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Intended status: Standard Track October 24,2016

Expires: April 23, 2017

PCEP Extension for Native IP Network draft-wang-pce-extension-native-ip-00.txt

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Abstract

This document defines the PCEP extension for PCE application in Native IP network. The scenario and architecture of PCE in native IP is described in [I-D.draft-wang-teas-pce-native-ip-01.txt]. This draft describes the key information that is transferred between PCE and PCC to accomplish the end2end traffic assurance in Native IP network under central control mode.

Table of Contents

<u>1</u> .	Introduction 2
<u>2</u> .	Conventions used in this document3
<u>3</u> .	New Objects Extension 3
<u>4</u> .	Object Formats <u>3</u>
	4.1. BGP PEER Object4
	4.2. BGP PREFIX Object5
	4.3. STATICROUTE Object6
<u>5</u> .	Management Consideration
<u>6</u> .	Security Considerations
7.	IANA Considerations
8.	Conclusions
	References
	9.1. Normative References
	9.2. Informative References
<u>10</u>	 . Acknowledgments8

1. Introduction

Traditionally, MPLS-TE traffic assurance requires the corresponding network devices support MPLS or the complex RSVP/LDP/Segment Routing etc. technologies to assure the end-to-end traffic performance. But in native IP network, there will be no such signaling protocol to synchronize the action among different network devices. It is

Internet-Draft PCE Extension for Native IP Network June 30, 2016 necessary to use the central control mode that described in [I-D.draft-zhao-teas-pce-control-function] to correlate the forwarding behavior among different network devices. Draft [I-D.draft-wang-teas-pce-native-ip-00.txt] describes the architecture and solution philosophy for the end2end traffic assurance in Native IP network via Dual/Multi BGP solution. This draft describes the corresponding PCEP extension to transfer the key information about BGP peer relationship, BGP Prefix advertised and the static route on on-path router.

2. Conventions used in this document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

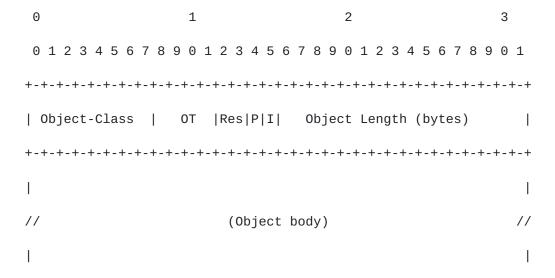
3. New Objects Extension

Three new objects are defined in this draft, they are BGP PEER object, BGP PREFIX object and STATICROUTE object.

BGP PEER object is used to tell the network device which peer it should be peered with dynamically, BGP PREFIX object is used to tell which prefixes should be advertised via the corresponding BGP peer and STATICROUTE object is used to point out which route should be to taken to arrive to the bgp peer.

4. Object Formats.

Each extension object takes the similar format, that is to say, it began with the common object header defined in [RFC5440] as the following:



Different object-class, object type and the corresponding object body is defined separated in the following section.

4.1. BGP PEER Object.

The BGP PEER object is used in a PCE Initiate message [draft-ietf-pce-pce-initiated-lsp] to specify the ip address of BGP peer that the received network device should establish the BGP relationship with.

This Object should only be sent to the head and end router of the end2end path in case there is no RR involved. If the RR is used between the head end routers, then such information should be sent to head router/RR and end router/RR respectively.

Peer-Id(8 bits): To distinguish the different BGP Peer, will be referenced in BGP PREFIX object, if the PCE use multiBGP solution for different QoS assurance requirement.

AT(8 bits): Address Type. To indicate the address type of BGP Peer. Equal to 4, if the following IP address of BGP peer is belong to IPv4; Equal to 6 if the following IP address of BGP peer is belong to IPv6.

Resv(16 bits): Reserved for future use.

Internet-Draft PCE Extension for Native IP Network June 30, 2016
IP Address of BGP Peer(4/16 Bytes): IPv4 address of the BGP peer
 when AT equal to 4, length is 32bit; IPv6 address of the BGP peer
 when AT equal to 16, length is 128bit;

4.2. BGP PREFIX Object

THE BGP PREFIX object is carried within in a PCE Initiate message [draft-ietf-pce-pce-initiated-lsp] to specify the IP prefixes that should be advertised by the corresponding BGP Peer.

This Object should only be sent to the head and end router of the end2end path in case there is no RR involved. If the RR is used between the head end routers, then such information should be sent to head router/RR and end router/RR respectively.

BGP PREFIX Object Object-Class is ** BGP PREFIX Object Object-Type is ** 0 2 $\begin{smallmatrix} 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 0 & 1 \\ \end{smallmatrix}$ Peer-Id | AT | Resv. | Prefixes Num. BGP Advertised IP Prefix TLV 1 // BGP Advertised IP Prefix TLV // BGP Advertised IP Prefix TLV

Peer-Id(8 bits): To indicate which BGP peer should be used to advertise the following IP Prefix TLV. This value is assigned in the BGP PEER object and is referred in this object.

AT(8 bits): Address Type. To indicate the address type of BGP Peer. Equal to 4, if the following IP address of BGP peer is belong to IPv4; Equal to 6 if the following IP address of BGP peer is belong to IPv6.

Internet-Draft PCE Extension for Native IP Network June 30, 2016 Resv(8 bits): Reserved for future use.

Prefixes Num(8 bits): Number of prefixes that advertised by the corresponding BGP Peer. It should be equal to num of the following IP prefix TLV.

BGP Advertised IP Prefix TLV: Variable Length, use the TLV format to indicate the advertised IP Prefix.

4.3. STATICROUTE Object

THE STATICROUTE Object is carried in a PCE Initiate message [draft-ietf-pce-pce-initiated-lsp] to specify the static route to the corresponding BGP peer address on each device that is on the end2end assurance path.

This Object should be sent to all the devices that locates on the end2end assurance path that calculated by PCE.

STATICROUTE Object Object-Class is **

STATICROUTE Object Object-Type is **

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 5 7 8 9 0 1 5 7

Peer-Id(8 bits): To indicate the BGP peer that the following next hop address point to. This value is assigned in the BGP PEER object and is referred in this object.

AT(8 bits): Address Type. To indicate the address type of staticroute. Equal to 4, if the following next hop address to the BGP peer is belong to IPv4; Equal to 6 if the following next hop address to the BGP peer is belong to IPv6.

Resv(16 bits): Reserved for future use.

Internet-Draft PCE Extension for Native IP Network June 30, 2016 Next Hop Address to the BGP Peer TLV: Variable Length, use the TLV format to indicate the next hop address to the corresponding BGP peer that indicated by the Peer-Id.

- 5. Management Consideration.
- 6. Security Considerations

TBD

7. IANA Considerations

TBD

8. Conclusions

TBD

- 9. References
- 9.1. Normative References

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9.2. Informative References

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10. Acknowledgments

TBD

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