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ECDHE\_PSK with AES-GCM and AES-CCM Cipher Suites for Transport Layer  
Security (TLS)  
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## Abstract

This document defines several new cipher suites for the Transport Layer Security (TLS) protocol. The cipher suites are all based on the Ephemeral Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman with Pre-Shared Key (ECDHE\_PSK) key exchange together with the Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data (AEAD) algorithms AES-GCM and AES-CCM. PSK provides light and efficient authentication, ECDHE provides perfect forward secrecy, and AES-GCM and AES-CCM provides encryption and integrity protection.

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ECDHE\_PSK\_AEAD

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### [1.](#) Requirements notation

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

### [2.](#) Introduction

This document defines new cipher suites that provide Pre-Shared Key (PSK) authentication, Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS), and Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data (AEAD). The cipher suites are defined for version 1.2 of the Transport Layer Security (TLS) [[RFC5246](#)] protocol, version 1.2 of the Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS) protocol [[RFC6347](#)], as well as version 1.3 of TLS [[I-D.ietf-tls-tls13](#)].

Pre-Shared Key (PSK) Authentication is widely used in many scenarios. One deployment is 3GPP networks where pre-shared keys are used to authenticate both subscriber and network. Another deployment is Internet of Things where PSK authentication is often preferred for performance and energy efficiency reasons. In both scenarios the endpoints are owned/controlled by a party that provisions the pre-shared keys and makes sure that they provide a high level of entropy.

Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS) is a strongly recommended feature in security protocol design and can be accomplished by using an ephemeral Diffie-Hellman key exchange method. Ephemeral Elliptic Curve Diffie-Hellman (ECDHE) provides PFS with excellent performance

and small key sizes. ECDHE is mandatory to implement in both HTTP/2 [[RFC7540](#)] and CoAP [[RFC7252](#)].

AEAD algorithms that combine encryption and integrity protection are strongly recommended [[RFC7525](#)] and non-AEAD algorithms are forbidden to use in TLS 1.3 [[I-D.ietf-tls-tls13](#)]. The AEAD algorithms considered in this document are AES-GCM and AES-CCM. The use of AES-GCM in TLS is defined in [[RFC5288](#)] and the use of AES-CCM is defined in [[RFC6655](#)].

[[RFC4279](#)] defines Pre-Shared Key (PSK) cipher suites for TLS but does not consider Elliptic Curve Cryptography. [[RFC4492](#)] introduces Elliptic Curve Cryptography for TLS but does not consider PSK authentication. [[RFC5487](#)] describes the use of AES-GCM in combination with PSK authentication, but does not consider ECDHE. [[RFC5489](#)] describes the use of PSK in combination with ECDHE but does not consider AES-GCM or AES-CCM.

### 3. ECDHE\_PSK with AES-GCM and AES-CCM Cipher Suites

The cipher suites defined in this document are based on the AES-GCM and AES-CCM Authenticated Encryption with Associated Data (AEAD) algorithms AEAD\_AES\_128\_GCM, AEAD\_AES\_256\_GCM and AEAD\_AES\_128\_CCM defined in [[RFC5116](#)], and AEAD\_AES\_128\_CCM\_8 defined in [[RFC6655](#)].

Messages and pre-master secret construction in this document are based on [[RFC4279](#)]. The elliptic curve parameters used in in the Diffie-Hellman parameters are negotiated using extensions defined in [[I-D.ietf-tls-rfc4492bis](#)].

For TLS1.2, the following cipher suites are defined:

```
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 = {0xTBD,0xTBD};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384 = {0xTBD,0xTBD};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256 = {0xTBD,0xTBD};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_SHA256 = {0xTBD,0xTBD};
```

The assigned code points can only be used for TLS 1.2.

#### 4. Applicable TLS Versions

The cipher suites defined in this document make use of the authenticated encryption with additional data (AEAD) defined in TLS 1.2 [[RFC5246](#)] and DTLS 1.2 [[RFC6347](#)]. Earlier versions of TLS do not have support for AEAD and consequently, these cipher suites MUST NOT be negotiated in TLS versions prior to 1.2. Clients MUST NOT offer these cipher suites if they do not offer TLS 1.2 or later. Servers, which select an earlier version of TLS MUST NOT select one of these

cipher suites. A client MUST treat the selection of these cipher suites in combination with a version of TLS that does not support AEAD (i.e., TLS 1.1 or earlier) as an error and generate a fatal 'illegal\_parameter' TLS alert.

TLS 1.3 and above version, negotiate and support these cipher suites in a different way.

#### 5. IANA Considerations

This document defines the following new cipher suites, whose values have been assigned in the TLS Cipher Suite Registry defined by [[RFC5246](#)].

```
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256 = {0xTBD; 0xTBD} {0xD0,0x01};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384  = {0xTBD; 0xTBD} {0xD0,0x02};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_8_SHA256 = {0xTBD; 0xTBD} {0xD0,0x03};
TLS_ECDHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CCM_SHA256  = {0xTBD; 0xTBD} {0xD0,0x05};
```

The cipher suite numbers listed in the last column are numbers used for cipher suite interoperability testing and it's suggested that IANA use these values for assignment.

#### 6. Security Considerations

The security considerations in TLS 1.2 [[RFC5246](#)], DTLS 1.2 [[RFC6347](#)], TLS 1.3 [[I-D.ietf-tls-tls13](#)], ECDHE\_PSK [[RFC5489](#)], AES-GCM [[RFC5288](#)], and AES-CCM [[RFC6655](#)] apply to this document as well.

All the cipher suites defined in this document provide confidentiality, mutual authentication, and perfect forward secrecy. The AES-128 cipher suites provide 128-bit security and the AES-256 cipher suites provide at least 192-bit security. However, AES\_128\_CCM\_8 only provides 64-bit security against message forgery.

Use of Pre-Shared Keys of limited entropy may allow an active attacker attempts to connect to the server and try different keys. For example, limited entropy may be provided by using short PSK in which case an attacker may perform a brute-force attack. Another example includes the use of a PSK chosen by a human and thus may be exposed to dictionary attacks.

The Pre-Shared Keys used for authentication MUST have a security level equal or higher than the cipher suite used, i.e. at least 128-bit for the AES-128 cipher suites and at least 192-bit for the AES-256 cipher suites.

## [7.](#) Acknowledgements

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