INTERNET-DRAFT

Network Working Group Internet Draft Category: Informational Expire in six months A.Romanov Quality Quorum, Inc March 1997

Practical Approach to Improving Scalability and Interoperability of SNMP Applications <<u>draft-rfced-info-romanov-00.txt</u>>

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Abstract

The goal of this memo is to provide a simple solution for apparent practical problem of scalability and interoperability of network management applications.

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<u>1</u>. Introduction

Both the SNMPv1 protocol (RFC1157 [1]) and the SNMPv2 protocol (RFC1905 [2]) were developed with the goal of providing scalable network management environment. However, both these protocols did not specify limits on the complexity of the SET requests. At the same time both these protocols

required 100% atomicity (also known "as if simultaneous" principle) of SET requests. These two requirements combined can be satisfied only by impractically complex SNMP agents. So, these requirements were ignored to one or another degree by practically all existing SNMP agent implementations accepting SET requests.

In this environment network management applications (NMA) have no other way than to accept worse case and use less common denominator approach by utilizing only simplest forms SET requests in all cases. So, NMA with additional information is not able to utilize capabilities of high end SNMP agent implementations, so SNMP is not so good scaling up, it also has negative impact on interoprability between NMAs and network devices provided by diffrenet vendors.

2. Proposed Solution

It seems imperative to find practical solution allowing (1)really simple SNMP agent implementations, (2) NMAs able to adapt itself to both exploiting full capabilities of high end SNMP agents and utilizing modest capabilites of low end implementations. Proposed solution consists of two parts: (a) an implementation agreement to use error-status 'inconsistenValue' by SNMPv2 agents and 'badValue' by SNMPv1 agents to reject SET requests whose complexity exceeds agent abilities to process it, (b) MIB variables allowing NMAs to get information about acceptable level of SET request complexity for given SNMP agent before sending any requests.

This solution is (1)simple, (2)compliant with both SNMPv1 and SNMPv2, (3)backward compatible with existing implementations.

3. MIB Definitions

```
QQI-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    enterprises FROM SNMPv2-SMI;
qqiMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "9703010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "Quality Quorum, Inc."
    CONTACT-INFO
            н
                     Aleksey Romanov
           Email: qqi@world.std.com"
    DESCRIPTION
            "QQI private MIB tree."
    REVISION
                  "9703010000Z"
    DESCRIPTION
            "The initial revision of this MIB module."
    ::= { enterprises 3023 }
```

```
QQI-PUBLIC-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
    qqiMIB FROM QQI-MIB;
qqiPublicMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
    LAST-UPDATED "9703010000Z"
    ORGANIZATION "Quality Quorum, Inc."
    CONTACT-INFO
            н
                     Aleksey Romanov
          Email: qqi@world.std.com"
    DESCRIPTION
            "Part of QQI private MIB tree intended for public use."
                  "9703010000Z"
    REVISION
    DESCRIPTION
            "The initial revision of this MIB module."
    ::= { qqiMIB
                   25 }
-- Group providing information about acceptable complexity of
-- of SET requests for given SNMP agent
qqiPublicGroups OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qqiPublicMIB 1}
qqiSetRequest
               OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qqiPublicGroups 1 }
qqiSetLevel OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX
                INTEGER(0..7)
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
               current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The relative measure of SET request complexity acceptable for
         given SNMP agent. Its values has to be interpreted as follows:
             0 - the most primitive form of SNMP agent, it can reliably
                  process SET request which limited to single instance or
                  single row in the conceptual table. Also it is not able
                  to identify and reject too complex request,
             1 - Same as '0' plus it is able to process 'snmpSetSerialNo',
             2 - Same as '1' plus it is able to reliably identify and reject
                  too complex SET request (this is lowest level of really
                  compliant SNMP implementation),
             3 - Same as '2' plus it is able to process simplest case of
                  multiple rows/scalars in one PDU, e.g. it is able to add
                  several new PVCs to ATM switch configuration, however,
                  it will be unable to properly process resource reallocation
                  within a request, e.g. to reuse VCI freed by PVC being
                  deleted in PVC being created by the same request,
             4 - Same as '2' plus it is able to process complex updates
                  of multiple rows within a single table,
```

```
5 - Same as '3' plus it is able to process simple updates in
                  several tables simultaneously,
             6 - Same as '4' plus it is able to process complex updates in
                  several rows simultaneously,
             7 - No limits.
         For all practical purposes all agents which do not implement this
         variable should be considered of level 0."
    ::= { qqiSetRequest 1 }
ggiSetLimit OBJECT-TYPE
                INTEGER(1..65535)
    SYNTAX
    MAX-ACCESS read-only
    STATUS
                current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Limit on the number of rows/scalars to be processed by SNMP agent
        having value of qqiSetLevel in the range of (3..6). This value is
        not applicable to SNMP agent with qqiSetLevels 0, 1, 2, and 7."
   ::= { gqiSetRequest 2 }
-- Conformance statements
qqiPublicMIBConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qqiPublicMIB 2 }
qqiPublicMIBCompliance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qqiPublicMIBConformance 1 }
ggiPublicMIBGroups
                        OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { qqiPublicMIBConformance 2 }
-- compliance statements
qqiPublicMIBCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The compliance statement for SNMP entities which
        implement objects of qqiPublic MIB"
    MODULE
    MANDATORY-GROUPS { qqiSetGroup }
    ::= { qqiPublicMIBCompliance 1 }
-- units of conformance
qqiSetRequestGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS
              { qqiSetLevel, qqiSetLimit}
    STATUS
              current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The qqiSetRequest group of objects providing information about
        acceptable complexity of set request."
    ::= { qqiPublicMIBGroups 1 }
```

END

4. Acknowledgments

This memo was inspired by author's discussion with Bob Natale (ACE*COMM).

5. References

- [1] Jeffrey D. Case, Mark Fedor, Martin Lee Schoffstall and James R. Davin, Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), SNMP Research, Performance Systems International, MIT Laboratory for Computer Science, <u>RFC 1157</u>, May 1990.
- [2] Jeffrey D. Case, Keith McCloghrie, Marshall T. Rose and Steven Waldbusser, Protocol Operations for Version 2 of the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMPv2), SNMP Research Inc, Cisco Systems Inc, Dover Beach Consulting Inc, International Network Services, <u>RFC1905</u>, January 1996.

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