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**Usage of Large BGP Communities**  
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Abstract

Examples and inspiration for operators on how to use Large BGP Communities.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [[RFC2119](#)].

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## Table of Contents

<a href="#">1.</a>	Introduction . . . . .	<a href="#">2</a>
<a href="#">2.</a>	The Generic Design Pattern . . . . .	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">2.1.</a>	Informational Communities . . . . .	<a href="#">3</a>
<a href="#">2.2.</a>	Action Communities . . . . .	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">3.</a>	Examples of Informational Communities . . . . .	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">3.1.</a>	Location . . . . .	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">3.1.1.</a>	An ISO 3166-1 numeric function . . . . .	<a href="#">4</a>
<a href="#">3.1.2.</a>	An UNSD region function . . . . .	<a href="#">5</a>
<a href="#">3.2.</a>	Relation . . . . .	<a href="#">5</a>
<a href="#">3.3.</a>	Combining Informational Communities . . . . .	<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">4.</a>	Examples of Action Communities . . . . .	<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">4.1.</a>	Selective NO_EXPORT . . . . .	<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">4.1.1.</a>	Peer ASN Based Selective NO_EXPORT . . . . .	<a href="#">6</a>
<a href="#">4.1.2.</a>	Location Based Selective NO_EXPORT . . . . .	<a href="#">7</a>
<a href="#">4.2.</a>	Selective AS_PATH Prepending . . . . .	<a href="#">7</a>
<a href="#">4.2.1.</a>	Peer ASN Based Selective AS_PATH Prepending . . . . .	<a href="#">7</a>
<a href="#">4.2.2.</a>	Location Based Selective AS_PATH Prepending . . . . .	<a href="#">8</a>
<a href="#">4.3.</a>	Region-Specific LOCAL_PREFERENCE . . . . .	<a href="#">8</a>
<a href="#">5.</a>	Security Considerations . . . . .	<a href="#">8</a>
<a href="#">6.</a>	IANA Considerations . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>
<a href="#">7.</a>	Acknowledgements . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>
<a href="#">8.</a>	References . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>
<a href="#">8.1.</a>	Normative References . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>
<a href="#">8.2.</a>	URIs . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>
	Authors' Addresses . . . . .	<a href="#">9</a>

## [1.](#) Introduction

Large BGP Communities [[I-D.ietf-idr-large-community](#)] provide a mechanism to signal opaque information between Autonomous Systems. This document presents a set of examples on how Large BGP Communities could be implemented by an operator to achieve various goals. This document draws from experience in Operational Communities such as NANOG [[1](#)] and NLNOG [[2](#)].

The opaque nature of Large BGP Communities allows for rapid deployment of new features or changes to the product. Operators are encouraged to publicly publish an up to date version of their routing policy in which they document what each Large BGP Community means.



## **2. The Generic Design Pattern**

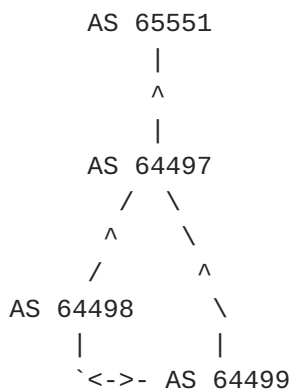
Large BGP Communities are composed of a 4-octet Global Administrator field followed by two 4-octet Local Data fields. The design pattern described in this document uses a "ASN:Function:Parameter"-approach to fill the three fields.

In deployments of both BGP Communities [[RFC1997](#)] and Large BGP Communities, two categories of Communities are recognised:

- o Informational Communities
- o Action Communities

For each context ideas are provided regarding the contents of each of the three fields in Large BGP Communities.

Throughout the document a topology of four Autonomous Systems is used to illustrate the usage of Communities in the following configuration:



AS 64497 obtains transit services from AS 65551. AS 64497 provides transit services to both AS 64498 and AS 64499. AS 64498 and AS 64499 maintain a peering relation in which they only exchange their customer routes.

### **2.1. Informational Communities**

Informational Communities serve as markers regarding the origin of the route announcement, the relation with the EBGp neighbor or for instance the intended propagation audience. Informational Communities also assist in network operations such as debugging.

The Global Administrator field is set to the ASN which is marking the routes with the Informational Communities. As an example: on a route which AS 64497 announces to AS 64498, AS 64497 might add the Large



BGP Community 64497:100:31 to signal to AS 64498 that the route was learned in the Netherlands.

In general the intended audience of Informational Communities are downstream networks, but any adjacent Autonomous System could benefit from receiving these communities.

## **2.2. Action Communities**

Action Communities are attached to routes to request non-default behaviour in an adjacent Autonomous System. For instance, Action Communities are used to change the route's propagation characteristics, the route's LOCAL\_PREF value or the amount of AS\_PATH prepends that should be added when exporting or importing a route.

The Global Administrator field is set to the ASN which is expected to perform a non-default action upon receiving the route. For instance, if AS 64499 would want to request AS 64497 to lower the LOCAL\_PREFERENCE below the default, AS 64499 could tag the route with 64497:20:50.

In general the intended audience of Action Communities is an upstream provider.

## **3. Examples of Informational Communities**

### **3.1. Location**

AS 64497 can inform its downstream networks about the geographical entity where AS 64497 learned a route by marking the route with Large BGP Communities following one or a combination of the following schemes.

#### **3.1.1. An ISO 3166-1 numeric function**

AS 64497 could assign a value of 1 to the first Local Data field to designate the function of the parameter in the second Local Data field as ISO-3166-1 numeric country identifiers.



+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:1:528	Route learned in Netherlands
64497:1:392	Route learned in Japan
64497:1:840	Route learned in United States of America
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 using Informational Communities describing the origin of routes using ISO 3166-1 numeric identifiers.

Table 1: Information: ISO 3166-1

### **3.1.2. An UNSD region function**

AS 64497 could assign a value of 2 to the first Local Data field to designate the function of the parameter in the second Local Data field as an identifier for the macro geographical (continental) regions, geographical sub-regions, or selected economic and other groupings following a set of published identifiers by the United Nations Statistics Division [3].

+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:2:2	Route learned in Africa
64497:2:9	Route learned in Oceania
64497:2:145	Route learned in Western Asia
64497:2:150	Route learned in Europe
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 using Informational Communities describing the origin of routes using numeric identifiers provided by the UN Statistics Division.

Table 2: Information: Regions

### **3.2. Relation**

AS 64497 could assign a value of 3 to the first Local Data field to designate that the second Local Data field contains an identifier showing the relation with the EBGp neighbor from whom the route was received.





+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:3:1	Route learned from a customer
64497:3:2	Route learned from a peering partner
64497:3:3	Route learned from an upstream provider
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 using Informational Communities describing the relation with the ASN from which the route was received.

Table 3: Information: Relation

### [3.3.](#) Combining Informational Communities

Multiple Informational Communities can be tagged on a route, for example: a route learned in the Netherlands from a customer can contain both 64497:1:528 and 64497:2:150 and 64497:3:1.

## [4.](#) Examples of Action Communities

### [4.1.](#) Selective NO\_EXPORT

As part of the commercial agreement between AS 64497 and AS 64498, AS 64497 might offer AS 64498 certain BGP Traffic Engineering features such as selectively not exporting routes learned from 64498 to certain EBGP neighbors of AS 64497.

#### [4.1.1.](#) Peer ASN Based Selective NO\_EXPORT

AS 64497 might assign function identifier 4 to allow preventing propagation of routes to the ASN listed in the second Local Data field.

+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:4:2914	Do not export route to AS 2914
64497:4:7018	Do not export route to AS 3356
64497:4:65551	Do not export route to AS 65551
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 offering Action Communities to limit propagation of routes based on the Peer ASN described in the third field.

Table 4: Action: Peer ASN NO\_EXPORT



#### [4.1.2.](#) Location Based Selective NO\_EXPORT

AS 64497 might assign function identifier 5 to allow its customers to request selectively not exporting routes on EBGP sessions within a certain geographical area. This example follows the ISO 3166-1 numeric encoding.

Large BGP Community	Meaning
64497:5:528	Do not export to EBGP neighbors in the Netherlands
64497:5:392	Do not export to EBGP neighbors in Japan
64497:5:840	Do not export to EBGP neighbors in United States of America

Example documentation for AS 64497 offering Action Communities to trigger NO\_EXPORT on routes only when propagating the route to a certain geographical region.

Table 5: Action: NO\_EXPORT in Region

#### [4.2.](#) Selective AS\_PATH Prepending

As part of the commercial agreement between AS 64497 and AS 64498, AS 64497 might offer AS 64498 certain BGP Traffic Engineering features such as selectively prepending the AS\_PATH with 64497's ASN to certain EBGP neighbors of AS 64497.

##### [4.2.1.](#) Peer ASN Based Selective AS\_PATH Prepending

AS 64497 might assign function identifier 6 to allow prepending the AS\_PATH on propagation of routes to the ASN listed in the second Local Data field.



+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:6:2914	Prepend 64497 once on export to AS 2914
64497:6:7018	Prepend 64497 once on export to AS 7018
64497:6:65551	Prepend 64497 once on export to AS 65551
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 offering Action Communities to trigger prepending of the AS\_PATH only when propagating the route to a certain Peer ASN.

Table 6: Action: Prepend to Peer ASN

#### **4.2.2. Location Based Selective AS\_PATH Prepending**

AS 64497 might assign function identifier 7 to allow prepending of the AS\_PATH on propagation of routes to on any EBGp neighbor's interconnection in the geographical entity listed in the second Local Data field. This example follows the ISO 3166-1 numeric encoding.

+-----+-----+	
Large BGP Community	Meaning
+-----+-----+	
64497:7:528	Prepend once to EBGp neighbors in the Netherlands
64497:7:392	Prepend once to EBGp neighbors in Japan
64497:7:840	Prepend once to EBGp neighbors in United States of America
+-----+-----+	

Example documentation for AS 64497 offering Action Communities to trigger prepending of the AS\_PATH only when propagating the route to a certain geographical region.

Table 7: Action: Prepend in Region

#### **4.3. Region-Specific LOCAL\_PREFERENCE**

To be filled in.

### **5. Security Considerations**

Network operators should note the recommendations in [Section 11](#) of BGP Operations and Security [[RFC7454](#)].



## **6. IANA Considerations**

None.

## **7. Acknowledgements**

Thanks to ...

## **8. References**

### **8.1. Normative References**

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- [RFC7454] Durand, J., Pepelnjak, I., and G. Doering, "BGP Operations and Security", [BCP 194](#), [RFC 7454](#), DOI 10.17487/RFC7454, February 2015, <<http://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc7454>>.

### **8.2. URIs**

- [1] <http://nanog.net>
- [2] <http://nlno.net>
- [3] <http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49regin.htm>

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