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BGP Extension for Advertising In-situ Flow Information Telemetry (IFIT)  
Capabilities  
[draft-wang-idr-bgp-ifit-capabilities-02](#)

Abstract

This document defines extensions to BGP to advertise the In-situ Flow Information Telemetry (IFIT) capabilities. Within an IFIT domain, IFIT-capability advertisement from the tail node to the head node assists the head node to determine whether a particular IFIT Option type can be encapsulated in data packets. Such advertisement would be useful for mitigating the leakage threat and facilitating the deployment of IFIT measurements on a per-service and on-demand basis.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

Status of This Memo

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## [1.](#) Introduction

In-situ Flow Information Telemetry (IFIT) denotes a family of flow-oriented on-path telemetry techniques, including In-situ OAM (IOAM) [[I-D.ietf-ippm-ioam-data](#)] and Alternate Marking [[RFC8321](#)]. It can provide flow information on the entire forwarding path on a per-packet basis in real time.

IFIT is a solution focusing on network domains. The "network domain" consists of a set of network devices or entities within a single administration. One network domain MAY consists of multiple IFIT domain. The family of emerging on-path flow telemetry techniques MAY be selectively or partially implemented in different vendors' devices



as an emerging feature for various use cases of application-aware network operations, in addition, for some usecases, the IFIT Features are deployed on a per-service and on-demand basis. Within the IFIT domain, one or more IFIT-options are added into packet at the IFIT-enabled head node that is referred to as the IFIT encapsulating node. Then IFIT data fields MAY be updated by IFIT transit nodes that the packet traverses. Finally, the data fields are removed at a device that is referred to as the IFIT decapsulating node. Hence, a head node needs to know if the IFIT decapsulating node is able to support the IFIT capabilities.

This document defines extensions to Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) to advertise the IFIT capabilities of a tail node to a head node in an IFIT domain. Then the head node can learn the IFIT capabilities and determine whether a particular IFIT Option type can be encapsulated in traffic packets. Such advertisement would be useful for avoiding IFIT data leaking from the IFIT domain and facilitating the deployment of IFIT measurements on a per-service and on-demand basis.

## 2. Definitions and Acronyms

- o IFIT: In-situ Flow Information Telemetry
- o OAM: Operation Administration and Maintenance
- o NLRI: Network Layer Reachable Information, the NLRI advertised in the BGP UPDATE as defined in [[RFC4271](#)] and [[RFC4760](#)].

## 3. IFIT Capabilities

This document defines the IFIT Capabilities formed of a 16-bit bitmap. The following format is used:

```

      0                                     1
    0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5
  +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
  |P|I|D|E|M|   Reserved   |
  +-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
```

Figure 1. IFIT Capabilities

- o P-Flag: IOAM Pre-allocated Trace Option Type flag. When set, this indicates that the router is capable of IOAM Pre-allocated Trace [[I-D.ietf-ippm-ioam-data](#)].
- o I-Flag: IOAM Incremental Trace Option Type flag. When set, this indicates that the router is capable of IOAM Incremental Tracing [[I-D.ietf-ippm-ioam-data](#)].



- o D-Flag: IOAM DEX Option Type flag. When set, this indicates that the router is capable of IOAM DEX [[I-D.ioamteam-ippm-ioam-direct-export](#)].
- o E-Flag: IOAM E2E Option Type flag. When set, this indicates that the router is capable of IOAM E2E processing [[I-D.ietf-ippm-ioam-data](#)].
- o M-Flag: Alternate Marking flag. When set, this indicates that the router is capable of processing Alternative Marking packets [[RFC8321](#)].
- o Reserved: Reserved for future use. They MUST be set to zero upon transmission and ignored upon receipt.

#### **4. Option 1: Extension to BGP Extended Community for IFIT-Capability Advertisement**

##### **4.1. IPv4-Address-Specific IFIT Tail Community**

For IPv4 networks [[RFC4360](#)], this section defines a new type of BGP extended community called IPv4-Address-Specific IFIT Extended Community. The IPv4-Address-Specific IFIT Tail Community can be used by the IFIT decapsulation node to notify the IFIT Capabilities to its partner (as the IFIT encapsulation node). It is a transitive extended community with type 0x01 and sub-type TBA1.

The format of this extended community is shown in Figure 2.

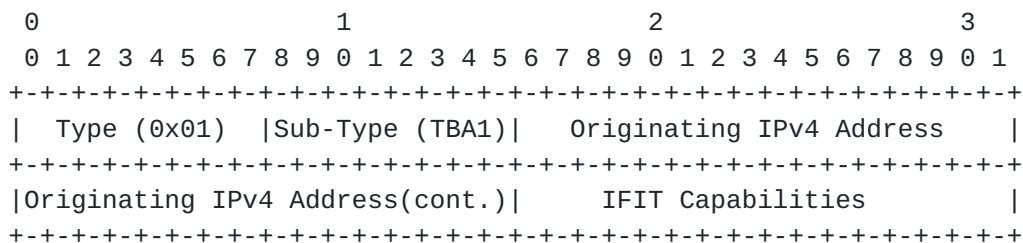


Figure 2. IPv4-Address-Specific IFIT Tail Community

- o Originating IPv4 Address field: A 4 octets field. A IPv4 address of the IFIT decapsulation node. It is an IPv4 unicast address assigned by one of the Internet registries
- o IFIT Capabilities: A 2 octets field. as defined in previous section.



A IFIT Next-Hop Capability is a triple (Capability Code, Capability Length, Capability Value) aka a TLV:





Value	Description	Reference
TBA1	IPv4-Address-Specific IFIT Tail Community	This document
TBA2	IPv6-Address-Specific IFIT Tail Community	This document



The IANA is requested to make the assignments for IFIT Next-Hop Capability:

Value	Description	Reference
TBA3	IFIT Capabilities	This document

## 7. Security Considerations

This document defines extensions to BGP Extended Community and BGP Next-Hop Capability to advertise the IFIT capabilities. It does not introduce any new security risks to BGP.

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## 9. Acknowledgements

TBD

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