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| Sieve working group               | R. George              |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| Internet-Draft                    | B. Leiba               |
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| Expires: July 14, 2011            | A. Melnikov            |
|                                   | Isode Limited          |
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Sieve Email Filtering: Use of Presence Information with Auto Responder functionality draft-ietf-sieve-autoreply-04

#### Abstract

This document describes how the Sieve email filtering language, along with some extensions, can be used to create automatic replies to incoming electronic mail messages based on the address book and presence information of the recipient.

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1. Introduction TOC

This document describes how the Sieve email filtering language [RFC5228] (Guenther, P. and T. Showalter, "Sieve: An Email Filtering <u>Language</u>, "<u>January 2008.</u>), along with some extensions [RFC5230] (Showalter, T. and N. Freed, "Sieve Email Filtering: Vacation Extension," January 2008.) [RFC5435] (Melnikov, A., Leiba, B., Segmuller, W., and T. Martin, "Sieve Email Filtering: Extension for Notifications, " January 2009.) [I-D.ietf-sieve-external-lists] (Melnikov, A. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Extension: Externally Stored Lists," May 2010.) [I-D.ietf-sieve-notify-presence] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Notification Using Presence Information," October 2010.) [I-D.ietf-sieve-vacation-seconds] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Vacation Extension: "Seconds" parameter," October 2010.) can be used to generate automatic replies to incoming electronic mail messages based on the presence information of the recipient. This can be used, for example, to inform the sender that messages will not be answered immediately because the recipient is busy or away. The auto-reply message can additionally be based on information about

the sender from the recipient's address book, sub-lists therefrom, or other lists available to the recipient, so that different senders might get different responses. The recipient can create separate rules for friends, family members, colleagues, and so on.

This can be used in mail filtering software, email-based information services, and other automatic responder situations. There are many programs currently in use that automatically respond to email. Some of them send many useless or unwanted responses, or send responses to

inappropriate addresses. The mechanism described herein will help to avoid those problems (but see the discussion in <a href="Section 4">Section 4</a> (Security Considerations)). Implementations need to take care of tracking previous messages received from the same sender and they will start or stop sending responses as the presence status of the recipient changes. An important note, though: users of any auto-reply mechanism should really think about whether automatic replies are necessary, and at what interval they make sense when they are. Email is not Instant Messaging, and senders generally expect that replies might take a while. Consider whether it's truly important to tell people that you'll read their mail in an hour or so, or whether that can just be taken as how email works. There are times when this makes sense, but let's not use it to exacerbate information overload. Judicious use of appropriate presence information might serve to mitigate these issues.

Implementors, therefore, need to consider this with respect to the features they expose to users, and the potential for inappropriate use those features represent. The ability to create auto-responders might be hidden behind an "advanced" button, and users might be warned of the consequences, and advised of the considerations in the previous paragraph.

## 2. How To Create Auto Replies

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When an email message arrives, the Sieve script can use the notify\_method\_capability of the Notify extension [RFC5435] (Melnikov, A., Leiba, B., Segmuller, W., and T. Martin, "Sieve Email Filtering: Extension for Notifications," January 2009.) to check the recipient's presence information. The Notify-presence extension [I-D.ietf-sieve-notify-presence] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Notification Using Presence Information," October 2010.) makes additional presence, such as "away" and "do not disturb" status, available. The script can use the External-lists extension [I-D.ietf-sieve-external-lists] (Melnikov, A. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Extension: Externally Stored Lists," May 2010.) to look the sender up in the recipient's address book or other list. If the information retrieved warrants an auto-reply message, the message can then be composed based on that information.

The Vacation extension [RFC5230] (Showalter, T. and N. Freed, "Sieve Email Filtering: Vacation Extension," January 2008.) provides an easy way to send the auto-reply message to the sender, as it automatically keeps track of the automatic replies and attempts to avoid excessive messages and mail loops. The Vacation-seconds extension [I-D.ietf-sieve-vacation-seconds] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Vacation Extension: "Seconds" parameter," October 2010.) allows auto-replies to be sent this way more frequently than once per day, when that's appropriate. (Alternatively, the script can use the Notify

extension, [RFC5435] (Melnikov, A., Leiba, B., Segmuller, W., and T. Martin, "Sieve Email Filtering: Extension for Notifications,"

January 2009.) and it can use that to send a notification by a means other than email.)

Personal and Group Responders can refuse to generate responses except to known correspondents or addresses otherwise known to the recipient. Such responders can also generate different kinds of responses for "trusted" vs "untrusted" addresses. This might be useful, for instance, to avoid inappropriate disclosure of personal or confidential information to arbitrary addresses.

## 3. Example Use Cases for Auto Replies

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1. In this example, we check that the envelope "from" is in the recipient's address book [I-D.ietf-sieve-external-lists] (Melnikov, A. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Extension: Externally Stored <u>Lists," May 2010.</u>) and that the recipient's presence shows "extended away".[I-D.ietf-sieve-notify-presence] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Notification Using Presence Information," October 2010.) If both of those are true, the "vacation" action [RFC5230] (Showalter, T. and N. Freed, "Sieve Email Filtering: Vacation Extension," January 2008.) is used to send an autoreply, making sure we don't reply to the same sender more than once every half hour.[I-D.ietf-sieve-vacation-seconds] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Vacation Extension: "Seconds" parameter," October 2010.) The variables extension [RFC5229] (Homme, K., "Sieve Email Filtering: Variables Extension," January 2008.) is used to extract the value of the recipient's natural-language presence status message, which will be used as the response to the sender.

2. In the next example, we'll check for the recipient's personal assistant, and give very detailed information about the recipient's status to that sender. For other senders in the "family" and "friends" lists we'll also send an auto-reply. Other senders will be considered less important, and don't need auto-replies.

```
require ["envelope", "extlists", "enotify", "vacation-seconds"];
if envelope :is "from" "assistant@example.com"
  {
    if notify_method_capability "xmpp:me@example.com" "show" "away"
     {
        vacation :handle "away" :seconds 600
            "I'm away for now, but I'll be back soon.";
    elsif notify_method_capability "xmpp:me@example.com" "show" "dnd"
        vacation :handle "dnd" :seconds 1800
            "I'm not to be disturbed. I'll check mail later.";
      }
    elsif notify_method_capability "xmpp:me@example.com" "show" "xa"
      {
        vacation :handle "ext-away" :seconds 3600
            "I'm away for a while, without access to email.";
    elsif notify_method_capability "xmpp:me@example.com" "busy" "yes"
      {
        vacation :handle "busy" :seconds 1800
            "I'm very busy, but might check email now and then.";
      }
elsif envelope :list "from" ["tag:example.com, 2009-05-28:family",
                             "tag:example.com, 2009-05-28:friends"]
    if notify_method_capability "xmpp:me@example.com" "show"
           ["away", "dnd", "xa"]
        vacation :handle "away" :seconds 3600
            "I'm not available to respond to email.";
      }
 }
else
  { # We could respond as below, making it only once a day
   # for less important senders. Better to just omit
   # that, though (see the end of the Introduction section).
   # vacation :handle "catchall" :days 1
          "I got your message, and might read it eventually.";
  }
```

3. For this example, if the sender is a work colleague and the recipient is on extended away status, then reply with a message giving alternative contact information. The message might also include details about the reason for the absence, or other personal or confidential information that shouldn't be shared with senders who aren't associated with the recipient's company.

4. This example is used to send an acknowledgment to every message received. A :seconds value of zero is used to reply to every message, with no removal of duplicates to the same sender. This requires that the Sieve engine allow an interval of zero; if it does not, and it imposes a minimum value, not every message will receive an auto-reply.

```
require ["envelope", "extlists", "vacation-seconds"];
if not envelope :list "from" "tag:example.com,2009-05-28:staff"
  {
    vacation :handle "auto-resp" :seconds 0
        "Your request has been received. A service
        representative will contact you as soon as
        possible, usually within one business day.";
}
```

5. This example uses the same structure to automatically send a copy of each incoming message to the recipient's backup, if the sender is a customer contact or co-worker, or if the message's subject includes the word "urgent".

## 4. Security Considerations

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See the Security Considerations sections of the following specifications for discussion of security considerations not covered here:

Sieve base specification [RFC5228] (Guenther, P. and T. Showalter, "Sieve: An Email Filtering Language," January 2008.)

Sieve Vacation extension [RFC5230] (Showalter, T. and N. Freed, "Sieve Email Filtering: Vacation Extension," January 2008.)

Vacation "Seconds" parameter [I-D.ietf-sieve-vacation-seconds] (George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Vacation Extension: "Seconds" parameter," October 2010.)

Sieve Externally Stored Lists extension [I-D.ietf-sieve-external-lists] (Melnikov, A. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Extension: Externally Stored Lists," May 2010.)

Sieve Notify extension [RFC5435] (Melnikov, A., Leiba, B., Segmuller, W., and T. Martin, "Sieve Email Filtering: Extension for Notifications," January 2009.) (and any applicable notification methods)

This document describes how to set up a system that creates automatic replies in an intelligent way. Despite the "intelligence", errors in

scripts can result in too many auto-reply messages, especially when the reply interval is minimal (using the "notify" action, or the "vacation" action with a small value for ":seconds").

Despite the "intelligence", too, errors in scripts can result in private information getting to senders inappropriately. In example 3 in Section 3 (Example Use Cases for Auto Replies), for instance, if the :list test checks the wrong list, or none at all, information about the recipient's business trip might be sent to someone who has no need to know about it, and shouldn't.

Even without errors in scripts, a sender who recognizes that autoreplies are dependent upon the recipient's presence can use that fact to probe the presence information. One result of that can be that the sender discerns changes in the recipient's presence that the sender would normally not be allowed to see, making this an unintentional back door into the user's presence information. Another result is that this can create a "covert channel", allowing the recipient to send information to a sender by changing his presence information, his address book, and/or his Sieve script (though in this regard, the exposure is comparable to any other case of shared presence information).

An autoresponder can cause leaks of other pieces of information, including potentially providing the ability to attack cryptographic keying material. For example, using the time it takes to perform an cryptographic operation, an attacker may obtain information about the secret key. An autoresponder that doesn't take timing into account could accidentally leak this kind of information.

Moreover, if an autoresponder script directly returns the results of a cryptographic operation, that could also provide an attack vector. For example, if a script returns the results of a decryption operation, an attacker can send an arbitrarily encrypted message and use the results as a chosen cyphertext attack to decode the encryption key. Authors of scripts should be careful in what information they return to senders.

### 5. IANA Considerations

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There are no IANA actions required by this document.

# 6. Normative References

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[I-D.ietf-sieve-external-lists]

Melnikov, A. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Extension:

Externally Stored Lists," draft-ietf-sieve-external-lists-02 (work in progress), May 2010

(TXT).

| <pre>[I-D.ietf-<br/>sieve-notify-<br/>presence]</pre> | George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Notification Using Presence Information," draft-ietf-sieve-notify-presence-01 (work in progress), October 2010 (TXT).   |
|---|---|
| [I-D.ietf-<br>sieve-vacation-<br>seconds]             | George, R. and B. Leiba, "Sieve Vacation Extension: "Seconds" parameter," draft-ietf-sieve-vacation- seconds-01 (work in progress), October 2010 (TXT). |
| [RFC5228]   | Guenther, P. and T. Showalter, "Sieve: An Email Filtering Language," RFC 5228, January 2008 (TXT).  |
| [RFC5229]   | Homme, K., "Sieve Email Filtering: Variables  Extension," RFC 5229, January 2008 (TXT).   |
| [RFC5230]   | Showalter, T. and N. Freed, "Sieve Email Filtering: Vacation Extension," RFC 5230, January 2008 (TXT).  |
| [RFC5435]   | Melnikov, A., Leiba, B., Segmuller, W., and T. Martin, "Sieve Email Filtering: Extension for Notifications," RFC 5435, January 2009 (TXT).              |

# Authors' Addresses

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|        | Robins George                              |
|--------|--|
|        | Huawei Technologies                        |
|        | Bangalore, Karnataka 560071                |
|        | India                                      |
| Phone: | +91-080-41117676                           |
| Email: | robinsgv@gmail.com                         |
|        |  |
|        | Barry Leiba                                |
|        | Huawei Technologies                        |
| Phone: | +1 646 827 0648                            |
| Email: | barryleiba@computer.org                    |
| URI:   | http://internetmessagingtechnology.org/    |
|        |  |
|        | Alexey Melnikov                            |
|        | Isode Limited                              |
|        | 5 Castle Business Village, 36 Station Road |
|        | Hampton, Middlesex TW12 2BX                |
|        | UK   |
| Email: | Alexey.Melnikov@isode.com                  |
| URI:   | http://www.melnikov.ca/                    |