

Internet Working Group

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Expires: September 2015

March 14, 2016

YANG Data Model for IEEE 1588v2  
draft-jlx-tictoc-1588v2-yang-04.txt

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1588v2 YANG Model

March 2016

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## Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for the configuration of IEEE 1588-2008 devices and clocks, and also retrieval of the configuration information, data set and running states of IEEE 1588-2008 clocks.

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## [1.](#) Introduction

As a synchronization protocol, IEEE 1588-2008 (also known as IEEE 1588v2) [[IEEE1588](#)] is widely supported in the carrier networks, industrial networks, automotive networks, and many other applications. It can provide high precision time synchronization as high as nano-seconds. The protocol depends on a Precision Time Protocol (PTP) engine to automatically decide its state, and a PTP transportation layer to carry the PTP timing and various quality messages. The configuration parameters and state data sets of IEEE 1588-2008 are numerous.

According to the concepts described in [[RFC3444](#)], IEEE 1588-2008 itself provides an information model in its normative specifications for the data sets (in IEEE 1588-2008 clause 8). Some

standardization organizations including the IETF have specified data models in MIBs (Management Information Bases) for IEEE 1588-2008 data sets (e.g. [[PTP-MIB](#)], [[IEEE8021AS](#)]). Since these MIBs are typically focused on retrieval of state data using the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), configuration is not considered.

Some service providers and applications require that the management of the IEEE 1588-2008 synchronization network be flexible and more Internet-based (typically overlaid on their transport networks). Software Defined Network (SDN) is another driving factor which demands an improved configuration capability of synchronization networks.

YANG [[RFC6020](#)] is a data modeling language used to model configuration and state data manipulated by network management protocols like the Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF) [[RFC6241](#)]. A small set of built-in data types are defined in [[RFC6020](#)], and a collection of common data types are further defined in [[RFC6991](#)]. Advantages of YANG include Internet based configuration capability, validation, roll-back and so on. All of these characteristics make it attractive to become another candidate modeling language for IEEE 1588-2008.

This document defines a YANG [[RFC6020](#)] data model for the configuration of IEEE 1588-2008 devices and clocks, and also retrieval of the state data of IEEE 1588-2008 clocks. It defines PTP system information, PTP data sets and running states following the structure and definitions in IEEE 1588-2008, and compatible with [[PTP-MIB](#)]. The router specific 1588-2008 information is out of scope of this document.

When used in practice, network products in support of synchronization typically conform to one or more IEEE 1588-2008 profiles. Each profile specifies how IEEE 1588-2008 is used in a given industry (e.g. telecom, automotive) and application. A profile can require features that are optional in IEEE 1588-2008, and it can specify new features that use IEEE 1588-2008 as a foundation.

It is expected that the IEEE 1588-2008 YANG module will be used as follows:

o The IEEE 1588-2008 YANG module can be used as-is for products that conform to one of the default profiles specified in IEEE 1588-2008.

o When the IEEE 1588 standard is revised (e.g. the IEEE 1588 revision in progress scheduled to be published in 2017), it will add some new optional features to its data sets. The YANG module of this document can be revised and extended to add the new features (e.g. of IEEE 1588-2017). The YANG "revision" can be used to indicate changes to the YANG module.

o A profile standard based on IEEE 1588-2008 may create a dedicated YANG module for its profile. The profile's YANG module may use YANG "import" to import the IEEE 1588-2008 YANG module as its foundation. Then the profile's YANG module can use YANG "augment" to add any profile-specific enhancements.

o A product that conforms to a profile standard can also create its own YANG module. The product's YANG module can "import" the profile's module, and then use YANG "augment" to add any product-specific enhancements.

## 2. Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

## 3. Terminology

Terminologies used in this document are extracted from [[IEEE1588](#)] and [[PTP-MIB](#)].

BC      Boundary Clock

DS      Data Set

E2E      End-to-End

EUI      Extended Unique Identifier.

GPS      Global Positioning System

IANA	Internet Assigned Numbers Authority
IP	Internet Protocol
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NTP	Network Time Protocol
OC	Ordinary Clock
P2P	Peer-to-Peer
PTP	Precision Time Protocol
TAI	International Atomic Time

TC	Transparent Clock
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time

#### [4.](#) IEEE 1588-2008 YANG Model hierarchy

This section describes the hierarchy of IEEE 1588-2008 YANG module. Query and retrieval of device wide or port specific configuration information and clock data set is described for this version.

Query and retrieval of clock information include:

- Clock data set attributes in a clock node, including: current-ds, parent-ds, default-ds, time-properties-ds, and transparentClock-default-ds.
- Port specific data set attributes, including: port-ds and transparentClock-port-ds.

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is typically used by YANG modules as described in [[REST-CONF](#)]. This document uses the same representation and the meaning of the symbols in these diagrams is as follows:

- o Brackets "[" and "]" enclose list keys.
- o Abbreviations before data node names: "rw" means configuration data (read-write) and "ro" state data (read-only).
- o Symbols after data node names: "?" means an optional node, "!" means a presence container, and "\*" denotes a list and leaf-list.
- o Parentheses enclose choice and case nodes, and case nodes are also marked with a colon (":").
- o Ellipsis ("...") stands for contents of subtrees that are not shown.

```

module: ietf-ptp-dataset
  +--rw ptp-datasets* [domain-number]
    +--rw domain-number                uint8
    +--rw default-ds
      | +--rw two-step-flag?          boolean
      | +--rw clock-identity?        binary
      | +--rw number-ports?          uint16

```

```

  | +--rw clock-quality
  | | +--rw clock-class?                uint8
  | | +--rw clock-accuracy?            uint8
  | | +--rw offset-scaled-log-variance? uint16
  | +--rw priority1?                    uint8
  | +--rw priority2?                    uint8
  | +--rw slave-only?                    boolean
+--rw current-ds
  | +--rw steps-removed?                uint16
  | +--rw offset-from-master?          binary
  | +--rw mean-path-delay?             binary
+--rw parent-ds
  | +--rw parent-port-identity
  | | +--rw clock-identity?            binary
  | | +--rw port-number?              uint16
  | +--rw parent-stats?                boolean
  | +--rw observed-parent-offset-scaled-log-variance? uint16
  | +--rw observed-parent-clock-phase-change-rate?   int32
  | +--rw grandmaster-identity?        binary
  | +--rw grandmaster-clock-quality
  | | +--rw grandmaster-clock-class?   uint8

```

```

| | +---rw grandmaster-clock-accuracy?          uint8
| | +---rw grandmaster-offset-scaled-log-variance?  uint16
| +---rw grandmaster-priority1?                  uint8
| +---rw grandmaster-priority2?                  uint8
+---rw time-properties-ds
| +---rw current-utc-offset-valid?      boolean
| +---rw current-utc-offset?            uint16
| +---rw leap59?                         boolean
| +---rw leap61?                         boolean
| +---rw time-traceable?                 boolean
| +---rw frequency-traceable?           boolean
| +---rw ptp-timescale?                  boolean
| +---rw time-source?                    uint8
+---rw port-ds-list* [port-number]
| +---rw port-number          -> ../port-identity/port-number
| +---rw port-identity
| | +---rw clock-identity?    binary
| | +---rw port-number?      uint16
| +---rw port-state?         uint8
| +---rw log-min-delay-req-interval?  int8
| +---rw peer-mean-path-delay?        int64
| +---rw log-announce-interval?       int8
| +---rw announce-receipt-timeout?    uint8
| +---rw log-sync-interval?           int8
| +---rw delay-mechanism?             enumeration
| +---rw log-min-pdelay-req-interval?  int8

```

```

| +---rw version-number?          uint8
+---rw transparent-clock-default-ds
| +---rw clock-identity?    binary
| +---rw number-ports?      uint16
| +---rw delay-mechanism?   enumeration
| +---rw primary-domain?    uint8
+---rw transparent-clock-port-ds-list* [port-number]
  +---rw port-number          -> ../port-identity/port-number
  +---rw port-identity
  | +---rw clock-identity?    binary
  | +---rw port-number?      uint16
  +---rw log-min-pdelay-req-interval?  int8
  +---rw faulty-flag?        boolean
  +---rw peer-mean-path-delay?        int64

```

## 5. IEEE 1588-2008 YANG Module

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-ptp-dataset@2015-11-10.yang"
```

```
module ietf-ptp-dataset{
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ptp-dataset";
  prefix "ptp-dataset";
  organization "IETF TICTOC WG";
  contact
    "WG Web: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/tictoc/
    WG List: <mailto:tictoc@ietf.org>
    WG Chair: Karen O'Donoghue
```



```

        <mailto:odonoghue@isoc.org>
WG Chair: Yaakov Stein
        <mailto: Yaakov_s@rad.com>
Editor: Yuanlong Jiang
        <mailto:jiangyuanlong@huawei.com>
Editor: Rodney Cummings
        <mailto:rodney.cummings@ni.com>";
description
  "This YANG module defines a data model for the configuration
  of IEEE 1588-2008 clocks, and also retrieval of the state
  data of IEEE 1588-2008 clocks.";
revision "2015-11-10" {
  description "Latest revision.";
  reference "draft-jxl-tictoc-1588v2-yang";
}

grouping default-ds-entry {
  description
    "Collection of members of the default data set.";

  leaf two-step-flag {
    type boolean;
    description
      "The flag indicates whether the Two Step process is
      used.";
  }
  leaf clock-identity {
    type binary {
      length "8";
    }
    description
      "The clockIdentity of the local clock";
  }

  leaf number-ports {

```

```

    type uint16;
    description
      "The number of PTP ports on the device.";
  }

  container clock-quality {
    description

```

```

    "The clockQuality of the local clock. It contains
    clockClass, clockAccuracy and offsetScaledLogVariance.";

leaf clock-class {
    type uint8;
    default 248;
    description
        "The clockClass denotes the traceability of the time
        or frequency distributed by the grandmaster clock.";
}
leaf clock-accuracy {
    type uint8;
    description
        "The clockAccuracy indicates the expected accuracy
        of a clock when it is the grandmaster.";
}
leaf offset-scaled-log-variance {
    type uint16;
    description
        "An estimate of the variations of the local clock
        from a linear timescale when it is not synchronized
        to another clock using the protocol.";
}
}

leaf priority1 {
    type uint8;
    description
        "The priority1 attribute of the local clock.";
}
leaf priority2{
    type uint8;
    description
        "The priority2 attribute of the local clock. ";
}

leaf slave-only {
    type boolean;
    description

```

```

    "Indicates whether the clock is a slave-only clock.";

```

```

    }
}

grouping current-ds-entry {
    description
        "Collection of members of current data set.";

    leaf steps-removed {
        type uint16;
        default 0;
        description
            "The number of communication paths traversed
            between the local clock and the grandmaster clock.";
    }

    leaf offset-from-master {
        type binary {
            length "1..255";
        }
        description
            "An implementation-specific representation of the
            current value of the time difference between a master
            and a slave clock as computed by the slave.";
    }

    leaf mean-path-delay {
        type binary {
            length "1..255";
        }
        description
            "An implementation-specific representation of the
            current value of the mean propagation time between a
            master and slave clock as computed by the slave.";
    }
}

grouping parent-ds-entry {
    description
        "Collection of members of the parent data set.";

    container parent-port-identity {
        description
            "The portIdentity of the port on the master.
            It contains two members: clockIdentity and portNumer.";
    }
}

```

```
    leaf clock-identity {
      type binary {
        length "8";
      }
      description
        "The clockIdentity of the master clock.";
    }

    leaf port-number {
      type uint16;
      description
        "The portNumber for the port on the specific
        master.";
    }
  }
  leaf parent-stats {
    type boolean;
    default false;
    description
      "Indicates whether the values of
      observedParentOffsetScaledLogVariance and
      observedParentClockPhaseChangeRate of parentDS
      have been measured and are valid.";
  }
  leaf observed-parent-offset-scaled-log-variance {
    type uint16;
    default 0xFFFF;
    description
      "An estimate of the parent clock's PTP variance
      as observed by the slave clock.";
  }
  leaf observed-parent-clock-phase-change-rate {
    type int32;
    description
      "An estimate of the parent clock's phase change rate
      as observed by the slave clock.";
  }
  leaf grandmaster-identity {
    type binary{
      length "8";
    }
    description
      "The clockIdentity attribute of the grandmaster clock.";
  }
}
container grandmaster-clock-quality {
  description
```

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```
    "The clockQuality of the grandmaster clock. It contains
    clockClass, clockAccuracy and offsetScaledLogVariance.";

    leaf grandmaster-clock-class {
        type uint8;
        default 248;
        description
            "The clockClass attribute of the grandmaster clock.";
    }
    leaf grandmaster-clock-accuracy {
        type uint8;
        description
            "The clockAccuracy attribute of the grandmaster
            clock.";
    }
    leaf grandmaster-offset-scaled-log-variance {
        type uint16;
        description
            "The offsetScaledLogVariance of the grandmaster
            clock.";
    }
}
leaf grandmaster-priority1 {
    type uint8;
    description
        "The priority1 attribute of the grandmaster clock.";
}
leaf grandmaster-priority2 {
    type uint8;
    description
        "The priority2 attribute of the grandmaster clock.";
}
}

grouping time-properties-ds-entry {
    description
        "Collection of members of the timeProperties data set.";
```

```
leaf current-utc-offset-valid {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether current UTC offset is valid.";
}
```

```
leaf current-utc-offset {
  type uint16;
  description
    "The offset between TAI and UTC when the epoch of the
    PTP system is the PTP epoch, otherwise the value has
    no meaning.";
}
leaf leap59 {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the last minute of the current UTC
    day contains 59 seconds.";
}
leaf leap61 {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the last minute of the current UTC
    day contains 61 seconds.";
}
leaf time-traceable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the timescale and the
    currentUtcOffset are traceable to a primary
    reference.";
}
leaf frequency-traceable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the frequency determining the
    timescale is traceable to a primary reference.";
}
leaf PTP-timescale {
  type boolean;
  description
    "Indicates whether the clock timescale
    of the grandmaster clock is PTP.";
```

```
}
leaf time-source {
  type uint8;
  description
    "The source of time used by the grandmaster clock.";
}
}

grouping port-ds-entry {
```

```
description
  "Collection of members of the port data set.";

container port-identity {
  description
    "The PortIdentity attribute of the local port.
    It contains two members: clockIdentity and
    portNumber.";

  leaf clock-identity {
    type binary {
      length "8";
    }
    description
      "The clockIdentity of the local clock.";
  }

  leaf port-number {
    type uint16;
    description
      "The portNumber for a port on the local clock.";
  }
}

leaf port-state {
  type uint8;
  default 1;
  description
    "Current state associated with the port.";
}
```

```
leaf log-min-delay-req-interval {
  type int8;
  description
    "The logarithm to the base 2 of the minDelayReqInterval
    (the minimum permitted mean time interval between
    successive Delay_Req messages).";
}
```

```
leaf peer-mean-path-delay {
  type int64;
  default 0;
  description
    "An estimate of the current one-way propagation delay
    on the link when the delayMechanism is P2P, otherwise
    it is zero.";
```

```
}
```

```
leaf log-announce-interval {
  type int8;
  description
    "The logarithm to the base 2 of the of the mean
    announceInterval (mean time interval between
    successive Announce messages).";
}
```

```
leaf announce-receipt-timeout {
  type uint8;
  description
    "The number of announceInterval that have to pass
    without receipt of an announce message before the
    occurrence of the event ANNOUNCE_RECEIPT_TIMEOUT_
    EXPIRES.";
```

```
leaf log-sync-interval {
  type int8;
  description
    "The logarithm to the base 2 of the mean SyncInterval
    for multicast messages. The rates for unicast
    transmissions are negotiated separately on a per port
    basis.";
```



```

leaf delay-mechanism {
  type enumeration {
    enum E2E {
      value 01;
      description
        "The port uses the delay request-response
        mechanism.";
    }
    enum P2P {
      value 02;
      description
        "The port uses the peer delay mechanism.";
    }
    enum DISABLED {
      value 254;
      description
        "The port does not implement the delay
        mechanism.";
    }
  }
}

```

```

}
description
  "The propagation delay measuring option used by the
  port in computing meanPathDelay.";
}

leaf log-min-Pdelay-req-interval {
  type int8;
  description
    "The logarithm to the base 2 of the
    minPdelayReqInterval (minimum permitted mean time
    interval between successive Pdelay_Req messages).";
}

leaf version-number {
  type uint8;
  description
    "The PTP version in use on the port.";
}
}
}

```

```

grouping transparent-clock-default-ds-entry {
  description
    "Collection of members of the transparentClockDefault data
      set (default data set for a transparent clock).";

  leaf clock-identity {
    type binary {
      length "8";
    }
    description
      "The clockIdentity of the transparent clock.";
  }
  leaf number-ports {
    type uint16;
    description
      "The number of PTP ports on the device.";
  }
  leaf delay-mechanism {
    type enumeration {
      enum E2E {
        value 1;
        description
          "The port uses the delay request-response
            mechanism.";
      }
    }
  }
}

```

```

    enum P2P {
      value 2;
      description
        "The port uses the peer delay mechanism.";
    }
    enum DISABLED {
      value 254;
      description
        "The port does not implement the delay
          mechanism.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The propagation delay measuring option
      used by the transparent clock.";
}
leaf primary-domain {

```

```

    type uint8;
    default 0;
    description
        "The domainNumber of the primary syntonization domain.";
}
}

grouping transparent-clock-port-ds-entry {
    description
        "Collection of members of the transparentClockPort data
        set (port data set for a transparent clock).";

    container port-identity {
        description
            "This object specifies the portIdentity of the local
            port.";

        leaf clock-identity {
            type binary {
                length "8";
            }
            description
                "The clockIdentity of the transparent clock.";
        }

        leaf port-number {
            type uint16;
            description
                "The portNumber for a port on the transparent

```

```

        clock.";
    }
}
leaf log-min-pdelay-req-interval {
    type int8;
    description
        "The logarithm to the base 2 of the
        minPdelayReqInterval (minimum permitted mean time
        interval between successive Pdelay_Req messages).";
}
leaf faulty-flag {
    type boolean;

```

```

    default false;
    description
      "Indicates whether the port is faulty.";
  }
  leaf peer-mean-path-delay {
    type int64;
    default 0;
    description
      "An estimate of the current one-way propagation delay
      on the link when the delayMechanism is P2P, otherwise
      it is zero.";
  }
}

list ptp-datasets {

  key "domain-number";
  min-elements "1";

  description
    "List of one or more PTP datasets in the device,
    one for each domain-number (see IEEE 1588-2008 subclause
    6.3)";

  leaf domain-number {
    type uint8;
    description
      "The domainNumber of the current syntonization domain.";
  }

  container default-ds {
    description
      "The default data set of the clock.";
    uses default-ds-entry;
  }
}

```

```

  container current-ds {
    description
      "The current data set of the clock.";
    uses current-ds-entry;
  }
}

```

```

container parent-ds {
  description
    "The parent data set of the clock.";
  uses parent-ds-entry;
}

container time-properties-ds {
  description
    "The timeProperties data set of the clock.";
  uses time-properties-ds-entry;
}

list port-ds-list {
  key "port-number";
  description
    "List of port data sets of the clock.";
  leaf port-number{
    type leafref{
      path "../port-identity/port-number";
    }
    description
      "Refers to the portNumber member of
      portDS.portIdentity.";
  }
  uses port-ds-entry;
}

container transparent-clock-default-ds {
  description
    "The members of the transparentClockDefault Data Set";
  uses transparent-clock-default-ds-entry;
}

list transparent-clock-port-ds-list {
  key "port-number";
  description
    "List of transparentClockPort data sets
    of the transparent clock.";
  leaf port-number{
    type leafref{

```

```

      path "../port-identity/port-number";
    }

```

```
        description
            "Refers to the portNumber member
            of transparentClockPortDS.portIdentity.";
    }
    uses transparent-clock-port-ds-entry;
}
}
}
<CODE ENDS>
```

## [6.](#) Security Considerations

YANG modules are designed to be accessed via the NETCONF protocol [[RFC6241](#)], thus security considerations in [[RFC6241](#)] apply here. Security measures such as using the NETCONF over SSH [[RFC6242](#)] and restricting its use with access control [[RFC6536](#)] can further improve its security, avoid injection attacks and misuse of the protocol.

Some data nodes defined in this YANG module are writable, and any changes to them may adversely impact a synchronization network.

## [7.](#) IANA Considerations

This document registers a URI in the IETF XML registry, and the following registration is requested to be made:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ptp-dataset

This document registers a YANG module in the YANG Module Names:  
name: ietf-ptp-dataset namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-ptp-dataset

## [8.](#) References

### [8.1.](#) Normative References

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), March 1997

[RFC6020] Bjorklund, M., "YANG - A Data Modeling Language for the Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF) ", [RFC 6020](#), October 2010

[RFC6991] Schoenwaelder, J., "Common YANG Data Types", [RFC 6991](#), July 2013

[IEEE1588] IEEE, "IEEE Standard for a Precision Clock Synchronization Protocol for Networked Measurement and Control Systems", IEEE Std 1588-2008, July 2008

## [8.2](#). Informative References

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## [9](#). Acknowledgments

The authors would like to thank reviews and suggestions from Mahesh Jethanandani and Tal Mizrahi.

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Internet-Draft

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March 2016

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