIPTION
    "This MIB module represent SYSLOG messages as SNMP objects.
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    GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR
    BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF
    LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT
```

(INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT

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```
OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE
        POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.
        This version of this MIB module is part of RFC XXXX; see
        the RFC itself for full legal notices."
   REVISION "200905150800Z"
   DESCRIPTION
       "Initial version issued as part of RFC XXXX."
-- RFC Ed.: replace XXXX with actual RFC number & remove this note
   ::= { mib-2 XXX }
-- RFC Ed.: replace XXX with IANA-assigned number & remove this note
-- textual convention definitions
SyslogTimeStamp ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION
   DISPLAY-HINT "2d-1d-1d, 1d:1d:1d.3d, 1a1d:1d"
   STATUS
               current
   DESCRIPTION
      "A date-time specification. This type is similar to the
       DateAndTime type defined in the SNMPv2-TC except that
       the subsecond granulation is microseconds instead of
       deciseconds and that a zero-length string can be used
       to indicate a missing value.
       field octets contents
                                               range
       ----- -----
                                               - - - - -
         <u>1</u> 1-2 year*
2 3 month
                                               0..65536
                                               1..12
         2
               3
                     month
         3
               4 day
                                              1..31
               5 hour
                                              0..23
         4
         5
               6 minutes
                                               0..59
         6
               7
                                               0..60
                     seconds
                      (use 60 for leap-second)
         7 8-10 microseconds
                                               0..999999
              11
                      direction from UTC
                                              '+' / '-'
         8
               12 hours from UTC*
         9
                                              0..13
               13 minutes from UTC
                                               0..59
        10
       * Notes:
       - the value of year is in network-byte order
       - the value of microseconds is in network-byte order
       - daylight saving time in New Zealand is +13
       For example, Tuesday May 26, 1992 at 1:30:15 PM EDT would be
       displayed as:
```

1992-5-26,13:30:15.0,-4:0

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```
Note that if only local time is known, then timezone
        information (fields 11-13) is not present."
    SYNTAX
               OCTET STRING (SIZE (0 | 10 | 13))
-- object definitions
syslogMsgNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgMib 0 }
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgMib 1 }
syslogMsgObjects
syslogMsgConformance
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgMib 2 }
syslogMsgControl
                       OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgObjects 1 }
syslogMsgTableMaxSize OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The maximum number of syslog messages that may be held in
        syslogMsgTable. A particular setting does not guarantee that
        there is sufficient memory available for the maximum number
        of table entries indicated by this object. A value of 0 means
        no limit.
        If an application reduces the limit while there are syslog
        messages in the syslogMsgTable, the syslog messages that are
        in the syslogMsgTable for the longest time MUST be discarded
        to bring the table down to the new limit.
        The value of this object should be kept in nonvolatile
        memory."
    DEFVAL
                { 0 }
    ::= { syslogMsgControl 1 }
syslogMsgEnableNotifications OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               TruthValue
   MAX-ACCESS read-write
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "Indicates whether syslogMsgNotification notifications are
        generated.
        The value of this object should be kept in nonvolatile
        memorv."
    DEFVAL
                { false }
    ::= { syslogMsgControl 2 }
syslogMsgTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF SyslogMsgEntry
```

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```
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A table containing recent syslog messages. The size of the
        table is controlled by the syslogMsgTableMaxSize object."
    ::= { syslogMsgObjects 2 }
syslogMsgEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SyslogMsgEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "An entry of the syslogMsgTable."
    INDEX { syslogMsgIndex }
    ::= { syslogMsgTable 1 }
SyslogMsgEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    syslogMsgIndex
                        Unsigned32,
    syslogMsgFacility
                        SyslogFacility,
    syslogMsgSeverity
                        SyslogSeverity,
    syslogMsgVersion
                        Unsigned32,
    syslogMsgTimeStamp SyslogTimeStamp,
    syslogMsgHostName
                        DisplayString,
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgAppName
    syslogMsgProcID
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgMsgID
                        DisplayString,
    syslogMsgSDParams
                        Unsigned32,
    syslogMsgMsg
                        OCTET STRING
}
syslogMsgIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A monotonically increasing number used to identify entries in
        the syslogMsgTable. When syslogMsgIndex reaches the maximum
        value the value wraps back to 1."
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 1 }
syslogMsgFacility OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SyslogFacility
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The facility of the syslog message."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.1)
```

```
<u>RFC5427</u>: Textual Conventions for Syslog Management"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 2 }
syslogMsgSeverity OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SyslogSeverity
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The severity of the syslog message"
   REFERENCE
       "<u>RFC5424</u>: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.1)
        RFC5427: Textual Conventions for Syslog Management"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 3 }
syslogMsgVersion OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (0..999)
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The version of the syslog message. A value of 0 indicates
        that the version is unknown."
    REFERENCE
      "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.2)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 4 }
syslogMsgTimeStamp OBJECT-TYPE
                SyslogTimeStamp
    SYNTAX
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
            current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "The timestamp of the syslog message. A zero length
        string is returned if the timestamp is unknown."
    REFERENCE
       "<u>RFC5424</u>: The Syslog Protocol (<u>section 6.2.3</u>)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 5 }
syslogMsgHostName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (0..255))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
            current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The host name of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown host name. The SYSLOG protocol
        specification constrains this string to printable US-ASCII
        code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.4)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 6 }
```

```
syslogMsgAppName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (0..48))
   MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The app-name of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown app-name. The SYSLOG protocol
        specification constrains this string to printable US-ASCII
        code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.5)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 7 }
syslogMsgProcID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               DisplayString (SIZE (0..128))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
               current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "The procid of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown procid. The SYSLOG protocol specification
        constrains this string to printable US-ASCII code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.6)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 8 }
syslogMsgMsgID OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (0..32))
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
           current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The msgid of the syslog message. A zero-length string
        indicates an unknown msgid. The SYSLOG protocol specification
        constrains this string to printable US-ASCII code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.2.7)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 9 }
syslogMsgSDParams OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               Unsigned32
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The total number of structured data element parameters
        carried in the syslog message. This number effectively
        indicates the number of entries in the syslogMsqSDTable.
        It can be used, for example, by a notification receiver
        to determine whether a notification carried all
        structured data element parameters of a syslog message."
```

```
::= { syslogMsgEntry 10 }
syslogMsgMsg OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                OCTET STRING
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The message part of the syslog message. The syntax does not
        impose a size restriction. Implementations of this MIB module
        may truncate the message part of the syslog message such that
        it fits into the size constraints imposed by the implementation
        environment. Such truncations can also happen elsewhere in the
        syslog forwarding chain.
        If the first octets contain the value 'EFBBBF'h, then the rest
        of the message is a UTF-8 string. Since syslog messages may be
        truncated at arbitrary octet boundaries during forwarding, the
        message may contain invalid UTF-8 encodings at the end."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.4)"
    ::= { syslogMsgEntry 11 }
syslogMsgSDTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SEQUENCE OF SyslogMsgSDEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A table containing structured data elements of syslog
        messages."
    ::= { syslogMsgObjects 3 }
syslogMsgSDEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
               SyslogMsgSDEntry
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "An entry of the syslogMsgSDTable."
    INDEX { syslogMsgIndex, syslogMsgSDParamIndex,
            syslogMsgSDID, syslogMsgSDParamName }
    ::= { syslogMsgSDTable 1 }
SyslogMsgSDEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    syslogMsgSDParamIndex Unsigned32,
                           DisplayString,
    syslogMsqSDID
    syslogMsgSDParamName
                           DisplayString,
    syslogMsgSDParamValue SnmpAdminString
}
```

```
syslogMsgSDParamIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "This object indexes the structured data element parameters
        contained in a SYSLOG message. The first structured data
        element parameter has the index value 1 and subsequent
        parameters are indexed by incrementing the index of the
        previous parameter. The index increases across structured
        data element boundaries so that the value reflects the
        position of a structured data element parameter in a
        SYSLOG message."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.3.3)"
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 1 }
syslogMsgSDID OBJECT-TYPE
                DisplayString (SIZE (1..32))
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The name (SD-ID) of a structured data element. The SYSLOG
        protocol specification constrains this string to printable
        US-ASCII code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.3.2)"
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 2 }
syslogMsgSDParamName OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                DisplayString (SIZE (1..32))
   MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The name of a parameter of the structured data element. The
        SYSLOG protocol specification constrains this string to
        printable US-ASCII code points."
    REFERENCE
       "RFC5424: The Syslog Protocol (section 6.3.3)"
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 3 }
syslogMsgSDParamValue OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
                current
    STATUS
    DESCRIPTION
       "The value of the parameter of a syslog message identified by
        the index of this table. The value is stored in the unescaped
```

```
format."
    REFERENCE
       "<u>RFC5424</u>: The Syslog Protocol (<u>section 6.3.3</u>)"
    ::= { syslogMsgSDEntry 4 }
-- notification definitions
syslogMsgNotification NOTIFICATION-TYPE
    OBJECTS
                { syslogMsgFacility, syslogMsgSeverity,
                  syslogMsgVersion, syslogMsgTimeStamp,
                  syslogMsgHostName, syslogMsgAppName,
                  syslogMsgProcID, syslogMsgMsgID,
                  syslogMsgSDParams, syslogMsgMsg }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The syslogMsgNotification is generated when a new syslog
        message is received and the value of
        syslogMsgGenerateNotifications is true.
        Implementations may add syslogMsgSDParamValue objects as long
        as the resulting notification fits into the size constraints
        imposed by the implementation environment and the notification
        message size constraints imposed by maxMessageSize [RFC3412]
        and SNMP transport mappings."
    ::= { syslogMsgNotifications 1 }
-- conformance statements
                     OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgConformance 1 }
syslogMsgGroups
syslogMsgCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { syslogMsgConformance 2 }
syslogMsgFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The compliance statement for implementations of the
        SYSLOG-MSG-MIB."
                -- this module
   MODULE
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
        syslogMsgGroup,
        syslogMsgSDGroup,
        syslogMsgControlGroup,
        syslogMsgNotificationGroup
    }
    ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 1 }
syslogMsgReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
```

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```
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```

```
"The compliance statement for implementations of the
        SYSLOG-MSG-MIB that do not support read-write access."
                -- this module
   MODUL F
   MANDATORY-GROUPS {
        syslogMsgGroup,
        syslogMsgSDGroup,
        syslogMsgControlGroup,
        syslogMsgNotificationGroup
    }
    OBJECT syslogMsgTableMaxSize
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
    OBJECT syslogMsgEnableNotifications
       MIN-ACCESS read-only
       DESCRIPTION
          "Write access is not required."
    ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 2 }
syslogMsgNotificationCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The compliance statement for implementations of the
        SYSLOG-MSG-MIB that do only generate notifications and not
        provide a table to allow read access to syslog message
        details."
               -- this module
   MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
        syslogMsgGroup,
        syslogMsgSDGroup,
        syslogMsgNotificationGroup
    }
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgFacility
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
        "Read access is not required."
              syslogMsgSeverity
    OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
                syslogMsgVersion
    OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgTimeStamp
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
```

```
syslogMsgHostName
    OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
                syslogMsgAppName
    OBJECT
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
                syslogMsgProcID
    OBJECT
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgMsgID
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgSDParams
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgMsg
   MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    OBJECT
                syslogMsgSDParamValue
    MIN-ACCESS accessible-for-notify
    DESCRIPTION
       "Read access is not required."
    ::= { syslogMsgCompliances 3 }
syslogMsgNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS {
        syslogMsgNotification
    }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "The notifications emitted by this MIB module."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 1 }
syslogMsgGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- syslogMsgIndex,
        syslogMsgFacility,
        syslogMsgSeverity,
        syslogMsgVersion,
        syslogMsgTimeStamp,
        syslogMsgHostName,
        syslogMsgAppName,
```

```
syslogMsgProcID,
        syslogMsgMsgID,
        syslogMsgSDParams,
        syslogMsgMsg
    }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects representing a syslog message
        excluding structured data elements."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 2 }
syslogMsgSDGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        -- syslogMsgSDParamIndex,
        -- syslogMsgSDID,
        -- syslogMsgSDParamName,
        syslogMsgSDParamValue
    }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of objects representing the structured data
        elements of a syslog message."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 3 }
syslogMsgControlGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        syslogMsgTableMaxSize,
        syslogMsgEnableNotifications
    }
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
       "A collection of control objects to control the size of the
        syslogMsgTable and to enable / disable notifications."
    ::= { syslogMsgGroups 4 }
```

END

8. Usage Example

The following example shows a valid syslog message including structured data. The otherwise-unprintable Unicode BOM is represented as "BOM" in the example.

```
<165>1 2003-10-11T22:14:15.003Z mymachine.example.com
evntslog - ID47 [exampleSDID@0 iut="3" eventSource="Application"
eventID="1011"] BOMAn application event log entry...
```

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This syslog message leads to the following entries in the syslogMsgTable and the syslogMsgSDTable (note that string indexes are written as strings for readability reasons):

```
syslogMsqIndex.1 = 1
syslogMsgFacility.1 = 20
syslogMsgSeverity.1 = 5
syslogMsgVersion.1 = 1
syslogMsgTimeStamp.1 = 2003-10-11,22:14:15.003,+0:0
syslogMsgHostName.1 = "mymachine.example.com"
syslogMsgAppName.1 = "evntslog"
syslogMsgProcID.1 = "-"
syslogMsgMsgID.1 = "ID47"
syslogMsgMsg.1 = "BOMAn application event log entry..."
syslogMsgSDParamValue.1.1."exampleSDID@0"."iut"
   = "3"
syslogMsgSDParamValue.1.2."exampleSDID@0"."eventSource"
   = "Application"
syslogMsgSDParamValue.1.3."exampleSDID@0"."eventID"
   = "1011"
```

9. IANA Considerations

The IANA is requested to assign a value for "XXX" under the 'mib-2' subtree and to record the assignment in the SMI Numbers registry. When the assignment has been made, the RFC Editor is asked to replace "XXX" (here and in the MIB module) with the assigned value.

<u>10</u>. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

o syslogMsgTableMaxSize: This object controls how many entries are kept in the syslogMsgTable. Unauthorized modifications may either cause increased memory consumption (by setting this object to a large value) or turn off the capability to retrieve notifications using GET class operations (by setting this object to zero). This might be used to hide traces of an attack. Schoenwaelder, et al. Expires November 30, 2009 [Page 19]

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o syslogMsgEnableNotifications: This object enables notifications. Unauthorized modifications to disable notification generation can be used to hide an attack. Unauthorized modifications to enable notification generation may be used as part of a denial of service attack against a network management system if for example the SYSLOG to SNMP converter accepts unauthorized syslog messages.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o syslogMsgTableMaxSize, syslogMsgEnableNotifications: These objects provide information whether SYSLOG messages are forwarded as SNMP notifications and how many messages will be maintained in the syslogMsgTable. This information might be exploited by an attacker in order to plan actions with the goal of hiding attack activities.
- syslogMsgFacility, syslogMsgSeverity, syslogMsgVersion, syslogMsgTimeStamp, syslogMsgHostName, syslogMsgAppName, syslogMsgProcID, syslogMsgMsgID, syslogMsgSDParams, syslogMsgMsg, syslogMsgSDParamValue: These objects carry the content of syslog messags and the syslog message oriented security considerations of [RFC5424] apply. In particular, an attacker who gains access to SYSLOG messages via SNMP may use the knowledge gained from SYSLOG messages to compromise a machine or do other damage. It is therefore desirable to configure SNMP access control rules enforcing a consistent security policy for SYSLOG messages.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see <u>[RFC3410]</u>, <u>section 8</u>), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to

the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

11. Acknowledgments

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<u>12</u>. References

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<u>12.2</u>. Informative References

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Authors' Addresses

Juergen Schoenwaelder Jacobs University Bremen Campus Ring 1 28725 Bremen Germany

Email: j.schoenwaelder@jacobs-university.de

Alexander Clemm Cisco Systems 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Email: alex@cisco.com

Anirban Karmakar Cisco Systems 170 West Tasman Drive San Jose, CA 95134-1706 USA

Email: akarmaka@cisco.com