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**Conveying path setup type in PCEP messages**  
**draft-ietf-pce-lsp-setup-type-04**

Abstract

A Path Computation Element can compute traffic engineering paths (TE paths) through a network that are subject to various constraints. Currently, TE paths are label switched paths (LSPs) which are set up using the RSVP-TE signaling protocol. However, other TE path setup methods are possible within the PCE architecture. This document proposes an extension to PCEP to allow support for different path setup methods over a given PCEP session.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

Status of This Memo

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## [1.](#) Introduction

[RFC5440] describes the Path Computation Element Protocol (PCEP) for communication between a Path Computation Client (PCC) and a Path Control Element (PCE) or between one a pair of PCEs. A PCC requests a path subject to various constraints and optimization criteria from a PCE. The PCE responds to the PCC with a hop-by-hop path in an Explicit Route Object (ERO). The PCC uses the ERO to set up the path in the network.

[I-D.ietf-pce-stateful-pce] specifies extensions to PCEP that allow a PCC to delegate its LSPs to a PCE. The PCE can then update the state of LSPs delegated to it. In particular, the PCE may modify the path of an LSP by sending a new ERO. The PCC uses this ERO to re-route the LSP in a make-before-break fashion.

[[I-D.ietf-pce-pce-initiated-lsp](#)] specifies a mechanism allowing a PCE to dynamically instantiate an LSP on a PCC by sending the ERO and



characteristics of the LSP. The PCC signals the LSP using the ERO and other attributes sent by the PCE.

So far, the PCEP protocol and its extensions implicitly assume that the TE paths are label switched, and are established via the RSVP-TE protocol. However, other methods of LSP setup are not precluded. When a new path setup method (other than RSVP-TE) is introduced for setting up a path, a new capability TLV pertaining to the new path setup method MAY be advertised when the PCEP session is established. Such capability TLV MUST be defined in the specification of the new path setup type. When multiple path setup methods are deployed in a network, a given PCEP session may have to simultaneously support more than one path setup types. In this case, the intended path setup method needs to be either explicitly indicated or implied in the appropriate PCEP messages (when necessary) so that both the PCC and the PCE can take the necessary steps to set up the path. This document introduces a generic TLV called "PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV" and specifies the base procedures to facilitate such operational model.

## **2. Terminology**

The following terminologies are used in this document:

ERO: Explicit Route Object.

LSR: Label Switching Router.

PCC: Path Computation Client.

PCE: Path Computation Element

PCEP: Path Computation Element Protocol.

TLV: Type, Length, and Value.

## **3. Path Setup Type TLV**

When a PCEP session is used to set up TE paths using different methods, the corresponding PCE and PCC must be aware of the path setup method used. That means, a PCE must be able to specify paths in the correct format and a PCC must be able to take control and take forwarding plane actions appropriate to the path setup type.



Regardless of whether PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV is used or not, if the PCE does not support the intended path setup type it MUST send PCErr with Error-Type = TBD (Traffic engineering path setup error) (recommended value is 21) and Error-Value = 1 (Unsupported path setup type) and close the PCEP session. If the path setup types corresponding to the PCReq and PCRep messages do not match, the PCC MUST send a PCErr with Error-Type = 21 (Traffic engineering path setup error) and Error-Value = 2 (Mismatched path setup type) and close the PCEP session.



In the case of stateful PCE, if the path setup type cannot be unambiguously inferred from ERO or any other object or TLV, PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV MAY be used in PCRpt and PCUpd messages. If PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV is used in PCRpt message, the SRP object MUST be present even in cases when the SRP-ID-number is the reserved value of 0x00000000. Regardless of whether PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV is used or not, if a PCRpt message is triggered due to a PCUpd message (in this case SRP-ID-number is not equal to 0x00000000), the path setup types corresponding to the PCRpt and PCUpd messages should match. Otherwise, the PCE MUST send PCErr with Error-Type = 21 (Traffic engineering path setup error) and Error-Value = 2 (Mismatched path setup type) and close the connection.

In the case of PCE initiated LSPs, a PCE MAY include PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV in PCInitiate message if the message does not have any other means of indicating path setup type. If a PCC does not support the path setup type associated with the PCInitiate message, the PCC MUST send PCErr with Error-Type = 21 (Traffic engineering path setup error) and Error-Value = 1 (Unsupported path setup type) and close the PCEP session. Similarly, as mentioned above, if the path setup type cannot be unambiguously inferred from ERO or any other object or TLV, the PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV MAY be included in PCRpt messages triggered by PCInitiate message. Regardless of whether PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV is used or not, if a PCRpt message is triggered by a PCInitiate message, the path setup types corresponding to the PCRpt and the PCInitiate messages should match. Otherwise, the PCE MUST send PCErr message with Error-Type = 21 (Traffic engineering path setup error) and Error-Value = 2 (Mismatched path setup type).

## **5. Security Considerations**

No additional security measure is required.

## **6. IANA Considerations**

### **6.1. PCEP TLV Type Indicators**

IANA is requested to allocate a new code point in the PCEP TLV Type Indicators registry, as follows:

Value	Description	Reference
TBD (recommended 28)	PATH-SETUP-TYPE	This document





## 6.2. New Path Setup Type Registry

IANA is requested to create a new sub-registry within the "Path Computation Element Protocol (PCEP) Numbers" registry called "PATH-SETUP-TYPE TLV PST Field". The allocation policy for this new registry should be by IETF Consensus. The new registry should contain the following value:

Value	Description	Reference
0	Traffic engineering path is setup using RSVP signaling protocol	This document

## 6.3. PCEP-Error Object

IANA is requested to allocate code-points in the PCEP-ERROR Object Error Types and Values registry for a new error-type and the following new error-values:

Error-Type	Meaning
21	Invalid traffic engineering path setup type
	Error-value=0: Unassigned
	Error-value=1: Unsupported path setup type
	Error-value=2: Mismatched path setup type

## 7. Contributors

The following people contributed to this document:

- Jan Medved
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## 8. Acknowledgements

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## 9. Normative References

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