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IKEv2 Extensions to Support Header Compression over IPsec (HCoIPsec)
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Abstract

When using Header Compression (HC) schemes (e.g. ROHC [[ROHC](#)]) in conjunction with IPsec [[IPSEC](#)] (i.e. [[HCOIPSEC](#)]) a mechanism is needed to negotiate ROHC configuration parameters between end-points prior to operation. Internet Key Exchange (IKE) is a mechanism which can be leveraged to handle these negotiations. This document specifies extensions to Internet Key Exchange (IKEv2 [[IKEV2](#)]) that

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will allow ROHC and its associated configuration parameters to be negotiated for IPsec security associations (SAs).

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1. Introduction

Increased packet header overhead due to IPsec protection can result in inefficient utilization of bandwidth. Coupling HC with IPsec offers an efficient way to transfer protected IP traffic.

HC schemes require configuration parameters to be negotiated between the compressor and decompressor, prior to operation. Current hop-by-hop ROHC schemes negotiate these parameters through a link-layer protocol such as Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) (i.e. ROHC over PPP [[ROHCPPP](#)]). Similarly, key exchange protocols (e.g. IKEv2) exist, which are commonly used to negotiate parameters between IPsec peers before a SA can be established. This document proposes the use of IPsec's parameter negotiation mechanism, IKE, to handle ROHC channel configuration for HCoIPsec. Various extensions to IKEv2, designed to provide this functionality, are detailed within this document.

2. Header Compression Channel Negotiation

The initialization of a ROHC session requires the negotiation of a set of configuration parameters (e.g. maximum context identifier length, etc.). As such, a mechanism must exist for a ROHC enabled device to share a list of supported HC parameters with its peer, and for the peer to select the appropriate parameters from this list.

Similarly, negotiable parameters must also be shared between IPsec peers before a SA can be established. To perform this negotiation, a key exchange protocol, IKEv2, is commonly used. IKEv2 is an extensible protocol that negotiates parameters via request/response message pairs (i.e. exchanges).

A set of extensions to IKEv2 can be defined, which will allow for ROHC parameters to be negotiated during the creation and rekeying of Child SAs. This new Notify payload will contain values for the set of ROHC parameters to be negotiated between the two ROHC peers.

2.1. Negotiation of Header Compression Parameters

ROHC configuration parameters will be negotiated at either the establishment or rekeying of a Child SA. Specifically, a Notify payload will be used during the IKE_AUTH and CREATE_CHILD_SA exchanges to negotiate the HCoIPsec session. The Notify payload sent by the initiator will contain the configuration parameters for the ROHC scheme. Upon receipt of the initiator's request, the responder will either ignore the payload (if it doesn't support ROHC or the proposed parameters) or respond with a Notify payload that contains the accepted negotiable parameters.

A new Notify Message Type value, denoted ROHC_SUPPORTED, will be added to indicate that the Notify payload is conveying ROHC channel parameters. As defined in [IPSEC], the Notify payload is specified as follows:

```
 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
! Next Payload !C! RESERVED ! Payload Length !
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
! Protocol ID ! SPI Size ! Notify Message Type !
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
!
~ Notification Data ~
!
+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+---+
```

Figure 1: Notify Payload

To negotiate HCoIPsec, the values for the fields in the Notify payload are defined as follows:

Next Payload (1 octet)

Identifier for the payload type of the next payload in the message. If the current payload is the last in the message, then this field will be 0. The Next Payload value of the previous payload must be 41, indicating that this current payload is a Notify Payload.

If none of the ROHC profiles require this field, this value is ignored.

suboptions

The suboptions field consists of one or more suboptions. Each suboption consists of a type field, a length field and zero or more parameter octets, as defined by the suboption type. The value of the length field indicates the length of the suboption in its entirety, including the lengths of the type and length fields.

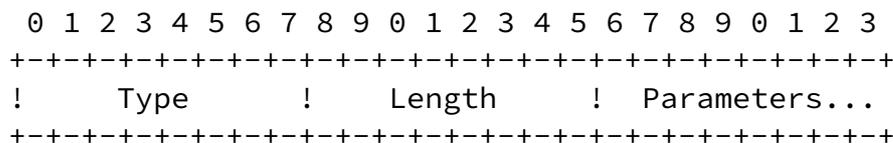


Figure 3: Suboption

Note: When a pair of SAs are created (one in each direction), the ROHC channel parameter FEEDBACK_FOR is set implicitly to the other SA of the pair (i.e. the SA pointing in the reverse direction).

[2.1.1.](#) Profiles Suboption

The set of profiles to be enabled on a Child SA is subject to negotiation.

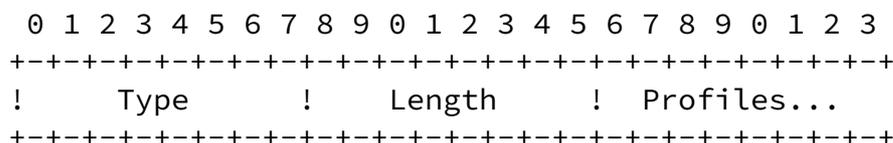


Figure 4: Profiles suboption

Type

1

Length
2n+2

Value
n octet-pairs in ascending order, each octet-pair specifying a ROHC profile supported. Values negotiated are assigned in the ROHC profile identifiers registry [[ROHCPROF](#)].

[3.](#) Security Considerations

The negotiated HC schemes and parameters negotiated via IKEv2 do not add any new vulnerabilities beyond those associated with the normal operation of IKEv2.

[4.](#) IANA Considerations

This document defines a new Notify Message Type. Therefore, if the proposal is accepted, IANA is requested to allocate on value from the IKEv2 Notify Message Types registry to indicate ROHC_SUPPORTED.

[5.](#) Acknowledgments

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