

RTCWeb Working Group  
Internet-Draft  
Intended status: Standards Track  
Expires: April 24, 2014

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October 21, 2013

RTCWeb Data Channel Protocol  
draft-ietf-rtcweb-data-protocol-01.txt

## Abstract

The Web Real-Time Communication (WebRTC) working group is charged to provide protocols to support for direct interactive rich communication using audio, video, and data between two peers' web-browsers. This document specifies a simple protocol for establishing symmetric data channels between the peers. It uses a two way handshake and allows sending of user data without waiting for the handshake to complete.

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## [1.](#) Introduction

The data channel protocol is designed to provide, in the WebRTC data channel context [[I-D.ietf-rtcweb-data-channel](#)], a simple in-band method to open symmetric data channels. As discussed in [[I-D.ietf-rtcweb-data-channel](#)], the protocol uses the Stream Control Transmission Protocol (SCTP) [[RFC4960](#)] encapsulated in the Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) [[RFC6347](#)] as described in [[I-D.ietf-tsvwg-sctp-dtls-encaps](#)] to benefit from their already standardized transport and security features.

## [2.](#) Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this

document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

### [3.](#) Terminology

This document uses the following terms:

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Association: An SCTP association.

Stream: A unidirectional stream of an SCTP association. It is uniquely identified by a stream identifier (0-65534). Note: stream identifier 65535 is reserved due to SCTP Init messages allowing a maximum of 65535 streams to be negotiated (0-65534).

Channel: Two Streams with the same identifier, one in each direction, which are managed together.

### [4.](#) Protocol Overview

This protocol is a simple, low-overhead way to establish bidirectional Channels over an SCTP association with a consistent set of properties.

The set of consistent properties includes

- o whether the messages are transmitted reliable or unreliable. In case of unreliable transmissions, the same level of unreliability is used.
- o whether the messages are delivered in-order or out-of order.
- o an optional label for the Channel.
- o an optional protocol for the Channel.
- o the outgoing SCTP stream.

The data channel protocol uses a two way handshake to open a data channel. The side wanting to open a data channel selects an unused Stream and sends a DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message. The peer responds with a DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message. Then the data channel is open. Please note that the opening side can send user messages before the DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK is received. These data channel messages are sent

on the same Stream as the user messages belonging to the data channel. The demultiplexing is based on the SCTP payload protocol identifier.

To avoid glare in opening Channels, each side MUST use either even or odd Streams when sending a DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message. The method used to determine which side uses odd or even is based on the underlying DTLS connection role when used in RTCWeb, with the side acting as the DTLS client using even stream identifiers.

Note: There is no attempt to resolve label glare; if both sides open a Channel labeled "x" at the same time, there will be two Channels labeled "x" - one on an even Stream pair, one on an odd pair.

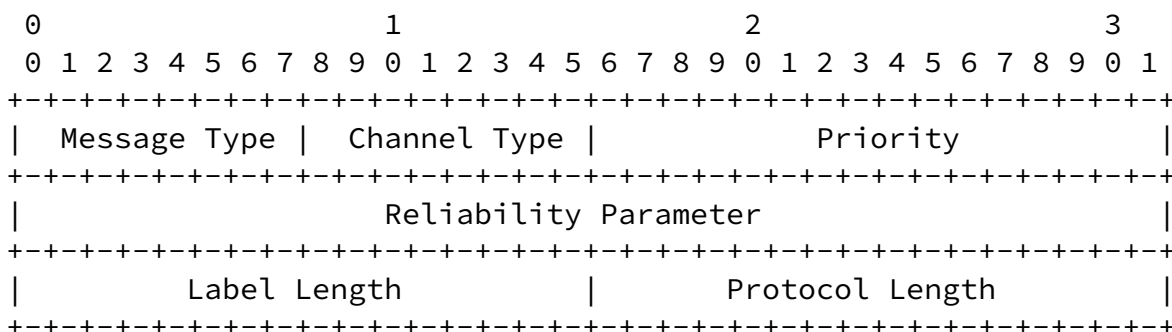
The protocol field is to ease cross-application interoperation ("federation") by identifying the data being passed with an IANA-registered string, and may be useful for homogenous applications which may create more than one type of Channel.

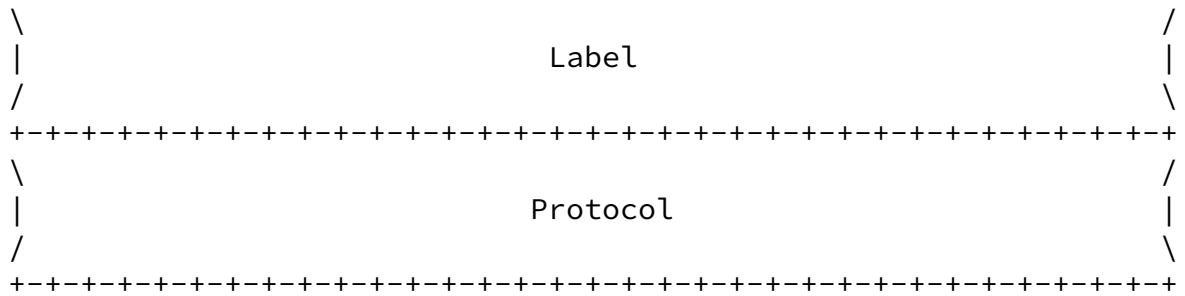
## 5. Message Formats

Every data channel protocol message starts with a one byte field called "Message Type" which indicates the type of the message. The corresponding values are managed by IANA (see [Section 8.2](#)).

### 5.1. DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN Message

This message is sent initially on the stream used for user messages using the channel.





Message Type: 1 byte (unsigned integer)

This field holds the IANA defined message type for the the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message. The suggested value of this field for IANA is 0x03.

Channel Type: 1 byte (unsigned integer)

This field specifies the type of the channel to be opened and the values are managed by IANA (see [Section 8.3](#)):

DATA\_CHANNEL\_RELIABLE (0x00): The channel provides a reliable in-order bi-directional communication channel.

DATA\_CHANNEL\_RELIABLE\_UNORDERED (0x80): The channel provides a reliable unordered bi-directional communication channel.

DATA\_CHANNEL\_PARTIAL\_RELIABLE\_REXMIT (0x01): The channel provides a partially-reliable in-order bi-directional Communication channel. User messages will not be retransmitted more times than specified in the Reliability Parameter.

DATA\_CHANNEL\_PARTIAL\_RELIABLE\_REXMIT\_UNORDERED (0x81): The channel provides a partial reliable unordered bi-directional Communication channel. User messages will not be retransmitted more times than specified in the Reliability Parameter.

DATA\_CHANNEL\_PARTIAL\_RELIABLE\_TIMED (0x02): The channel provides a partial reliable in-order bi-directional Communication channel. User messages might not be transmitted or retransmitted after a specified life-time given in milliseconds in the Reliability Parameter. This life-time starts

when providing the user message to the Javascript engine.

**DATA\_CHANNEL\_PARTIAL\_RELIABLE\_TIMED\_UNORDERED (0x82):** The channel provides a partial reliable unordered bi-directional Communication channel. User messages might not be transmitted or retransmitted after a specified life-time given in milli-seconds in the Reliability Parameter. This life-time starts when providing the user message to the Javascript engine.

**Priority:** 2 bytes (integer)

The priority of the channel.

**Reliability Parameter:** 4 bytes (unsigned integer)

This field is ignored if a reliable channel is used.

If a partial reliable channel with limited number of retransmissions is used, this field specifies the number of retransmissions. If a partial reliable channel with limited lifetime is used, this field specifies the maximum lifetime in milliseconds.

**Label Length:** 2 bytes (unsigned integer)

The length of the label field in bytes.

**Protocol Length:** 2 bytes (unsigned integer)

The length of the protocol field in bytes.

**Label:** Variable Length (sequence of characters)

The name of the channel. This may be an empty string.

**Protocol:** Variable Length (sequence of characters)

The protocol for the channel. This may be an empty string. If used, it is an IANA-registered protocol (see [Section 8.4](#)).

## [5.2.](#) DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK Message

This message is sent in response to an DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN\_RESPONSE message on the stream used for user messages using the channel. Reception of this message tells the opener that the channel setup handshake is complete.

```

 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+
|  Message Type |
+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+--+

```

Message Type: 1 byte (unsigned integer)  
 This field holds the IANA defined message type for the the DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message. The suggested value of this field for IANA is 0x02.

6. Procedures

All data channel protocol messages MUST be sent requesting ordered delivery and using reliable transmission. They MUST be sent on the same outgoing SCTP stream as the user messages belonging to the corresponding data channel. Multiplexing and demultiplexing is done by using the SCTP payload protocol identifier (PPID). Therefore data channel protocol message MUST be sent with the assigned PPID for the data channel protocol (see [Section 8.1](#)). Other message MUST NOT be sent using this PPID.

If one sides wants to open a data channel, it chooses a free outgoing SCTP stream. If the side is the DTLS client, it MUST choose an even stream identifier, if the side is the DTLS server, it MUST choose an odd one. It fills in the parameters of the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message and sends it on the chosen SCTP stream.

After the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message has been sent, the sender of it can start sending messages containing user data without waiting for the reception of the corresponding DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message. However, before the DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message or any other message has been received on the data channel, all other messages containing user

data and belonging to the data channel MUST be sent ordered, not matter whether the data channel is ordered or not. After the DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK or any other message has been received on the data channel, messages containing user data MUST be send ordered on ordered data channels and MUST be sent unordered on unordered data channels. Therefore receiving a message containing user data on an unused SCTP stream indicates an error. The corresponding outgoing SCTP stream MUST be reset using [[RFC6525](#)].

If a DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message is received on an unused stream, the stream identifier corresponds to the role of the peer and all parameters in the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message are valid, then a corresponding DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message is sent on the stream with the same stream identifier as the one the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message was received on.

If a DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message is received on an already used SCTP stream or there are any problems with parameters within the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message or the DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message itself is not well-formed, the receiver MUST reset the corresponding outgoing SCTP stream using [[RFC6525](#)] and MUST NOT send a DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message in response to the received message. Therefore, receiving an SCTP stream reset request for a stream on which no DATA\_CHANNEL\_ACK message has been received indicates to the sender of the corresponding DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN message the failure of the data channel setup procedure.

## [7.](#) Security Considerations

This document does not add any additional considerations to the ones given in [[I-D.ietf-rtcweb-security](#)] and [[I-D.ietf-rtcweb-security-arch](#)].

## [8.](#) IANA Considerations

[NOTE to RFC-Editor:

"RFCXXXX" is to be replaced by the RFC number you assign this document.

]

IANA is asked to update the reference of an already existing SCTP PPID assignment and to create three new registries for the data channel protocol.

### [8.1.](#) SCTP Payload Protocol Identifier



Identifier (PPID). [\[RFC4960\]](#) creates the registry "SCTP Payload Protocol Identifiers" from which this identifier was assigned. IANA is requested to update the reference of this assignment to point to this document. Therefore this assignment should be updated to read:

Value	SCTP PPID	Reference
WebRTC Control	50	[RFCXXXX]

### 8.2. New Message Type Registry

IANA is requested to create a new registration table "Message Type Registry" for the data channel protocol to manage the one byte "Message Type" field in data channel messages (see [Section 5](#)).

The assignment of new message types is done through an RFC required action, as defined in [\[RFC5226\]](#). Documentation of the new message type MUST contain the following information:

1. A name for the new message type;
2. A detailed procedural description of the use of messages with the new type within the operation of the data channel protocol.

Initially the following values need to be registered:

Name	Type	Reference
Reserved	0x00	[RFCXXXX]
Reserved	0x01	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_ACK	0x02	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_OPEN	0x03	[RFCXXXX]
Unassigned	0x04-0xfe	
Reserved	0xff	[RFCXXXX]

### 8.3. New Channel Type Registry

IANA is requested to create a new registration table "Channel Type Registry" for the data channel protocol to manage the one byte "Channel Type" field in DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN messages (see [Section 5.1](#)).

The assignment of new message types is done through an RFC required action, as defined in [RFC5226]. Documentation of the new channel type MUST contain the following information:

1. A name for the new channel type;
2. A detailed procedural description of the user message handling for data channels using this new channel type.

Please note that if new channel types support ordered and unordered message delivery, the high order bit SHOULD be used to indicate whether the message delivery is unordered or not.

Initially the following values need to be registered:

Name	Type	Reference
DATA_CHANNEL_RELIABLE	0x00	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_RELIABLE_UNORDERED	0x80	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_PARTIAL_RELIABLE_REXMIT	0x01	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_PARTIAL_RELIABLE_REXMIT_UNORDERED	0x81	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_PARTIAL_RELIABLE_TIMED	0x02	[RFCXXXX]
DATA_CHANNEL_PARTIAL_RELIABLE_TIMED_UNORDERED	0x82	[RFCXXXX]
Reserved	0x7f	[RFCXXXX]
Reserved	0xff	[RFCXXXX]
Unassigned	rest	

#### 8.4. New Protocol Registry

IANA is requested to create a new registration table "Protocol Registry" for the data channel protocol to manage the "Protocol" field of type string in DATA\_CHANNEL\_OPEN messages (see [Section 5.1](#)).

The assignment of new message types is done through an First Come First Served action, as defined in [RFC5226]. Documentation of the new protocol MUST contain the following information:

1. A name for the protocol;
2. A reference for the protocol indicated by the registered string.

Initially this registry is empty.

## 9. Acknowledgments

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The authors wish to thank Martin Thompson, Cullen Jennings, Harald Alvestrand, Peter Thatcher, Adam Bergkvist, Justin Uberti, Randall Stewart, Stefan Haekansson and many others for their invaluable comments.

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