

INTERNET-DRAFT
Intended Status: Standard
Expires: December 26, 2014

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June 24, 2014

**RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) Extended Report (XR) for Post-Repair
Loss Count Metrics
draft-ietf-xrblock-rtcp-xr-post-repair-loss-count-05**

Abstract

This document defines an RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) Extended Report (XR) Block that allows reporting of post-repair loss count metrics for a range of RTP applications.

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1 Introduction

RTCP SR/RR [[RFC3550](#)] contains some rough statistics about the data received from the particular source indicated in that block. One of them is the cumulative number of packet lost, which is called pre-repair loss metric in this document. This metric conveys information regarding the total number of RTP data packets that have been lost since the beginning of the RTP session. However, this metric is measured on media stream before any loss repair mechanism, e.g., retransmission [[RFC4588](#)] and Forward Error Correction (FEC) [[RFC5109](#)], is applied. Using a repair mechanism usually results in recovering some or all of the lost packets. Hence, the sending endpoint cannot assess the performance of the repair mechanism by observing the change in fraction loss and the cumulative loss statistics from RTCP SR/RR [[RFC3550](#)]. Consequently, [[RFC5725](#)] specifies a post-repair loss Run-length Encoding (RLE) XR report block to address this issue. The sending endpoint is able to infer which packets were repaired from the RLE report block, but at the cost of higher overhead. When applications use multiple XR blocks, the endpoints may require more concise reporting to save bandwidth.

This document defines a new XR block type to augment those defined in [[RFC3611](#)] and complement the report block defined in [[RFC5725](#)] for use in a range of RTP application. This new block type reports the number of primary source RTP packets that are still lost after applying one or more loss repair mechanisms. The metrics defined in this document are packet level rather than slice/picture level, which means the partial recovery of a packet will not be regarded as a repaired packet. In addition, another metric, repaired loss count, is also introduced in this report block for calculating the pre-repair loss count during the this range, so that the RTP sender or a third-party entity is able to evaluate the effectiveness of the repair methods used by the system.

The metrics defined in this document belongs to the class of transport-related metrics defined in [[RFC6792](#)]. And it is in accordance with the guidelines in [[RFC6390](#)] and [[RFC6792](#)]. These metrics are applicable to any RTP application, especially those that use loss repair mechanisms.

2 Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[KEYWORDS](#)].

primary source RTP packet: The original RTP packet sent from the RTP sender for the first time. A lost primary source RTP packet may be

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3 Post-Repair Loss Count Metrics Report Block

The post-repair loss count metrics report block has the following format:

[illegible]

Figure 1: Format for the Post-Repair Loss Count Metrics Report Block

Block Type (BT): 8 bits

A Post-Repair Loss Count Metrics Report Block is identified by the constant PRLR.

[Note to RFC Editor: Please replace PRLR with the IANA provided RTCP XR block type for this block.]

Reserved: 8 bits

These bits are reserved for future use. They MUST be set to zero by senders and ignored by receivers (see [\[RFC6709\]](#), [Section 4.2](#)).

block length: 16 bits

This field is in accordance with the definition in [\[RFC3611\]](#). In this report block, it MUST be set to 4. The block MUST be discarded if the block length is set to a different value.

SSRC of source: 32 bits

As defined in [Section 4.1 of \[RFC3611\]](#).

begin_seq: 16 bits

The first sequence number that this block reports on.

end_seq: 16 bits

The last sequence number that this block reports on plus one.

unrepaired loss count: 16 bits

Total number of packets finally lost after one or more loss-repair methods, e.g., FEC and/or retransmission, during this interval. This metric MUST NOT count the lost packets for which repair might still be possible. Note that this metric must be measured in the primary source RTP packets.

repaired loss count: 16 bits

Total number of packets fully repaired after one or more loss-repair methods, e.g., FEC and/or retransmission, during this interval. Note that this metric must be measured in the primary source RTP packets.

4 SDP Signaling

[RFC3611] defines the use of SDP (Session Description Protocol) for signaling the use of RTCP XR blocks. However XR blocks MAY be used without prior signaling (see [section 5 of \[RFC3611\]](#)).

4.1 SDP rtcp-xr-attrib Attribute Extension

This session augments the SDP attribute "rtcp-xr" defined in [Section 5.1 of \[RFC3611\]](#) by providing an additional value of "xr-format" to signal the use of the report block defined in this document.

xr-format =/ xr-prlr-block

xr-prlr-block = "post-repair-loss-count"

4.2 Offer/Answer Usage

When SDP is used in offer-answer context, the SDP Offer/Answer usage defined in [\[RFC3611\]](#) for unilateral "rtcp-xr" attribute parameters applies. For detailed usage of Offer/Answer for unilateral parameter, refer to [section 5.2 of \[RFC3611\]](#).

5 Security Considerations

It is believed that this RTCP XR block introduces no new security considerations beyond those described in [\[RFC3611\]](#). This block does not provide per-packet statistics, so the risk to confidentially documented in [Section 7](#), paragraph 3 of [\[RFC3611\]](#) does not apply.

An attacker may put incorrect information in the Post-Repair Loss Count reports, which will be affect the performance of loss repair mechanisms. Implementers should consider the guidance in [\[RFC7202\]](#) for using appropriate security mechanisms, i.e., where security is a concern, the implementation should apply encryption and authentication to the report block. For example, this can be achieved by using the AVPF profile together with the Secure RTP profile as defined in [\[RFC3711\]](#); an appropriate combination of the two profiles (an "SAVPF") is specified in [\[RFC5124\]](#). However, other mechanisms also exist (documented in [\[RFC7201\]](#)) and might be more suitable.

6 IANA Considerations

New block types for RTCP XR are subject to IANA registration. For general guidelines on IANA considerations for RTCP XR, refer to [\[RFC3611\]](#).

6.1 New RTCP XR Block Type value

This document assigns the block type value PRLR in the IANA "RTP Control Protocol Extended Reports (RTCP XR) Block Type Registry" to the "Post-Repair Loss Count Metrics Report Block".

[Note to RFC Editor: please replace PRLR with the IANA provided RTCP XR block type for this block.]

6.2 New RTCP XR SDP Parameter

This document also registers a new parameter "post-repair-loss-count" in the "RTP Control Protocol Extended Reports (RTCP XR) Session Description Protocol (SDP) Parameters Registry".

6.3 Contact Information for registrations

The following contact information is provided for all registrations in this document:

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7 Acknowledgments

The author would like to thank Roni Even and Colin Perkins for giving valuable comments and suggestions.

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8.1 Normative References

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[Appendix A](#). Metrics Represented Using the Template from [RFC 6390](#)

a. Unrepaired RTP Packet Loss Count Metric

- * Metric Name: Unrepaired RTP Packet Loss Count Metric
- * Metric Description: Total number of RTP packets still lost after loss repair methods are applied
- * Method of Measurement or Calculation: It must be measured for the primary source RTP packets with no further chance of repair
- * Units of Measurement: See [section 3](#), unrepaired loss count definition
- * Measurement Point(s) with Potential Measurement Domain: See [section 3](#), 1st paragraph

- * Measurement Timing: See [Section 3](#), 1st paragraph, for measurement timing

- * Use and Applications: See [Section 1](#)

- * Reporting Model: See [RFC3611](#)

b. Repaired RTP Packet Loss Count Metric

- * Metric Name: Repaired RTP Packet Count Metric

- * Metric Description: The number of RTP packets lost but repaired after applying loss repair methods

- * Method of Measurement or Calculation: It must be measured for the primary source RTP packets with no further chance of repair

- * Units of Measurement: See [section 3](#), repaired loss count definition

- * Measurement Point(s) with Potential Measurement Domain: See [section 3](#), 1st paragraph

- * Measurement Timing: See [Section 3](#), 1st paragraph, for measurement timing

- * Use and Applications: See [Section 1](#)

- * Reporting Model: See [RFC3611](#)

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