

MPLS Traffic Engineering Management Information Base[draft-srinivasan-mpls-te-mib-01.txt](#)

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Abstract

This memo defines an experimental portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular it describes managed objects for Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) [1, 2] based traffic engineering.

1. Introduction

This memo defines an experimental portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular it describes managed objects for Multi-Protocol Label Switching (MPLS) [1, 2] based traffic engineering, including tunnels and cross-connects. Comments should be made directly to the MPLS mailing list at mpls@external.cisco.com.

This memo does not, in its draft form, specify a standard for the Internet community.

2. Terminology

This document uses terminology from the MPLS architecture document [1].

An explicitly routed LSP is referred to as an MPLS tunnel. It consists of one in-segment and/or one out-segment at the ingress/egress LSRs. These are also referred to as tunnel segments. Additionally, at an intermediate LSR, we model a connection as consisting of one or more in-segments and/or one or more out-segments. The binding or interconnection between in-segments and out-segments is performed using a cross-connect.

3. The SNMP Management Framework

The SNMP Management Framework presently consists of five major components:

- An overall architecture, described in [RFC 2271](#) [7].
- Mechanisms for describing and naming objects and events for the purpose of management. The first version of this Structure of Management Information (SMI) is called SMIV1 and described in RFC 1155 [8], [RFC 1212](#) [9] and [RFC 1215](#) [10]. The second version, called SMIV2, is described in [RFC 1902](#) [11], RFC 1903 [12] and [RFC 1904](#) [13].
- Message protocols for transferring management information. The first version of the SNMP message protocol is called SNMPv1 and described in [RFC 1157](#) [14]. A second version of the SNMP message protocol, which is not an Internet standards track protocol, is called SNMPv2c and described in [RFC 1901](#) [15] and RFC 1906 [16]. The third version of the message protocol is

called SNMPv3 and described in [RFC 1906](#) [[16](#)], RFC 2272 [[17](#)]
and [RFC 2274](#) [[18](#)].

- Protocol operations for accessing management information. The first set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1157 [14]. A second set of protocol operations and associated PDU formats is described in RFC 1905 [19].
- A set of fundamental applications described in RFC 2273 [20] and the view-based access control mechanism described in RFC 2275 [21]. Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the SMI. This memo specifies a MIB module that is compliant to the SMIV2. A MIB conforming to the SMIV1 can be produced through the appropriate translations. The resulting translated MIB must be semantically equivalent, except where objects or events are omitted because no translation is possible (use of Counter64). Some machine readable information in SMIV2 will be converted into textual descriptions in SMIV1 during the translation process. However, this loss of machine readable information is not considered to change the semantics of the MIB.

3.1. Object Definitions

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. Objects in the MIB are defined using the subset of Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1) defined in the SMI. In particular, each object type is named by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER, an administratively assigned name. The object type together with an object instance serves to uniquely identify a specific instantiation of the object. For human convenience, we often use a textual string, termed the descriptor, to also refer to the object type.

4. Feature Checklist

The MPLS traffic engineering MIB is designed to satisfy the following requirements and constraints.

- The MIB must support the configuration of point-to-point uni-directional tunnels.
- The MIB should be able to support the configuration of point-to-point bi-directional tunnels.

- The MIB should be able to support the configuration of multipoint-to-point unidirectional tunnels.

- MPLS tunnels need not be interfaces, but it should be possible to configure a tunnel as an interface.
- The MIB should be able to support both manually configured MPLS tunnels and cross-connects as well as via LDP and/or RSVP signalling.
- MPLS packets must be forwarded solely based on an incoming top label [[1](#), [3](#)].
- Support must be provided for next-hop resolution when the outgoing interface is a shared media interface. In the multicast case, each outgoing segment can be on a different shared media interface.
- The MIB must support point-to-point, point-to-multipoint (multicast) and multipoint-to-point connections at a cross-connect LSR.
- For multipoint-to-point connections all the outgoing packets must have the same top label.
- For multipoint-to-point connections the outgoing resources of the merged connections must be shared.
- For multipoint-to-point connections, packets from different incoming connections may have distinct outgoing label stacks, beneath the (identical) top label.
- In the multicast case each outgoing connection can have a distinct label stack including the top label.
- In a multicast connection the ingress resources are shared by all the members of the connection.
- The MIB must provide cross-connect capability to "pop" an incoming label and forward the packet with the rest of the label stack unchanged and without pushing any labels ("pop-and-go") [[3](#)].
- It must be possible to assign or remap COS bits [[3](#)] on the outgoing label. In the multipoint-to-point case, each in-segment can have a different outgoing COS value. In the multicast case, each out-segment can have a different outgoing COS value.
- It should be possible to support persistent as well as non-

persistent tunnels and cross-connects.

- Performance counters must be provided for in-segments and out-segments.

5. Outline

Traffic engineering support for MPLS tunnels and cross-connects requires the following configuration.

- Setting up MPLS tunnels with the appropriate configuration parameters.
- Setting up tunnel segments with appropriate traffic parameters.
- Setting up the cross-connect table to switch between segments.
- Specifying label stack actions.

5.1. Summary of MPLS MIB

The MIB objects for performing these actions consist of the following tables.

- Tunnel Table (mplsTunnelTable) and Tunnel Hop Table (mplsTunnelHopTable) to configure MPLS tunnels.
- In-Segment (mplsInSegmentTable) and Out-Segment (mplsOutSegmentTable) Tables for configuring in and out segment of a tunnel at the ingress and egress LSRs of the tunnel. These tables are also used for defining the segments comprising a cross-connect entry at intermediate LSRs of a tunnel.
- Cross-Connect Table (mplsXCTable) for configuring MPLS cross-connects and creating relationships between in and out tunnel segments constituting a cross-connect.
- Label Stack Table (mplsLabelStackTable) for specifying label stack operations.

Further, the MPLS In-Segment and Out-Segment Performance Tables contain the objects necessary to measure the performance of both tunnels and cross-connects. These tables are described in the subsequent sections.

6. MPLS Tunnels

The tables described in this section support the functionality

described in documents [4, 5]. The tables support both manually configured and signalled tunnels. Moreover, it provides the capability to associate two uni-directional tunnels to form a single bi-directional tunnel.

6.1. mplsTunnelTable

The mplsTunnelTable allows new MPLS tunnels to be created between an MPLS LSR and a remote endpoint, and existing tunnels to be reconfigured or removed. Note that we only support point-to-point tunnel segments, although multipoint-to-point and point-to-multipoint connections are supported by an LSR acting as a cross-connect. Each MPLS tunnel can thus have one out-segment originating at this LSR and/or one in-segment terminating at this LSR.

mplsTunnelTable does not define the in and out segments forming the tunnel. Instead, these are defined by creating rows in the in-segment and out-segment tables, defining relationships in the cross-connect table ([Section 5](#)) and referring to these rows in the mplsTunnelTable using a cross-connect index, mplsTunnelXCID. [Section 5.7](#) provides a detailed explanation.

6.2. mplsTunnelHopTable

mplsTunnelHopTable is used to indicate the hops, strict or loose, for an MPLS tunnel defined in mplsTunnelTable, when it is established via signalling. Each row in this table is indexed primarily by the same index mplsTunnelIndex as the row of the corresponding tunnel in mplsTunnelTable. Each row also has a secondary index mplsTunnelHopIndex corresponding to the next hop of this tunnel. The scalar mplsTunnelMaxHops, indicates the maximum number of hops that can be specified per tunnel on this LSR.

7. MPLS Cross-Connect

The tables described in this section, when considered together, are equivalent to the tables described in the MPLS architecture document [1], that is, the Next Hop Label Forwarding Entry (NHLFE) and the Incoming Label Map (ILM) tables.

7.1. mplsInSegmentTable

This table contains a description of the the incoming MPLS segments to an LSR and their traffic parameters.

7.2. mplsInSegmentPerfTable

The MPLS In-Segment Performance Table has objects to measure the performance of an incoming segment configured on an LSR. It is an AUGMENT to mplsInSegmentTable.

7.3. mplsOutSegmentTable

The Out-Segment Table contains a description of the the outgoing MPLS segments at an LSR and their traffic parameters.

7.4. mplsOutSegmentPerfTable

The MPLS Out-Segment Table contains objects to measure the performance of an outgoing segment configured on an LSR. It is an AUGMENT to mplsOutSegmentTable.

7.5. mplsXCTable

mplsXCTable specifies information for switching between segments. It supports point-to-point, point-to-multipoint (multicasting), and multipoint-to-point (multiplexing) connections.

7.6. mplsLabelStackTable

mplsLabelStackTable specifies the label stack to be pushed onto a packet, beneath the top label. Entries to this table are referred to from mplsXCTable.

7.7. Specifying the Segments of a Tunnel

Suppose that we want to manually create a bi-directional tunnel, consisting of an in-segment and an out-segment on an LSR (with no label stack beneath the top label on the outgoing labeled packets). The following rows and corresponding objects need to be created to do this.

First, the in-segment and the out-segment are created with the appropriate traffic parameters.

In mplsInSegmentTable:
{

mplsInSegmentIfIndex = i1,

```
    mplsInSegmentLabel = l1,  
    mplsInSegmentNPop = 1,  
    mplsInSegmentMaxRate,  
    mplsInSegmentMeanRate,  
    mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize,  
    mplsInSegmentRowStatus = createAndGo(3)  
}
```

In mplsOutSegmentTable:

```
{  
    mplsOutSegmentIndex = o,  
    mplsOutSegmentIfIndex = i2,  
    mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel = true(1),  
    mplsOutSegmentTopLabel = l2,  
    mplsOutSegmentMaxRate,  
    mplsOutSegmentMeanRate,  
    mplsOutSegmentMaxBurstSize,  
    mplsOutSegmentRowStatus = createAndGo(3)  
}
```

Next, two cross-connect entries associating these two segments by sharing the same mplsXCIndex are created.

In mplsXCTable, for the in-segment:

```
{  
    mplsXCIndex = x,  
    mplsInSegmentIfIndex = i1,  
    mplsInSegmentLabel = l1,  
    mplsOutSegmentIndex = 0,  
    mplsLabelStackIndex = 0,  
    mplsXCRowStatus = createAndGo(3)  
}
```

In mplsXCTable, for the out-segment:

```
{  
    mplsXCIndex = x,  
    mplsInSegmentIfIndex = 0,  
    mplsInSegmentLabel = 0,  
    mplsOutSegmentIndex = o,  
    mplsXCLabelStackIndex = 0,  
    mplsXCRowStatus = createAndGo(3)  
}
```

Note that the objects mplsInSegmentXCIndex and mplsOutSegmentXCIndex will automatically get populated with the value "x" when these segments are referred to from the

corresponding cross-connect entries.

Finally, the tunnel entry is created, which points to the appropriate cross-connect entries.

In mplsTunnelTable:

```
{
    mplsTunnelIndex,
    mplsTunnelXCIndex = mplsXCIndex = x,
    ...
    mplsTunnelDirection = in-out(3),
    mplsXCRowStatus = createAndGo(3)
}
```

8. MPLS Traffic Engineering MIB Definitions

MPLS-TE-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN

IMPORTS

```
MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, NOTIFICATION-TYPE,
experimental, Integer32, Counter32, IpAddress
    FROM SNMPv2-SMI
MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP, NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    FROM SNMPv2-CONF
TEXTUAL-CONVENTION, TruthValue, RowStatus
    FROM SNMPv2-TC
InterfaceIndex, InterfaceIndexOrZero
    FROM IF-MIB
BitRate, BurstSize
    FROM INTEGRATED-SERVICES-MIB;
```

mplsTeMIB MODULE-IDENTITY

```
LAST-UPDATED "9901111930Z" -- 11 January 1999 19:30:00 EST
```

```
ORGANIZATION "Lucent Technologies"
```

```
CONTACT-INFO
```

```
"      Cheenu Srinivasan
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        4F535, 101 Crawfords Corner Road
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Tel:    +1 732 949 0709
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        4D537, 101 Crawfords Corner Road
        Holmdel, NJ 07733
Tel:    +1 732 332 5163
Email:  arunv@lucent.com"
```

DESCRIPTION

"Proposed MIB module for MPLS Traffic Engineering (TE) as

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defined in: Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels, Awduche et al, Internet Draft <[draft-mpls-rsvp-lsp-tunnel-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998; Explicit Routing over LDP Specification, Jamoussi et al, Internet Draft <[draft-jamoussi-mpls-cr-ldp-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998."

::= { experimental 9877 } -- to be assigned

-- Textual Conventions.

MplsTeIANAAddrFamily ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An address family. Values are defined in [RFC 1700](#) - Assigned Numbers. All values may not be relevant in all contexts when used in this MIB, but are included for completeness."

REFERENCE

"[RFC 1700](#) - Assigned Numbers, Reynolds and Postel, Oct. 1994"

SYNTAX

INTEGER {
 other(0),
 ipv4(1),
 ipv6(2),
 nsap(3),
 hdlc(4),
 bbn1822(5),
 ieee802(6),
 e163(7),
 e164(8),
 f69(9),
 x121(10),
 ipx(11),
 appleTalk(12),
 decnetIV(13),
 banyanVines(14),
 e164WithNsap(15)
}

-- An MPLS label.

MplsLabel ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Represents an MPLS label. Note that the contents of a label field are interpreted in an interface-type specific fashion. For example, the label carried in the MPLS shim header is 20 bits wide and the top 12 bits must be zero. The frame relay label can be either 10, 17 or 23 bits wide depending on the size of the DLCI field size and the top 22,

15, or 9 bits must be zero, respectively. For an ATM interface, the lowermost 16 bits are interpreted as the VCI, the next 8 bits as the VPI

and the remaining bits must be zero. Also note the permissible label values are also a function of the interface type. For example, the value 3 has special semantics in the control plane for an MPLS shim header label and is not a valid label value in the datapath."

REFERENCE

- "1. MPLS Label Stack Encoding, Rosen et al, [draft-ietf-mpls-label-encaps-03.txt](#), Sept. 1998
2. Use of Label Switching on Frame Relay Networks, Conta et al, [draft-ietf-mpls-fr-03.txt](#), Nov. 1998."

SYNTAX Integer32

MplsTunnelIndex ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsTunnelTable."

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)

MplsTunnelCookie ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A globally unique identifier that is assigned to each ERLSP. This is assigned at the head end of the ERLSP and can be used by all LSRs to identify this ERLSP. At the head end this cookie is maintained in the tunnel table as mplsTunnelLocalCookie. For signalled tunnels this cookie is piggybacked by the signalling protocol to the remote end where the cookie is stored in the remote LSR's tunnel table as mplsTunnelRemoteCookie for the tunnel. For creating bi-directional tunnels the cookie is used to associate the two uni-directional ERLSPs as belonging to the same tunnel.

It is recommended that the cookie value be assigned by concatenating the head-end LSR's IP address with the tunnel index. For IPv4 addresses this results in a 6-octet long cookie."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(6))

Ipv6Address ::= TEXTUAL-CONVENTION

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"IPv6 address."

SYNTAX OCTET STRING (SIZE(16))

-- Top level components of this MIB.

```
mplsTeObjects      OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 1 } -- tables, scalars
mplsTeNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 2 } -- traps
```

```
mplsTeConformance    OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeMIB 3 }    -- conformance
```

```
-- MPLS tunnel table.
```

```
mplsTunnelTable    OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF MplsTunnelEntry
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        " The mplsTunnelTable allows new MPLS tunnels to be created
          between an LSR and a remote endpoint, and existing
          tunnels to be reconfigured or removed. Note that only
          point-to-point tunnel segments are supported, although
          multipoint-to-point and point-to-multipoint connections
          are supported by an LSR acting as a cross-connect. Each
          MPLS tunnel can thus have one out-segment originating at
          this LSR and/or one in-segment terminating at this LSR."
```

```
    ::= { mplsTeObjects 1 }
```

```
mplsTunnelEntry    OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          MplsTunnelEntry
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "An entry in this table represents an MPLS tunnel.
          An entry can be created by a network administrator
          or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP."
```

```
    INDEX          { mplsTunnelIndex }
```

```
    ::= { mplsTunnelTable 1 }
```

```
MplsTunnelEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
```

mplsTunnelIndex	MplsTunnelIndex,
mplsTunnelName	DisplayString,
mplsTunnelDescr	DisplayString,
mplsTunnelIsIf	TruthValue,
mplsTunnelIfIndex	InterfaceIndexOrZero,
mplsTunnelDirection	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelXCIndex	Integer32,
mplsTunnelSignallingProto	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelLocalCookie	MplsTunnelCookie,
mplsTunnelRemoteCookie	MplsTunnelCookie,
mplsTunnelIsMergeable	TruthValue,
mplsTunnelSetupPrio	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelHoldingPrio	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelInMaxRate	BitRate,

mplsTunnelInMeanRate
mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize
mplsTunnelOutMaxRate

BitRate,
BurstSize,
BitRate,

mplsTunnelOutMeanRate	BitRate,
mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize	BurstSize,
mplsTunnelIsPinned	TruthValue,
mplsTunnelIsPersistent	TruthValue,
mplsTunnelAdminStatus	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelOperStatus	INTEGER,
mplsTunnelRowStatus	RowStatus

}

mplsTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Uniquely identifies this row."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 1 }

mplsTunnelName OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DisplayString

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The 'canonical' name assigned to the tunnel that can be used to refer to it on the 'console' port.

If mplsTunnelIsIf is set to true ifName of the interface corresponding to this tunnel should have a value equal to mplsTunnelName.

Also see the description of ifName in [RFC 2233](#)."

REFERENCE

"[RFC 2233](#) - The Interfaces Group MIB using SMiv2, McCloghrie and Kastenholz, Nov. 1997"

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 2 }

mplsTunnelDescr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX DisplayString

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A textual string containing information about the tunnel. If there is no description this object contains a zero length string."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 3 }

mplsTunnelIsIf OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Is this tunnel also an interface?"
DEFVAL { false }

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 4 }
```

mplsTunnelIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If this tunnel is an interface then the LSR assigned ifIndex.
Otherwise this is set to zero."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 5 }
```

mplsTunnelDirection OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { in(1), out(2), in-out(3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether this tunnel is unidirectional-incoming, unidirectional-
outgoing, or bidirectional."

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 6 }
```

mplsTunnelXCIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsXCTable identifying the segments that compose this
tunnel, their characteristics, relationship etc."

DEFVAL { 0 }

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 7 }
```

mplsTunnelSignallingProto OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { none(1), ldp(2), rsvp(3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The signalling protocol, if any, that set up this tunnel."

DEFVAL { none }

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 8 }
```

mplsTunnelLocalCookie OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsTunnelCookie

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The local cookie assigned to the outgoing direction of
this tunnel at this LSR."

```
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 9 }
```

mplsTunnelRemoteCookie OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsTunnelCookie

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The remote cookie assigned to the incoming direction of tunnel by the remote (head-end) LSR."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 10 }

mplsTunnelIsMergeable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether this tunnel can be merged at an LSR downstream with another tunnel."

DEFVAL { true }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 11 }

mplsTunnelSetupPrio OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The setup priority of this tunnel."

REFERENCE

"Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels, Awduche et al, Internet Draft <[draft-mpls-rsvp-lsp-tunnel-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998. Explicit Routing over LDP Specification, Jamoussi et al, Internet Draft <[draft-jamoussi-mpls-cr-ldp-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 12 }

mplsTunnelHoldingPrio OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..7)

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The holding priority for this tunnel."

REFERENCE

"Extensions to RSVP for LSP Tunnels, Awduche et al, Internet Draft <[draft-mpls-rsvp-lsp-tunnel-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998; Explicit Routing over LDP Specification, Jamoussi et al, Internet Draft <[draft-jamoussi-mpls-cr-ldp-00.txt](#)>, Nov. 1998."

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 13 }

mplsTunnelInMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	BitRate
UNITS	"bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum incoming rate in bits/second. Note that setting mplsTunnelInMaxRate, mplsTunnelInMeanRate, and mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize to 0 indicates best-effort treatment. This object is copied to mplsInSegmentMaxRate of the corresponding in-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 14 }

mplsTunnelInMeanRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BitRate

UNITS "bits per second"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The mean incoming rate in bits/second. This object is copied to mplsInSegmentMeanRate of the corresponding in-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 15 }

mplsTunnelInMaxBurstSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BurstSize

UNITS "bytes"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum burst size in bytes. This object is copied to mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize of the corresponding in-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 16 }

mplsTunnelOutMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BitRate

UNITS "bits per second"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum outgoing rate in bits/second. Note that setting mplsTunnelOutMaxRate, mplsTunnelOutMeanRate, and mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize to 0 indicates best-effort treatment. This object is copied to mplsOutSegmentMaxRate of the corresponding out-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 17 }

mplsTunnelOutMeanRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	BitRate
UNITS	"bits per second"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The mean outgoing rate in bits/second. This object is copied to mplsOutSegmentMeanRate of the corresponding out-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 18 }

mplsTunnelOutMaxBurstSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BurstSize

UNITS "bytes"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum burst size in bytes. This object is copied to mplsOutSegmentMaxBurstSize of the corresponding out-segment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 19 }

mplsTunnelIsPinned OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether the loose-routed hops of this tunnel are to be pinned."

DEFVAL { false }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 20 }

mplsTunnelIsPersistent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Indicates whether this tunnel should be restored automatically after failures."

DEFVAL { true }

::= { mplsTunnelEntry 21 }

mplsTunnelAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 up(1), -- ready to pass packets
 down(2),
 testing(3) -- in some test mode
}

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

```
"Desired status of this tunnel."  
::= { mplsTunnelEntry 22 }
```

mplsTunnelOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
    up(1),          -- ready to pass packets
    down(2),
    testing(3),     -- in some test mode
    unknown(4),     -- status cannot be determined for
                    -- some reason
    dormant(5),
    notPresent(6),  -- some component is missing
    lowerLayerNotPresent(7)
                    -- down due to the state of
                    -- lower layer interfaces
}
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "The operational status of this tunnel, typically a function of
    the state of individual segments of this tunnel, among other
    things."
 ::= { mplsTunnelEntry 23 }
```

mplsTunnelRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS  read-create
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "For controlling the state of this row."
 ::= { mplsTunnelEntry 24 }
```

-- End of mplsTunnelTable

-- Maximum number of tunnel hops supported.

mplsTunnelMaxHops OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS  read-only
STATUS      current
DESCRIPTION
    "The maximum number of hops that can be specified for a tunnel
    on this device."
 ::= { mplsTeObjects 2 }
```

-- Tunnel hop table.

mplsTunnelHopTable OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX      SEQUENCE OF MplsTunnelEntry
```

MAX-ACCESS	not-accessible
STATUS	current

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DESCRIPTION

"The mplsTunnelHopTable is used to indicate the hops, strict or loose, for an MPLS tunnel defined in mplsTunnelTable, when it is established via signalling, for the outgoing direction of the tunnel. Each row in this table is indexed primarily by the same index, mplsTunnelIndex, as the row of the corresponding tunnel in mplsTunnelTable. Each row also has a secondary index mplsTunnelHopIndex corresponding to the next hop that this row corresponds to. The first row in the table is the first hop after the origination point of the tunnel. In case we want to specify a particular interface on the originating LSR of an outgoing tunnel by which we want packets to exit the LSR, we specify this as the first hop for this tunnel in mplsTunnelHopTable."

```
::= { mplsTeObjects 3 }
```

```
mplsTunnelHopEntry  OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX             MplsTunnelHopEntry
    MAX-ACCESS          not-accessible
    STATUS              current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"An entry in this table represents a tunnel hop.
An entry is created by a network administrator
for signalled ERLSP set up by LDP or RSVP."

```
INDEX                { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelHopIndex }
::= { mplsTunnelHopTable 1 }
```

```
MplsTunnelHopEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    mplsTunnelHopIndex          Integer32,
    mplsTunnelHopAddrType       INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr       IPAddress,
    mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen  INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr       Ipv6Address,
    mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen  INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHopAsNumber       INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose  INTEGER,
    mplsTunnelHopRowStatus      RowStatus
}
```

```
mplsTunnelHopIndex OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX             Integer32
    MAX-ACCESS          not-accessible
    STATUS              current
    DESCRIPTION
```

"Secondary index into this table identifying the particular hop."

```
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 1 }
```

mplsTunnelHopAddrType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { ipv4(1), ipv6(2), asNumber(3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "Address type of this hop."
DEFVAL { ipv4 }
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 2 }

mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv4(1), IPv4 address of this hop.
 This object is not significant otherwise and should return a
 value of 0."
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 3 }

mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..31)
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv4(1), prefix length for this hop's
 IPv4 address. This object is not significant otherwise and should
 return a value of 0."
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 4 }

mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Ipv6Address
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv6(2), the IPv6 address of this hop.
 This object is not significant otherwise and should return a
 value of 0."
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 5 }

mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER (0..127)
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is ipv6(2), prefix length for this
 hop's IPv6 address. This object is not significant otherwise and
 should return a value of 0."
::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 6 }

mplsTunnelHopAsNumber OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX INTEGER (0..65535)
MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If mplsTunnelHopAddrType is asNumber(3), the AS number this hop. This object is not significant otherwise and should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 7 }

mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { strict(1), loose(2) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether this is a strict or loose hop."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 8 }

mplsTunnelHopRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"For creating, modifying and deleting this row."

::= { mplsTunnelHopEntry 9 }

-- End of mplsTunnelHopTable

-- In-segment table.

mplsInSegmentTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF MplsInSegmentEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table contains a description of the incoming segments to a LSR."

::= { mplsTeObjects 4 }

mplsInSegmentEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsInSegmentEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents one incoming segment. An entry can be created by a network administrator or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP. It is indexed by the incoming interface index and (top) label. Note that some of the segments are associated with a tunnel, the traffic parameters of these rows are

supported as read-only objects and their modification
can be done only via the tunnel table."

```
INDEX      { mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel }
::= { mplsInSegmentTable 1 }
```

```
MplsInSegmentEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    mplsInSegmentIfIndex      InterfaceIndex,
    mplsInSegmentLabel        MplsLabel,
    mplsInSegmentNPop         Integer32,
    mplsInSegmentAddrFamily   MplsTeIANAAddrFamily,
    mplsInSegmentXCIndex      Integer32,
    mplsInSegmentMaxRate      BitRate,
    mplsInSegmentMeanRate     BitRate,
    mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize BurstSize,
    mplsInSegmentAdminStatus  INTEGER,
    mplsInSegmentOperStatus   INTEGER,
    mplsInSegmentRowStatus    RowStatus
}
```

mplsInSegmentIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndexOrZero

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Incoming interface index. While the value 0 is not valid as an index for this row, it can be supplied as a valid index for mplsXCTable to refer to entries for which no in-segment has been configured."

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 1 }

mplsInSegmentLabel OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsLabel

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The incoming label."

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 2 }

mplsInSegmentNPop OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The number of labels to pop from the incoming packet. Normally only the top label is popped (based on which all switching decisions are taken)."

DEFVAL { 1 }

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 3 }

mplsInSegmentAddrFamily OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX MplsTeIANAAddrFamily
MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The IANA address family of the incoming packet. A value of zero indicates that the family type is either unknown or undefined (which could happen for example when streams of different types are merged in a multipoint-to-point connection)."

REFERENCE

"[RFC 1700](#) - Assigned Numbers, Reynolds and Postel, October 1994."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 4 }

mplsInSegmentXCIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsXCTable to identify which cross-connect entry this segment is part of. A value of zero indicates that it is not being referred to by any cross-connect entry."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 5 }

mplsInSegmentMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BitRate

UNITS "bits per second"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The maximum incoming rate in bits/second. Note that setting mplsInSegmentMaxRate, mplsInSegmentMeanRate, and mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize to 0 indicates best-effort treatment."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 6 }

mplsInSegmentMeanRate OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX BitRate

UNITS "bits per second"

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"The mean incoming rate in bits/second."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 7 }

mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX	BurstSize
UNITS	"bytes"
MAX-ACCESS	read-create

```
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The maximum burst size in bytes."
DEFVAL { 0 }
::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 8 }
```

mplsInSegmentAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          INTEGER {
                    up(1),      -- ready to pass packets
                    down(2),
                    testing(3) -- in some test mode
                }
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "Desired status of this segment."
::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 9 }
```

mplsInSegmentOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          INTEGER {
                    up(1),      -- ready to pass packets
                    down(2),
                    testing(3), -- in some test mode
                    unknown(4), -- status cannot be determined for
                                -- some reason
                    dormant(5),
                    notPresent(6), -- some component is missing
                    lowerLayerNotPresent(7)
                                -- down due to the state of
                                -- lower layer interfaces
                }
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The operational status of this segment."
::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 10 }
```

mplsInSegmentRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

```
SYNTAX          RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "For creating, modifying, and deleting this row."
::= { mplsInSegmentEntry 11 }
```

-- End of mplsInSegmentTable

-- In-segment performance table.

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mplsInSegmentPerfTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF MplsInSegmentPerfEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table contains statistical information about incoming
MPLS segments to an LSR."

::= { mplsTeObjects 5 }

mplsInSegmentPerfEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsInSegmentPerfEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table contains statistical information
about one incoming segment configured in mplsInSegmentTable."

AUGMENTS { mplsInSegmentEntry }

::= { mplsInSegmentPerfTable 1 }

MplsInSegmentPerfEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

mplsInSegmentOctets Counter32,

mplsInSegmentPackets Counter32,

mplsInSegmentErrors Counter32,

mplsInSegmentDiscards Counter32

}

mplsInSegmentOctets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Total number of octets received."

::= { mplsInSegmentPerfEntry 1 }

mplsInSegmentPackets OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Total number of packets received."

::= { mplsInSegmentPerfEntry 2 }

mplsInSegmentErrors OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

```
"Number of errored packets received."  
::= { mplsInSegmentPerfEntry 3 }
```

mplsInSegmentDiscards OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Counter32

MAX-ACCESS read-only

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Number of packets received that had to be dropped either because of errors or for other reasons such as buffer overflows."

::= { mplsInSegmentPerfEntry 4 }

-- End of mplsInSegmentPerfTable.

-- Out-segment table.

mplsOutSegmentTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF MplsOutSegmentEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table contains a description of the outgoing segments from an LSR."

::= { mplsTeObjects 6 }

mplsOutSegmentEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsOutSegmentEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"An entry in this table represents one outgoing segment. An entry can be created by a network administrator or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP. Note that some of the segments are associated with a tunnel, the traffic parameters of these rows are supported as read-only objects and their modification can be done only via the tunnel table."

INDEX { mplsOutSegmentIndex }

::= { mplsOutSegmentTable 1 }

MplsOutSegmentEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

mplsOutSegmentIndex	Integer32,
mplsOutSegmentIfIndex	InterfaceIndex,
mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel	TruthValue,
mplsOutSegmentTopLabel	MplsLabel,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType	INTEGER,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv4Addr	IpAddress,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv6Addr	Ipv6Address,

mplsOutSegmentXCIndex
mplsOutSegmentMaxRate
mplsOutSegmentMeanRate

Integer32,
BitRate,
BitRate,

mplsOutSegmentMaxBurstSize	BurstSize,
mplsOutSegmentAdminStatus	INTEGER,
mplsOutSegmentOperStatus	INTEGER,
mplsOutSegmentRowStatus	RowStatus

}

mplsOutSegmentIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Unique index for this row. While a value of 0 is not valid as an index for this row it can be supplied as a valid value to index mplsXCTable to access entries for which no out-segment has been configured."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 1 }

mplsOutSegmentIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX InterfaceIndex

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Interface index of the outgoing interface."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 2 }

mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether a top label should be pushed onto the outgoing packet's label stack. Its value has to be true if the outgoing interface is ATM (which does not support 'pop-and-go') or if it is a tunnel origination. Note also that the case where mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel is set to false but the cross-connect entry that refers to this out-segment has a non-zero mplsLabelStackIndex is an error which the LSR should ensure doesn't happen."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 3 }

mplsOutSegmentTopLabel OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsLabel

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"If mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel is true then this is the label that should be pushed onto the outgoing packet's

label stack. Note that the contents of the label field can be interpreted in an outgoing interface specific fashion. For example, the label carried in the MPLS shim header is

20 bits wide and the top 12 bits must be zero. The Frame Relay label is 24 bits wide and the top 8 bits must be zero. For ATM interfaces the lowermost 16 bits are interpreted as the VCI, the next 8 bits as the VPI and the remaining bits must be zero."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 4 }

mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER { none (1), ipv4 (2), ipv6 (3) }

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether the next hop address is IPv4 or IPv6. A value of none (1) is valid (only) when the outgoing interface is of type point-to-point."

DEFVAL { none }

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 5 }

mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv4Addr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX IpAddress

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"IPv4 Address of the next hop. Its value is significant only when mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType is ipv4 (2), otherwise it should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 6 }

mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv6Addr OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Ipv6Address

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"IPv6 address of the next hop. Its value is significant only when mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType is ipv6 (3), otherwise it should return a value of 0."

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 7 }

mplsOutSegmentXCIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Index into mplsXCTable to identify which cross-connect entry this segment is part of. A value of zero indicates that it is not being referred to by any cross-connect entry."

DEFVAL { 0 }

::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 8 }

mplsOutSegmentMaxRate OBJECT-TYPE


```
SYNTAX      INTEGER {
                up(1),          -- ready to pass packets
```

```
down(2),  
testing(3),    -- in some test mode  
unknown(4),    -- status cannot be determined for
```

```

                                -- some reason
                                dormant(5),
                                notPresent(6), -- some component is missing
                                lowerLayerNotPresent(7)
                                -- down due to the state of
                                -- lower layer interfaces
                                }
MAX-ACCESS      read-only
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "The operational status of this segment."
 ::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 13 }

mplsOutSegmentRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS      read-create
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "For creating, modifying, and deleting this row."
 ::= { mplsOutSegmentEntry 14 }

-- End of mplsOutSegmentTable

-- Out-segment performance table.

mplsOutSegmentPerfTable OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF MplsOutSegmentPerfEntry
MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "This table contains statistical information about incoming
     segments to an LSR."
 ::= { mplsTeObjects 7 }

mplsOutSegmentPerfEntry OBJECT-TYPE
SYNTAX          MplsOutSegmentPerfEntry
MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
STATUS          current
DESCRIPTION
    "An entry in this table contains statistical information
     about one incoming segment configured in mplsOutSegmentTable."
AUGMENTS        { mplsOutSegmentEntry }
 ::= { mplsOutSegmentPerfTable 1 }

MplsOutSegmentPerfEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    mplsOutSegmentOctets          Counter32,
    mplsOutSegmentPackets        Counter32,
```

mplsOutSegmentErrors
mplsOutSegmentDiscards

Counter32,
Counter32

```
}
```

```
mplsOutSegmentOctets OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          Counter32
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "Total number of octets sent."
```

```
    ::= { mplsOutSegmentPerfEntry 1 }
```

```
mplsOutSegmentPackets OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          Counter32
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "Total number of packets sent."
```

```
    ::= { mplsOutSegmentPerfEntry 2 }
```

```
mplsOutSegmentErrors OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          Counter32
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "Number of errored packets sent."
```

```
    ::= { mplsOutSegmentPerfEntry 3 }
```

```
mplsOutSegmentDiscards OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          Counter32
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "Number of packets sent that had to be dropped either  
        because of errors or for other reasons such as buffer  
        overflows."
```

```
    ::= { mplsOutSegmentPerfEntry 4 }
```

```
-- End of mplsOutSegmentPerfTable.
```

```
-- Cross-connect table.
```

```
mplsXCTable OBJECT-TYPE
```

```
    SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF MplsXCEntry
```

```
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
```

```
    STATUS          current
```

```
    DESCRIPTION
```

```
        "This table specifies information for switching between  
        MPLS tunnels segments. It supports point-to-point,
```

point-to-multipoint (multicast) and multipoint-to-point connections. `mplsLabelStackTable` specifies the label

stack information for a cross-connect LSR and is referred to from mplsXCTable."

::= { mplsTeObjects 8 }

mplsXCEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsXCEntry
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A row in this table represents one cross-connect entry. It is indexed by the following objects:

- cross-connect index that uniquely identifies a group of cross-connect entries
- interface index of the in-segment
- incoming label(s)
- out-segment index

An entry can be created by a network administrator or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP."

INDEX { mplsXCIndex, mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel, mplsOutSegmentIndex }

::= { mplsXCTable 1 }

MplsXCEntry ::= SEQUENCE {

mplsXCIndex	Integer32,
mplsXCLabelStackIndex	Integer32,
mplsXCCOS	Integer32,
mplsXCIsPersistent	TruthValue,
mplsXCAdminStatus	INTEGER,
mplsXCOperStatus	INTEGER,
mplsXCRowStatus	RowStatus

}

mplsXCIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Primary index for the row indentifying a group of cross-connect segments."

::= { mplsXCEntry 1 }

mplsXCLabelStackIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Primary index into mplsLabelStackTable identifying

a stack of labels to be pushed beneath the top label. Note that the top label is identified in the out-segment which ensures that all the components of

a multipoint-to-point connection have the same outgoing label. A value of 0 indicates that no labels are to be stacked beneath the top label."

::= { mplsXCEnter 2 }

mplsXCCOS OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Value to override the incoming COS field with for a cross-connect or the value to assign to outgoing packets for an outgoing segment of a tunnel."

::= { mplsXCEnter 3 }

mplsXCIsPersistent OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX TruthValue

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Whether this cross-connect entry and associated in- and out-segments should be restored automatically after failures."

DEFVAL { false }

::= { mplsXCEnter 4 }

mplsXCAdminStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 up(1), -- ready to pass packets
 down(2),
 testing(3) -- in some test mode
}

MAX-ACCESS read-create

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Desired status of this segment."

::= { mplsXCEnter 5 }

mplsXCOperStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX INTEGER {
 up(1), -- ready to pass packets
 down(2),
 testing(3), -- in some test mode
 unknown(4), -- status cannot be determined for
 -- some reason
 dormant(5),
 notPresent(6), -- some component is missing
}

```
lowerLayerNotPresent(7)
    -- down due to the state of
    -- lower layer interfaces
```

```

    }
    MAX-ACCESS      read-only
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "The operational status of this segment."
    ::= { mplsXCEntiry 6 }

```

```

mplsXCRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          RowStatus
    MAX-ACCESS      read-create
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "For creating, modifying, and deleting this row."
    ::= { mplsXCEntiry 7 }

```

```
-- End of mplsXCTable
```

```
-- Label stack table.
```

```

mplsLabelStackTable OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          SEQUENCE OF MplsLabelStackEntry
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "This table specifies the label stack to be pushed onto
         a packet, beneath the top label. Entries into this
         table are referred to from mplsXCTable."
    ::= { mplsTeObjects 9 }

```

```

mplsLabelStackEntry OBJECT-TYPE
    SYNTAX          MplsLabelStackEntry
    MAX-ACCESS      not-accessible
    STATUS          current
    DESCRIPTION
        "An entry in this table represents one label to be
         pushed onto an outgoing packets beneath the top label.
         An entry can be created by a network administrator
         or by an SNMP agent as instructed by LDP or RSVP."
    INDEX          { mplsLabelStackIndex }
    ::= { mplsLabelStackTable 1 }

```

```

MplsLabelStackEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
    mplsLabelStackIndex          Integer32,
    mplsLabelStackLabelIndex     Integer32,
    mplsLabelStackLabel          MplsLabel,
    mplsLabelStackRowStatus      RowStatus
}

```

mplsLabelStackIndex OBJECT-TYPE

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SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "Primary index for this row identifying a stack of labels
 to be pushed on an outgoing packet beneath the top label."
 ::= { mplsLabelStackEntry 1 }

mplsLabelStackLabelIndex OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX Integer32
MAX-ACCESS not-accessible
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "Secondary index for this row identifying one label of
 the stack."
 ::= { mplsLabelStackEntry 2 }

mplsLabelStackLabel OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX MplsLabel
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "Label to pushed."
 ::= { mplsLabelStackEntry 3 }

mplsLabelStackRowStatus OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX RowStatus
MAX-ACCESS read-create
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "For creating, modifying, and deleting this row."
 ::= { mplsLabelStackEntry 4 }

-- End of mplsLabelStackTable

-- Notifications.

-- Tunnel.

mplsTunnelUp NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelAdminStatus,
 mplsTunnelOperStatus }
STATUS current
DESCRIPTION
 "This notification is generated when a mplsTunnelOperStatus
 object for one of the configured tunnels is about to leave

the down state and transition into some other state (but not into the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the

```
        included value of mplsTunnelOperStatus."
 ::= { mplsTeNotifications 1 }
```

mplsTunnelDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelAdminStatus,
               mplsTunnelOperStatus }
```

```
STATUS       current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"This notification is generated when a mplsTunnelOperStatus
object for one of the configured tunnels is about to enter the
down state from some other state (but not from the notPresent
state). This other state is indicated by the included value of
mplsTunnelOperStatus."
```

```
::= { mplsTeNotifications 2 }
```

-- In-segment.

mplsInSegmentUp NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel,
               mplsInSegmentAdminStatus, mplsInSegmentOperStatus }
```

```
STATUS       current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"This notification is generated when a mplsInSegmentOperStatus
object for one of the configured in-segments is about to leave the
down state and transition into some other state (but not into
the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the
included value of mplsInSegmentOperStatus."
```

```
::= { mplsTeNotifications 3 }
```

mplsInSegmentDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel,
               mplsInSegmentAdminStatus, mplsInSegmentOperStatus }
```

```
STATUS       current
```

DESCRIPTION

```
"This notification is generated when a mplsInSegmentOperStatus
object for one of the configured in-segments is about to enter the
down state from some other state (but not from the notPresent
state). This other state is indicated by the included value of
mplsInSegmentOperStatus."
```

```
::= { mplsTeNotifications 4 }
```

-- Out-segment.

mplsOutSegmentUp NOTIFICATION-TYPE

```
OBJECTS      { mplsOutSegmentIndex, mplsInSegmentAdminStatus,
               mplsInSegmentOperStatus }
```

```
STATUS       current
```

DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when a mplsOutSegmentOperStatus object for one of the configured out-segments is about to leave the

down state and transition into some other state (but not into the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of mplsOutSegmentOperStatus."

::= { mplsTeNotifications 5 }

mplsOutSegmentDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS { mplsOutSegmentIndex, mplsInSegmentAdminStatus,
mplsInSegmentOperStatus }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when a mplsOutSegmentOperStatus object for one of the configured out-segments is about to enter the down state from some other state (but not from the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of mplsOutSegmentOperStatus."

::= { mplsTeNotifications 6 }

-- Cross-connect.

mplsXCUp NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS { mplsXCIndex,
mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel,
mplsOutSegmentIndex,
mplsXCAdminStatus, mplsXCOperStatus }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when a mplsXCOperStatus object for one of the configured cross-connect entries is about to leave the down state and transition into some other state (but not into the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of mplsXCOperStatus."

::= { mplsTeNotifications 7 }

mplsXCDown NOTIFICATION-TYPE

OBJECTS { mplsXCIndex,
mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel,
mplsOutSegmentIndex,
mplsXCAdminStatus, mplsXCOperStatus }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This notification is generated when a mplsXCOperStatus object for one of the configured cross-connect entries is about to enter the down state from some other state (but not from the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of mplsXCOperStatus."

::= { mplsTeNotifications 8 }

-- End of notifications.

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-- Module compliance.

mplsTeGroups

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeConformance 1 }

mplsTeCompliances

OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { mplsTeConformance 2 }

mplsTeModuleCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Compliance statement for agents that support the MPLS TE MIB."

MODULE -- this module

-- These groups have to be implemented by all LSRs.

-- However they may all be supported as read-only objects

-- in the case where manual configuration is not

-- supported.

MANDATORY-GROUPS { mplsInSegmentGroup, mplsOutSegmentGroup,
mplsXCGroup }

GROUP mplsTunnelGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support tunnels. In addition, depending on the type of the tunnel (for example, manually configured or signalled, persistent or non-persistent, etc.), the following other groups are mandatory: mplsTunnelManualGroup and/or mplsTunnelSignalledGroup, mplsTunnelIsNotIntfcGroup and/or mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup, mplsTunnelIsPersistent and/or mplsTunnelIsNotPersistent."

GROUP mplsTunnelManualGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support manual configuration of tunnels, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup. The following constraints apply: mplsTunnelSignallingProto should be at least read-only with a value of none(1)."

GROUP mplsTunnelSignalledGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support signalled tunnel set up, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup."

The following constraints apply:
mplsTunnelSignallingProto should be at least

read-only with a value of ldp(2), or rsvp(3)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsNotIntfcGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support tunnels that are not interfaces, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup.
The following constraints apply:
mplsTunnelIsIf must at least be read-only returning false(1)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support tunnels that are interfaces, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup.
The following constraints apply:
mplsTunnelIsIf must at least be read-only returning true(2)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support persistent tunnels, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup.
The following constraints apply:
mplsTunnelIsPersistent must at least be read-only returning true(2)."

GROUP mplsTunnelIsNotPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support non-persistent tunnels, in addition to mplsTunnelGroup.
The following constraints apply:
mplsTunnelIsPersistent must at least be read-only returning false(1)."

-- Depending on whether the device implements persistent
-- cross-connects or not one of the following two groups
-- is mandatory.

GROUP mplsXCIsPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support persistent cross-connects.
The following constraints apply:

mplsXCIsPersistent must at least be read-only
returning true(2)."

GROUP mplsXCIsNotPersistentGroup

DESCRIPTION

"This group is mandatory for devices which support non-persistent cross-connects. The following constraints apply: mplsXCIsPersistent must at least be read-only returning false(1)."

-- mplsTunnelTable

OBJECT mplsTunnelDirection

SYNTAX INTEGER { in(1), out(2) }

DESCRIPTION

"in-out(3) need not be supported."

OBJECT mplsTunnelAdminStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up (1), down (2) }

DESCRIPTION

"Only up and down states need to be supported."

OBJECT mplsTunnelOperStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up (1), down (2) }

DESCRIPTION

"Only up and down states need to be supported."

OBJECT mplsTunnelRowStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4),
destroy(6) }

DESCRIPTION

"The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need not be supported."

-- mplsTunnelHopTable

OBJECT mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose

SYNTAX INTEGER { strict(1) }

DESCRIPTION

"loose(2) need not be supported."

OBJECT mplsTunnelHopRowStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4),
destroy(6) }

DESCRIPTION

"The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need not be supported."

-- mplsInSegmentTable

OBJECT mplsInSegmentIfIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentLabel

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentXCIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentMaxRate

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentMeanRate

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentMaxBurstSize

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentNPop

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access if not required. This object should
be set to 1 if it is read-only."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentAddrFamily

SYNTAX INTEGER { other(0) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required. A value of other(0)
should be supported."

OBJECT mplsInSegmentAdminStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"A value of testing(3) need not be supported."

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```
OBJECT      mplsInSegmentOperStatus
SYNTAX      INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Only up(1) and down(2) need to be supported."

OBJECT      mplsInSegmentRowStatus
SYNTAX      INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4),
                    destroy(6) }
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need
    not be supported."

-- mplsOutSegmentTable

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentIndex
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentIfIndex
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentTopLabel
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType
SYNTAX      INTEGER { none(1), ipv4(2) }
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "ipv6(3) need not be supported."

OBJECT      mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv4Addr
MIN-ACCESS  read-only
DESCRIPTION
    "Write access is not required."
```

OBJECT

mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv6Addr

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MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentXCIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentMaxRate

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentMeanRate

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentMaxBurstSize

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentAdminStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"A value of testing(3) need not be supported."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentOperStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Only up(1) and down(2) need to be supported."

OBJECT mplsOutSegmentRowStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4),
destroy(6) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need
not be supported."

-- mplsXCTable

OBJECT mplsXCIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only
DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsXCLabelStackIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsXCCOS

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsXCIsPersistent

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Write access is not required."

OBJECT mplsXCAdminStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"A value of testing(3) need not be supported."

OBJECT mplsXCOperStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { up(1), down(2) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"Only up(1) and down(2) need to be supported."

OBJECT mplsXCRowStatus

SYNTAX INTEGER { active(1), notInService(2), createAndGo(4),
destroy(6) }

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION

"The notReady(3) and createAndWait(5) states need
not be supported."

::= { mplsTeCompliances 1 }

-- Units of conformance.

mplsInSegmentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsInSegmentIfIndex, mplsInSegmentLabel,
mplsInSegmentNPop, mplsInSegmentAddrFamily,
mplsInSegmentXCIndex,
mplsInSegmentAdminStatus, mplsInSegmentOperStatus,
mplsInSegmentRowStatus,
mplsInSegmentOctets, mplsInSegmentDiscards }

STATUS current
DESCRIPTION

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"Collection of objects needed to implement an in-segment."
::= { mplsTeGroups 1 }

mplsOutSegmentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsOutSegmentIndex, mplsOutSegmentIfIndex,
mplsOutSegmentPushTopLabel, mplsOutSegmentTopLabel,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpAddrType,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv4Addr,
mplsOutSegmentNextHopIpv6Addr,
mplsOutSegmentXCIndex,
mplsOutSegmentAdminStatus, mplsOutSegmentOperStatus,
mplsOutSegmentRowStatus,
mplsOutSegmentOctets, mplsOutSegmentDiscards }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Collection of objects needed to implement an out-segment."
::= { mplsTeGroups 2 }

mplsXCGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsXCIndex, mplsXCLabelStackIndex,
mplsXCAdminStatus, mplsXCOperStatus, mplsXCRowStatus }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Collection of objects needed to implement a cross-
connect entry."
::= { mplsTeGroups 3 }

mplsTunnelGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIndex, mplsTunnelName,
mplsTunnelDirection, mplsTunnelXCIndex,
mplsTunnelIfIndex,
mplsTunnelAdminStatus, mplsTunnelOperStatus,
mplsTunnelRowStatus }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Necessary, but not sufficient, set of objects to implement
tunnels. Other objects are required depending on the type of
tunnel supported, such as signalled, manual etc., as defined
in the groups below."
::= { mplsTeGroups 4 }

mplsTunnelManualGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelSignallingProto }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Object(s) needed to implement manually configured tunnels."
::= { mplsTeGroups 5 }

```
mplsTunnelSignalledGroup OBJECT-GROUP  
    OBJECTS { mplsTunnelSignallingProto,
```

```
mplsTunnelLocalCookie, mplsTunnelRemoteCookie,  
mplsTunnelHopIndex, mplsTunnelHopAddrType,  
mplsTunnelHopIpv4Addr, mplsTunnelHopIpv4PrefixLen,  
mplsTunnelHopIpv6Addr, mplsTunnelHopIpv6PrefixLen,  
mplsTunnelHopStrictOrLoose, mplsTunnelHopRowStatus }
```

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Object needed to implement signalled tunnels."

::= { mplsTeGroups 6 }

mplsTunnelIsIntfcGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsIf }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to implement tunnels that are interfaces."

::= { mplsTeGroups 7 }

mplsTunnelIsNotIntfcGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsIf }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to implement tunnels that are not interfaces."

::= { mplsTeGroups 8 }

mplsTunnelIsPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsPersistent }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to support persistent tunnels."

::= { mplsTeGroups 9 }

mplsTunnelIsNotPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsTunnelIsPersistent }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to support non-persistent tunnels."

::= { mplsTeGroups 10 }

mplsXCIsPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsXCIsPersistent }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to support persistent cross-connects."

::= { mplsTeGroups 11 }

mplsXCIsNotPersistentGroup OBJECT-GROUP

OBJECTS { mplsXCIsPersistent }

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"Objects needed to support non-persistent cross-connects."

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```
 ::= { mplsTeGroups 12 }

mplsTeNotificationGroup NOTIFICATION-GROUP
    NOTIFICATIONS { mplsTunnelUp, mplsTunnelDown,
                    mplsInSegmentUp, mplsInSegmentDown,
                    mplsOutSegmentUp, mplsOutSegmentDown,
                    mplsXCUp, mplsXCDown }
    STATUS current
    DESCRIPTION
        "Set of notifications implemented in this
         module. None is mandatory."
    ::= { mplsTeGroups 13 }

-- End of MPLS-TE-MIB
END
```

9. Security Considerations

The MIBs specified in this document does not raise any security issues other than those present in the MPLS architecture [[1](#)] or those imposed by SNMP itself.

10. Acknowledgments

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