

draft

IP Forwarding Table MIB

March 1995

**IP Forwarding Table MIB**

Fri Mar 24 11:17:22 PST 1995

[draft-ietf-ospf-cidr-route-mib-05.txt](#)

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Status of this Memo

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## **1. Introduction**

This memo defines an update to [RFC 1354](#), "IP Forwarding Table MIB", for Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR). That document was developed by the Router Requirements Working Group as an update to [RFC 1213](#)'s ipRouteTable, with the display of multiple routes as a primary objective. The significant difference between this MIB and [RFC 1354](#) is the recognition (explicitly discussed but by consensus left to future work) that CIDR routes may have the same network number but different network masks.

## **2. The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework**

The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework consists of four major components. They are:

- o [RFC 1441](#) which defines the SMI, the mechanisms used for describing and naming objects for the purpose of management.
- o [RFC 1213](#) defines MIB-II, the core set of managed objects for the Internet suite of protocols.
- o [RFC 1445](#) which defines the administrative and other architectural aspects of the framework.
- o [RFC 1448](#) which defines the protocol used for network access to managed objects.

The Framework permits new objects to be defined for the purpose of experimentation and evaluation.

### **2.1. Object Definitions**

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to refer to the object type.

Expires October 1995

[Page 3]

### **3. Overview**

The MIB consists of two tables and two global objects.

- (1) The object `ipForwardNumber` indicates the number of current routes. This is primarily to avoid having to read the table in order to determine this number.
- (2) The `ipForwardTable` updates the [RFC 1213](#) `ipRouteTable` to display multipath IP Routes. This is in turn obsoleted by the `ipCidrRouteTable`.
- (3) The `ipCidrRouteTable` updates the [RFC 1213](#) `ipRouteTable` to display multipath IP Routes having the same network number but differing network masks.

#### 4. Definitions

IP-FORWARD-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, IpAddress, Integer32, Gauge32  
FROM SNMPv2-SMI  
RowStatus  
FROM SNMPv2-TC  
ip  
FROM [RFC1213](#)-MIB  
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP  
FROM SNMPv2-CONF;

ipForward MODULE-IDENTITY

LAST-UPDATED "9503241117Z" -- Fri Mar 24 11:17:22 PST 1995

ORGANIZATION "IETF OSPF Working Group"

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"

DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for the display of CIDR multipath IP Routes."

::= { ip 24 }

ipForwardNumber OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Gauge32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The number of current ipForwardTable entries  
that are not invalid."

::= { ipForward 1 }

-- IP Forwarding Table

-- The IP Forwarding Table obsoletes and replaces the ipRoute  
-- Table current in MIB-I and MIB-II. It adds knowledge of  
-- the autonomous system of the next hop, multiple next hop  
-- support, and policy routing support.

Expires October 1995

[Page 5]

## ipForwardTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpForwardEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"This entity's IP Routing table."

REFERENCE

["RFC 1213 Section 6.6, The IP Group"](#)

::= { ipForward 2 }

## ipForwardEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpForwardEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"A particular route to a particular destination,  
under a particular policy."

INDEX {

ipForwardDest,

ipForwardProto,

ipForwardPolicy,

ipForwardNextHop

}

::= { ipForwardTable 1 }

## IpForwardEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {

ipForwardDest

IpAddress,

ipForwardMask

IpAddress,

ipForwardPolicy

Integer32,

ipForwardNextHop

IpAddress,

ipForwardIfIndex

Integer32,

ipForwardType

INTEGER,

ipForwardProto

INTEGER,

ipForwardAge

Integer32,

ipForwardInfo

OBJECT IDENTIFIER,



Expires October 1995

[Page 6]

```
    ipForwardNextHopAS
        Integer32,
    ipForwardMetric1
        Integer32,
    ipForwardMetric2
        Integer32,
    ipForwardMetric3
        Integer32,
    ipForwardMetric4
        Integer32,
    ipForwardMetric5
        Integer32
}
```

ipForwardDest OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The destination IP address of this route. An entry with a value of 0.0.0.0 is considered a default route.

This object may not take a Multicast (Class D) address value.

Any assignment (implicit or otherwise) of an instance of this object to a value x must be rejected if the bitwise logical-AND of x with the value of the corresponding instance of the ipForwardMask object is not equal to x."

::= { ipForwardEntry 1 }

ipForwardMask OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"Indicate the mask to be logical-ANDed with the destination address before being compared to the value in the ipForwardDest field. For those systems that do not support arbitrary subnet masks, an agent constructs the value of the ipForwardMask by reference to the IP Address Class.

Expires October 1995

[Page 7]

IP TOS			IP TOS		
Field	Policy		Field	Policy	
Contents	Code		Contents	Code	
0 0 0 0	==>	0	0 0 0 1	==>	2
0 0 1 0	==>	4	0 0 1 1	==>	6
0 1 0 0	==>	8	0 1 0 1	==>	10

Expires October 1995

[Page 8]

0 1 1 0 ==> 12	0 1 1 1 ==> 14
1 0 0 0 ==> 16	1 0 0 1 ==> 18
1 0 1 0 ==> 20	1 0 1 1 ==> 22
1 1 0 0 ==> 24	1 1 0 1 ==> 26
1 1 1 0 ==> 28	1 1 1 1 ==> 30

Protocols defining 'policy' otherwise must either define a set of values which are valid for this object or must implement an integer-instanced policy table for which this object's value acts as an index."

```
::= { ipForwardEntry 3 }
```

ipForwardNextHop OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IPAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"On remote routes, the address of the next system en route; Otherwise, 0.0.0.0."

```
::= { ipForwardEntry 4 }
```

ipForwardIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The ifIndex value which identifies the local interface through which the next hop of this route should be reached."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { ipForwardEntry 5 }
```

ipForwardType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {

other (1), -- not specified by this MIB

invalid (2), -- logically deleted

local (3), -- local interface

remote (4) -- remote destination

}

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The type of route. Note that local(3) refers to a route for which the next hop is the final

Expires October 1995

[Page 9]

destination; remote(4) refers to a route for which the next hop is not the final destination.

Setting this object to the value invalid(2) has the effect of invalidating the corresponding entry in the ipForwardTable object. That is, it effectively disassociates the destination identified with said entry from the route identified with said entry. It is an implementation-specific matter as to whether the agent removes an invalidated entry from the table. Accordingly, management stations must be prepared to receive tabular information from agents that corresponds to entries not currently in use. Proper interpretation of such entries requires examination of the relevant ipForwardType object."

DEFVAL { invalid }

::= { ipForwardEntry 6 }

ipForwardProto OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {

other (1), -- not specified  
 local (2), -- local interface  
 netmgmt (3), -- static route  
 icmp (4), -- result of ICMP Redirect

-- the following are all dynamic  
 -- routing protocols

egp (5), -- Exterior Gateway Protocol  
 ggp (6), -- Gateway-Gateway Protocol  
 hello (7), -- FuzzBall HelloSpeak  
 rip (8), -- Berkeley RIP or RIP-II  
 is\_is (9), -- Dual IS-IS  
 es\_is (10), -- ISO 9542  
 ciscoIgrp (11), -- Cisco IGRP  
 bbnSpfIgp (12), -- BBN SPF IGP  
 ospf (13), -- Open Shortest Path First  
 bgp (14), -- Border Gateway Protocol  
 idpr (15) -- InterDomain Policy Routing

}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION



Expires October 1995

[Page 10]

"The routing mechanism via which this route was learned. Inclusion of values for gateway routing protocols is not intended to imply that hosts should support those protocols."

::= { ipForwardEntry 7 }

ipForwardAge OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The number of seconds since this route was last updated or otherwise determined to be correct. Note that no semantics of 'too old' can be implied except through knowledge of the routing protocol by which the route was learned."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { ipForwardEntry 8 }

ipForwardInfo OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"A reference to MIB definitions specific to the particular routing protocol which is responsible for this route, as determined by the value specified in the route's ipForwardProto value. If this information is not present, its value should be set to the OBJECT IDENTIFIER { 0 0 }, which is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any implementation conforming to ASN.1 and the Basic Encoding Rules must be able to generate and recognize this value."

::= { ipForwardEntry 9 }

ipForwardNextHopAS OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"The Autonomous System Number of the Next Hop. When this is unknown or not relevant to the protocol indicated by ipForwardProto, zero."

Expires October 1995

[Page 11]

```
DEFVAL { 0 }  
::= { ipForwardEntry 10 }
```

ipForwardMetric1 OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS  read-create  
STATUS      obsolete  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The primary routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipForwardProto value.  If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipForwardEntry 11 }
```

ipForwardMetric2 OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS  read-create  
STATUS      obsolete  
DESCRIPTION  
    "An alternate routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipForwardProto value.  If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipForwardEntry 12 }
```

ipForwardMetric3 OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS  read-create  
STATUS      obsolete  
DESCRIPTION  
    "An alternate routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipForwardProto value.  If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipForwardEntry 13 }
```

ipForwardMetric4 OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
```

Expires October 1995

[Page 12]

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"An alternate routing metric for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing-protocol specified in the route's ipForwardProto value. If this metric is not used, its value should be set to -1."

DEFVAL { -1 }

::= { ipForwardEntry 14 }

ipForwardMetric5 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"An alternate routing metric for this route. The semantics of this metric are determined by the routing-protocol specified in the route's ipForwardProto value. If this metric is not used, its value should be set to -1."

DEFVAL { -1 }

::= { ipForwardEntry 15 }

Expires October 1995

[Page 13]

## ipCidrRouteNumber OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Gauge32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of current ipCidrRouteTable entries  
that are not invalid."

::= { ipForward 3 }

-- IP CIDR Route Table

-- The IP CIDR Route Table obsoletes and replaces the ipRoute  
-- Table current in MIB-I and MIB-II and the IP Forwarding Table.  
-- It adds knowledge of the autonomous system of the next hop,  
-- multiple next hops, and policy routing, and Classless  
-- Inter-Domain Routing.

## ipCidrRouteTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF IpCidrRouteEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This entity's IP Routing table."

REFERENCE

["RFC 1213 Section 6.6, The IP Group"](#)

::= { ipForward 4 }

## ipCidrRouteEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpCidrRouteEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A particular route to a particular destina-  
tion, under a particular policy."

INDEX {

ipCidrRouteDest,

ipCidrRouteMask,

ipCidrRouteTos,

ipCidrRouteNextHop

}

::= { ipCidrRouteTable 1 }

IpCidrRouteEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {

ipCidrRouteDest



Expires October 1995

[Page 14]

```
        IpAddress,
    ipCidrRouteMask
        IpAddress,
    ipCidrRouteTos
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteNextHop
        IpAddress,
    ipCidrRouteIfIndex
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteType
        INTEGER,
    ipCidrRouteProto
        INTEGER,
    ipCidrRouteAge
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteInfo
        OBJECT IDENTIFIER,
    ipCidrRouteNextHopAS
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteMetric1
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteMetric2
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteMetric3
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteMetric4
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteMetric5
        Integer32,
    ipCidrRouteStatus
        RowStatus
}
```

ipCidrRouteDest OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The destination IP address of this route.

This object may not take a Multicast (Class D) address value.

Any assignment (implicit or otherwise) of an instance of this object to a value x must be

Expires October 1995

[Page 15]

rejected if the bitwise logical-AND of x with the value of the corresponding instance of the ipCidrRouteMask object is not equal to x."

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 1 }

#### ipCidrRouteMask OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IPAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

##### DESCRIPTION

"Indicate the mask to be logical-ANDed with the destination address before being compared to the value in the ipCidrRouteDest field. For those systems that do not support arbitrary subnet masks, an agent constructs the value of the ipCidrRouteMask by reference to the IP Address Class.

Any assignment (implicit or otherwise) of an instance of this object to a value x must be rejected if the bitwise logical-AND of x with the value of the corresponding instance of the ipCidrRouteDest object is not equal to ipCidrRouteDest."

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 2 }

-- The following convention is included for specification  
 -- of TOS Field contents. At this time, the Host Requirements  
 -- and the Router Requirements documents disagree on the width  
 -- of the TOS field. This mapping describes the Router  
 -- Requirements mapping, and leaves room to widen the TOS field  
 -- without impact to fielded systems.

#### ipCidrRouteTos OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

##### DESCRIPTION

"The policy specifier is the IP TOS Field. The encoding of IP TOS is as specified by the following convention. Zero indicates the default path if no more specific policy applies.

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|               |               |               |               |
```

Expires October 1995

[Page 16]

PRECEDENCE	TYPE OF SERVICE	0
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+		

IP TOS		IP TOS	
Field	Policy	Field	Policy
Contents	Code	Contents	Code
0 0 0 0	==> 0	0 0 0 1	==> 2
0 0 1 0	==> 4	0 0 1 1	==> 6
0 1 0 0	==> 8	0 1 0 1	==> 10
0 1 1 0	==> 12	0 1 1 1	==> 14
1 0 0 0	==> 16	1 0 0 1	==> 18
1 0 1 0	==> 20	1 0 1 1	==> 22
1 1 0 0	==> 24	1 1 0 1	==> 26
1 1 1 0	==> 28	1 1 1 1	==> 30"

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 3 }
```

#### ipCidrRouteNextHop OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"On remote routes, the address of the next system en route; Otherwise, 0.0.0.0."

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 4 }
```

#### ipCidrRouteIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The ifIndex value which identifies the local interface through which the next hop of this route should be reached."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 5 }
```

#### ipCidrRouteType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {

other (1), -- not specified by this MIB  
 reject (2), -- route which discards traffic  
 local (3), -- local interface  
 remote (4) -- remote destination

}

MAX-ACCESS read-create

Expires October 1995

[Page 17]

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The type of route. Note that local(3) refers to a route for which the next hop is the final destination; remote(4) refers to a route for which the next hop is not the final destination.

Routes which do not result in traffic forwarding or rejection should not be displayed even if the implementation keeps them stored internally.

reject (2) refers to a route which, if matched, discards the message as unreachable. This is used in some protocols as a means of correctly aggregating routes."

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 6 }

ipCidrRouteProto OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX  INTEGER {
    other      (1),  -- not specified
    local      (2),  -- local interface
    netmgmt    (3),  -- static route
    icmp       (4),  -- result of ICMP Redirect

    -- the following are all dynamic
    -- routing protocols
    egp        (5),  -- Exterior Gateway Protocol
    ggp        (6),  -- Gateway-Gateway Protocol
    hello      (7),  -- FuzzBall HelloSpeak
    rip        (8),  -- Berkeley RIP or RIP-II
    is_is      (9),  -- Dual IS-IS
    es_is      (10), -- ISO 9542
    ciscoIgrp  (11), -- Cisco IGRP
    bbnSpfIgp  (12), -- BBN SPF IGP
    ospf       (13), -- Open Shortest Path First
    bgp        (14), -- Border Gateway Protocol
    idpr       (15), -- InterDomain Policy Routing
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The routing mechanism via which this route was learned. Inclusion of values for gateway routing protocols is not intended to imply that hosts should support those protocols."



Expires October 1995

[Page 18]

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 7 }
```

ipCidrRouteAge OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of seconds since this route was last updated or otherwise determined to be correct. Note that no semantics of 'too old' can be implied except through knowledge of the routing protocol by which the route was learned."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 8 }
```

ipCidrRouteInfo OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX OBJECT IDENTIFIER

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A reference to MIB definitions specific to the particular routing protocol which is responsible for this route, as determined by the value specified in the route's ipCidrRouteProto value. If this information is not present, its value should be set to the OBJECT IDENTIFIER { 0 0 }, which is a syntactically valid object identifier, and any implementation conforming to ASN.1 and the Basic Encoding Rules must be able to generate and recognize this value."

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 9 }
```

ipCidrRouteNextHopAS OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The Autonomous System Number of the Next Hop. When this is unknown or not relevant to the protocol indicated by ipCidrRouteProto, zero."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 10 }
```

ipCidrRouteMetric1 OBJECT-TYPE

Expires October 1995

[Page 19]

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "The primary routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipCidrRouteProto value. If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 11 }

ipCidrRouteMetric2 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "An alternate routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipCidrRouteProto value. If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 12 }

ipCidrRouteMetric3 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "An alternate routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by  
    the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
    ipCidrRouteProto value. If this metric is not  
    used, its value should be set to -1."  
DEFVAL { -1 }  
::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 13 }

ipCidrRouteMetric4 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32  
MAX-ACCESS read-create  
STATUS current  
DESCRIPTION  
    "An alternate routing metric for this route.  
    The semantics of this metric are determined by

Expires October 1995

[Page 20]

the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
ipCidrRouteProto value. If this metric is not  
used, its value should be set to -1."

DEFVAL { -1 }

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 14 }

ipCidrRouteMetric5 OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An alternate routing metric for this route.  
The semantics of this metric are determined by  
the routing-protocol specified in the route's  
ipCidrRouteProto value. If this metric is not  
used, its value should be set to -1."

DEFVAL { -1 }

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 15 }

ipCidrRouteStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The row status variable, used according to  
row installation and removal conventions."

::= { ipCidrRouteEntry 16 }

Expires October 1995

[Page 21]

```
-- conformance information

ipForwardConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipForward 5 }

ipForwardGroups      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipForwardConformance 1 }
ipForwardCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { ipForwardConformance 2 }

-- compliance statements

ipForwardCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The compliance statement for SNMPv2 entities
        which implement the ipForward MIB."

    MODULE -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { ipForwardCidrRouteGroup }

    ::= { ipForwardCompliances 1 }
```



-- units of conformance

ipForwardMultiPathGroup OBJECT-GROUP

```
OBJECTS { ipForwardNumber,
          ipForwardDest, ipForwardMask, ipForwardPolicy,
          ipForwardNextHop, ipForwardIfIndex, ipForwardType,
          ipForwardProto, ipForwardAge, ipForwardInfo,
          ipForwardNextHopAS,
          ipForwardMetric1, ipForwardMetric2, ipForwardMetric3,
          ipForwardMetric4, ipForwardMetric5
```

```
}
```

STATUS obsolete

DESCRIPTION

"IP Multipath Route Table."

::= { ipForwardGroups 2 }

ipForwardCidrRouteGroup OBJECT-GROUP

```
OBJECTS { ipCidrRouteNumber,
          ipCidrRouteDest, ipCidrRouteMask, ipCidrRouteTos,
          ipCidrRouteNextHop, ipCidrRouteIfIndex, ipCidrRouteType,
          ipCidrRouteProto, ipCidrRouteAge, ipCidrRouteInfo,
          ipCidrRouteNextHopAS, ipCidrRouteMetric1,
          ipCidrRouteMetric2, ipCidrRouteMetric3,
          ipCidrRouteMetric4, ipCidrRouteMetric5, ipCidrRouteStatus
```

```
}
```

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The CIDR Route Table."

::= { ipForwardGroups 3 }

END

Expires October 1995

[Page 23]

## **5. Acknowledgements**

This work was originally performed by the Router Requirements Working Group at the request of the OSPF Working Group. This update was performed under the auspices of the OSPF Working Group. John Moy of Proteon Incorporated is the chair.

## 6. References

- [1] Case, J., McCloghrie, K., Rose, M., and S. Waldbusser, "Structure of Management Information for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)", [RFC 1442](#), SNMP Research, Inc., Hughes LAN Systems, Dover Beach Consulting, Inc., Carnegie Mellon University, April 1993.
- [2] Galvin, J., and K. McCloghrie, "Administrative Model for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)", [RFC 1445](#), Trusted Information Systems, Hughes LAN Systems, April 1993.
- [3] Case, J., McCloghrie, K., Rose, M., and S. Waldbusser, "Protocol Operations for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)", [RFC 1448](#), SNMP Research, Inc., Hughes LAN Systems, Dover Beach Consulting, Inc., Carnegie Mellon University, April 1993.
- [4] McCloghrie, K., and M. Rose, "Management Information Base for Network Management of TCP/IP-based internets - MIB-II", STD 17, [RFC 1213](#), Hughes LAN Systems, Performance Systems International, March 1991.
- [5] Postel, J., "Internet Protocol", STD 5, [RFC 791](#), USC/Information Sciences Institute, September 1981.
- [6] Case, J., McCloghrie, K., Rose, M., and S. Waldbusser, "Textual Conventions for version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2)", [RFC 1443](#), SNMP Research, Inc., Hughes LAN Systems, Dover Beach Consulting, Inc., Carnegie Mellon University, April 1993.
- [7] Fred Baker, "IP Forwarding Table MIB", Request for Comments 1354, (July 1992).

Expires October 1995

[Page 25]

## **7. Security Considerations**

Security is an objective not in this MIB view.

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## Table of Contents

<a href="#">1</a>	Introduction .....	<a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">2</a>	The SNMPv2 Network Management Framework .....	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">2.1</a>	Object Definitions .....	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">3</a>	Overview .....	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">4</a>	Definitions .....	<a href="#">5</a>
<a href="#">5</a>	Acknowledgements .....	<a href="#">24</a>
<a href="#">6</a>	References .....	<a href="#">25</a>
<a href="#">7</a>	Security Considerations .....	<a href="#">26</a>
<a href="#">8</a>	Author's Address .....	<a href="#">26</a>