TN3270E Working Group

Internet Draft: <draft-ietf-tn3270e-ohio-01.txt>

Expiration Date: October 1st, 1999

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# Open Host Interface Objects

#### Status of this Memo

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#### Abstract

This draft addresses the need for a common, advanced, client programming interface to mainframe host data. Application developers, in particular third party application vendors, use API's provided by client emulator programs to write applications that access host data. Currently, the defacto standard HLLAPI is the interface most commonly provided by these programs and the one used by the third party application vendors. However, HLLAPI is plagued by the fact that it doesn't exploit modern programming techniques and is fragmented by multiple, proprietary implementations. Client vendors have, over the last couple of years, developed more advanced interfaces that exploit modern programming advances. However no effort has been put into standardizing these interfaces and application developers have been forced to either chose to stay with HLLAPI or perform costly re-implementation of their products to support each competing advanced client API.

The Open Host Interface Objects (OHIO) address the need for a standardized advanced programming interface to the host data. OHIO does not modify the TN3270/TN5250 protocol or datastream but instead provides a common access method to that data once it arrives at the

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client. OHIO uses an Object Oriented approach to divide the data into logical objects, and provides methods on those objects to allow standard access to the data. Details about the connection protocol used to communicate with the host and the specific host platform.

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# 1.0 Introduction

The following is the Ohio containment hierarchy:

OhioManager: Contains one:

OhioSessions: Contains a collection of1:

OhioSession: Contains one:

OhioScreen: Contains one of each of:

OhioOIA: The operator information area OhioFields: Contains a collection of:

OhioField: A field in the presentation space

Additional utility classes:

OhioPosition

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```
The Ohio inheritance hierarchy is:
Ohio: Base class
OhioManager
OhioSessions
OhioSession
OhioScreen
OhioOIA
OhioFields
OhioField
OhioPosition
```

### 2.0 Object Definitions

OMG IDL Version 2.1 is used to define the following objects. For a mapping of the IDL to Java, see  $\frac{Appendix\ A}{A}$  - Ohio Java Mapping. For a mapping of the IDL to ActiveX IDL, see  $\frac{Appendix\ B}{A}$  - Ohio ActiveX IDL Mapping.

Note: "1" based counting is used throughout this document for both positions (the first position on the screen is position 1, not position 0) and sizes (the first item in a collection is item 1, not item 0).

# 2.1 Ohio

Base class for all Ohio classes. Contains all common Ohio methods and properties.

```
Interface Ohio {

// This enum is used by:
// OhioFields.FindByString
// OhioScreen.FindString
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_DIRECTION {
    OHIO_DIRECTION_FORWARD // Forward (beginning towards end)
    OHIO_DIRECTION_BACKWARD // Backward (end towards beginning)
};

// This enum is used by:
// OhioSession.sessionType
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_TYPE {
    OHIO_TYPE_UNKNOWN // Unknown host
    OHIO_TYPE_3270 // 3270 host
    OHIO_TYPE_5250 // 5250 host
};
```

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```
// This enum is used by:
//
     OHIOSession.connected
      OHIOSession sessionChanged
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_STATE {
  OHIO_STATE_DISCONNECTED // The communication link to the
                           // host is disconnected.
  OHIO_STATE_CONNECTED
                           // The communication link to the
                           // host is connected.
};
// This enum is used by:
// OHIOField.getData
//
     OHIOScreen.getData
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_PLANE {
  OHIO_PLANE_TEXT // Indicates Text Plane (character data)
   OHIO_PLANE_COLOR // Indicates Color Plane (standard HLLAPI
                    // CGA color values)
   OHIO_PLANE_FIELD // Indicates Field Attribute Plane (field
                    // attribute bytes)
   OHIO_PLANE_EXTENDED // Indicates Extended Plane (extended
                        // attribute bytes)
};
// These values are returned in the Ohio Color Plane from the
// following methods:
//
     OhioField.getData
      OhioScreen.getData
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_COLOR {
   OHIO_COLOR_BLACK
   OHIO_COLOR_BLUE
  OHIO_COLOR_GREEN
  OHIO_COLOR_CYAN
  OHIO_COLOR_RED
  OHIO_COLOR_MAGENTA
   OHIO_COLOR_WHITE
   OHIO_COLOR_YELLOW
};
// These values are returned in the Ohio Extended Field Plane
// from the following methods:
//
     OhioField.getData
//
      OhioScreen.getData
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_EXTENDED {
   OHIO_EXTENDED_HILITE // Bitmask for Highlighting Bits
   OHIO EXTENDED COLOR // Bitmask for Color Bits
   OHIO EXTENDED RESERVED // Bitmask for Reserved Bits
   OHIO_EXTENDED_HILITE_NORMAL // Normal highlighting
   OHIO_EXTENDED_HILITE_BLINK // Blinking highlighting
```

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```
OHIO_EXTENDED_HILITE_UNDERSCORE // Underscore
                                  // highlighting
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_DEFAULT // Default color
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_BLUE
                               // Blue
                              // Red
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_RED
                              // Pink
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_PINK
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_GREEN
                              // Green
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_TURQUOISE // Turquoise
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_YELLOW // Yellow
  OHIO_EXTENDED_COLOR_WHITE
                               // White
};
// These values are returned in the Ohio Field Attributes from
// the following methods:
//
     OhioScreen.getData
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_FIELD {
  OHIO FIELD ATTRIBUTE
                           // Bitmask for field attribute
  OHIO_FIELD_PROTECTED
                           // Protected field
                           // Numeric field
  OHIO_FIELD_NUMERIC
  OHIO_FIELD_PEN_SELECTABLE // Pen selectable field
  OHIO_FIELD_HIGH_INTENSITY // High intensity field
                          // Hidden field
  OHIO_FIELD_HIDDEN
                           // Reserved field
  OHIO_FIELD_RESERVED
  OHIO_FIELD_MODIFIED // Modified field
};
// This enum is used by:
     OhioScreen event processing
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_UPDATE {
  OHIO_UPDATE_CLIENT // Update initiated by client
  OHIO_UPDATE_HOST // Update initiated by host
};
// This enum is used by:
     OhioOIA.owner
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_OWNER {
  OHIO_OWNER_UNKNOWN // Uninitialized
  OHIO_OWNER_APP
                    // Application or 5250 host
  OHIO_OWNER_MYJOB // 3270 - Myjob
  OHIO_OWNER_NVT // 3270 in NVT mode
  OHIO_OWNER_UNOWNED // 3270 - Unowned
  OHIO_OWNER_SSCP // 3270 - SSCP
};
// This enum is used by:
//
     OhioOIA.InputInhibited
Readonly Attribute enum OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED {
  OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_NOTINHIBITED // Input not inhibited
```

# OHIO\_INPUTINHIBITED\_SYSTEM\_WAIT // Input inhibited by a // System Wait state ("X SYSTEM" or "X []")

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```
OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_COMMCHECK // Input inhibited by a
                       // communications check state ("X COMMxxx")
      OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_PROGCHECK // Input inhibited by a
                       // program check state ("X PROGxxx")
      OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_MACHINECHECK // Input inhibited by a
                       // machine check state ("X MACHxxx")
      OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_OTHER // Input inhibited by something
                                // other than above states
   };
   // The OHIO version level of this implementation. The form is
   // "OHIO nn.nn"
   Readonly Attribute string OhioVersion;
   // The name of the vendor providing this OHIO implementation.
   // Format is vendor defined.
   Readonly Attribute string VendorName;
   // The vendor product version that is providing the OHIO
   // implementation. Format is vendor specific.
   Readonly Attribute string VendorProductVersion;
   // The vendor object that provides non-standard, vendor
   // specific extensions to the OHIO object.
   Readonly Attribute Object VendorObject;
   // Create an OhioPosition object.
       row The row coordinate.
   //
         col The column coordinate.
   OhioPosition CreateOhioPosition(row, col);
};
```

#### 2.2 OhioField

A field is the fundamental element of a virtual screen. A field includes both data and attributes describing the field. The OhioField class encapsulates a virtual screen field and provides methods for accessing and manipulating field attributes and data.

OhioField objects can be accessed only through the OhioFields object.

```
Interface OhioField {
    // The starting position of the field. The position can range
    // from 1 to the size of the virtual screen. The starting
    // position of a field is the position of the first character
```

// in the field.
Readonly Attribute OhioPosition Start;

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```
// The ending position of the field. The position can range
// from 1 to the size of the virtual screen. The ending
// position of a field is the position of the last character in
// the field.
Readonly Attribute OhioPosition End;
// The length of the field. A field's length can range
from 1 to the size of the
// virtual screen.
Readonly Attribute int Length;
// The attribute byte for the field.
Readonly Attribute int Attribute;
// Indicates whether or not the field has been modified. True
// if the field has been modified, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean Modified;
// Indicates whether or not the field is protected. True if
// the field is protected, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean Protected;
// Indicates whether or not the field is numeric-only. True if
// the field is numeric only, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean Numeric;
// Indicates whether or not the field is high-intensity. True
// if the field is high intensity, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean HighIntensity;
// Indicates whether or not the field is pen-selectable. True
// if the field is pen-selectable, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean PenSelectable;
// Indicates whether or not the field is hidden. True if the
// field is hidden, otherwise false.
Readonly Attribute boolean Hidden;
// The text plane data for the field. This is similar to the
// getData() method using the OHIO_PLANE_TEXT parameter, except
// the data is returned as a string instead of a character
// array. When setting the String property, if the string is
// shorter than the length of the field, the rest of the field
// is cleared. If the string is longer than the field, the
// text is truncated. A subsequent call to this property will
// not reflect the changed text. To see the changed text, do a
// refresh on the OhioFields collection and retrieve a new
// OhioField object.
Attribute string String;
```

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```
// Returns data from the different planes (text, color,
// extended) associated with the field. The data is returned
// as a character array.
// targetPlane An OHIO_PLANE value indicating from which
// plane to retrieve the data.
char[] getData(OHIO_PLANE targetPlane);
};
```

#### 2.3 OhioFields

OhioFields contains a collection of the fields in the virtual screen. It provides methods to iterate through the fields, find fields based on location, and find fields containing a given string. Each element of the collection is an instance of OhioField.

OhioFields can only be accessed through OhioScreen using the Fields property. OhioFields is a static view of the virtual screen and does not reflect changes made to the virtual screen after its construction. The field list can be updated with a new view of the virtual screen using the Refresh() method.

Note: All OhioField objects returned by methods in this class are invalidated when Refresh() is called.

```
Interface OhioFields {
   // Returns the number of OhioField objects contained in this
   // collection.
   Readonly Attribute int Count;
   // Returns the OhioField object at the given index. "One
   // based" indexing is used in all Ohio collections. For
   // example, the first OhioField in this collection is at
   // index 1.
   OhioField Item(int fieldIndex);
   // Updates the collection of OhioField objects. All OhioField
   // objects in the current virtual screen are added to the
   // collection. Indexing of OhioField objects will not be
   // preserved across refreshes.
   void Refresh();
   // Searches the collection for the target string and returns
   // the OhioField object containing that string. The string
   // must be totally contained within the field to be considered
```

// a match. If the target string is not found, a null will be

```
// returned.
// targetString The target string.
```

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```
//
            startPos
                          The row and column where to start. The
      //
                          position is inclusive (for example, row 1,
     //
                          col 1 means that position 1,1 will be used
     //
                          as the starting location and 1,1 will be
     //
                          included in the search).
      //
           length
                          The length from startPos to include in the
     //
                          search.
     //
                          An OHIO DIRECTION value.
            dir
     //
                          Indicates whether the search is case
            ignoreCase
     //
                          sensitive. True means that case will be
      //
                          ignored. False means the search will be
     //
                          case sensitive.
     OhioField FindByString(String targetString,
                             OhioPosition startPos,
                             int length,
                             OHIO_DIRECTION dir,
                             boolean ignoreCase);
     // Searches the collection for the target position and returns
     // the OhioField object containing that position. If not
     // found, returns a null.
            targetPosition The target row and column.
     OhioField FindByPosition(OhioPosition targetPosition);
  };
2.4 OhioManager
  The central repository for access to all OHIO sessions. The
  OhioManager contains a list of all OhioSession objects available
  on this system.
  Interface OhioManager {
```

// An OhioSessions object containing the OhioSession objects // available on this system. This list of objects is a static // snapshot at the time the OhioSessions object is created. // Use the OhioSessions.refresh method to obtain a new // snapshot. Readonly Attribute OhioSessions Sessions; // Returns an OhioSession object based on the search parameters // provided. // ConfigurationResource A vendor specific string used to // provide configuration information. // SessionName The unique name associated with an // OhioSession.

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```
// The parameters are used as follows:
      Is ConfigurationResource provided?
//
         Yes - Is SessionName provided?
//
//
            Yes - Is OhioSession object with matching
//
                  SessionName available on the system?
//
               Yes - Error, attempting to create an
//
                     OhioSession object with a non-unique
//
                     SessionName.
//
               No - Create an OhioSession object using
                    SessionName and ConfigurationResource.
//
//
            No - Start a new OhioSession using
                 ConfigurationResource and generating a new
//
//
                 SessionName.
//
         No - Is SessionName provided?
//
            Yes - Is OhioSession object with matching
//
                  SessionName available on the system?
//
               Yes - Return identified OhioSession object.
//
               No - Return null.
//
            No - Return null.
OhioSession OpenSession(String ConfigurationResource,
                        String SessionName);
// Closes an OhioSession object. The OhioSession is
// considered invalid and is removed from the list of
// OhioSession objects.
//
      SessionObject The OhioSession to close.
void CloseSession(OhioSession SessionObject);
// Closes an OhioSession object. The OhioSession is
// considered invalid and is removed from the list of
// OhioSession objects.
//
      SessionName The SessionName of the OhioSession to
//
                  close.
void CloseSession(String SessionName);
```

#### 2.5 OhioOIA

};

The operator information area of a host session. This area is used to provide status information regarding the state of the host session and location of the cursor.

An OhioOIA object can be obtained using the GetOIA() method on an instance of OhioScreen.

```
Interface OhioOIA {
```

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};

```
// Indicates whether the field which contains the cursor is an
   // alphanumeric field. True if the cursor is in an
   // alphanumeric field, false otherwise.
   Readonly Attribute boolean Alphanumeric;
   // The communication check code. If InputInhibited returns
   // OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_COMMCHECK, this property will return the
   // communication check code.
   Readonly Attribute int CommCheckCode;
   // Indicates whether or not input is inhibited. If input is
   // inhibited, SendKeys or SendAID calls to the OhioScreen are
   // not allowed. Why input is inhibited can be determined from
   // the value returned. If input is inhibited for more than one
   // reason, the highest value is returned.
   Readonly Attribute OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED InputInhibited;
   // The machine check code. If InputInhibited returns
   // OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_MACHINECHECK, this property will return
   // the machine check code.
   Readonly Attribute int MachineCheckCode;
   // Indicates whether the field which contains the cursor is a
   // numeric-only field. True if the cursor is in a numeric-only
   // field, false otherwise.
   Readonly Attribute boolean Numeric;
   // Indicates the owner of the host connection.
   Readonly Attribute OHIO_OWNER Owner;
   // The program check code. If InputInhibited returns
   // OHIO_INPUTINHIBITED_PROGCHECK, this property will return the
   // program check code.
   Readonly Attribute int ProgCheckCode;
2.6 OhioPosition
Holds row and column coordinates. An OhioPosition can be
constructed by using CreateOhioPosition() on any Ohio class.
Interface OhioPosition {
   // The row coordinate
   Attribute int Row;
   // The column coordinate.
```

Attribute int Column;

};

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#### 2.7 OhioScreen

OhioScreen encapsulates the host presentation space. The presentation space is a virtual screen which contains all the characters and attributes that would be seen on a traditional emulator screen. This virtual screen is the primary object for text-based interactions with the host. The OhioScreen provides methods that manipulate text, search the screen, send keystrokes to the host, and work with the cursor.

An OhioScreen object can be obtained from the Screen property of an instance of OhioSession.

The raw presentation space data is maintained in a series of planes which can be accessed by various methods within this class. The text plane contains the actual characters in the presentation space. Most of the methods in OhioScreen class work exclusively with the text plane.

The remaining planes contain the corresponding attributes for each character in the text plane. The color plane contains color characteristics. The field plane contains the field attributes. The extended plane contains the extended field attributes. The color, field, and extended planes are not interpreted by any of the methods in this class.

```
Interface OhioScreen {
```

```
// The location of the cursor in the presentation space. The
// row and column of the cursor is contained within the
// OhioPosition object.
Attribute OhioPosition Cursor;
// The OhioOIA object associated with this presentation space.
// This object can be used to query the status of the operator
// information area.
Readonly Attribute OhioOIA OIA;
// The OhioFields object associated with this presentation
// space. This provides another way to access the data in the
// virtual screen. The OhioFields object contains a snapshot
// of all the fields in the current virtual screen. Fields
// provide methods for interpreting the data in the non-text
// planes. Zero length fields (due to adjacent field
// attributes) are not returned in the OhioFields collection.
// For unformatted screens, the returned collection contains
// only one OhioField that contains the whole virtual screen.
Readonly Attribute OhioFields Fields;
```

// The number of rows in the presentation space.
Readonly Attribute int Rows;

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```
// The number of columns in the presentation space.
Readonly Attribute int Columns;
// The entire text plane of the virtual screen as a string.
// All null characters and Field Attribute characters are
// returned as blank space characters.
Readonly Attribute string String;
// Returns a character array containing the data from the Text,
// Color, Field or Extended plane of the virtual screen.
//
      start The row and column where to start. The position
//
             is inclusive (for example, row 1, col 1 means that
//
             position 1,1 will be used as the starting location
//
             and 1,1 will be included in the data). "start"
            must be positionally less than "end".
//
//
     end
            The row and column where to end. The position is
//
             inclusive (for example, row 1, col 1 means that
//
             position 1,1 will be used as the ending location
//
             and 1,1 will be included in the data). "end" must
//
             be positionally greater than "start".
//
      plane A valid OHIO_PLANE value.
char[] getData(OhioPosition start,
               OhioPosition end,
               OHIO PLANE plane);
// Searches the text plane for the target string. If found,
// returns an OhioPosition object containing the target
// location. If not found, returns a null. The targetString
// must be completely contained by the target area for the
// search to be successful. Null characters in the text plane
// are treated as blank spaces during search processing.
      targetString The target string.
//
//
      startPos The row and column where to start. The
//
                position is inclusive (for example, row 1,
//
                col 1 means that position 1,1 will be used as
//
                the starting location and 1,1 will be included
//
                in the search).
//
      length The length from startPos to include in the
//
              search.
//
      dir An OHIO_DIRECTION value.
      ignoreCase Indicates whether the search is case
//
//
                  sensitive. True means that case will be
//
                  ignored. False means the search will be case
//
                  sensitive.
OhioPosition FindString(string targetString,
                        OhioPosition start,
                        int length,
                        int OHIO_DIRECTION,
```

# boolean ignoreCase);

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```
// The sendKeys method sends a string of keys to the virtual
   // screen. This method acts as if keystrokes were being typed
   // from the keyboard.
   //
   // The keystrokes will be sent to the location given. If no
   // location is provided, the keystrokes will be sent to the
   // current cursor location.
         text The string of characters to be sent.
   void sendKeys(string text,
                 OhioPosition location);
   // The sendAid method sends an "aid" keystroke to the virtual
   // screen. These aid keys can be though of as special
   // keystrokes, like the Enter key, the Tab key, or the Page Up
   // key. All the valid special key values are contained in the
   // OHIO AID enumeration.
   //
         aidKey The aid key to send to the virtual screen.
   void sendAid(OHIO_AID aidKey);
   // The putString method sends a string to the virtual screen at
   // the specified location. The string will overlay only
   // unprotected fields, and any parts of the string which fall
   // over protected fields will be discarded.
   //
         text String to place in the virtual screen.
         location Position where the string should be written.
   void setString(string text,
                  OhioPosition location);
};
2.8 OhioSession
A host session.
Interface OhioSession {
   // The configurationResource for this OhioSession object.
   Readonly Attribute string ConfigurationResource;
   // Indicates whether this OhioSession object is connected to a
   // host. True means connected, false means not connected.
   Readonly Attribute boolean Connected;
   // The SessionName for this OhioSession object. The
   // SessionName is unique among all instances of OhioSession.
   Readonly Attribute string SessionName;
```

// The SessionType for this OhioSession object.
Readonly Attribute OHIO\_TYPE SessionType;

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```
// The OhioScreen object for this session.
   Readonly Attribute OhioScreen Screen;
   // Starts the communications link to the host.
   void Connect();
   // Stops the communications link to the host.
   void Disconnect();
};
2.9 OhioSessions
Contains a collection of OhioSession objects. This list is a
static snapshot of the list of OhioSession objects available at
the time of the snapshot.
Interface OhioSessions {
   // The number of OhioSession objects contained in this
   // collection.
   Readonly Attribute int Count;
   // The OhioSession object at the given index. "One based"
   // indexing is used in all Ohio collections. For example, the
   // first OhioSession in this collection is at index 1.
         index The index of the target OhioSession.
   //
   OhioSession Item(int index);
   // The OhioSession object with the given SessionName. Returns
   // null if no object with that name exists in this collection.
         SessionName The target name.
   OhioSession Item(string SessionName);
   // Updates the collection of OhioSession objects. All
   // OhioSession objects that are available on the system at the
   // time of the refresh will be added to the collection.
   // Indexing of OhioSession objects will not be preserved across
   // refreshes.
   void Refresh();
```

#### 3.0 Acknowledgments

};

This document was initiated in the TN3270E Working Group and was completed by a dedicated group of interested parties.

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The authors wish to thank the following individuals for their contributions to this document:

- Jeffrey Altman, Columbia University
- Eugene Aresteanu, Eicon Technology
- Blair Cooper, Attachmate Corporation
- Andrew Duckworth, Platypus Partners, Inc.
- Brian L. Henry, Attachmate Corporation
- Gary Horen, WRQ
- Pierre Goyette, Hummingbird Communications, Ltd.
- Greg Knowles, IBM Corporation
- Warren Mackensen, NetManage, Inc.
- Mark McMillan, IBM Corporation
- Hemant Nanivadekar, Attachmate Corporation
- J. Burke Ryder, Attachmate Corporation
- Brian Webb, IBM Corporation

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- International Business Machines Corporation, "Host On-Demand Version 2.0 Host Access Class Library for Java Reference", October 1997.
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#### 5.0 How to Contact the Authors

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Available using anonymous ftp from ftp.boulder.ibm.com. Once logged in, change to the software/standards/ohio/java directory to download the Java classes.

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# Appendix B - Ohio ActiveX IDL Mapping

Available using anonymous ftp from ftp.boulder.ibm.com. Once logged in, change to the software/standards/ohio/idl directory to download the idl file.

## Appendix C - 3270 Format Control Orders

This appendix specifies the representation of 3270 Format Control Orders within OHIO text strings.

The following special control codes are classified as 3270 format control orders. (This information is excerpted from the IBM 3270 Information Display System Data Stream Programmer's Reference, Document Number GA23-0059-07.) On a 3270 display device, these format control orders are stored in the device buffer and displayed as shown below. Their representation in OHIO text strings (OhioScreen and OhioField) is included in the ANSI and UNICODE columns. The ANSI values were taken from the IBM Character Data Representation Library Character Data Representation Architecture Reference and Registry, Document Number SC09-2190-00. The UNICODE values were taken from ADDITIONAL CONTROL PICTURES FOR UNICODE, <a href="mailto:ttp://kermit.columbia.edu/kermit/ucsterminal/control.txt">ttp://kermit.columbia.edu/kermit/ucsterminal/control.txt</a>. Some of these values are proposed extensions to the Unicode Control

Abbr Order EBCDIC ANSI Unicode Displayed As A blank, suppressed on NUL Null 00 2400 00 Read Modified SUB Substitute 3F 1A A solid circle 241A DUP Duplicate 1C 1C E07B An overscore asterisk Field Mark FΜ 1E 1E E07D An overscore semicolon FF Form Feed 0C 0C 240C A blank A blank CR Carriage Return 0D 0D 240D NL New Line 15 85 2424 A blank EM End of Medium 19 19 2419 A blank FF A blank E0 Eight Ones 9F E07F

#### Notes:

Pictures.

ANSI 85: Conflicts with "Next Line" C1 control character (ISO 6429).

ANSI 9F: Conflicts with "Application Program Command" C1 control character (ISO 6429).

NUL is read back (by the host) as a null (x'00') on a Read Buffer operation, but not read back on Read Modified operations.

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NL, EM, FF, and CR are printer control codes with no display function. However, the code must be supported to the extent of being accepted and, on reading back, must appear as NL, EM, FF, and CR respectively. All are displayed as a space.

FM and DUP are displayed as above. When read back, they appear as the FM and DUP codes.

FM and DUP can be entered from the keyboard. They are stored in the display buffer as controls; the current character set selection has no effect on them. They are transmitted to the application program as control codes.

The SUB local function, Error Override, entered from the keyboard, is required only as a part of Field Validation. Brawn & Gunn Informational [Page 18]