

TLS Working Group  
Internet Draft  
Intended status: Standards Track  
Expires: April 2009

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October 30, 2008

Pre-Shared Key Cipher Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS) with  
SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode  
draft-ietf-tls-psk-new-mac-aes-gcm-04.txt

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## Abstract

[RFC 4279](#) and [RFC 4785](#) describe pre-shared key cipher suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS). However, all those cipher suites use SHA-1 as their MAC algorithm. This document describes a set of pre-shared key cipher suites for TLS which uses stronger digest algorithms (i.e., SHA-256 or SHA-384) and another set which uses the Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) in Galois Counter Mode (GCM).

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## 1. Introduction

The benefits of pre-shared symmetric-key vs. public-/private-key pair based authentication for the key exchange in TLS have been explained in the Introduction of [\[RFC4279\]](#). This document leverages the already defined algorithms for the application of newer, generally regarded stronger, cryptographic primitives and building blocks.

TLS 1.2 [\[RFC5246\]](#) adds support for authenticated encryption with additional data (AEAD) cipher modes [\[RFC5116\]](#). This document describes the use of Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) [\[AES\]](#) in Galois Counter Mode (GCM) [\[GCM\]](#) (AES-GCM) with various pre-shared key (PSK) authenticated key exchange mechanisms ([\[RFC4279\]](#) and [\[RFC4785\]](#)) in cipher suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS).

This document also specifies PSK cipher suites for TLS which replace SHA-1 by SHA-256 or SHA-384 [\[SHS\]](#). [RFC 4279](#) [\[RFC4279\]](#) and [RFC 4785](#) [\[RFC4785\]](#) describe PSK cipher suites for TLS. However, all of the [RFC 4279](#) and the [RFC 4785](#) cipher suites use HMAC-SHA1 as their MAC algorithm. Due to recent analytic work on SHA-1 [\[Wang05\]](#), the IETF is gradually moving away from SHA-1 and towards stronger hash algorithms.

Related TLS cipher suites with key exchange algorithms that are authenticated using public/private key pairs have recently been specified:

- RSA, DSS, and Diffie-Hellman based cipher suites in [\[RFC5288\]](#), and
- ECC based cipher suites with SHA-256/384 and AES-GCM in [\[RFC5289\]](#).

The reader is expected to become familiar with these two memos prior to studying this document.

### 1.1. Applicability Statement

The ciphersuites defined in the [Section 3](#) can be negotiated, whatever the negotiated TLS version is.

The ciphersuites defined in the Sections [2](#) can be negotiated in TLS version 1.2 or higher.

## [1.2](#). Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#).

## [2](#). PSK, DHE\_PSK and RSA\_PSK Key Exchange Algorithms with AES-GCM

The following six cipher suites use the new authenticated encryption modes defined in TLS 1.2 with AES in Galois Counter Mode (GCM) [\[GCM\]](#). The cipher suites with DHE\_PSK key exchange algorithm (TLS\_DHE\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_128\_GCM\_SHA256 and TLS\_DHE\_PSK\_WITH\_AES\_256\_GCM\_SHA384) provide Perfect Forward Secrecy (PFS).

```
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
```

These cipher suites use authenticated encryption with additional data (AEAD) algorithms AEAD\_AES\_128\_GCM and AEAD\_AES\_256\_GCM as described in [RFC 5116](#). GCM is used as described in [\[RFC5288\]](#).

The PSK, DHE\_PSK and RSA\_PSK key exchanges are performed as defined in [\[RFC4279\]](#).

The Pseudo Random Function (PRF) algorithms SHALL be as follows:

For cipher suites ending with \_SHA256, the PRF is the TLS PRF [\[RFC5246\]](#) with SHA-256 as the hash function.

For cipher suites ending with `_SHA384`, the PRF is the TLS PRF [[RFC5246](#)] with SHA-384 as the hash function.

Implementations MUST send a TLS Alert 'bad\_record\_mac' for all types of failures encountered in processing the AES-GCM algorithm.

### [3.](#) PSK, DHE\_PSK and RSA\_PSK Key Exchange with SHA-256/384

The first two cipher suites described in each of the following three sections use AES [[AES](#)] in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) [[CBC](#)] mode with an HMAC-based MAC.

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#### [3.1.](#) PSK Key Exchange Algorithm with SHA-256/384

```
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256             = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384             = {0xXX,0xXX};
```

The above four cipher suites are the same as the corresponding cipher suites in [RFC 4279](#) and [RFC 4785](#) (with names ending in "`_SHA`" in place of "`_SHA256`" or "`_SHA384`"), except for the hash and PRF algorithms:

- o when negotiated in a version of TLS prior to 1.2, they use the PRF from that version;
- o when negotiated in TLS version 1.2, they use the PRF and MAC as follow:

For cipher suites ending with `_SHA256`, the PRF is the TLS PRF [[RFC5246](#)] with SHA-256 as the hash function. The MAC is HMAC [[RFC2104](#)] with SHA-256 as the hash function.

For cipher suites ending with `_SHA384`, the PRF is the TLS PRF [[RFC5246](#)] with SHA-384 as the hash function. The MAC is HMAC [[RFC2104](#)] with SHA-384 as the hash function.

#### [3.2.](#) DHE\_PSK Key Exchange Algorithm with SHA-256/384

```
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256            = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384            = {0xXX,0xXX};
```

The above four cipher suites are the same as the corresponding cipher suites in [RFC 4279](#) and [RFC 4785](#) (with names ending in "\_SHA" in place of "\_SHA256" or "\_SHA384"), except for the hash and PRF algorithms, as explained in [Section 3.1](#).

### [3.3](#). RSA\_PSK Key Exchange Algorithm with SHA-256/384

```
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256            = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384            = {0xXX,0xXX};
```

The above four cipher suites are the same as the corresponding cipher suites in [RFC 4279](#) and [RFC 4785](#) (with names ending in "\_SHA"

in place of "\_SHA256" or "\_SHA384"), except for the hash and PRF algorithms, as explained in [Section 3.1](#).

## [4](#). Security Considerations

The security considerations in [[RFC4279](#)], [[RFC4785](#)] and [[RFC5288](#)] apply to this document as well. In particular, as authentication-only cipher suites (with no encryption) defined here do not support confidentiality, care should be taken not to send sensitive information (such as passwords) over connections protected with one of the cipher suites with NULL encryption defined in this document.

As described in [[RFC5288](#)], the cipher suites defined in the [Section 2](#) of this document may only be used with TLS 1.2 or greater. The cipher suites defined in the [Section 3](#) may be used, whatever the negotiated TLS version is.

## [5](#). IANA Considerations

IANA has assigned the following values for the cipher suites defined in this document:

```
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256          = {0xXX,0xXX};
```

```

CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_GCM_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_GCM_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384      = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256            = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384            = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256        = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_DHE_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384        = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_128_CBC_SHA256  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_AES_256_CBC_SHA384  = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA256        = {0xXX,0xXX};
CipherSuite TLS_RSA_PSK_WITH_NULL_SHA384        = {0xXX,0xXX};

```

## 6. Acknowledgments

This draft borrows heavily from [\[RFC5289\]](#) and [\[RFC5288\]](#).

The author appreciates Alfred Hoenes for his detailed review and effort on issues resolving discussion. The author would like also

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to acknowledge Ibrahim Hajjeh, Simon Josefsson, Hassnaa Moustafa, Joseph Salowey and Pascal Urien for their reviews of the content of the document.

## 7. References

### 7.1. Normative References

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- [CBC] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation - Methods and Techniques", SP 800-38A, December 2001.
- [GCM] National Institute of Standards and Technology, "Recommendation for Block Cipher Modes of Operation:

Galois/Counter Mode (GCM) for Confidentiality and Authentication", SP 800-38D, November 2007.

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#### Acknowledgment

Funding for the RFC Editor function is currently provided by the Internet Society.