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Abstract

This document extends <u>RFC 4279</u>, <u>RFC 4492</u> and <u>RFC 4785</u>, and specifies a set of ciphersuites that use a pre-shared key (PSK) to authenticate an Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman exchange (ECDH). These ciphersuites provide Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS).

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1. Introduction

RFC 4279 specifies ciphersuites for supporting TLS using pre-shared symmetric keys and they (a) use only symmetric key operations for authentication, (b) use a Diffie-Hellman exchange authenticated with a pre-shared key, or (c) combines public key authentication of the server with pre-shared key authentication of the client.

RFC 4785 specifies authentication-only ciphersuites (with no encryption). These ciphersuites are useful when authentication and integrity protection is desired, but confidentiality is not needed or not permitted.

RFC 4492 defines a set of ECC-based ciphersuites for TLS and describes the use of ECC certificates for client authentication. In particular, it specifies the use of Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDH) key agreement in a TLS handshake and the use of Elliptic Curve Digital Signature Algorithm (ECDSA) as a new authentication mechanism.

This document specifies a set of ciphersuites that use a PSK to authenticate an ECDH exchange. These ciphersuites provide Perfect Forward Secrecy. One of these ciphersuite provides authenticationonly.

The reader is expected to become familiar with RFC 4279, RFC 4492, and RFC 4785 prior to studying this document.

1.1. Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

2. ECDHE_PSK Key Exchange Algorithm

The ciphersuites in this section match the ciphersuites defined in [RFC4279], except that they use an Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman exchange [RFC4492] authenticated with a PSK. They are defined as follow:

CipherSuite	Key Exchange	Cipher I	Hash
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_RC4_128_SHA	ECDHE_PSK	RC4_128	SHA
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA	ECDHE_PSK	3DES_EDE_CBC	SHA
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA	ECDHE_PSK	AES_128_CBC	SHA
TLS ECDHE PSK WITH AES 256 CBC SHA	FCDHF PSK	AFS 256 CBC	SHA

These ciphersuites make use of the EC parameter negotiation mechanism defined in RFC 4492. When the ciphersuites defined in this document are used, the 'ec_diffie_hellman_psk' case inside the ServerKeyExchange and ClientKeyExchange structure MUST be used instead of the 'psk' case defined in [RFC4279] (i.e., the ServerKeyExchange and ClientKeyExchange messages include the Diffie-Hellman parameters). The PSK identity and identity hint fields have the same meaning and encoding specified in [RFC4279] (note that the ServerKeyExchange message is always sent, even if no PSK identity hint is provided).

The format of the ServerKeyExchange and ClientKeyExchange messages is shown below.

```
struct {
    select (KeyExchangeAlgorithm) {
        /* other cases for rsa, diffie_hellman, etc. */
        case ec_diffie_hellman_psk: /* NEW */
            opaque psk identity hint<0..2^16-1>;
            ServerECDHParams params;
    };
} ServerKeyExchange;
struct {
    select (KeyExchangeAlgorithm) {
        /* other cases for rsa, diffie_hellman, etc. */
        case ec_diffie_hellman_psk:
                                    /* NEW */
            opaque psk_identity<0..2^16-1>;
            ClientECDiffieHellmanPublic public;
    } exchange_keys;
} ClientKeyExchange;
```

The premaster secret is formed as follows. First, perform an ECDH operation (See section 5.10 of [RFC4492]) to compute the shared secret. Next, concatenate a uint16 containing the length of the shared secret (in octets), the shared secret itself, a uint16 containing the length of the PSK (in octets), and the PSK itself.

This corresponds to the general structure for the premaster secrets (see Note 1 in <u>Section 2 of [RFC4279]</u>), with "other_secret" containing the shared secret:

```
struct {
     opaque other_secret<0..2^16-1>;
     opaque psk<0..2^16-1>;
};
```

3. ECDHE_PSK Key Exchange Algorithm with NULL Encryption

The ciphersuite in this section matches the ciphersuites defined in section 2, except that we define a suite with null encryption.

Key Exchange CipherSuite Cipher Hash TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA ECDHE PSK NULL SHA

4. Security Considerations

The security considerations described throughout [RFC4279], [RFC4346], [RFC4492], and [RFC4785] apply here as well.

5. IANA Considerations

This document defines the following new ciphersuites, whose values are to be assigned from the TLS Cipher Suite registry defined in RFC4346].

```
CipherSuite TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_RC4_128_SHA = { 0xXX, 0xXX };
CipherSuite TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_3DES_EDE_CBC_SHA = { 0xXX, 0xXX };
CipherSuite TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA = \{ 0xXX, 0xXX \};
CipherSuite TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA = { 0xXX, 0xXX };
CipherSuite TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA
                                               = \{ 0xXX, 0xXX \};
```

6. Acknowledgments

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7. References

7.1. Normative References

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997.
- [RFC4279] Eronen, P. and H. Tschofenig, "Pre-Shared Key Ciphersuites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)", RFC 4279, December 2005.
- [RFC4346] Dierks, T. and E. Rescorla, "The TLS Protocol Version 1.1", RFC 4346, April 2006.

[RFC4492] Blake-Wilson, S., Bolyard, N., Gupta, V., Hawk, C., and B. Moeller, "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)", RFC 4492, May 2006.

[RFC4785] Blumenthal, U. and P. Goel, "Pre-Shared Key (PSK) Ciphersuites with NULL Encryption for Transport Layer Security (TLS)", RFC 4785, January 2007.

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