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BGP SPF Extensions for Intra-domain SAVNET
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Abstract

This document describes the BGP SPF protocol extension that is required for Source Address Validation in Intra-domain. By extending BGP SPF and adding the BGP SPF protocol calculation procedure, the SAV information can be accurately calculated to realize the source address verification.

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[1.](#) Introduction

[I-D.li-savnet-intra-domain-method] describes a method based on the existing IGP routing protocol for the requirement of SAV in the domain. By extending the message of the routing protocol, adding the relevant protocol calculation procedure, each node has the ability to independently calculate the valid incoming interface of a specific prefix in domain, so as to verify the source address of the traffic.

[I-D.ietf-lsvr-bgp-spf] describes BGP SPF based on BGP extension. It uses BGP Link-State distribution and the Shortest Path First (SPF) algorithm used by Internal Gateway Protocols (IGPs) such as OSPF. BGP SPF can be effectively used as both the underlay protocol and the overlay protocol in MSDC.

This document describes the BGP SPF protocol extension that is required for Source Address Validation in Intra-domain. By extending BGP SPF and adding the BGP SPF calculation procedure, the SAV

information can be accurately calculated to realize the source address verification.

1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [BCP 14](#) [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

2. Terminology

This document does not introduce more terminologies than [I-D.li-savnet-intra-domain-problem-statement] and [I-D.lin-savnet-lsr-intra-domain-method].

3. Calculate SAV Rules based on BGP SPF

The prefix that needs to participate in SAV rule calculation can be specified through configuration. Using the mechanism introduced in [[I-D.lin-savnet-lsr-intra-domain-method](#)], when BGP advertises such a prefix, it attaches corresponding information to inform other routing nodes.

Using the BGP SPF algorithm described in [[I-D.ietf-lsvr-bgp-spf](#)], each routing node that enables the intra-domain SAV function can take other routers in the SPF domain as the root to calculate the shortest path tree.

Based on the shortest path tree with each router as the root, the router can get the legal incoming interfaces of all protected prefixes in the SPF domain, establish the SAV table, and guide the verification of the source address of the packet in forwarding plane.

By extending BGP SPF, each routing node that enables the intra-domain SAV function calculates independently SAV rule which includes prefixes and valid incoming interfaces. If the source address of the received packet hits the prefix of a SAV rule, and the interface belongs to the valid incoming interfaces bound with the prefix, the source address of the packet is considered legal, otherwise it is illegal.

In order to identify the protected prefixes, the BGP SPF protocol needs to be extended accordingly.

If a BGP SPF speaker received the Prefix NLRI and the Prefix-SAV TLV is received, it indicates that the prefix is a SAV protection prefix and will participate in the calculation of SAV rules.

5. Consideration of redirection routing policy

In the actual deployment, some redirected forwarding policies may be used, such as PBR and QoS. The forwarding path of the packets processed by these policies may be inconsistent with the routing table, resulting in a router receiving the packets forwarded based on the routing table and the packets forwarded based on the redirected forwarding policies from different interfaces. Therefore, when calculating SAV rule, the influence of redirected forwarding policy should also be taken into account.

The extension of BGP SPF protocol to redirection routing policy will be improved in the next version.

6. IANA Considerations

This document defines an attribute TLV of BGP-LS-SPF NLRI. We request IANA to assign the type for the Prefix-SAV TLV from the "BGP-LS Node Descriptor, Link Descriptor, Prefix Descriptor, and Attribute TLVs" Registry.

Attribute TLV	Suggested Value	NLRI Applicability
Prefix-SAV	TBD	Prefix

Table 1: NLRI Attribute TLVs

7. Security Considerations

This document does not introduce any new security consideration.

8. References

8.1. Normative References

[I-D.li-savnet-intra-domain-problem-statement] Li, D., Wu, J., Qin, L., Huang, M., Geng, N., "Source Address Validation in Intra-domain Networks (Intra-domain SAVNET Gap Analysis, Problem Statement and Requirements", [draft-li-savnet-intra-domain-problem-statement-07](#) (work in progress), 11 March 2023.

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