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**Definiton of Managed Objects for Energy Management
draft-quittek-power-mib-00.txt**

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes extensions to the Entity MIB to provide information about the energy consumption, the power states and battery status of managed devices and their components.

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1. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to [section 7 of RFC 3410](#) [[RFC3410](#)].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies MIB modules that is compliant to the SMIV2, which is described in STD 58, [RFC 2578](#) [[RFC2578](#)], STD 58, [RFC 2579](#) [[RFC2579](#)] and STD 58, [RFC 2580](#) [[RFC2580](#)].

2. Introduction

Energy management in communication networks is a topic that has been neglected for many years when energy was cheap and global warming not recognized. This has changed recently. Energy management is becoming a significant component of network planning, operations and management and new energy management strategies are currently being explored.

A basic requirement for many energy management procedures is collecting information on energy consumption and energy storage at managed devices. Most devices consume less energy when they are in standby mode compared to their consumption when providing full service. Therefore, management systems will have a need to monitor power state information when conducting basic energy management functions.

But the actual energy consumption of a device depends on more than just its power state. Also the current load, the kind of load, and many other factors influence energy consumption. If instrumentation is available, it is very helpful to receive information on the actual energy consumption of a device or of a device's component. Providing this information requires much more effort than reporting power states, because a probe that measures (electrical) power consumption is required. Typically this means not just adding several lines of software to a device, but also adding costly sensor hardware to it.

A third aspect to be considered for energy management is energy storage in batteries. It is helpful, for example, to monitor which device is running on batteries and which is charging its battery. Fortunately, the problem of instrumentation is often an easy one for devices with rechargeable batteries. Controlling the charging cycles

needs instrumentation anyway and this instrumentation can also be used for providing battery status information.

This document defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) that serves the three purposes sketched above:

- o monitoring power states of managed entities,
- o monitoring energy consumption of managed entities,
- o monitoring the status of batteries contained in or controlled by managed devices.

Supporting all three monitoring task will not make sense for every device. Many networked devices do not have batteries to be monitored and thus it would not make sense for them to implement managed objects for this purpose.

As mentioned above, instrumentation for measuring actual energy consumption is relatively expensive and it will not make sense for every managed device to provide sufficient instrumentation. In such a case it would not be appropriate to still implement managed objects for energy consumption monitoring.

This leads to the conclusion that the portions of the MIB for the three monitoring tasks listed above should be rather independent of each other and not combined in a single one. This document contains three MIB modules called Power State MIB, Energy MIB, and Battery MIB. The Energy MIB module uses an object defined in the Power State MIB module, but beyond that there is no dependency between the three modules. Obviously, any combination of the three modules is possible.

The definitions in this document are based on the requirements outlined in [[I-D.quittek-power-monitoring-requirements](#)].

All three MIB modules are designed as extensions to the Entity MIB module [[RFC4133](#)]. They all contain sparse augments of the entPhysicalTable defined in [[RFC4133](#)]. The entPhysicalTable already provides information about physical entities such as their type, name, software revision number, serial number, etc., and about their containment in other entities. This is all re-used for entities that have different power states, for which energy consumption can be measured, or that are batteries.

Sparse augmentation of the entPhysicalTable means that tables in the three MIB modules use the index of the entPhysicalTable as their first index. The augment is sparse, because not for every row in the entPhysicalTable there needs to be a row in the tables defined in the MIB modules in this document. For example, the batteryTable will only have rows for index values of the entPhysicalTable that refer to

an entity that is a battery.

Augmentation also means that rows in the tables defined in this document should be created at the same time when the corresponding entry in the entPhysicalTable is created. They also should be destroyed, when the corresponding rows in the entPhysicalTable are destroyed.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

3. Power State MIB

A number of devices today can operate in a number of different power states by reducing performance or going into standby mode or sleep mode. The Power State MIB module can be used for monitoring these states. Typically, not much instrumentation is needed for supporting the power state MIB module, because most devices with different power states are already equipped with means for controlling their these.

The Power State MIB module is structured into two tables, the powerCurrentStateTable reporting the current power state of an entity and the powerStateTable providing statistics per power state. Both tables use the object entPhysicalIndex from the Entity MIB module [[RFC4133](#)] as first index. In addition, the Power State MIB module defines a notification that can be sent for informing the receiver about a change of an entity's current power state.

3.1. Current Power State Table

For basic monitoring of the actual power state of an entity, there is already a MIB module available: the Entity State MIB [[RFC4268](#)]. It reports the power state of an entity in object entStateStandby. It can have four different values: unknown(1), hotStandby(2), coldStandby(3), providingService(4), see ENTITY-STATE-TC-MIB in [[RFC4268](#)].

If this was considered to be sufficient, there would be no need for replicating this object in the power state MIB module. However, there is a concern that the three "known" states are too few for reflecting the variety of power saving states available today. For PCs, for example, there are several more states defined for the Advanced Configuration & Power Interface (ACPI). It might be useful to support several or all of these power states as suggested by [[I-D.claise-energy-monitoring-mib](#)].

The powerCurrentStateTable contains just a single object per row:

```
powerCurrentStateTable(1)
+--powerCurrentStateEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex]
+-- r-n EntityStandbyStatus powerCurrentState(1)
```

Object powerCurrentState reports the actual power state of an entity at the time the object's value is retrieved. In the current definition of the MIB module, it just reports the four values defined for the Entity State MIB module. It does not make sense to keep it like this by just replicating existing functionality. Either the range of supporting values will be extended or the powerCurrentStateTable will be removed from the Power State MIB module. It is currently there as a placeholder until discussion on the number of power states to be supported comes to a conclusion.

3.2. Power State Table

The second table called powerStateTable provides more detailed statistics for each power state. For this purpose it uses the power state value as another index object next to the entity index. This way, statistics can be reported per entity and per power state.

```
powerStateTable(2)
+--powerStateEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex,powerState]
+-- --- EntityStandbyStatus powerState(1)
+-- r-n TimeTicks powerStateTotalTime(2)
+-- r-n TimeStamp powerStateLastEnterTime(3)
+-- r-n SnmpAdminString powerStateLastEnterReason(4)
+-- r-n Counter64 powerStateEnterCount(5)
```

The offered statistics include the total time that the entity spent in a certain power state (powerStateTotalTime), the last time at which the entity entered a power state (powerStateLastEnterTime), the reason for entering it at the last time (powerStateLastEnterReason) and the number of times a certain state has been entered (powerStateEnterCount).

4. Energy MIB

Devices that have instrumentation for measuring electrical energy consumption of entities can implement the Energy MIB module. Entities for which energy consumption is reported can be the entire devices, a component thereof or even an external entity for which the reporting devices observes the energy consumption.

The Energy MIB module defines two tables, the energyConsumpTable and

the energyConsumpPSTable. The first one provides information on the instrumentations and on measured energy consumption of the entity. The second one provides energy consumption information for each individual power state.

4.1. Energy Consumption Table

The first set of managed objects in the energyConsumpTable are needed to help interpreting the energy consumption readings. These include the sampling interval applied by the sensor(s) and the power supply type and voltage.

```
energyConsumpTable(1)
+--energyConsumpEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex]
  +-- r-n EntitySensorStatus      energyConsumpSensorOperStatus(1)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32              energyConsumpSampleInterval(2)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32              energyConsumpNominalSupplyVoltage(3)
  +-- r-n Enumeration              energyConsumpElectricSupplyType(4)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpTotalEnergy(5)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorDataScale    energyConsumpEnergyScale(6)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorPrecision    energyConsumpEnergyPrecision(7)
  +-- r-n TimeStamp                energyConsumpDiscontinuityTime(8)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorDataScale    energyConsumpPowerScale(9)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorPrecision    energyConsumpPowerPrecision(10)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpRealPower(11)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpPeakRealPower(12)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpReactivePower(13)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpApparentPower(14)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorValue        energyConsumpPhaseAngle(15)
  +-- r-n EntitySensorPrecision    energyConsumpPhaseAnglePrecision(16)
```

The main measured values provided by the table are the total energy consumed by the device and the current power (energy consumption rate). For entities supplied with alternating current (AC) there are also objects defined for reporting apparent power, reactive power and phase angle.

All measured values are defined to be of type EntitySensorValue defined by the Entity Sensor MIB module [[RFC3433](#)]. For this data type scale and precision can be specified by additional objects of types EntitySensorDataScale and EntitySensorPrecision. The energyConsumpTable makes use of this mechanism and contains a set of objects for this purpose.

Measurements of the total energy consumed by an entity may suffer from interruptions in the continuous measurement of the current energy consumption. In order to indicate such interruptions, object energyConsumpDiscontinuityTime is provided for indicating the time of

the last interruption of total energy measurement.

4.2. Energy Consumption Per Power State Table

The second table in this module is called `energyConsumePSTable` and it provides values of total energy consumption per power state in a way similar to the `powerStateTable` in the Power State MIB module.

```
energyConsumePSTable(2)
+--energyConsumePSEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex,powerState]
+-- r-n EntitySensorValue energyConsumePSTotalEnergy(1)
```

5. Battery MIB

The third MIB module defined in this document defines objects for reporting information about batteries. The `batteryTable` contained in the Battery MIB module is again a sparse augment of the Entity MIB module [[RFC4133](#)]. It uses one row per battery and require that every battery for which information is provided has its own entry in the `entPhysicalTable` of the Entity MIB module.

The kind of entity in the `entPhysicalTable` is indicated by the value of enumeration object `entPhysicalClass`. Since there is no value called 'battery' defined for this object, it is RECOMMENDED that for batteries the value of this object is chosen to be `powerSupply(6)`.

The `batteryTable` contains three groups of objects. The first group describes the battery in more detail than the generic objects in the `entPhysicalTable`. The second group of objects report on the current battery state, if it is charging or discharging, how much it is charged, its remaining capacity, the number of experienced charging cycles, etc.


```
batteryTable(1)
+--batteryEntry(1) [entPhysicalIndex]
  +-- r-n Enumeration batteryType(1)
  +-- r-n Enumeration batteryTechnology(2)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryNominalVoltage(3)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryNumberOfCells(4)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryNominalCapacity(5)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryRemainingCapacity(6)
  +-- r-n Counter32 batteryChargingCycleCount(7)
  +-- r-n DateAndTime batteryLastChargingCycleTime(8)
  +-- r-n Enumeration batteryState(9)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryCurrentCharge(10)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryCurrentChargePercentage(11)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryCurrentVoltage(12)
  +-- r-n Integer32 batteryCurrentCurrent(13)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryLowAlarmPercentage(14)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryLowAlarmVoltage(15)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryReplacementAlarmCapacity(16)
  +-- r-n Unsigned32 batteryReplacementAlarmCycles(17)
```

The third group of objects in this table indicates thresholds which can be used to raise an alarm if a property of the battery exceeds one of them. Raising an alarm may include sending a notification. The Battery MIB defines two notifications, one indicating a low battery charging state and one indicating an aged battery that may need to be replaced.

6. Relationship to Other MIB Modules

The three MIB modules described above relate to a number of existing standard MIB modules and complements them where necessary.

6.1. Entity MIB

All MIB modules defined in this document implement a sparse augmentation of the entPhysicalTable defined in the Entity MIB module [[RFC4133](#)]. This means that tables defined in the MIB modules in this document use the index of the entPhysicalTable called entPhysicalIndex as their first index, in most cases as their only index. The augmentation is sparse meaning that entries in tables defined in this document do not need to create entries for all entries that exist in the entPhysicalTable. Entries can be restricted to relevant ones, for example, the batteryTable can restrict their entries to entities that are a battery.

The advantage of augmenting the Entity MIB instead of defining new tables from scratch is the re-use of many objects in the

entPhysicalTable. For example, the kind of entity (entPhysicalClass), the serial number (entPhysicalSerialNum), the software version (entPhysicalSoftwareRev) and many other properties are covered by objects in the entPhysicalTable as well as the containment relationship between entities. The containment relationship indicates, for example, in which device a battery entity is contained.

6.2. Entity State MIB

The Entity State MIB module [[RFC4268](#)] defines object entStateStandby in the entStateTable. This object provides information on the power state. This object may have one of four defined values: unknown(1), hotStandby(2), coldStandby(3), providingService(4). If this number was considered to be sufficient, the powerCurrentStateTable of the Power State MIB module would be obsolete and should be removed. However, there are concerns that this number is not sufficient. Discussions in the IETF will hopefully soon lead to a consensus on which is the better way to go.

6.3. Entity Sensor MIB

The Entity Sensor MIB module [[RFC3433](#)] defines generic objects for providing data from sensors such as, for example, an energy consumption meter. Basically, some of the objects defined in the Energy MIB module could be replaced by objects in the Entity Sensor MIB module. However, in the Entity Sensor MIB module more objects are needed to model the same information and flexibility is not fully sufficient. For example, there is no unit for energy supported, such as, for example, watt hours; a sampling interval for the sensor cannot be specified, and there is not support for reporting discontinuities of accumulated measurements, such as the total consumed energy. For these reasons, the Energy MIB was defined as new module instead of using the Entity Sensor MIB module.

6.4. UPS MIB

Relations to UPS MIB module [[RFC1628](#)] are still to be done.

6.5. Power Ethernet MIB

Relations to Power Ethernet MIB module [[RFC3621](#)] are still to be done.

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DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module defines a set of objects for monitoring the power state of networked devices and their components.

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This version of this MIB module is part of RFC yyyy; see the RFC itself for full legal notices."

-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

-- Revision history

REVISION "201001291200Z" -- 29 January 2010

DESCRIPTION

"Initial version, published as RFC yyyy."

-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

::= { mib-2 xxx }

-- xxx to be assigned by IANA.

-- *****

-- Top Level Structure of the MIB module

-- *****

powerStateNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerStateMIB 0 }
 powerStateObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerStateMIB 1 }
 powerStateConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerStateMIB 2 }

--=====

-- 1. Object Definitions

--=====

-- 1.1. Current Power State Table

powerCurrentStateTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PowerCurrentStateEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION

"This table provides information on the current power state of entities.

This is a sparse augment of the entPhysicalTable. Entries appear in this table for entities for which their power state can be reported.

An entry in this table SHOULD be created at the same time as the associated entPhysicalEntry. An entry SHOULD be destroyed if the associated entPhysicalEntry is destroyed."

```
::= { powerStateObjects 1 }
```

```
-----
-- Open issue: This table duplicates a part of the entStateTable
--   in the ENTITY-STATE-MIB (RFC 4268).
--   It does not make sense to keep it as it is.
--
--   The entStateTable only supports four power states:
--   unknown(1), hotStandby(2), coldStandby(3),
--   providingService(4) (see ENTITY-STATE-TC-MIB, RFC 4268).
--   If this is considered to be sufficient, then the
--   powerCurrentPowerStateTable should be removed.
--   But if there is consensus that supporting more power states
--   would be needed, as claimed, for example, by
--   draft-claise-energy-monitoring-mib-00, then this table might
--   be useful to have with the extended range of power states.
-----
```

powerCurrentStateEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PowerCurrentStateEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry providing information on the current power state of an entity."

INDEX { entPhysicalIndex } -- SPARSE-AUGMENTS

```
::= { powerCurrentStateTable 1 }
```

PowerCurrentStateEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {

powerCurrentState EntityStandbyStatus

}

powerCurrentState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntityStandbyStatus

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current power state of the entity indicated by the index entPhysicalIndex."
 ::= { powerCurrentStateEntry 1 }

 -- 1.2. Power State Statistics Table

powerStateTable OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PowerStateEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 "This table provides information on the current power state of entities.

 This is a sparse augment of the entPhysicalTable. Entries appear in this table for entities for which statistics on their power state can be reported.

 An entry in this table SHOULD be created at the same time as the associated entPhysicalEntry. An entry SHOULD be destroyed if the associated entPhysicalEntry is destroyed.

 As second index for this table serves the power state of the entity indicated by the first index."
 ::= { powerStateObjects 2 }

powerStateEntry OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX PowerStateEntry
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
 STATUS current
 DESCRIPTION
 "Power state information about this physical entity."
 INDEX { entPhysicalIndex, powerState }
 ::= { powerStateTable 1 }

PowerStateEntry ::=
 SEQUENCE {
 powerState EntityStandbyStatus,
 powerStateTotalTime TimeTicks,
 powerStateLastEnterTime Timestamp,
 powerStateLastEnterReason SnmpAdminString,
 powerStateEnterCount Counter64
 }

powerState OBJECT-TYPE
 SYNTAX EntityStandbyStatus
 MAX-ACCESS not-accessible


```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This index should only be created for power states
    that are actually used by the entity that is identified
    by the first index entPhysicalIndex."
::= { powerStateEntry 1 }

powerStateTotalTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TimeTicks
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object indicates the total time in hundreds
        of seconds that the entity has been in the state
        indicated by index powerState."
    ::= { powerStateEntry 2 }

-----
-- Open issue: Shall we use DateAndTime instead of timeTicks?
-----

powerStateLastEnterTime OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      TimeStamp
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This time stamp object indicates the last
        time a which the entity entered the state
        indicated by index powerState."
    ::= { powerStateEntry 3 }

powerStateLastEnterReason OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SnmpAdminString
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This string object describes the reason for the last
        power state transition into the power state
        indicated by index powerState."
    ::= { powerStateEntry 4 }

powerStateEnterCount OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Counter64
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This object indicates how often the entity
        indicated by index entPhysicalIndex entered the
        power state indicated by index powerState."
```



```
::= { powerStateEntry 5 }
```

```
=====
-- 2. Notifications
=====
```

powerStateChangeEvent NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS { powerStateLastEnterReason }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This notification can be generated when the power state of an entity changes.

Note that the state that has been entered is indicated by the OID of object powerStateLastEnterReason."

```
::= { powerStateNotifications 1 }
```

```
=====
-- 3. Conformance Information
=====
```

powerStateCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER

```
::= { powerStateConformance 1 }
```

powerStateGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER

```
::= { powerStateConformance 2 }
```

```
-----
-- 3.1. Compliance Statements
-----
```

powerCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The compliance statement for implementations of the POWER-STATE-MIB module.

A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects defined in the mandatory group powerRequiredGroup."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { powerStateRequiredGroup }

GROUP powerStateNotificationsGroup

DESCRIPTION

"A compliant implementation does not have to implement the powerNotificationsGroup."

```
::= { powerStateCompliances 1 }
```



```
-----  
-- 3.2. MIB Grouping  
-----
```

```
powerStateRequiredGroup OBJECT-GROUP  
    OBJECTS {  
        powerCurrentState,  
        powerStateTotalTime,  
        powerStateLastEnterTime,  
        powerStateLastEnterReason,  
        powerStateEnterCount  
    }  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects  
        contained in this group."  
    ::= { powerStateGroups 1 }  
  
powerStateNotificationsGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP  
    NOTIFICATIONS { powerStateChangeEvent }  
    STATUS      current  
    DESCRIPTION  
        "A compliant implementation does not have to implement the  
        notification contained in this group."  
    ::= { powerStateGroups 2 }  
END
```

7.2. Energy MIB

```
ENERGY-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN  
  
IMPORTS  
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, mib-2, Unsigned32  
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI -- RFC2578  
    TimeStamp  
        FROM SNMPv2-TC -- RFC2579  
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP  
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF -- RFC2580  
    entPhysicalIndex  
        FROM ENTITY-MIB -- RFC4133  
    EntitySensorDataScale, EntitySensorPrecision,  
    EntitySensorValue, EntitySensorStatus  
        FROM ENTITY-SENSOR-MIB -- RFC3433  
    powerState  
        FROM POWER-STATE-MIB;  
  
energyMIB MODULE-IDENTITY  
    LAST-UPDATED "201001291200Z" -- 29 January 2010
```


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DESCRIPTION

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-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

-- Revision history

REVISION "201001291200Z"

-- 29 January 2010


```

DESCRIPTION
    "Initial version, published as RFC yyyy."
-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

    ::= { mib-2 yyy }
-- yyy to be assigned by IANA.

_*****
-- Top Level Structure of the MIB module
_*****

energyObjects      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { energyMIB 1 }
energyConformance  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { energyMIB 2 }

-----
-- 1. Object Definitions
-----

-----
-- 1.1. Energy Consumption Table
-----

energyConsumpTable  OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF EnergyConsumpEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table provides inforamtion on the current and
        accumulated energy consumption of entities.

        This is a sparse augment of the entPhysicalTable.
        Entries appear in this table for entities for which their
        energy consumption can be reported.

        An entry in this table SHOULD be created at the same time
        as the associated entPhysicalEntry.  An entry SHOULD be
        destroyed if the associated entPhysicalEntry is destroyed."
    ::= { energyObjects 1 }

energyConsumpEntry  OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      EnergyConsumpEntry
    MAX-ACCESS   not-accessible
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry providing information on the energy consumption
        of physical entity."
    INDEX { entPhysicalIndex }    -- SPARSE-AUGMENTS
    ::= { energyConsumpTable 1 }

```


EnergyConsumeEntry ::=

```
SEQUENCE {
    energyConsumeSensorOperStatus      EntitySensorStatus,
    energyConsumeSampleInterval         Unsigned32,
    energyConsumeNominalSupplyVoltage  Unsigned32,
    energyConsumeElectricSupplyType     INTEGER,
    energyConsumeTotalEnergy            EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumeEnergyScale            EntitySensorDataScale,
    energyConsumeEnergyPrecision        EntitySensorPrecision,
    energyConsumeDiscontinuityTime      TimeStamp,
    energyConsumePowerScale             EntitySensorDataScale,
    energyConsumePowerPrecision         EntitySensorPrecision,
    energyConsumeRealPower              EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumePeakRealPower          EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumeReactivePower          EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumeApparentPower          EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumePhaseAngle             EntitySensorValue,
    energyConsumePhaseAnglePrecision    EntitySensorPrecision
}
```

energyConsumeSensorOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorStatus

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the operational status of the sensor that is used for measuring the energy consumption of the entity indicated by entPhysicalIndex."

::= { energyConsumeEntry 1 }

energyConsumeSampleInterval OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "milliseconds"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the sampling rate applied by the energy consumption sensor for calculating the current power value.

For alternating current (AC) power supply the sampling interval should be at least have half the size of a period of alternation.

The sampling interval is provided in units of microseconds.

A value of 0 indicates that the sampling interval applied by the sensor is unknown."


```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 2 }
```

energyConsumeNominalSupplyVoltage OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "millivolt"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the nominal voltage of the power supply of the entity. It is provided in units of millivolt (mV).

The nominal voltage actual of an entity is assumed to be fixed, while the actual power supply voltage may vary over time, for example, caused by changing load conditions.

A value of 0 indicates that the nominal supply voltage is unknown."

```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 3 }
```

energyConsumeElectricSupplyType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
alternatingCurrent(1),
directCurrent(2),
unknown(3)
}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the type of electrical power supply for the entity. It is used for distinguishing between alternating current (AC) supply and direct current (DC) supply."

```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 4 }
```

energyConsumeTotalEnergy OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "watt hours"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the total consumed energy measured in watt hours at the electrical power supply of the entity.

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumeEnergyScale and energyConsumeEnergyPrecision.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of energyConsumpDiscontinuityTime."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 5 }

energyConsumpEnergyScale OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorDataScale

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the scale of the values provided by objects energyConsumpTotalEnergy and energyConsumpPSTotalEnergy."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 6 }

energyConsumpEnergyPrecision OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorPrecision

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the precision of the values provided by objects energyConsumpTotalEnergy and energyConsumpPSTotalEnergy."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 7 }

energyConsumpDiscontinuityTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TimeStamp

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The value of sysUpTime on the most recent occasion at which any one or more of this entity's energy consumption counters suffered a discontinuity. The relevant counters are energyConsumpTotalEnergy and energyConsumpPSTotalEnergy. If no such discontinuities have occurred since the last re-initialization of the local management subsystem, then this object contains a zero value."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 8 }

energyConsumpPowerScale OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorDataScale

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the scale of the values provided by objects energyConsumpRealPower, energyConsumpPeakRealPower, energyConsumpReactivePower, and energyConsumpApparentPower."


```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 9 }
```

energyConsumePowerPrecision OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorPrecision

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the precision of values provided by objects energyConsumeRealPower, energyConsumePeakRealPower, energyConsumeReactivePower, and energyConsumeApparentPower."

```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 10 }
```

energyConsumeRealPower OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "watts"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current real power value measured in watts at the electrical supply of the entity for a time interval indicated by object energyConsumeSampleInterval."

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumePowerScale and energyConsumePowerPrecision."

```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 11 }
```

energyConsumePeakRealPower OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "watts"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the highest observed value for object energyConsumeRealPower since the last re-initialization of the management system."

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumePowerScale and energyConsumePowerPrecision."

```
::= { energyConsumeEntry 12 }
```

energyConsumeReactivePower OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "volt-amperes reactive"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current reactive power value

measured in volt-amperes reactive (var) at the electrical supply of the entity for a time interval indicated by object energyConsumpSampleInterval.

The value provided by this object is only useful if the value of object energyConsumpSupplyType is alternatingCurrent(1). In this case it is RECOMMENDED that at least one of the three values energyConsumpReactivePower, energyConsumpApparentPowerScale, and energyConsumpPhaseAngle are provided.

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumpPowerScale and energyConsumpPowerPrecision.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has a value other than alternatingCurrent(1), then the value of this object MUST be 0.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has the value alternatingCurrent(1) and if no value for the current reactive power is provided, then the value of this object MUST be -1000000000000000."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 13 }

energyConsumpApparentPower OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "volt-ampere"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current apparent power value measured in volt-ampere (VA) at the electrical supply of the entity for a time interval indicated by object energyConsumpSampleInterval.

The value provided by this object is only useful if the value of object energyConsumpSupplyType is alternatingCurrent(1). In this case it is RECOMMENDED that at least one of the three values energyConsumpReactivePower, energyConsumpApparentPowerScale, and energyConsumpPhaseAngle are provided.

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumpPowerScale and energyConsumpPowerPrecision.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has a value other than alternatingCurrent(1), then the value of this object MUST be equal to the value of object

energyConsumpRealPower.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has the value alternatingCurrent(1) and if no value for the current apparent power is provided, then the value of this object MUST be -100000000000."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 14 }

energyConsumpPhaseAngle OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "millidegrees"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current phase angle value measured at the electrical supply of the entity for a time interval indicated by object energyConsumpSampleInterval.

The value provided by this object is only useful if the value of object energyConsumpSupplyType is alternatingCurrent(1). In this case it is RECOMMENDED that at least one of the three values energyConsumpReactivePower, energyConsumpApparentPowerScale, and energyConsumpPhaseAngle are provided.

The value is provided in units of millidegree (one thousands of a degree). The minimum value for this object is -180000, the maximum value is 180000. Since the scaling factor is constant, there is no object of type EntitySensorDataScale provided for object energyConsumpPhaseAngle.

The precision of the value is indicated by object energyConsumpPhaseAnglePrecision.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has a value other than alternatingCurrent(1), then the value of this object MUST be 0.

If object energyConsumpElectricSupplyType of this row has the value alternatingCurrent(1) and if no value for the phase angle is provided, then the value of this object MUST be -100000000000."

::= { energyConsumpEntry 15 }

energyConsumpPhaseAnglePrecision OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorPrecision

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the precision of the value provided by object energyConsumeApparentPower."

::= { energyConsumeEntry 16 }

 -- 1.2. Energy Consumption Per Power State Table

energyConsumePSTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF EnergyConsumePSEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table provides information on the accumulated energy consumption of an entity.

This is a sparse augment of the entPhysicalTable.

Entries appear in this table for entities for which their energy consumption can be reported per power state.

An entry in this table SHOULD be created at the same time as the associated entPhysicalEntry. An entry SHOULD be destroyed if the associated entPhysicalEntry is destroyed."

::= { energyObjects 2 }

energyConsumePSEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EnergyConsumePSEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Energy consumption information per power state for a physical entity."

INDEX { entPhysicalIndex, powerState }

::= { energyConsumePSTable 1 }

EnergyConsumePSEntry ::=

SEQUENCE {

energyConsumePSTotalEnergy EntitySensorValue

}

energyConsumePSTotalEnergy OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX EntitySensorValue

UNITS "watt hours"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the total consumed energy measured in

watt hours at the electrical power supply of the entity.

Scale and precision of the value are indicated by objects energyConsumeEnergyScale and energyConsumeEnergyPrecision.

Discontinuities in the value of this counter can occur at re-initialization of the management system, and at other times as indicated by the value of energyConsumeDiscontinuityTime."

::= { energyConsumePSEntry 1 }

```
--=====
-- 2. Conformance Information
--=====
```

```
energyCompliance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { energyConformance 1 }
energyGroups      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { energyConformance 2 }
```

```
-----
-- 2.1. Compliance Statements
-----
```

energyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The compliance statement for implementations of the ENERGY-MIB module.

A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects defined in the mandatory group energyRequiredGroup.

If one of the entities for which energy consumption is reported are supplied by alternating current (AC) then it is recommended that not just real power is reported (REQUIRED) but it is also RECOMMENDED that at least one of three other related values (reactive power, apparent power, and phase angle) is reported by implementing at least one of the three groups energyReactivePowerGroup, energyApparentPowerGroup, and energyPhaseAngleGroup."

MODULE -- this module

MANDATORY-GROUPS { energyRequiredGroup }

GROUP energyACGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is only needed for implementations that report consumption of electric energy provided by alternating

current (AC) supply.

Implementations for devices supplied with direct current (DC) only and implementations that do only report real power reporting for alternative current do not need to implement objects in this group."

GROUP energyReactivePowerGroup

DESCRIPTION

"Information provided by elements in this group is redundant to information provided by elements in the energyApparentPowerGroup and the energyPhaseAngleGroup.

For compliant implementations that report consumption of electric energy provided by alternating current (AC) supply it is RECOMMENDED to at least one of the three groups energyReactivePowerGroup, energyApparentPowerGroup, and energyPhaseAngleGroup."

GROUP energyApparentPowerGroup

DESCRIPTION

"Information provided by elements in this group is redundant to information provided by elements in the energyReactivePowerGroup and the energyPhaseAngleGroup.

For compliant implementations that report consumption of electric energy provided by alternating current (AC) supply it is RECOMMENDED to at least one of the three groups energyReactivePowerGroup, energyApparentPowerGroup, and energyPhaseAngleGroup."

GROUP energyPhaseAngleGroup

DESCRIPTION

"Information provided by elements in this group is redundant to information provided by elements in the energyReactivePowerGroup and the energyApparentPowerGroup.

For compliant implementations that report consumption of electric energy provided by alternating current (AC) supply it is RECOMMENDED to at least one of the three groups energyReactivePowerGroup, energyApparentPowerGroup, and energyPhaseAngleGroup."

::= { energyCompliances 1 }

-- 2.2. Object Grouping

energyRequiredGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {

energyConsumeSensorOperStatus,
energyConsumeSampleInterval,
energyConsumeNominalSupplyVoltage,
energyConsumeElectricSupplyType,
energyConsumeTotalEnergy,
energyConsumeEnergyScale,
energyConsumeEnergyPrecision,
energyConsumeDiscontinuityTime,
energyConsumePowerScale,
energyConsumePowerPrecision,
energyConsumeRealPower,
energyConsumePeakRealPower,
energyConsumePSTotalEnergy

}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects
contained in this group."

::= { energyGroups 1 }

energyACGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {

energyConsumeReactivePower,
energyConsumeApparentPower,
energyConsumePhaseAngle,
energyConsumePhaseAnglePrecision

}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The group of object for reporting details of
AC power measurement."

::= { energyGroups 2 }

energyReactivePowerGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {

energyConsumeReactivePower

}

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The group of object for reporting the reactive power
measured for AC supply."

::= { energyGroups 3 }

energyApparentPowerGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS {

energyConsumeApparentPower


```
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The group of object for reporting the apparent power
        measured for AC supply."
    ::= { energyGroups 4 }

energyPhaseAngleGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        energyConsumePhaseAngle,
        energyConsumePhaseAnglePrecision
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The group of object for reporting the phase angle
        measured for AC supply."
    ::= { energyGroups 5 }

END
```

7.3. Battery MIB

```
BATTERY-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
    mib-2, Integer32, Unsigned32, Counter32
        FROM SNMPv2-SMI
        DateAndTime
        FROM SNMPv2-TC
    MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
        FROM SNMPv2-CONF
    entPhysicalIndex
        FROM ENTITY-MIB;

batteryMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "201001291200Z"
    ORGANIZATION "IETF OPSAWG Working Group"
    CONTACT-INFO
        "General Discussion: opsawg@ietf.org
        To Subscribe: https://www.ietf.org/mailman/listinfo/opsawg
        Archive: http://www.ietf.org/mail-archive/web/opsawg

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DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module defines a set of objects for monitoring
batteries of networked devices and of their components.

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(<http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info>).

This version of this MIB module is part of RFC yyyy; see
the RFC itself for full legal notices."

-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

-- Revision history

REVISION "201001291200Z" -- 29 January 2010

DESCRIPTION

"Initial version, published as RFC yyyy."

-- replace yyyy with actual RFC number & remove this notice

::= { mib-2 zzz }

-- zzz to be assigned by IANA.

-- *****

-- Top Level Structure of the MIB module

-- *****

batteryNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { batteryMIB 0 }


```

batteryObjects      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { batteryMIB 1 }
batteryConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { batteryMIB 2 }

```

```

-----
-- 1. Object Definitions
-----

```

```

-----
-- 1.1. Battery Table
-----

```

```

batteryTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF BatteryEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table provides information on batteries in networked
        devices. It is designed as a sparse augment of the
        entPhysicalTable defined in the ENTITY-MIB module and assumes
        that each battery is represented by an individual row in the
        entPhysicalTable with an individual value for the index
        entPhysicalIndex.

        Entries appear in this table only for entities that represent
        a battery. An entry in this table SHOULD be created at the
        same time as the associated entPhysicalEntry. An entry
        SHOULD be destroyed if the associated entPhysicalEntry is
        destroyed."
    ::= { batteryObjects 1 }

```

```

batteryEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      BatteryEntry
    MAX-ACCESS  not-accessible
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry providing information on a battery."
    INDEX { entPhysicalIndex }    -- SPARSE-AUGMENTS
    ::= { batteryTable 1 }

```

```

BatteryEntry ::=
    SEQUENCE {
        batteryType          INTEGER,
        batteryTechnology    INTEGER,
        batteryNominalVoltage Unsigned32,
        batteryNumberOfCells Unsigned32,
        batteryNominalCapacity Unsigned32,
        batteryRemainingCapacity Unsigned32,
        batteryChargingCycleCount Counter32,
        batteryLastChargingCycleTime DateAndTime,

```



```
    batteryState                INTEGER,
    batteryCurrentCharge        Unsigned32,
    batteryCurrentChargePercentage Unsigned32,
    batteryCurrentVoltage       Unsigned32,
    batteryCurrentCurrent       Integer32,
    batteryLowAlarmPercentage   Unsigned32,
    batteryLowAlarmVoltage      Unsigned32,
    batteryReplacementAlarmCapacity Unsigned32,
    batteryReplacementAlarmCycles Unsigned32
}
```

batteryType OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                primary(1),
                rechargeable(2),
                capacitor(3),
                other(4),
                unknown(5)
            }
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the type of battery. It distinguishes between one-way primary batteries, rechargeable secondary batteries and capacitors which are not really batteries but often used in the same way as a battery.

The value other(4) can be used if the battery type is known but none of the ones above. Value unknown(5) is to be used if the type of battery cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 1 }

batteryTechnology OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                zincCarbon(1),
                zincChloride(2),
                oxyNickelHydroxide(3),
                lithiumCopper(4),
                lithiumIron(5),
                lithiumManganese(6),
                zincAir(7),
                silverOxide(8),
                alkaline(9),
                leadAcid(10),
                nickelCadmium(12),
                nickelMetalHybride(13),
                nickelZinc(14),
                lithiumIon(15),
            }
```



```
        lithiumPolymer(16),
        doubleLayerCapacitor(17),
        other(18),
        unknown(19)
    }
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object indicates the technology used by the battery.
    Values 1-8 are primary battery technologies, values 10-16
    are rechargeable battery technologies and value alkaline(9)
    is used for primary batteries as well as for rechargeable
    batteries.

    The value other(18) can be used if the battery type is known
    but none of the ones above. Value unknown(19) is to be used
    if the type of battery cannot be determined."
 ::= { batteryEntry 2 }
```

batteryNominalVoltage OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS       "millivolt"
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object provides the nominal voltage of the battery
    in units of millivolt (mV).

    Note that the nominal voltage is a constant value and
    typically different from the actual voltage of the battery.

    A value of 0 indicates that the nominal voltage is unknown."
 ::= { batteryEntry 3 }
```

batteryNumberOfCells OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This object indicates the number of cells contained in the
    battery.

    A value of 0 indicates that the number of cells is unknown."
 ::= { batteryEntry 4 }
```

batteryNominalCapacity OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      Unsigned32
UNITS       "milliampere hours"
```


MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the nominal capacity of the battery in units of milliamperere hours (mAh).

Note that the nominal capacity is a constant value and typically different from the actual capacity of the battery.

A value of 0 indicates that the nominal capacity is unknown."

::= { batteryEntry 5 }

batteryRemainingCapacity OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "milliamperere hours"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the ACTUAL REMAINING capacity of the battery in units of milliamperere hours (mAh).

Note that the actual capacity needs to be measured and is typically an estimate based on observed discharging and charging cycles of the battery.

A value of 'ffffffff'H indicates that the actual capacity cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 6 }

batteryChargingCycleCount OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the number of charging cycles that that the battery underwent. Please note that the precise definition of a recharge cycle varies for different kinds of batteries and of devices containing batteries.

For batteries of type primary(1) the value of this object is always 0.

A value of 'ffffffff'H indicates that the number of charging cycles cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 7 }

batteryLastChargingCycleTime OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DateAndTime

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The date and time of the last charging cycle. The value '0000000000000000'H is returned if the battery has not been charged yet or if the last charging time cannot be determined.

For batteries of type primary(1) the value of this object is always '0000000000000000'H."

::= { batteryEntry 8 }

batteryState OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 full(1),
 partiallyCharged(2),
 empty(3),
 charging(4),
 discharging(5),
 unknown(6)
}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object indicates the current state of the battery. Value full(1) indicates a full battery with a capacity given by object batteryRemainingCapacity. Value empty(3) indicates a battery that cannot be used for providing electric power before charging it. Value partiallyCharged(2) is provided if the battery is neither empty nor full and if no charging or discharging is in progress. Charging or discharging of the battery is indicated by values charging(3) or discharging(4), respectively.

Value unknown(6) is to be used if the state of the battery cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 9 }

batteryCurrentCharge OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "milliampere hours"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the current charge of the battery in units of milliampere hours (mAh).

Note that the current charge needs to be measured and is

typically an estimate based on observed discharging and charging cycles of the battery.

A value of 'ffffffff'H indicates that the current charge cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 10 }

batteryCurrentChargePercentage OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..10000)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the current charge of the battery relative to the nominal capacity in units of a hundreds of a percent.

-- Open issue:

-- Should it be the percentage of the nominal capacity
-- or of the current capacity?

Note that this value needs to be measured and is typically an estimate based on observed discharging and charging cycles of the battery.

A value of 'ffffffff'H indicates that the relative current charge cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 11 }

batteryCurrentVoltage OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "millivolt"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the current voltage of the battery in units of millivolt (mV).

A value of 'ffffffff'H indicates that the current voltage cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 12 }

batteryCurrentCurrent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

UNITS "milliampere"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the current charging or discharging current of the battery in units of milliampere (mA). Charging current is indicated by positive values, discharging current is indicated by negative values.

A value of '7fffffff'H indicates that the current current cannot be determined."

::= { batteryEntry 13 }

batteryLowAlarmPercentage OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32 (0..10000)

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the lower threshold value for object batteryCurrentChargePercentage. If the value of object batteryCurrentChargePercentage falls below this threshold, a low battery alarm will be raised. The alarm procedure may include generating a batteryLowNotification.

A value of 0 indicates that the no alarm will be raised for any value of object batteryCurrentChargePercentage."

::= { batteryEntry 14 }

batteryLowAlarmVoltage OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "millivolt"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the lower threshold value for object batteryCurrentVoltage. If the value of object batteryCurrentVoltage falls below this threshold, a low battery alarm will be raised. The alarm procedure may include generating a batteryLowNotification.

A value of 0 indicates that the no alarm will be raised for any value of object batteryCurrentVoltage."

::= { batteryEntry 15 }

batteryReplacementAlarmCapacity OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32

UNITS "milliampere hours"

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the lower threshold value for object

batteryRemainingCapacity. If the value of object batteryRemainingCapacity falls below this threshold, a battery aging alarm will be raised. The alarm procedure may include generating a batteryAgingNotification.

A value of 0 indicates that the no alarm will be raised for any value of object batteryRemainingCapacity."

::= { batteryEntry 16 }

batteryReplacementAlarmCycles OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Unsigned32
UNITS "milliampere hours"
MAX-ACCESS read-only
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"This object provides the upper threshold value for object batteryChargingCycleCount. If the value of object batteryChargingCycleCount rises above this threshold, a battery aging alarm will be raised. The alarm procedure may include generating a batteryAgingNotification.

A value of 0 indicates that the no alarm will be raised for any value of object batteryChargingCycleCount."

::= { batteryEntry 17 }

--=====

-- 2. Notifications

--=====

batteryLowNotification NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS {
 batteryCurrentChargePercentage,
 batteryCurrentVoltage
}
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

"This notification can be generated when the current charge (batteryCurrentChargePercentage) or the current voltage (batteryCurrentVoltage) of the battery falls below a threshold defined by object batteryLowAlarmPercentage or object batteryLowAlarmVoltage, respectively."

::= { batteryNotifications 1 }

batteryAgingNotification NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS {
 batteryRemainingCapacity,
 batteryChargingCycleCount


```
}
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "This notification can be generated when the remaining
    capacity (batteryRemainingCapacity) falls below a threshold
    defined by object batteryReplacementAlarmCapacity
    or when the charging cycle count of the battery
    (batteryChargingCycleCount) exceeds the threshold defined
    by object batteryLowAlarmPercentage."
 ::= { batteryNotifications 2 }

-----
-- 3. Conformance Information
-----

batteryCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { batteryConformance 1 }
batteryGroups      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { batteryConformance 2 }

-----
-- 3.1. Compliance Statements
-----

batteryCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The compliance statement for implementations of the
        POWER-STATE-MIB module.

        A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects
        defined in the mandatory group psmRequiredGroup."
    MODULE -- this module
    MANDATORY-GROUPS {
        batteryDescriptionGroup,
        batteryStatusGroup,
        batteryAlarmThresholdsGroup
    }
    GROUP      batteryNotificationsGroup
    DESCRIPTION
        "A compliant implementation does not have to implement
        the psmNotificationsGroup."
    ::= { batteryCompliances 1 }

-----
-- 3.2. MIB Grouping
-----

batteryDescriptionGroup OBJECT-GROUP
```



```
OBJECTS {
    batteryType,
    batteryTechnology,
    batteryNominalVoltage,
    batteryNumberOfCells,
    batteryNominalCapacity
}
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects
    contained in this group."
::= { batteryGroups 1 }

batteryStatusGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        batteryRemainingCapacity,
        batteryChargingCycleCount,
        batteryLastChargingCycleTime,
        batteryState,
        batteryCurrentCharge,
        batteryCurrentChargePercentage,
        batteryCurrentVoltage,
        batteryCurrentCurrent
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects
        contained in this group."
    ::= { batteryGroups 2 }

batteryAlarmThresholdsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        batteryLowAlarmPercentage,
        batteryLowAlarmVoltage,
        batteryReplacementAlarmCapacity,
        batteryReplacementAlarmCycles
    }
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "A compliant implementation MUST implement the objects
        contained in this group."
    ::= { batteryGroups 3 }

batteryNotificationsGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS {
        batteryLowNotification,
        batteryAgingNotification
    }
}
```



```
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "A compliant implementation does not have to implement the
    notification contained in this group."
 ::= { batteryGroups 4 }
END
```

8. Security Considerations

There are no management objects defined in this MIB module that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. So, if this MIB module is implemented correctly, then there is no risk that an intruder can alter or create any management objects of this MIB module via direct SNMP SET operations.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- o This list is still to be done.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [\[RFC3410\]](#), [section 8](#)), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

9. IANA Considerations

The MIB modules in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

Descriptor	OBJECT IDENTIFIER value
-----	-----
powerStateMIB	{ mib-2 xxx }
energyMIB	{ mib-2 yyy }
batteryMIB	{ mib-2 zzz }

Other than that this document does not impose any IANA considerations.

10. References

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