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# Addition of Camellia Elliptic Curve Cipher Suites with SHA-1 and SHA-2 draft-kanno-tls-camellia-ecc-sha-01

## Abstract

This document specifies a set of elliptic curve cipher suites for the Transport Security Layer (TLS) protocol to support the Camellia encryption algorithm as a block cipher. This document describes sixteen new cipher suites for TLS that specify HMAC-SHA1 and HMAC-SHA2.

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## 1. Introduction

This document specifies a set of elliptic curve cipher suites for the Transport Security Layer (TLS) protocol to support the Camellia encryption algorithm as a block cipher. This document describes sixteen new cipher suites for TLS that specify HMAC-SHA1 and HMAC-SHA2. The Camellia algorithm and its properties are described in [RFC3713] (Matsui, M., Nakajima, J., and S. Moriai, "A Description of the Camellia Encryption Algorithm," April 2004.).

## **1.1.** Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in <u>[RFC2119] (Bradner, S.,</u> <u>"Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels,"</u> <u>March 1997.</u>].

## 2. Cipher Suites

This document defines sixteen new cipher suites to be added to TLS. All use Elliptic Curve Cryptography for key exchange and digital signature, as defined in [RFC4492] (Blake-Wilson, S., Bolyard, N., Gupta, V., Hawk, C., and B. Moeller, "Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)," May 2006.). The sixteen cipher suites use Camellia [RFC3713] (Matsui, M., Nakajima, J., and S. Moriai, "A Description of the Camellia Encryption Algorithm," April 2004.) in Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode with HMACbased MAC.

The cipher suites defined here have the following identifiers:

CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	<b>i</b>	= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	ŀ	= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	<pre>TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256</pre>		= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	<pre>TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384</pre>		= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256		= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384		= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256		= {TBD, TBD};
CipherSuite	TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384		= {TBD, TBD};

# 3. IANA Considerations

IANA is requested to allocate the following numbers in the TLS Cipher Suite Registry:

TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA	=	{TBD,TBD}
TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256	6	= {TBD, TBD};
TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	1	= {TBD, TBD};
<pre>TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256</pre>		= {TBD, TBD};
<pre>TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384</pre>		= {TBD, TBD};
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256		= {TBD, TBD};
TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384		= {TBD, TBD};
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256		= {TBD, TBD};
TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384		= {TBD, TBD};
	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384 TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384	TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA=TLS_ECDHE_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDH_ECDSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_128_CBC_SHA256TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDHE_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384TLS_ECDH_RSA_WITH_CAMELLIA_256_CBC_SHA384

## 4. Security Considerations

At the time of writing of this document there are no known weak keys for Camellia and no security problems have been found with Camellia (see [NESSIE] (, "The NESSIE project (New European Schemes for Signatures, Integrity and Encryption)," .), [CRYPTREC] (Informationtechnology Promotion Agency (IPA), "Cryptography Research and Evaluation Committees," .), and [Research] (Mala, H., Shakiba, M., and M. Dakhil-alian, "New Results on Impossible Differential Cryptanalysis of Reduced Round Camellia-128," November 2009.)). The security considerations in RFC 5289 [RFC5289] (Rescorla, E., "TLS Elliptic Curve Cipher Suites with SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode (GCM)," August 2008.) apply to this document as well.

## 5. References

## 5.1. Normative References

[RFC2119]	Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels," BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997 ( <u>TXT</u> , HTML, XML).
[RFC3713]	Matsui, M., Nakajima, J., and S. Moriai, " <u>A Description</u> of the Camellia Encryption Algorithm," RFC 3713, April 2004 ( <u>TXT</u> ).
[RFC4492]	Blake-Wilson, S., Bolyard, N., Gupta, V., Hawk, C., and B. Moeller, " <u>Elliptic Curve Cryptography (ECC) Cipher</u> <u>Suites for Transport Layer Security (TLS)</u> ," RFC 4492, May 2006 ( <u>TXT</u> ).
[RFC5289]	Rescorla, E., " <u>TLS Elliptic Curve Cipher Suites with</u> <u>SHA-256/384 and AES Galois Counter Mode (GCM)</u> ," RFC 5289, August 2008 ( <u>TXT</u> ).

## 5.2. Informative

[CRYPTREC]	EC] Information-technology Promotion Agency (IPA),	
	"Cryptography Research and Evaluation	
	<u>Committees</u> " ( <u>HTML</u> ).	
[NESSIE]	"The NESSIE project (New European Schemes for	
	Signatures, Integrity and Encryption)."	
[Research]	Mala, H., Shakiba, M., and M. Dakhil-alian, " <u>New Results</u>	
	on Impossible Differential Cryptanalysis of Reduced	
	Round Camellia-128," November 2009.	

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