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IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding and 'ipps' URI Scheme draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-15.txt

Abstract

This document defines the Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) over HTTPS transport binding and the corresponding 'ipps' URI scheme, that is used to designate the access to the network location of a secure IPP print service or a network resource managed by such a service.

This document defines an alternate IPP transport binding to that defined in the original IPP URL Scheme (RFC 3510), but this document does not update or obsolete RFC 3510.

This document updates <u>RFC 2910</u> and <u>RFC 2911</u>.

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1. Introduction

This document defines the Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) over HTTPS transport binding and the corresponding 'ipps' URI scheme, that is used to designate the access to the network location of a secure IPP print service or a network resource managed by such a service.

This document has been submitted to the IETF by the Internet Printing Protocol Working Group of the IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group, as part of their PWG IPP Everywhere (PWG 5100.14) project for secure mobile printing with vendor-neutral Client software.

This document defines an alternate IPP transport binding to that defined in the original IPP URL Scheme [<u>RFC3510</u>], but this document does not update or obsolete [<u>RFC3510</u>].

This document updates [<u>RFC2910</u>] and [<u>RFC2911</u>].

This document updates:

- a) IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>], by extending <u>section 4</u>
 'Encoding of the Transport Layer', <u>section 5</u> 'IPP URL Scheme', and <u>section 8.2</u> 'Using IPP with TLS';
- b) IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [<u>RFC2911</u>], by extending <u>section 4.1.6</u> 'uriScheme' and <u>section 4.4.1</u> 'printer-uri-supported'; and
- c) IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition [<u>PWG5100.12</u>], by extending <u>section 4</u> 'IPP Standards' and <u>section 10</u> 'Security Considerations'.

The following versions of IPP are currently defined:

- 1.0 in [<u>RFC2566</u>] (obsolete)
- 1.1 in [<u>RFC2911</u>]
- 2.0 in [PWG5100.12]
- 2.1 in [PWG5100.12]
- 2.2 in [<u>PWG5100.12</u>]

Overview information about IPP is available in <u>section 1 of RFC 2911</u> [<u>RFC2911</u>], <u>section 1 of RFC 3196</u> [<u>RFC3196</u>], and <u>section 1</u> of PWG IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition [<u>PWG5100.12</u>].

<u>1.1</u>. Structure of this Document

This document contains the following sections:

<u>Section 2</u> defines the conventions and terms used throughout the document.

<u>Section 3</u> defines the IPP over HTTPS transport binding.

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<u>Section 4</u> defines the 'ipps' URI scheme.

Sections 5 and 6 contain IANA and security considerations, respectively.

Section 7 contains acknowledgments.

Section 8 contains references.

1.2. Rationale for this document

The 'ipps' URI scheme was defined for the following reasons:

- 1) Some existing IPP Client and IPP Printer implementations of Upgrading to TLS Within HTTP/1.1 [RFC 2817] are flawed and unreliable.
- 2) Some existing IPP Client and IPP Printer implementations of HTTP Upgrade [RFC 2717] do not perform upgrade at the beginning of every HTTP connection, but instead only shift to secure IPP for selected IPP operations (inherently dangerous behavior on the same underlying TCP connection).
- 3) IPP Printer server-mandated HTTP Upgrade [<u>RFC 2817</u>] can still lead to exposure of IPP Client data if the Expect request header is not used - basically the IPP Client can send its whole Print-Job request before the IPP Printer has a chance to respond and say, "Wait! You need to encrypt first!"

2. Conventions Used in this Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

<u>2.1</u>. Printing Terminology

The reader of this document needs to be familiar with the printing terms defined in IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [RFC2911] as well as the following:

IPP Client: The software (on some hardware platform) that submits IPP Job creation and IPP Printer and IPP Job management operations via the IPP over HTTP transport binding defined in the IPP/1.1

Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>] and/or the IPP over HTTPS transport

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binding defined in section 3 of this specification to a downstream IPP Printer (print spooler, print gateway, or physical printing device).

IPP Job: The set of attributes and documents for one print job instantiated in an IPP Printer.

IPP Job object: Synonym for IPP Job.

IPP Printer: The software (on some hardware platform) that receives IPP Job creation and IPP Printer and IPP Job management operations via the IPP over HTTP transport binding defined in the IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [RFC2910] and/or the IPP over HTTPS transport binding defined in section 3 of this specification from an upstream IPP Client or IPP Printer.

IPP Printer object: Synonym for IPP Printer.

'ipps' URI: A URI using the 'ipps' URI scheme defined in section 4 of this specification.

3. IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding

This document defines the following alternate IPP over HTTPS transport binding for the abstract protocol defined in IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [RFC2911] and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition [<u>PWG5100.12</u>].

When using an 'ipps' URI, an IPP Client MUST establish an IPP application layer connection according to the following sequence:

- 1) The IPP Client selects an 'ipps' URI value from "printer-uri-supported" Printer attribute [<u>RFC2911</u>], a directory entry, discovery info, a web page, etc.;
- 2) The IPP Client converts the 'ipps' URI to an 'https' URI [RFC7230] (replacing 'ipps' with 'https' and inserting the port number from the URI or port 631 if the URI doesn't include a port number);
- 3) The IPP Client establishes a TCP [STD7] transport layer connection to the target endpoint - see section 3.4 'Establishing a connection' in TCP [STD7];
- 4) The IPP Client establishes a TLS/1.2 [RFC5246] or higher version secure transport layer connection to the target endpoint - see section 7 'The TLS Handshake Protocol' in [RFC5246];

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- 5) The IPP Client establishes an HTTPS [<u>RFC7230</u>] secure session layer connection over the TLS secure transport layer to the target endpoint; and
- 6) The IPP Client sends IPP application layer requests to and receives responses from the IPP Printer over the HTTPS [<u>RFC7230</u>] secure session layer connection using the POST method defined in [<u>RFC7231</u>].

4. Definition of 'ipps' URI Scheme

4.1. Applicability of 'ipps' URI Scheme

The 'ipps' URI scheme MUST only be used to specify absolute URI (relative 'ipps' URI are not allowed) for IPP secure print services and their associated network resources. The 'ipps' URI scheme MUST only be used to specify the use of the abstract protocol defined in IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [RFC2911] and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition [PWG5100.12] over an HTTPS [RFC7230] transport, as defined in this specification. Any other transport binding for IPP would require a different URI scheme.

The 'ipps' URI scheme allows an IPP Client to choose an appropriate IPP secure print service (for example, from a directory). The IPP Client can establish an HTTPS connection to the specified IPP secure print service. The IPP Client can send IPP protocol requests (for example, 'Print-Job' requests) and receive IPP protocol responses over that HTTPS connection.

See: <u>Section 4.2</u> (syntax) of this document.

See: <u>Section 4.4.1</u> 'printer-uri-supported' in IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [<u>RFC2911</u>].

See: <u>Section 5</u> 'IPP URL Scheme' in IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>].

See: <u>Section 4</u> 'IPP Standards' of IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition [<u>PWG5100.12</u>].

4.2. Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme

The abstract protocol defined in IPP/1.1 Model and Semantics [RFC2911] places a limit of 1023 octets (NOT characters) on the

length of a URI.

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See: URI Generic Syntax [STD66].
```

IPP Printers SHOULD NOT generate (or allow administrators to configure) URI lengths above 255 octets, because many older IPP Client implementations do not properly support these lengths.

'ipps' URI MUST be represented in absolute form. Absolute URI MUST always begin with a scheme name followed by a colon. For definitive information on URI syntax and semantics, see "Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI) Generic Syntax and Semantics" [STD66]. This specification adopts the definitions of "host", "port", and "query" from [STD66]. This specification adopts the definition of "absolute-path" from [RFC7230].

The 'ipps' URI scheme syntax in ABNF [STD68] is defined as follows:

ipps-uri =

"ipps:" "//" host [":" port] [absolute-path ["?" query]]

If the port is empty or not given, then port 631 MUST be used.

See: <u>Section 4.3</u> (port) of this document.

The semantics are that the identified resource (see [RFC7230]) is located at the IPP secure print service listening for HTTPS connections on that port of that host, and the Request-URI for the identified resource is 'absolute-path'.

Note: The higher-level "authority" production is not imported from [<u>STD66</u>], because it includes an optional "userinfo" component which cannot be used in 'ipps' URI.

Note: The "query" production does not have defined semantics in IPP and was never used in examples in IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>] or the original IPP URL Scheme [<u>RFC3510</u>]. The "query" is retained here for consistency, but IPP Clients SHOULD avoid its use (because the semantics could only be implementation-defined).

Note: Literal IPv4 or IPv6 addresses SHOULD NOT be used in 'ipps' URI, because:

- a) IP addresses are often changed after network device installation (for example, based on DHCP reassignment after a power cycle);
- b) IP addresses often don't map simply to security domains;
- c) IP addresses are difficult to validate with X.509 server certificates (because they do not map to common name or alternate name attributes); and
- d) IPv6 link local addresses are not "portable" due to link identity

If the 'absolute-path' is not present in the URI, it MUST be given as

"/" when used as a Request-URI for a resource (see [RFC7230]).

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An 'ipps' URI is transformed into an 'https' URI by replacing "ipps:" with "https:" and inserting port 631 (if the 'port' is not present in the original 'ipps' URI).

See: Section 4.3 (port) of this document.

4.3. Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme

All 'ipps' URI which do NOT explicitly specify a port MUST be resolved to IANA-assigned well-known port 631, already registered in [PORTREG] for IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [RFC2910].

Note: Port 631 is used for both 'ipp' [RFC3510] and 'ipps' URI, both of which refer to an IPP print service or a network resource managed by such a service, for consistency with recent IETF best practices. IPP Printer implementors can refer to the CUPS [CUPS] source code for an example of incoming connection handling for the dual use of port 631.

For compatibility with existing IPP Client and IPP Printer implementations, explicit port 443 (assigned in the 'https' URI scheme [RFC7230]) MUST be accepted in 'ipps' URI and MUST be processed normally by IPP Clients and IPP Printers.

See: IANA Port Numbers Registry [PORTREG].

See: IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>].

4.4. Associated Media Type for 'ipps' URI Scheme

All 'ipps' URI MUST be used to specify secure print services which support the "application/ipp" media type as registered in [MEDIAREG] for IPP protocol requests and responses.

See: IANA Media Types Registry [MEDIAREG].

See: IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [RFC2910].

4.5. Character Encoding of 'ipps' URI Scheme

'ipps' URI MUST use the UTF-8 [STD63] charset for all components. 'ipps' URI MUST use [STD66] rules for percent encoding data octets outside the US-ASCII coded character set [ASCII].

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4.6. Examples of 'ipps' URI

The following are examples of well-formed 'ipps' URI for IPP Printers (for example, to be used as protocol elements in 'printer-uri' operation attributes of 'Print-Job' request messages):

ipps://example.com ipps://example.com/ipp ipps://example.com/ipp/tiger ipps://example.com/ipp/fox ipps://example.com/ipp/tiger/bob ipps://example.com/ipp/tiger/ira

Each of the above URI is a well-formed URI for an IPP Printer and each would reference a logically different IPP Printer, even though some of those IPP Printers might share the same host system. The 'bob' or 'ira' last path components might represent two different physical printer devices, while 'tiger' might represent some grouping of IPP Printers (for example, a load-balancing spooler). Or the 'bob' and 'ira' last path components might represent separate human recipients on the same physical printer device (for example, a physical printer supporting two job queues). In either case, both 'bob' and 'ira' would behave as different and independent IPP Printers.

The following are examples of well-formed 'ipps' URI for IPP Printers with (optional) ports and paths:

ipps://example.com ipps://example.com/ipp ipps://example.com:631/ipp ipps://example.com:443/ipp

The first and second 'ipps' URI above MUST be resolved to port 631 (IANA assigned well-known port for IPP). The second and third 'ipps' URI above are equivalent (see section 4.7 below). The fourth 'ipps' URI above uses the explicit port 443 (see section 4.3 above).

See: <u>Section 4.2</u> (syntax) and <u>section 4.3</u> (port) of this document.

4.7. Comparisons of 'ipps' URI

When comparing two 'ipps' URI to decide if they match or not, an IPP Client MUST use the same rules as those defined for 'http' and 'https' URI comparisons in [RFC7230], with the sole following

exception:

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- A port that is empty or not given MUST be treated as equivalent to the well-known port for that 'ipps' URI (port 631).

See: <u>Section 4.3</u> (port) in this document.

See: <u>Section 2.7.3</u> 'http and https URI Normalization and Comparison' in [<u>RFC7230</u>].

5. IANA Considerations

[RFC Editor: Replace 'xxxx' with assigned RFC number before publication]

IANA is asked to register the 'ipps' URI scheme using the following template, which conforms to [<u>BCP35</u>].

URI scheme name: ipps

Status: Permanent

URI scheme syntax: See <u>section 4.2</u> of RFC xxxx.

URI scheme semantics: The 'ipps' URI scheme is used to designate secure IPP Printer objects (print spoolers, print gateways, print devices, etc.) on Internet hosts accessible using the IPP protocol enhanced to support guaranteed data integrity and negotiable data privacy using TLS as specified in HTTP/1.1 [<u>RFC7230</u>].

Encoding Considerations: See <u>section 4.3</u> of RFC xxxx.

Applications/protocols that use this URI scheme name:

The 'ipps' URI scheme is intended to be used by applications that need to access secure IPP Printers using the IPP protocol enhanced to support guaranteed data integrity and negotiable data privacy using TLS as specified in HTTP/1.1 [<u>RFC7230</u>]. Such applications may include (but are not limited to) IPP-capable web browsers, IPP Clients that wish to print a file, and servers (for example, print spoolers) wishing to forward a Job for processing.

Interoperability Considerations: The widely deployed, open source IPP print service CUPS [CUPS] (on most UNIX, Linux, and Apple OS X systems) has supported 'ipps' URI for several years before the publication of this document. PWG IPP Everywhere [PWG5100.14] (IPP secure, mobile printing extensions) requires the use of 'ipps' URI for mandatory data integrity and negotiable data confidentiality. Security Considerations: See: <u>Section 6</u> of RFC xxxx.

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References: <u>RFC 2910</u>, <u>RFC 2911</u>, RFC xxxx, and IEEE-ISTO PWG 5100.12.

<u>6</u>. Security Considerations

6.1. Problem Statement

Powerful mobile devices (laptops, tablets, smartphones, etc.) are now commonly used to access enterprise and Cloud print services across the public Internet. This is the primary use case for PWG IPP Everywhere [PWG5100.14], which has already been adopted by operating system and printer vendors and several other public standards bodies. End user and enterprise documents are at greater risk than ever before. This IPP over HTTPS transport binding and 'ipps' URI scheme specification was defined to enable high availability combined with secure operation (mandatory data integrity and negotiable data confidentiality) in this dynamic environment (for example, wireless hotspots in hotels, airports, and restaurants).

See: <u>Section 1</u> Introduction of [<u>PWG5100.14</u>].

See: Section 3.1 Rationale of [PWG5100.14].

6.1.1. Targets of Attacks

A network print spooler (logical printer) or print device (physical printer) is potentially subject to attacks, which may target:

- a) The network (to compromise the routing infrastructure, for example, by creating congestion);
- b) the Internet Printing Protocol (IPP) [RFC2911] (for example, to compromise the normal behavior of IPP); or

c) the print document content itself (for example, to corrupt the documents being transferred).

6.1.2. Layers of Attacks

Attacks against print services can be launched:

- a) against the network infrastructure (for example, TCP congestion control).
- b) against the IPP data flow itself (for example, by sending forged packets or forcing TLS version downgrade); or
- c) against the IPP operation parameters (for example, by corrupting requested document processing attributes).

6.2. Attacks and Defenses

This 'ipps' URI Scheme specification adds the following additional security considerations to those described in [RFC7230], [RFC2910], [RFC2911], [RFC5246], [RFC7230], [PWG5100.12], and [STD66].

- See: <u>Section 8</u> 'Security Considerations' in [<u>RFC2910</u>].
- See: <u>Section 8</u> 'Security Considerations' in [<u>RFC2911</u>].
- Appendix D 'Implementation Notes', Appendix E 'Backward See: Compatibility', and <u>Appendix F</u> 'Security Analysis' of [<u>RFC5246</u>].
- See: <u>Section 10</u> 'Security Considerations' in [PWG5100.12].
- See: <u>Section 7</u> 'Security Considerations' in [STD66].

6.2.1. Faked 'ipps' URI

An 'ipps' URI might be faked to point to a rogue IPP secure print service, thus collecting confidential document contents from IPP Clients.

Server authentication mechanisms and security mechanisms specified in IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [<u>RFC2910</u>], HTTP/1.1 [<u>RFC7230</u>], and TLS/1.2 [RFC5246] can be used to address this threat.

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6.2.2. Unauthorized Access by IPP Client

An 'ipps' URI might be used to access an IPP secure print service by an unauthorized IPP Client.

Client authentication mechanisms and security mechanisms specified in IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [RFC2910], HTTP/1.1 [RFC7230], and TLS/1.2 [RFC5246] can be used to address this threat.

6.2.3. Compromise at Application Layer Gateway

An 'ipps' URI might be used to access an IPP secure print service at a print protocol application layer gateway (for example, an IPP to LPD [<u>RFC1179</u>] gateway [<u>RFC2569</u>]), potentially causing silent compromise of IPP security mechanisms.

There is no general defense against this threat by an IPP Client. System administrators SHOULD avoid such configurations.

6.2.4. No Client Authentication for 'ipps' URI

An 'ipps' URI does not define parameters to specify the required IPP Client authentication mechanism (for example, 'certificate' as defined in <u>section 4.4.2</u> 'uri-authentication-supported' of IPP Model [<u>RFC2911</u>]).

Either service discovery or directory protocols SHOULD be used first or an IPP Client SHOULD first establish an 'ipp' connection (without TLS or any client authentication) to the target IPP Printer and use a Get-Printer-Attributes query to discover the required IPP Client authentication mechanism(s) associated with a given 'ipps' URI.

6.3. TLS Version Requirements

In according with security best practices and all existing deployments of the 'ipps' URI scheme, IPP Clients and IPP Printers that support this specification MUST use TLS/1.2 [<u>RFC5246</u>] or higher version, for all 'ipps' secure transport layer connections.

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7. Acknowledgments

This document has been submitted to the IETF by the Internet Printing Protocol Working Group of the IEEE-ISTO Printer Working Group, as part of their PWG IPP Everywhere [PWG5100.14] project for secure mobile printing with vendor-neutral Client software.

This document defines an alternate IPP transport binding to that defined in the original IPP URL Scheme [<u>RFC3510</u>], but this document does not update or obsolete [<u>RFC3510</u>].

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8.2. Informative References

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<<u>https://www.cups.org/</u>>

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- [PORTREG] Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) Registry "Port Numbers" <<u>http://www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers</u>>
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9. Appendix A - Abbreviations

This document makes use of the following abbreviations (given with their expanded forms and references for further reading):

- ABNF - Augmented Backus-Naur Form [STD68]
- ASCII American Standard Code for Information Interchange [ASCII]
- HyperText Transfer Protocol [HTTP1.1] HTTP
- HTTPS HTTP over TLS [RFC7230]
- IANA - Internet Assigned Numbers Authority <http://www.iana.org>
- Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers IEEE <http://www.ieee.org>
- IESG - Internet Engineering Steering Group <http://www.ietf.org/iesg/>

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- IPP Internet Printing Protocol [<u>RFC2911</u>] and [<u>PWG5100.12</u>] <<u>http://www.pwg.org/ipp/</u>>
- LPD Line Printer Daemon Protocol [RFC1179]

- TCP Transmission Control Protocol [STD7]
- TLS Transport Layer Security [RFC5246]
- URI Uniform Resource Identifier [STD66]
- URL Uniform Resource Locator [STD66]
- UTF-8 Unicode Transformation Format 8-bit [STD63]

<u>10</u>. <u>Appendix X</u> - Change History

[RFC Editor: Delete this section before publication as an RFC]

27 October 2014 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-15.txt Editorial - Kept "Intended Status" as "Standards Track", with AD sponsoring, per advice of Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Revised Abstract to delete mention of submission from PWG, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014 and Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Revised Boilerplate to reflect IETF standards-track, per advice of Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Revised Introduction and Acknowledgments to say "This document has been submitted to IETF...", per advice of Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Replaced "this memo" with "this document", per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014 and Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Replaced [RFC2818] with [RFC7230] for HTTPS and deleted [RFC2818] from references, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 1.1 Structure of this Document to correct list of sections per revisions in this draft, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review,

Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 Editorial - Kept section 2.2 Abbreviations to become Appendix A, as a compromise to request to remove entirely, per discussion with S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to delete (redundant) first paragraph, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to add reference to [RFC7230] for 'https' URI scheme in bullet (2), per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to delete (redundant) "reliable" qualifier of a TCP transport layer connection in bullet (3), per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to replace "TLS 1.2 [RFC5246], or later TLS version," with "TLS 1.2 [RFC5246] or higher version" in bullet (4), consistent with TLS future-proofing in current HTTP/2.0 draft, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review, rejecting request of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to delete (out-of-date) reference to [RFC2910] in bullet (6), per advice of S. Mooneswamv on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding to delete references to Security Considerations in other documents, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 4.1 Applicability of 'ipps' URI Scheme to delete references to Security Considerations in other documents, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme to replace out-of-date reference to [RFC2911] w/ [STD66] (i.e., RFC 3986), per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme to move conformance requirement out of "Note" and rewrite conformance that IPP Printers SHOULD NOT *generate* 'ipps' URI longer than 255 octets, due to known implementation bugs in many older IPP Clients, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revisions section 4.3 Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme to move conformance requirement out of "Note", per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 4.4 and References to change "MIME type" or "MIME media type" to "media type" and "[MIMEREG]"to "[MEDIAREG]", per advice of Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Revised section 4.6.1 to correct plural/singular confusion, per advice of Barry Leiba on 22 October 2014. Editorial - Deleted section 4.6.2 Examples of 'ipps' URI for Jobs, because IPP "job-uri" attribute will be deprecated in the future, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Delete section 5 Applicability of this Specification because it was redundant with conformance imperatives in section 4, per advice of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014.

Editorial - Kept IESG as change controller in (former) section 6 IANA Considerations (since the document remains standards-track),

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Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 rejecting request of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Revised (former) section 7.3 TLS Version Requirements to replace "TLS 1.2 [RFC5246], or later TLS version," with "TLS 1.2 [RFC5246] or higher version", consistent with TLS future-proofing in current HTTP/2.0 draft, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review, rejecting request of S. Mooneswamy on 13 October 2014. Editorial - Deleted Appendix A - Summary of IPP URL Scheme, due to ambiguity and for future-proofing, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. 28 September 2014 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-14.txt Editorial - Kept "Intended Status" as "Standards Track", with AD sponsoring, per advice of Barry Leiba on 18 August 2014. Editorial - Revised Abstract, Boilerplate, and Introduction to state that this document is an Independent Submission to the RFC Editor Stream with IETF AD sponsoring, per advice of Barry Leiba on 18 August 2014. Technical - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding, to require TLS/1.2, or later TLS version, for all 'ipps' connections, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Technical - Revised section 7.2.1 Faked 'ipps' URI and section 7.2.2 Unauthorized Access by IPP Client, to delete all references to TLS/1.0 and TLS/1.1, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Technical - Renamed section 7.3 TLS Cipher Suite Requirements to TLS Version Requirements and deleted all requirements for specific cipher suites, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Technical - Revised section 9.1 Normative References, to delete all references to TLS/1.0 and TLS/1.1, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. 3 July 2014 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-13.txt Editorial - Revised section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme, to replace old 'path-absolute' from <u>RFC 2616</u> with 'absolute-path' from [RFC7230], per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 2.2 Abbreviations, section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding, section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme, section 4.7 Comparisons of 'ipps' URI, section 7.2 Attacks and Defenses, section 9.1 Normative References, and section 10 Appendix A - Summary of IPP URL Scheme, to replace [RFC2616] with either [RFC7230] or [HTTP1.1] - a new collective reference to [RFC7230], [<u>RFC7231</u>], [<u>RFC7232</u>], [<u>RFC7233</u>], [<u>RFC7234</u>], and [<u>RFC7235</u>], per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

20 April 2014 - <u>draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-12.txt</u> Editorial - Revised <u>section 4.3</u> Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme, to add informative reference to CUPS, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

Editorial - Revised <u>section 4.6.1</u> Examples of 'ipps' URI for Printers, to change "third" to "fourth" for the port 443 example, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised $\underline{section~6}$ IANA Considerations, to add informative reference to CUPS, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

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Editorial - Revised <u>section 9.2</u> Informative References, to add informative reference to CUPS, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

7 April 2014 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-11.txt Global - revised all references to <u>section 4.2</u> and <u>section 4.3</u>, to add parenthetic (syntax) and (port) respectively, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised <u>section 4.2</u> Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme, to correct two typos (extra words) in <u>section 4.3</u> references, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised <u>section 4.3</u> Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme, to add note about compatibility for IPP Clients and IPP Printers that MUST accept explicit port 443 (assigned in 'https' URI scheme [<u>RFC7230</u>]) and process normally, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised <u>section 4.6.1</u> Examples of 'ipps' URI for Printers, to add example of explicit port 443, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

30 March 2014 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-10.txt Global - Updated references, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Global - Changed "e.g." to "for example", for readability. Editorial - Revised section Copyright Notice, to correct year. Editorial - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding, item 2), to clarify that port 631 is ONLY inserted in the derived 'https' URI when an explicit port is NOT specified in the original 'ipps' URI, per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme, note about URI lengths greater than 255 octets, to change 'ought to' to 'SHOULD', per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme, to add reference to section 4.3 for use of port 631, per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.3 Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme, to add note about dual-use of port 631 for 'ipp' URI and 'ipps' URI with reference to CUPS source for example of incoming connection handling, per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.3 Associated Port for 'ipps' URI Scheme, to add note about compatibility for IPP Clients and IPP Printers that should accept explicit port 443 (assigned in 'https' URI scheme [RFC7230]) and process normally, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.6.1 Examples of 'ipps' URI for Printers, to add reference to section 4.2 (syntax) and section 4.3 (port), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.7 Comparisons of 'ipps' URI, to add reference to section 4.3 (port), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review.

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IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 Internet Draft Editorial - Revised section 5.1 Applicability to IPP Clients, to add reference to section 4.2 (syntax) and section 4.3 (port), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.1 Applicability to IPP Clients, item d), to change 'MUST the' to 'MUST use the', per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.2 Applicability to IPP Printers, to add reference to section 4.2 (syntax) and section 4.3 (port), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.2 Applicability to IPP Printers, item d), to change 'MUST the' to 'MUST use the', per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.2 Applicability to IPP Printers, to delete former item e) (listen only on port 631) which conflicted with existing IPP implementations (for example, listening on port 443 as well), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 6 IANA Considerations, to add URI for CUPS source, per IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 7.2.4 No Client Authentication for 'ipps' URI, to change "or or" to "or" (typo), per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised Appendix A Summary of IPP URL Scheme, item 2), to clarify that port 631 is ONLY inserted in the derived 'http' URI when an explicit port is NOT specified in the original 'ipp' URI, per Smith Kennedy and IEEE-ISTO PWG IPP WG review. 5 November 2013 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-09.txt Global - Updated references, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised Abstract, section 1 Introduction, and section 8 Acknowledgments to clarify that this document is an individual submission to the IETF by the IPP WG of the IEEE-ISTO PWG, per S. Mooneswamy. Editorial - Revised Abstract, section 1 Introduction, and section 8 Acknowledgments to clarify that this document does not update or obsolete [RFC3510], per S. Mooneswamy and Tom Petch. Editorial - Revised section 1.1 Structure of this Document to align with changes below, per Tom Petch. Editorial - Revised section 2 Conventions Used in this Document to add section 2.1 Printing Terminology and to remove redundant "In this document" and clarify definitions, per Tom Petch. Editorial - Moved former Appendix B - Abbreviations Used in this Document to become section 2.2 Abbreviations, per Tom Petch. Technical - Revised section 3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding, section 5 Applicability of this Specification, and section 7 Security Considerations to address specific TLS/1.0 [RFC2246], TLS/1.1 [RFC4346], and TLS/1.2 [RFC5246] requirements, per Tom Petch. Editorial - Moved former section 3.1 IPP over HTTP Transport Binding to become Appendix A - Summary of IPP URL Scheme (Informative), per Tom Petch.

Technical - Revised <u>section 4.2</u> Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme to add note about the retention of the (unused) "query" production for

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Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 consistency with IPP/1.1 Encoding and Transport [RFC2910] and the original IPP URL Scheme [<u>RFC3510</u>], but warn that it has no defined semantics in IPP and therefore its use is unsafe for IPP Clients, per Tom Petch. Technical - Revised section 7 Security Considerations to add section 8.1 Problem Statement, section 8.2 Attacks, and section 8.3 TLS Security Considerations, per Tom Petch. Editorial - Moved former section Appendix A - Acknowledgments to become section 8 Acknowledgements (in body of document) and updated to reflect recent comments on this document, per Tom Petch. Technical - Revised section 9.1 Normative References to add TLS/1.0 [RFC2246] and TLS/1.1 [RFC4346], per Tom Petch. 19 September 2013 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-08.txt Global - Updated references, per IPP WG review. 12 May 2013 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-07.txt Editorial - Revised section 1 (introduction) to add 'Rationale for this document', per Smith Kennedy. Editorial - Global - Changed 'Conformance Requirements' to 'Applicability', per Barry Leiba. Editorial - Global - Changed '[PWG5100.EW]' to '[PWG5100.14]', corrected date and URI, and moved section 8.1 (normative references), per IPP WG review. 10 November 2012 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-06.txt Editorial - Global - Fixed typos and indentation, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Global - changed 'generic drivers' to 'vendor-neutral Client software', per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised <u>section 8.2</u> (informative references, to correct title of "PWG IPP Everywhere" (i.e., delete version number), per IPP WG review. 14 May 2012 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-05.txt Editorial - Global - Fixed typos and indentation, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised sections 3.1 and 3.2 (transport bindings) to insert missing "to" in "connection to the target endpoint", per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 (syntax), to correct indentation of first "Note:", per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised sections 5.1 and 5.2 (client/printer conformance) and <u>section 7</u> (security considerations) to delete the out-of-scope normative references to [RFC2817], per IPP WG review. 22 November 2011 - <u>draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-04.txt</u> Editorial - Global - Fixed typos and indentation, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised Introduction and Acknowledgments to say 'project for mobile, ubiquitous printing with generic drivers', per IPP WG review.

Editorial - Revised sections 3.1 and 3.2 (transport bindings) to add references to HTTP POST and <u>section 4 of RFC 2910</u>, per IPP WG review.

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Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 Editorial - Revised sections 3.1 and 3.2 (transport bindings) to add section references to all well-known standards (connection setup, etc.), per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 4.2 (syntax) to move note from from section 4.6 (examples) and explain why literal IP addresses SHOULD NOT be used in 'ipps' URI, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised sections 4.6.1 and 4.6.2 (examples) to replace 'abc.com' w/ 'example.com' (per IETF) and replace '/printer' path element w/ '/ipp' (better practice), per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.2 (Printer conformance) to fold former (c) and (d) into a single requirement for standard port 631 and reordered other requirements to group MUSTs before SHOULDs, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 5.2 (Printer conformance) to add backward reference to section 4.2 for rationale for not using IP literal addresses, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 6 (IANA) to explicitly state that 'ipps' uses secure communications using HTTP over TLS, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised <u>section 7</u> (Security) to cleanup numerous loose ends, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 8 (References) to cleanup typos and links, per IPP WG review. Editorial - Revised section 1 (introduction), section 8.2 (informative references, and section 9 (appendix A) to change "[IPPEVE]" to "[PWG5100.EW]", per IPP WG review. 26 August 2011 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-03.txt Editorial - Revised Abstract and Introduction to state published by the IETF on behalf of IEEE-ISTO PWG (to avoid status ambiguity), per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised section 1 to list all currently defined versions of IPP in <u>RFC 2566</u>, <u>RFC 2911</u>, and PWG 5100.12, per Mykyta Yevstifevev. Technical - Revised section 1, section 2, section 3.2, section 4.1, and section 7, to reference IPP Version 2.0 Second Edition (PWG 5100.12), per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised section 3.1, to fix broken STD7 reference, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised section 6, to add BCP35 reference for template (regression loss when the template was moved up from former appendix), per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised section 8.1 to add PWG 5100.12 (normative), Editorial - Revised section 8.2 to add PWG IPP Everywhere (informative) and <u>RFC 1179</u> (informative), per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised appendix \underline{B} to add references for more reading, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev.

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28 February 2011 - <u>draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-02.txt</u>
Editorial - Revised document title to emphasize IPP over HTTPS
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Transport Binding (reason for IETF standards-track status).

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Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014 Editorial - Replaced "IPP URI" with "'ipp' URI", "IPPS URI" with "'ipps' URI", "HTTP URI" with "'http' URI", and "HTTPS URI" with "'https' URI" throughout this document for conformance to section 3.1 of [STD66], per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised and simplified Abstract, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised and simplified section 1 'Introduction', per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Renamed section 2 from 'Conformance Terminology' to 'Conventions Used in this Document', per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Moved former <u>section 3.1</u> 'IPP Model Terminology (Normative)' content into section 2 'Conventions Used in this Document' for readability, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Reordered subsections and reversed word order in all subsection titles in section 4 'The 'ipps' URI Scheme' for readability, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Added note to section 4.2 'Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme' to explain why 'authority' production is NOT imported from [STD66], because it includes an optional 'userinfo' component which cannot be used in 'ipps' URI values. Editorial - Deleted note describing empty 'host' component from section 4.2 'Syntax of 'ipps' URI Scheme', because 'host' component is mandatory in [STD66]. Editorial - Deleted 'Internationalization Considerations' section which was redundant with section 4.3 'Character Encoding of 'ipps' URI Scheme', per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Revised all references to follow current RFC Editor style, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Moved former 'Appendix A - Registration of IPPS URI Scheme' content inline into section 6 'IANA Considerations', per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Moved former body section 'Acknowledgements' to 'Appendix A - Acknowledgements', per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Added new 'Appendix B - Abbreviations Used in this Document' for readability, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. Editorial - Moved section 'Authors' Addresses' to end of document, per Mykyta Yevstifeyev. 1 December 2010 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-01.txt - Technical - added UTF-8 [STD63] as required charset for all IPPS URI in <u>section 4.4</u> and <u>section 7</u>, per Bjoern Hoehrmann. - Technical - corrected percent encoding for data octets outside the US-ASCII range in section 4.4 and section 7, per Bjoern Hoehrmann. - Editorial - global - changed "[<u>RFC4395</u>]" to "[<u>BCP35</u>]", changed "[<u>RFC3629</u>]" to "[<u>STD63</u>]", changed "[<u>RFC3986</u>]" to "[<u>STD66</u>]", and changed "[<u>RFC5234</u>]" to "[<u>STD68</u>]", per Bjoern Hoehrmann. - Editorial - restored trailing "]]" in ABNF syntax in section 4.5, per Bjoern Hoehrmann. - Editorial - changed "Author/Change controller" to "IESG" in section 12 Appendix A registration template, as required by section 5.3 of

[BCP35], per Bjoern Hoehrmann.

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Internet Draft IPP over HTTPS and 'ipps' URI Scheme 27 Oct 2014

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10 October 2010 - draft-mcdonald-ipps-uri-scheme-00.txt
- Editorial - complete rewrite of RFC 3510 for new transport binding
- Editorial - moved Abstract to beginning of first page, per ID-Nits
- Editorial - fixed copyright, boilerplate, and typos, per ID-Nits
- Editorial - added references to RFCs 2119 and 3510, per ID-Nits
- Editorial - deleted obsolete references to RFCs 2246 and 4346, per
ID-Nits
- Technical - changed Intended Status to Standards Track to reflect
the new normative IPPS URI scheme and transport binding
- Technical - added section 3.2 IPP over HTTP Transport Binding
(informative)
- Technical - added section 3.3 IPP over HTTPS Transport Binding
(normative)
- Technical - updated section 5 Conformance Requirements to require
HTTP Upgrade (RFC 2817) support (for interoperability with existing
IPP implementations), per discussion on IPP WG mailing list
- Editorial - updated Appendix A w/ registration template from RFC
4395
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11. Authors' Addresses

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Usage questions and comments on this 'ipps' URI Scheme can be sent directly to the editors at their above addresses and also to the PWG IPP WG mailing list. Instructions for subscribing to the PWG IPP WG mailing list can be found at:

PWG IPP WG Web Page:http://www.pwg.org/ipp/PWG IPP WG Mailing List:ipp@pwg.org

PWG IPP WG Subscription: <u>http://www.pwg.org/mailhelp.html</u>

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Implementers of this specification are encouraged to join the PWG IPP WG Mailing List in order to participate in any discussions of clarification issues and comments. Note that this IEEE-ISTO PWG mailing list rejects mail from non-subscribers (in order to reduce spam).