IPv6 Operations Working Group (v6ops)

Internet-Draft

Intended status: Informational
Expires: September 10, 2020

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March 9, 2020

# Improving the Reaction of Customer Edge Routers to Renumbering Events draft-ietf-v6ops-cpe-slaac-renum-01

#### Abstract

In scenarios where network configuration information related to IPv6 prefixes becomes invalid without any explicit signaling of that condition (such as when a Customer Edge Router crashes and reboots without knowledge of the previously-employed prefixes), hosts on the local network will continue using stale prefixes for an unacceptably long period of time, thus resulting in connectivity problems. This document specifies improvements to Customer Edge Routers that help mitigate the aforementioned problem for typical residential and small office scenarios.

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## Table of Contents

<u>1</u> .	Int	roduct	tion																			2
<u>2</u> .	Imp	roved	Cust	omer	- E	dge	Ro	ut	er	Ве	eha	ivs	Lor	-								2
<u>2.</u>	1.	Inte	rface	Bet	wee	en	DHC	Pv	6 - I	PD	ar	nd	SL	_AA	٩C							3
2.	2.	Signa	aling	Sta	ale	Со	nfi	gu	ra	tio	on	Ir	nfo	orn	nat	ii	n					3
<u>3</u> .	IAN	A Cons	sider	atio	ns																	4
<u>4</u> .	Sec	urity	Cons	ider	at:	ion	s.															4
<u>5</u> .	Ack	nowled	dgmen	ts .																		4
<u>6</u> .	Ref	erence	es .																			5
<u>6.</u>	<u>1</u> .	Norma	ative	Ref	ere	enc	es															5
<u>6.</u>	2.	Info	rmati	ve F	Refe	ere	nce	s														5
Auth	nors	' Addı	resse	s.																		6

### 1. Introduction

In scenarios where network configuration information related to IPv6 prefixes becomes invalid without any explicit signaling of that condition, nodes on the local network will continue using stale prefixes for an unacceptably long period of time, thus resulting in connectivity problems. This problem is documented in detail in [I-D.gont-v6ops-slaac-renum].

This document specifies improvements to Customer Edge (CE) Routers that help mitigate the aforementioned problem for residential or small office scenarios.

# 2. Improved Customer Edge Router Behavior

This section specifies and clarifies requirements for Customer Edge Routers -- particularly when they advertise with Stateless Address Autoconfiguration (SLAAC) [RFC4862] prefixes learned via DHCPv6-Prefix Delegation (DHCPv6-PD) [RFC8415] or prefixes derived from them -- that can help mitigate the problem discussed in Section 1. This would obviously make robustness dependent on the Customer Edge Router (on which the user or ISP may have no control), as opposed to the host itself.

The updated behaviour is as follows:

Gont, et al. Expires September 10, 2020 [Page 2]

- o CE routers MUST signal stale configuration information as specified in <u>Section 2.2</u>
- o CE routers MUST implement the DHCPv6-PD/SLAAC interface specified in Section 2.1
- o CE routers SHOULD NOT automatically send DHCPv6-PD RELEASE messages upon reboot events

# 2.1. Interface Between DHCPv6-PD and SLAAC

The "Preferred Lifetime" and "Valid Lifetime" of Prefix Information Options (PIOs) [RFC4861] corresponding to prefixes learned via DHCPv6-PD MUST NOT span past the lease time of the DHCPv6-PD prefixes. This means that the advertised "Preferred Lifetime" and "Valid Lifetime" MUST be dynamically adjusted such that the advertised lifetimes never span past the lease time of the prefixes delegated via DHCPv6-PD.

This is in line with these existing requirements from other specifications, which we reference here for clarity:

o [RFC8415] specifies, in Section 6.3, that "if the delegated prefix or a prefix derived from it is advertised for stateless address autoconfiguration [RFC4862], the advertised preferred and valid lifetimes MUST NOT exceed the corresponding remaining lifetimes of the delegated prefix."

### RATIONALE:

- \* The lifetime values employed for the "Preferred Lifetime" (AdvPreferredLifetime) and "Valid Lifetime" (AdvValidLifetime) should never be larger than the remaining lease time for the corresponding prefix (as learned via DHCPv6-PD).
- \* The lifetime values advertised for prefixes corresponding to a prefix leased via DHCPv6-PD should be dynamically updated (rather than static values), since otherwise the advertised lifetimes would eventually span past the DHCPv6-PD lease time.

# **2.2**. Signaling Stale Configuration Information

In order to phase-out stale configuration information:

o A CE router sending RAs that advertise dynamically-learned prefixes (e.g. via DHCPv6-PD) on an interface MUST record, on stable storage, the list of prefixes being advertised on each

network segment, and the "A" and "L" flags of the corresponding PIOs.

- O Upon changes to the advertised prefixes, and after bootstrapping, the CE router advertising prefix information via SLAAC should proceed as follows:
  - \* Any prefixes that were previously advertised via Router Advertisement (RA) messages, but that have now become stale, MUST be advertised with a "Valid Lifetime" and a "Preferred Lifetime" set to 0, and the "A" and "L" bits unchanged.
  - \* The aforementioned advertisement SHOULD be performed for at least the "Valid Lifetime" previously employed for such prefix.

The aforementioned improved behaviour assumes compliance with the following existing requirements from other specifications, which we reference here for clarity:

o [RFC7084] specifies (requirement LE-13, in Section 4.3) that when the delegated prefix changes (i.e., the current prefix is replaced with a new prefix without any overlapping time period), "the IPv6 CE router MUST immediately advertise the old prefix with a Preferred Lifetime of zero and a Valid Lifetime of either a) zero or b) the lower of the current Valid Lifetime and two hours (which must be decremented in real time) in a Router Advertisement message as described in Section 5.5.3, (e) of [RFC4862]"

## 3. IANA Considerations

This document has no actions for IANA.

# 4. Security Considerations

This document discusses a problem that may arise in scenarios where dynamic IPv6 prefixes are employed, and proposes improvements to Customer Edge Routers [RFC7084] to mitigate the problem for residential or small office scenarios. It does not introduce new security issues.

# **5**. Acknowledgments

The authors would lie to thank (in alphabetical order) Mikael Abrahamsson, Luis Balbinot, Tim Chown, Brian Carpenter, Owen DeLong, Gert Doering, Steinar Haug, Nick Hilliard, Philip Homburg, Lee Howard, Christian Huitema, Ted Lemon, Albert Manfredi, Jordi Palet Martinez, Richard Patterson, Michael Richardson, Mark Smith, Job Snijders, Tarko Tikan, and Ole Troan, for providing valuable comments

Gont, et al. Expires September 10, 2020 [Page 4]

on [<u>I-D.gont-6man-slaac-renum</u>], on which this document is based.earlier versions of this document.

Fernando would like to thank Alejandro D'Egidio and Sander Steffann for a discussion of these issues. Fernando would also like to thank Brian Carpenter who, over the years, has answered many questions and provided valuable comments that has benefited his protocol-related work.

### 6. References

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