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The application/pkcs10 Media Type
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Abstract

This document specifies a media type used to carry PKCS#10 certification requests as defined in [RFC 2986](#). It carries over the original specification from [RFC 2311](#), which recently has been moved to Historic state, and properly links it to [RFC 2986](#).

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1. Introduction

[RFC2311] first defined the application/pkcs10 media type. When [RFC2633] was published, the application/pkcs10 section was dropped, but for some reason the text was not incorporated into the PKCS#10 document [RFC2986]. [RFC2311] was moved to historic status by [RFC5751]. To ensure the IANA media type registration points to a non-historic document, this document updates [RFC2986] with the definition of the application/pkcs10 media type and an IANA registration based on [RFC4288].

The text for [Section 2](#) is adapted from [Section 3.7 of \[RFC2311\]](#).

1.1. Requirements Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

2. Creating a Certification Request

A typical application which allows a user to generate cryptographic information has to submit that information to a certification authority (CA), who transforms it into a certificate. PKCS #10 [RFC2986] describes a syntax for certification requests. The application/pkcs10 media type MUST be used to transfer a PKCS #10

certification request.

The details of certification requests and the process of obtaining a certificate are beyond the scope of this memo. Instead, only the format of data used in application/pkcs10 is defined.

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2.1. Format of the application/pkcs10 Body

PKCS #10 defines the ASN.1 type `CertificationRequest` for use in submitting a certification request. For transfer to a CA, this abstract syntax needs to be encoded and identified in a unique manner. When the media type `application/pkcs10` is used, the body MUST be a `CertificationRequest`, encoded using the Basic Encoding Rules (BER) [[X.690](#)].

Although BER is specified, instead of the more restrictive DER [[X.690](#)], a typical application will use DER since the `CertificationRequest`'s `CertificationRequestInfo` has to be DER-encoded in order to be signed.

A robust application SHOULD output DER, but allow BER or DER on input.

Data produced by BER or DER is 8-bit, but some transports are limited to 7-bit data. In such cases, a suitable 7-bit transfer encoding MUST be applied; in MIME-compatible transports, the base64 encoding [[RFC4648](#)] SHOULD be used with `application/pkcs10`, although any 7-bit transfer encoding may work.

2.2. Sending and Receiving an application/pkcs10 Body Part

For sending a certificate-signing request, the `application/pkcs10` message format MUST be used to convey a PKCS #10 certificate-signing request. Note that for sending certificates and CRLs without any signed content, the `application/pkcs7-mime` message format MUST be used to convey a degenerate PKCS #7 signedData "certs-only" message [[RFC5751](#)].

To send an `application/pkcs10` body, the application generates the cryptographic information for the user. The details of the cryptographic information are beyond the scope of this memo.

Step 1. The cryptographic information is placed within a PKCS #10 `CertificationRequest`.

Step 2. The CertificationRequest is encoded according to BER or DER (typically, DER).

Step 3. As a typical step, the DER-encoded CertificationRequest is also base64 encoded so that it is 7-bit data suitable for transfer in ESMTTP. This then becomes the body of an application/pkcs10 body part.

The result might look like this:

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```
Content-Type: application/pkcs10; name=smime.p10
Content-Transfer-Encoding: base64
Content-Disposition: attachment; filename=smime.p10
```

```
rfvbnj756tbBghyHhHUujhJhjH77n8HHGT9HG4VQpfyF467GhIGfHfYT6
7n8HHGghyHhHUujhJh4VQpfyF467GhIGfHfYGTTrfvbnjT6jH7756tbB9H
f8HHGTTrfvhJhjH776tbB9HG4VQbnj7567GhIGfHfYT6ghyHhHUujpfyF4
0GhIGfHfQbnj756YT64V
```

A typical application only needs to send a certification request. It is a certification authority that has to receive and process the request. The steps for recovering the CertificationRequest from the message are straightforward but are not presented here. The procedures for processing the certification request are beyond the scope of this document.

[3.](#) IANA Considerations

IANA is asked to update the registration for the application/pkcs10 media type using the filled-in template from [BCP 13](#) [[RFC4288](#)] given below.

[3.1.](#) Registration of media type application/pkcs10

The media type for a PKCS#10 certification request is application/pkcs10.

Type name: application

Subtype name: pkcs10

Required parameters: None

Optional parameters: None

Encoding considerations:

This media type carries binary content and needs proper encoding for non-8bit clear transports; See [Section 2](#).

Security considerations:

Clients use a certification request to request that a Certification Authority certify a public key. The certification request is digitally signed.

Interoperability considerations: See [Section 2](#).

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Applications which use this media type:

The content type is used with MIME-compliant transport to transfer PKCS#10 certification requests [PKCS#10].

Additional information:

Magic number(s): None

File extension(s): .p10

Macintosh File Type Code(s):

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Sean Turner

turners@ieca.com

Restrictions on usage: none

Author:

Sean Turner <turners@ieca.com>

Intended usage: COMMON

Change controller:

The IESG <iesg@ietf.org>

[4](#). Security Considerations

The security considerations of [[RFC2986](#)] and [[RFC5751](#)] apply; no new security considerations are introduced by this document.

[5.](#) Acknowledgements

I wish to thank the authors of [RFC 2311](#), Steve Dusse, Paul Hoffman, Blake Ramsdell, Laurence Lundblade, and Lisa Repka.

[6.](#) References

[6.1.](#) Normative References

- [RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", [BCP 14](#), [RFC 2119](#), March 1997.
- [RFC2986] Nystrom, M, and B. Kaliski, "PKCS #10: Certification Request Syntax Specification Version 1.7", [RFC 2986](#), November 2000.

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- [RFC4648] Josefsson, S., "The Base16, Base32, and Base64 Data Encodings", [RFC 4648](#), October 2006.
- [RFC5751] Turner, S. and B. Ramsdell, "Secure/Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (S/MIME) Version 3.2 Message Specification", [RFC 5751](#), January 2010.
- [X.690] ITU-T Recommendation X.690 (2002) | ISO/IEC 8825-1:2002. Information Technology - ASN.1 encoding rules: Specification of Basic Encoding Rules (BER), Canonical Encoding Rules (CER) and Distinguished Encoding Rules (DER).

[6.2.](#) Informative References

- [RFC2311] Dusse, S., Hoffman, P., Ramsdell, B., Lundblade, L., and L. Repka, "S/MIME Version 2 Message Specification", [RFC 2311](#), March 1998.

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[RFC 2633](#), June 1999.

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