

Power Ethernet (DTE Power via MDI) MIB

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Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. The document proposes an extension to the Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB [[RFC2665](#)] with a set of objects for managing a power Ethernet Powered Device (PD) and/or Power Source Equipment (PSE).

Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Introduction

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it defines a set of MIB objects to manage a Power Ethernet (DTE Power via MDI)Powered Device (PD) and/or power Source Equipment (PSE).

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [\[RFC2863\]](#).

2. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- o An overall architecture, described in [RFC 2571](#) [[RFC2571](#)].
- o Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIV1 and described in STD 16, [RFC 1155](#) [[RFC1155](#)], STD 16, [RFC 1212](#) [[RFC1212](#)] and [RFC 1215](#) [[RFC1215](#)]. The second version, called SMIV2, is described in STD 58, [RFC 2578](#) [[RFC2578](#)], STD 58, [RFC 2579](#) [[RFC2579](#)] and STD 58, [RFC 2580](#) [[RFC2580](#)].
- o Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in STD 15, [RFC 1157](#) [[RFC1157](#)]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in [RFC 1901](#) [[RFC1901](#)] and [RFC 1906](#) [[RFC1906](#)]. The third version of the message protocol is called SNMPv3 and described in [RFC 1906](#) [[RFC1906](#)], [RFC 2572](#) [[RFC2572](#)] and [RFC 2574](#) [[RFC2574](#)].
- o Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in STD 15, [RFC 1157](#) [[RFC1157](#)]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in

[RFC 1905](#) [[RFC1905](#)].

- o A set of fundamental applications described in [RFC 2573](#) [[RFC2573](#)] and the view-based access control mechanism described in [RFC 2575](#) [[RFC2575](#)].

A more detailed introduction to the current SNMP Management Framework can be found in [RFC 2570](#) [[RFC2570](#)].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI.

This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIV2. A MIB conforming to the SMIV1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIV2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIV1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

3. Overview

The emergence of IP telephony as an application that allows for voice applications to be run over the same infrastructure as data applications led to the emergence of Ethernet IP phones, with similar functions and characteristics as the traditional phones. Powering a phone is one of these functions that are being taken as granted. The IEEE 802.3 Working Group initiated a standard work on this subject, currently known as the IEEE 802.3af work [[IEEE-802.3af](#)].

The IEEE 802.3af WG will not define a full management interface, but only the hardware registers that will allow for a management interfaces to be built for a powered Ethernet device. The MIB module defined in this document extends the Ethernet-like Interfaces MIB [[RFC2665](#)] with the management objects required for the management of the powered Ethernet devices and ports.

The following abbreviations are defined in [[IEEE-802.3af](#)] and will be used with the same significance in this document: PSE - Power Sourcing Equipment; PD - Powered Device

4. MIB Structure

This MIB module is composed of two tables and one MIB group.

The pethPsePortTable defines the objects used for the configuration and describing the status of ports on a PSE device. Examples of PSE devices are Ethernet switches that support power Ethernet and mid-span boxes.

The pethPdPortTable defines the objects used for the configuration and describing the status of ports on a PD device. Examples of PD devices are Ethernet phones.

The pethMainPseObjects MIB group defines the management objects for a managed main power source in a PSE device. Ethernet switches are one example of boxes that would support these objects.

5. Evolution of the Document, Limitations and Future Work

The IEEE 802.3af is at this stage work in progress. The scope of this document is to initiate standards work in the IETF in order to allow for the publication of a standard track document containing an SNMP MIB simultaneously or close to the date of the publication of the IEEE revised standard. It is expected that changes may be brought to the IEEE proposal. There are aspects that were not yet included in the first version of the MIB like use of notifications.

6. Definitions

```
PETH-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
```

```
IMPORTS
```

```
    MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Integer32
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
```

```
dot3
```

```
    FROM EtherLike-MIB
```

```
TruthValue
```

```
    FROM SNMPv2-TC
```

```
InterfaceIndex
```

```
    FROM IF-MIB
```

```
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
```

```
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF;
```

```
powerEthernetMIB MODULE-IDENTITY
```

```
    LAST-UPDATED "200102220000Z"
```

```
    ORGANIZATION "Avaya Inc."
```

```
    CONTACT-INFO
```

```
"
```


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Email: dromasca@avaya.com"

DESCRIPTION

"The MIB module for for managing Powered Devices (PD) or
Power Source Equipment (PSE) working according to the IEEE
802.af Powere Ethernet (DTE Power via MDI) standard."

::= { dot3 20 }

pethObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerEthernetMIB 1 }
pethNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerEthernetMIB 2 }
pethConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { powerEthernetMIB 3 }

-- pethAgentControl MIB group defines the control objects for the power
-- Ethernet Agent

pethPsePortTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PethPsePortEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A table of objects that display and control the power
characteristics power Ethernet ports on a Power Source
Entity (PSE) device. This group will be implemented in
managed power Ethernet switches and mid-span devices."

::= { pethObjects 1 }

pethPsePortEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PethPsePortEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A set of objects that display and control the power
characteristics of a power Ethernet PSE port."

INDEX { pethPsePortIndex }

::= { pethPsePortTable 1 }

PethPsePortEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

pethPsePortIndex

InterfaceIndex,

pethPsePortPowerEnable

INTEGER,

pethPsePortPowerIdPairsControl

TruthValue,

pethPsePortPowerIdPairs

INTEGER,


```
pethPsePortPowerDetectionStatus
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortDetectionOperStatus
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortPowerPriority
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortDenyError
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortFaultError
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortFaultErrorClear
    INTEGER,
pethPsePortType
    INTEGER
}
```

pethPsePortIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndex

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An index value that uniquely identifies an interface to a PSE device. The interface identified by a particular value of this index is the same interface as identified by the same value of ifIndex. The mapping between the ifIndex values and the numbering of the port on the device is an implementation issue."

::= { pethPsePortEntry 1 }

pethPsePortPowerEnable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 auto(1),
 off(2),
 test(3)

}

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Enables power supply on this port.

Setting this object at a value auto(1) enables power and detection mechanism for this port.

Setting this object at a value off(2) disables power and detection mechanism for this port.

Setting this object at a value test(3) sets the port in a testing mode - deection pulses are permanently sent, power is turned off."


```
::= { pethPsePortEntry 2 }
```

pethPsePortPowerIdPairsControl OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes the capability of controlling the power
pairs functionality to switch pins for sourcing power."

```
::= { pethPsePortEntry 3 }
```

pethPsePortPowerIdPairs OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    signal(1),  
    spare(2),  
    both(3)
```

```
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes or controls the pairs in use. If the value of
pethPsePortPowerIdpairsControl is true, thisobject is
writable.

A value of signal(1) means that the signal pairs
only are in use.

A value of spare(2) means that the spare pairs
only are in use.

A value of both(3) means that both the signal
and the spare pairs are in use."

```
::= { pethPsePortEntry 4 }
```

pethPsePortPowerDetectionStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {  
    auto(1),  
    off(2),  
    test(3)
```

```
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Controls the power detection mechanism of the port.
Setting the value auto(1) enables the power detection
mechanism of the port.
Setting the value off(2) disables the power detection
mechanism of the port.
Setting the value test(3) "

```
::= { pethPsePortEntry 5 }
```


pethPsePortDetectionOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    deliveringPower(1),
    off(2),
    searching(3),
    fault(4)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes the operational status of the port detection.

A value of deliveringPower(1) indicates that the port executed the detection algorithm, found a PD connection and is currently delivering power.

A value of off(2) indicates that the port did not find a PD connection and is not delivering power.

A value of searching(3) indicates that the detection algorithm is in work, and did not complete its action. No power is currently provided.

A value of fault(4) indicates that a fault was detected on the port. "

::= { pethPsePortEntry 6 }

pethPsePortPowerPriority OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    critical(1),
    high(2),
    low(3)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object controls the priority of the port from the point of view of a power management algorithm. The priority that is set by this variable could be used by a control mechanism that prevents over current situations by disconnecting first ports with lower power priority. Ports that connect devices critical to the operation of the network - like the E911 telephones ports - should be set to higher priority."

::= { pethPsePortEntry 7 }

pethPsePortDenyError OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    other(1),
    lowPriority(2)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This object describes an error resulted from an action of the power management mechanism. The value lowPriority(2) indicates that the port was disabled by the power management system, in order to keep active higher priority ports."

::= { pethPsePortEntry 8 }

pethPsePortFaultError OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    none(1),
    underCurrent(2),
    overCurrent(3)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes a current port error related to the power generation. The value underCurrent(2) indicates that the port current is below the minimal value. The value overCurrent(3) indicates that the port current exceeds the maximal value."

::= { pethPsePortEntry 9 }

pethPsePortFaultErrorClear OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    clear(1),
    off(2)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Setting the value of this object to clear(1) clears the value of the pethPsePortFaultError to none(1)."

::= { pethPsePortEntry 10 }

pethPsePortType OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX INTEGER {
    other(1),
    telephone(2),
    webcam(3),
    wireless(4)
}
```

MAX-ACCESS read-write

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A manager will set the value of this variable to a value that indicates the type of the device that is connected to the port. This value can be the result of the mapping

the address of the station connected to the port and of
the value of the pethPdPortType of the respective PD port."
::= { pethPsePortEntry 11 }

-- PD Port table

pethPdPortTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PethPdPortEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A table of objects that display and control the power
characteristics power Ethernet ports on a Powered
Device(PD) device. This group will be implemented in
managed powered and mid-span devices."

::= { pethObjects 2 }

pethPdPortEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PethPdPortEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A set of objects that display and control the power
characteristics of a Powered Device port."

INDEX { pethPdPortIndex }

::= { pethPdPortTable 1 }

PethPdPortEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

pethPdPortIndex

InterfaceIndex,

pethPdPortPowerPairs

INTEGER,

pethPdPortDetectionOperStatus

INTEGER,

pethPdPortType

INTEGER

}

pethPdPortIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndex

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An index value that uniquely identifies an
interface to a PD device. The
interface identified by a particular value of
this index is the same interface as identified
by the same value of ifIndex. The mapping

between the ifIndex values and the numbering of the port on the device is an implementation issue."

::= { pethPdPortEntry 1 }

pethPdPortPowerPairs OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 signal(1),
 spare(2),
 both(3)

}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes the pairs in use.

A value of signal(1) means that the signal pairs only are in use.

A value of spare(2) means that the spare pairs only are in use.

A value of both(3) means that both the signal and the spare pairs are in use."

::= { pethPdPortEntry 2 }

pethPdPortDetectionOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 off(1),
 receivingPower(2)

}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Describes the operational status of the port detection.

The value off(1) means that the port does not receive power and the detection algorithm might still be operating.

The value receivingPower(2) means that the port is receiving power. "

::= { pethPdPortEntry 3 }

pethPdPortType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 other(1),
 telephone(2),
 webcam(3),
 wireless(4)

}

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION


```
        "The type of the device. A management application may read
        the value of this variable and use it for setting the
        corresponding value of pethPsePortType of the port that
        connects the device."
 ::= { pethPdPortEntry 4 }

-- Main PSE Objects

pethMainPseObjects      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pethObjects 3 }

pethMainPsePower OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The nominal power of the PSE expressed in Watts."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 1 }

pethMainPseMaxVoltage OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The maximum admitted voltage expressed in mV."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 2 }

pethMainPseMinVoltage OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS   read-write
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The minimal admitted voltage expressed in mV."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 3 }

pethMainPseOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX INTEGER {
        on(1),
        off(2),
        faulty(3)
    }
    MAX-ACCESS   read-only
    STATUS       current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The operational status of the main PSE."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 4 }

pethMainPseUsagePower OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
```



```
MAX-ACCESS    read-only
STATUS        current
DESCRIPTION
    "Measured usage power expressed in mW."
 ::= { pethMainPseObjects 5 }

pethMainPseUsageCurrent OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (0..65535)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-only
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Measured usage current expressed in mA."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 6 }

pethMainPseUsageThreshold OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX      Integer32 (1..99)
    MAX-ACCESS  read-write
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The usage threshold expressed in percens for
         comparing the measured power and initiating
         an alarm if the threshold is exceeded."
    ::= { pethMainPseObjects 7 }

--
-- Notifications Section
-- (none defined)
--

--
-- Conformance Section
--

pethCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pethConformance 1 }
pethGroups      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pethConformance 2 }

pethCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS      current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Describes the requirements for conformance to the
         Power Ethernet MIB."
    MODULE -- this module
        GROUP   pethPsePortGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The pethPsePortGroup is mandatory for systems which
             implement PSE ports."
        GROUP   pethPdPortGroup
        DESCRIPTION
            "The pethPdPortGroup is mandatory for systems which
```



```
        implement PD Ports."
    GROUP    pethMainPseGroup
    DESCRIPTION
        "The pethMainPseGroup is mandatory for systems which
        implement main power supply within a PSE Device."
    ::= { pethCompliances 1 }

pethPsePortGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        pethPsePortPowerEnable,
        pethPsePortPowerIdPairsControl,
        pethPsePortPowerIdPairs,
        pethPsePortPowerDetectionStatus,
        pethPsePortDetectionOperStatus,
        pethPsePortPowerPriority,
        pethPsePortDenyError,
        pethPsePortFaultError,
        pethPsePortFaultErrorClear,
        pethPsePortType
    }
    STATUS   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "PSE Port objects."
    ::= { pethGroups 1 }

pethPdPortGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        pethPdPortPowerPairs,
        pethPdPortDetectionOperStatus,
        pethPdPortType
    }
    STATUS   current
    DESCRIPTION
        "PD Port Objects."
    ::= { pethGroups 2 }

pethMainPseGroup OBJECT-GROUP
    OBJECTS {
        pethMainPsePower,
        pethMainPseMaxVoltage,
        pethMainPseMinVoltage,
        pethMainPseOperStatus,
        pethMainPseUsageCurrent,
        pethMainPseUsagePower,
        pethMainPseUsageThreshold
    }
    STATUS   current
    DESCRIPTION
```



```
"Main PSE Objects. "  
 ::= { pethGroups 3 }  
END
```

7. References

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9. Security Considerations

There are a number of management objects defined in this MIB that have a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

There are a number of managed objects in this MIB that may contain sensitive information. These are:

It is thus important to control even GET access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these object when sending them over the network via SNMP. Not all versions of SNMP provide features for such a secure environment.

SNMPv1 by itself is not a secure environment. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPSec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB.

It is RECOMMENDED that the implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework. Specifically, the use of the User-based Security Model [[RFC2274](#)] and the View-based Access Control Model [[RFC2275](#)] is RECOMMENDED.

It is then a customer/user responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

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