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## **A Minor Update to Finding and Using Geofeed Data**

### **Abstract**

This document specifies how to augment the Routing Policy Specification Language inetnum: class to refer specifically to geofeed data files and describes an optional scheme that uses the Routing Public Key Infrastructure to authenticate the geofeed datafiles.

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## 1. Introduction

Providers of Internet content and other services may wish to customize those services based on the geographic location of the user of the service. This is often done using the source IP address used to contact the service. Also, infrastructure and other services might wish to publish the locale of their services. [[RFC8805](#)] defines geofeed, a syntax to associate geographic locales with IP addresses, but it does not specify how to find the relevant geofeed data given an IP address.

This document specifies how to augment the Routing Policy Specification Language (RPSL) [[RFC2725](#)] inetnum: class to refer specifically to geofeed data files and how to prudently use them. In all places inetnum: is used, inet6num: should also be assumed [[RFC4012](#)].

The reader may find [[INETNUM](#)] and [[INET6NUM](#)] informative, and certainly more verbose, descriptions of the inetnum: database classes.

An optional utterly awesome but slightly complex means for authenticating geofeed data is also defined.

This document obsoletes [[RFC9092](#)]. Changes from [[RFC9092](#)] include the following:

- \*It is no longer assumed that a geofeed file is a CSV, comma separated value list.

- \*RIPE has implemented the geofeed: attribute.
- \*Allow, but discourage, an inetnum: to have both a geofeed remarks: attribute and a geofeed: attribute.
- \*Stress that authenticating geofeed data is optional.
- \*IP Address Delegation extensions must not use "inherit".

### 1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [[RFC2119](#)] [[RFC8174](#)] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

## 2. Geofeed Files

Geofeed files are described in [[RFC8805](#)]. They provide a facility for an IP address resource "owner" to associate those IP addresses to geographic locales.

Content providers and other parties who wish to locate an IP address to a geographic locale need to find the relevant geofeed data. In [Section 3](#), this document specifies how to find the relevant geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] file given an IP address.

Geofeed data for large providers with significant horizontal scale and high granularity can be quite large. The size of a file can be even larger if an unsigned geofeed file combines data for many prefixes, if dual IPv4/IPv6 spaces are represented, etc.

Geofeed data do have privacy considerations (see [Section 6](#)); this process makes bulk access to those data easier.

This document also suggests an optional signature to strongly authenticate the data in the geofeed files.

## 3. inetnum: Class

The original RPSL specifications starting with [[RIPE81](#)], [[RIPE181](#)], and a trail of subsequent documents were written by the RIPE community. The IETF standardized RPSL in [[RFC2622](#)] and [[RFC4012](#)]. Since then, it has been modified and extensively enhanced in the Regional Internet Registry (RIR) community, mostly by RIPE [[RIPE-DB](#)]. Currently, change control effectively lies in the operator community.

The RPSL, and [[RFC2725](#)] and [[RFC4012](#)] used by the Regional Internet Registries (RIRs), specify the inetnum: database class. Each of these objects describes an IP address range and its attributes. The inetnum: objects form a hierarchy ordered on the address space.

Ideally, RPSL would be augmented to define a new RPSL geofeed: attribute in the inetnum: class. Currently, this has been implemented in only the RIPE Database. Until such time, this document defines the syntax of a Geofeed remarks: attribute, which contains an HTTPS URL of a geofeed file. The format of the inetnum: geofeed remarks: attribute **MUST** be as in this example, "remarks: Geofeed ", where the token "Geofeed " **MUST** be case sensitive, followed by a URL that will vary, but it **MUST** refer only to a single geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] file.

```
inetnum: 192.0.2.0/24 # example
remarks: Geofeed https://example.com/geofeed
```

While we leave global agreement of RPSL modification to the relevant parties, we specify that a proper geofeed: attribute in the inetnum: class **MUST** be "geofeed:" and **MUST** be followed by a single URL that will vary, but it **MUST** refer only to a single geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] file.

```
inetnum: 192.0.2.0/24 # example
geofeed: https://example.com/geofeed
```

Registries **MAY**, for the interim, provide a mix of the remarks: attribute form and the geofeed: attribute form.

The URL uses HTTPS, so the WebPKI provides authentication, integrity, and confidentiality for the fetched geofeed file. However, the WebPKI can not provide authentication of IP address space assignment. In contrast, the RPKI (see [[RFC6481](#)]) can be used to authenticate IP space assignment; see optional authentication in [Section 4](#).

Until all producers of inetnum: objects, i.e., the RIRs, state that they have migrated to supporting a geofeed: attribute, consumers looking at inetnum: objects to find geofeed URLs **MUST** be able to consume both the remarks: and geofeed: forms. The migration not only implies that the RIRs support the geofeed: attribute, but that all registrants have migrated any inetnum: objects from remarks: to geofeed: attributes.

Any particular inetnum: object **SHOULD** have, at most, one geofeed reference, whether a remarks: or a proper geofeed: attribute when it is implemented. If there is more than one, the geofeed: attribute **SHOULD** be used.

For inetnum:s covering the same address range, or an inetnum: with both remarks: and geofeed: attributes, a signed geofeed file **SHOULD** be preferred over an unsigned file.

If a geofeed file describes multiple disjoint ranges of IP address space, there are likely to be geofeed references from multiple `inetnum:` objects. Files with geofeed references from multiple `inetnum:` objects are not compatible with the signing procedure in [Section 4](#).

An unsigned, and only an unsigned, geofeed file MAY be referenced by multiple `inetnum:s` and MAY contain prefixes from more than one registry.

When geofeed references are provided by multiple `inetnum:` objects that have identical address ranges, then the geofeed reference on the `inetnum:` with the most recent `last-modified:` attribute **SHOULD** be preferred.

As `inetnum:` objects form a hierarchy, geofeed references **SHOULD** be at the lowest applicable `inetnum:` object covering the relevant address ranges in the referenced geofeed file. When fetching, the most specific `inetnum:` object with a geofeed reference **MUST** be used.

It is significant that geofeed data may have finer granularity than the `inetnum:` that refers to them. For example, an `INETNUM` object for an address range P could refer to a geofeed file in which P has been subdivided into one or more longer prefixes.

Currently, the registry data published by ARIN are not the same RPSL as that of the other registries (see [[RFC7485](#)] for a survey of the WHOIS Tower of Babel); therefore, when fetching from ARIN via FTP [[RFC0959](#)], WHOIS [[RFC3912](#)], the Registration Data Access Protocol (RDAP) [[RFC9082](#)], etc., the "NetRange" attribute/key **MUST** be treated as "inetnum", and the "Comment" attribute **MUST** be treated as "remarks".

#### 4. Authenticating Geofeed Data (Optional)

The question arises whether a particular geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] data set is valid, i.e., is authorized by the "owner" of the IP address space and is authoritative in some sense. The `inetnum:` that points to the geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] file provides some assurance. Unfortunately, the RPSL in many repositories is weakly authenticated at best. An approach where RPSL was signed per [[RFC7909](#)] would be good, except it would have to be deployed by all RPSL registries, and there is a fair number of them.

A single optional authenticator **MAY** be appended to a geofeed [[RFC8805](#)] file. It is a digest of the main body of the file signed by the private key of the relevant RPKI certificate for a covering address range. One needs a format that bundles the relevant RPKI certificate with the signature of the geofeed text.

The canonicalization procedure converts the data from their internal character representation to the UTF-8 [\[RFC3629\]](#) character encoding, and the <CRLF> sequence **MUST** be used to denote the end of a line of text. A blank line is represented solely by the <CRLF> sequence. For robustness, any non-printable characters **MUST NOT** be changed by canonicalization. Trailing blank lines **MUST NOT** appear at the end of the file. That is, the file must not end with multiple consecutive <CRLF> sequences. Any end-of-file marker used by an operating system is not considered to be part of the file content. When present, such end-of-file markers **MUST NOT** be processed by the digital signature algorithm.

Should the authenticator be syntactically incorrect per the above, the authenticator is invalid.

Borrowing detached signatures from [\[RFC5485\]](#), after file canonicalization, the Cryptographic Message Syntax (CMS) [\[RFC5652\]](#) would be used to create a detached DER-encoded signature that is then padded BASE64 encoded (as per [Section 4](#) of [\[RFC4648\]](#)) and line wrapped to 72 or fewer characters. The same digest algorithm **MUST** be used for calculating the message digest on content being signed, which is the geofeed file, and for calculating the message digest on the SignerInfo SignedAttributes [\[RFC8933\]](#). The message digest algorithm identifier **MUST** appear in both the SignedData DigestAlgorithmIdentifiers and the SignerInfo DigestAlgorithmIdentifier [\[RFC5652\]](#).

The address range of the signing certificate **MUST** cover all prefixes in the geofeed file it signs.

An address range A "covers" address range B if the range of B is identical to or a subset of A. "Address range" is used here because inetnum: objects and RPKI certificates need not align on Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) [\[RFC4632\]](#) prefix boundaries, while those of the lines in a geofeed file do.

As the signer specifies the covered RPKI resources relevant to the signature, the RPKI certificate covering the inetnum: object's address range is included in the [\[RFC5652\]](#) CMS SignedData certificates field.

Identifying the private key associated with the certificate and getting the department that controls the private key (which might be trapped in a Hardware Security Module (HSM)) to sign the CMS blob is left as an exercise for the implementor. On the other hand, verifying the signature requires no complexity; the certificate, which can be validated in the public RPKI, has the needed public key. The trust anchors for the RIRs are expected to already be

available to the party performing signature validation. Validation of the CMS signature on the geofeed file involves:

1. Obtaining the signer's certificate from the CMS SignedData CertificateSet [\[RFC5652\]](#). The certificate SubjectKeyIdentifier extension [\[RFC5280\]](#) **MUST** match the SubjectKeyIdentifier in the CMS SignerInfo SignerIdentifier [\[RFC5652\]](#). If the key identifiers do not match, then validation **MUST** fail.

Validation of the signer's certificate **MUST** ensure that it is part of the current [\[RFC6486\]](#) manifest and that the resources are covered by the RPKI certificate.

2. Constructing the certification path for the signer's certificate. All of the needed certificates are expected to be readily available in the RPKI repository. The certification path **MUST** be valid according to the validation algorithm in [\[RFC5280\]](#) and the additional checks specified in [\[RFC3779\]](#) associated with the IP Address Delegation certificate extension and the Autonomous System Identifier Delegation certificate extension. If certification path validation is unsuccessful, then validation **MUST** fail.
3. Validating the CMS SignedData as specified in [\[RFC5652\]](#) using the public key from the validated signer's certificate. If the signature validation is unsuccessful, then validation **MUST** fail.
4. Verifying that the IP Address Delegation certificate extension [\[RFC3779\]](#) covers all of the address ranges of the geofeed file. If all of the address ranges are not covered, then validation **MUST** fail.

All of these steps **MUST** be successful to consider the geofeed file signature as valid.

As the signer specifies the covered RPKI resources relevant to the signature, the RPKI certificate covering the inetnum: object's address range is included in the CMS SignedData certificates field [\[RFC5652\]](#).

As an IP Address Delegation extension using "inherit" would complicate processing, it **MUST NOT** be used. This is consistent with other RPKI signed objects.

Identifying the private key associated with the certificate and getting the department with the Hardware Security Module (HSM) to sign the CMS blob is left as an exercise for the implementor. On the other hand, verifying the signature requires no complexity; the

certificate, which can be validated in the public RPKI, has the needed public key.

The appendix **MUST** be hidden as a series of "#" comments at the end of the geofeed file. The following is a cryptographically incorrect, albeit simple, example. A correct and full example is in [Appendix A](#).

```
# RPKI Signature: 192.0.2.0 - 192.0.2.255
# MIIGlwYJKoZIhvcNAQcCoIIGiDCCBoQCAQMxDTALBgIghkgBZQMEAgEwDQYLKoZ
# IhvcNAQkQAS+gggSxMIIERTCCA5WgAwIBAgIUJ605QIPX8rW5m4Zwx3WyuW7hZu
...
# imwYkXpiMxw44EZqDjl36MiWsRDLdgoijBBcGbibwyAfGeR46k5raZCGvxG+4xa
# 08PDTxTfIYwAnBjRBKAqAZ7yX5xHfm58jUXsZJ7Ileq1S7G6Kk=
# End Signature: 192.0.2.0 - 192.0.2.255
```

The signature does not cover the signature lines.

The bracketing "# RPKI Signature:" and "# End Signature:" **MUST** be present following the model as shown. Their IP address range **MUST** match that of the inetnum: URL followed to the file.

[[RFC9323](#)] describes and provides code for a CMS profile for a general purpose listing of checksums (a "checklist") for use with the Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI). It provides usable, albeit complex, code to sign geofeed files.

[[RPKI-RTA](#)] describes a CMS profile for a general purpose Resource Tagged Attestation (RTA) based on the RPKI. While this is expected to become applicable in the long run, for the purposes of this document, a self-signed root trust anchor is used.

## 5. Operational Considerations

To create the needed inetnum: objects, an operator wishing to register the location of their geofeed file needs to coordinate with their Regional Internet Registry (RIR) or National Internet Registry (NIR) and/or any provider Local Internet Registry (LIR) that has assigned address ranges to them. RIRs/NIRs provide means for assignees to create and maintain inetnum: objects. They also provide means of assigning or sub-assigning IP address resources and allowing the assignee to create WHOIS data, including inetnum: objects, thereby referring to geofeed files.

The geofeed files **MUST** be published via and fetched using HTTPS [[RFC2818](#)].

When using data from a geofeed file, one **MUST** ignore data outside the referring inetnum: object's inetnum: attribute address range.

If and only if the geofeed file is not signed per [Section 4](#), then multiple inetnum: objects **MAY** refer to the same geofeed file, and the consumer **MUST** use only lines in the geofeed file where the prefix is covered by the address range of the inetnum: object's URL it has followed.

If the geofeed file is signed, and the signer's certificate changes, the signature in the geofeed file **MUST** be updated.

It is good key hygiene to use a given key for only one purpose. To dedicate a signing private key for signing a geofeed file, an RPKI Certification Authority (CA) may issue a subordinate certificate exclusively for the purpose shown in [Appendix A](#).

To minimize the load on RIR WHOIS [[RFC3912](#)] services, use of the RIR's FTP [[RFC0959](#)] services **SHOULD** be used for large-scale access to gather geofeed URLs. This also provides bulk access instead of fetching by brute-force search through the IP space.

Currently, geolocation providers have bulk WHOIS data access at all the RIRs. An anonymized version of such data is openly available for all RIRs except ARIN, which requires an authorization. However, for users without such authorization, the same result can be achieved with extra RDAP effort. There is open-source code to pass over such data across all RIRs, collect all geofeed references, and process them [[GEOFEED-FINDER](#)].

To prevent undue load on RPSL and geofeed servers, entity-fetching geofeed data using these mechanisms **MUST NOT** do frequent real-time lookups. [Section 3.4](#) of [[RFC8805](#)] suggests use of the HTTP Expires header [[RFC7234](#)] to signal when geofeed data should be refetched. As the data change very infrequently, in the absence of such an HTTP Header signal, collectors **SHOULD NOT** fetch more frequently than weekly. It would be polite not to fetch at magic times such as midnight UTC, the first of the month, etc., because too many others are likely to do the same.

## 6. Privacy Considerations

[[RFC8805](#)] geofeed data may reveal the approximate location of an IP address, which might in turn reveal the approximate location of an individual user. Unfortunately, [[RFC8805](#)] provides no privacy guidance on avoiding or ameliorating possible damage due to this exposure of the user. In publishing pointers to geofeed files as described in this document, the operator should be aware of this exposure in geofeed data and be cautious. All the privacy considerations of [Section 4](#) of [[RFC8805](#)] apply to this document.

Where [\[RFC8805\]](#) provided the ability to publish location data, this document makes bulk access to those data readily available. This is a goal, not an accident.

## 7. Security Considerations

It is generally prudent for a consumer of geofeed data to also use other sources to cross validate the data. All the security considerations of [\[RFC8805\]](#) apply here as well.

As mentioned in [Section 4](#), many RPSL repositories have weak, if any, authentication. This allows spoofing of inetnum: objects pointing to malicious geofeed files. [Section 4](#) suggests an unfortunately complex method for stronger authentication based on the RPKI.

For example, if an inetnum: for a wide address range (e.g., a /16) points to an RPKI-signed geofeed file, a customer or attacker could publish an unsigned equal or narrower (e.g., a /24) inetnum: in a WHOIS registry that has weak authorization, abusing the rule that the most-specific inetnum: object with a geofeed reference **MUST** be used.

If signatures were mandatory, the above attack would be stymied, but of course that is not happening anytime soon.

The RPSL providers have had to throttle fetching from their servers due to too-frequent queries. Usually, they throttle by the querying IP address or block. Similar defenses will likely need to be deployed by geofeed file servers.

## 8. IANA Considerations

The IANA is requested to update the References of the object identifier for the content type in the "SMI Security for S/MIME CMS Content Type (1.2.840.113549.1.9.16.1)" registry to the following:

Decimal	Description	References
47	id-ct-geofeedCSVwithCRLF	RFC9092 and this document

Table 1

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## **Appendix A. Example**

This appendix provides an example that includes a trust anchor, a CA certificate subordinate to the trust anchor, an end-entity certificate subordinate to the CA for signing the geofeed, and a detached signature.

The trust anchor is represented by a self-signed certificate. As usual in the RPKI, the trust anchor has authority over all IPv4 address blocks, all IPv6 address blocks, and all Autonomous System (AS) numbers.

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIEPjCCAyagAwIBAgIUpsUFJ4e/7pKZ6E14aBdkbYzms1gwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEL  
BQAwFTETMBEGA1UEAxMKZXhhbXBsZS10YTAeFw0yMDA5MDMxODU0NTRaFw0zMMA5  
MDExODU0NTRaMBUxEzARBgNVBAMTCmV4YW1wbGUtdGEwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEB  
AQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQCelMmMDCGBhqN/a3VrNAoKMr1HVLKxGoG7VF/13HZJ  
0tw0bUZlh3Jz+XeD+kNAURhELWTrsgdTkQQfqingOuRemxTl55+x7nLpe5nmwaBH  
XqqD0HubmkbAGanGcm6T/rD9KNk1Z46Uc2p7UYu0fwN00mo0aqFL2FSyvvZWziNe  
g7ELYZ4a3LvGn81JfP/JvM6pgtoMNuee5RV6TWaz7LV304ICj8Bhphy/HFp0A1rb  
09gs8CUMgqz+RroAIA8cV8gbF/fPCz90f17Gdmib679JxxFrW4wRJ0nMJgJmsZXq  
jaVc0g70Rc+eIAcHw7Uroc6h7Y71Gj0kDZF75j0mLQa3AgMBAAGjggGEMIIIBgDAd  
BgNVHQ4EFgQU3hNEuwwUGNCHY1TBatcUR03pNdYwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU3hNEuwwU  
GNCHY1TBatcUR03pNdYwDwYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zA0BgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAQYw  
GAYDVR0gAQH/BA4wDDAKBggrBgEFBQc0AjCBuQYIKwYBBQUHAQSEgawwgakwPgYI  
KwYBBQUHMAQGMnJzew5j0i8vcnBraS5leGFtcGxlLm5ldC9yZXBvc2l0b3J5L2V4  
YW1wbGUtdGEubWZ0MDUGCCsGAQUFBzANhilodHRwczoV3JyZHAuZXhhbXBsZS5u  
ZXQvbm90aWZpY2F0aW9uLnhtbDAwBggrBgEFBQcwBYykkcnN5bmM6Ly9ycGtpLmV4  
YW1wbGUubmV0L3JlcG9zaXRvcnkVMCcGCCsGAQUFBwEHAQH/BBgwFjAJBAIAATAD  
AwEAMAKEAgACMAMDAQAwHgYIKwYBBQUHAQgEEjAQoA4wDDAKAgEAAgUA/////zAN  
BgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAA0CAQEAgZFQ0Sf3CI5Hwev61AUWHY0Fnny69PuDTq+WnhDe  
xX5rpjSDRrs5L756KSKJca0J361z0451f0PSY9fH6x30pnipaqRA7t5rApky24jH  
cSUA9iRednzxhVyGjwKnfAKyNo2MYfa0AT0db1GjyLKb0ADI9FowtHBUu+60ykcm  
Quz66XrzxtmxlrRcAnbv/HtV17q0d4my6q5yjTPR1dmYN9oR/2Ch1XtGE6uQVguA  
rvNZ5CwiJ1TgGGTB7T80RHwWU6dGTc0jk2rESAaikmLi1roZSNC21fckhapEit1a  
x8CyivXjcVc5e0AmS1rJfL6LIfwmtive/N/eBtIM92HkBA==

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

The CA certificate is issued by the trust anchor. This certificate grants authority over one IPv4 address block (192.0.2.0/24) and two AS numbers (64496 and 64497).

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

```
MIIFBzCCA++gAwIBAgIUcyCzS10hdfG65kbRq7toQAvRDKowDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEL
BQAwFTETMBEGA1UEAxMKZXhhbXBsZS10YTAeFw0yMDA5MDMxOTAyMTlaFw0yMTA5
MDMxOTAyMTlaMDMxMTAvBgNVBAMTKDNBQ0UyQ0VGNEZCMjFCN0QxMUUzRTE4NEVG
QzFFMjk3QjM3Zng2NDIwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQDc
zz1qWtXC2ocw5rqp8ktm2XyYkl8riBVuqlXwfefTxSR2YFpgz9vkYUd5Az9EVEG7
6wGIyZbtmhK63eEeaqbKz2GHub467498BXeVrYys0+YuIGgCEYKznNDZ4j5aaDbo
j5+4/z0Qvv6HEsxQd0f8br6lKJwgerM6+fm7796HNPB0aqD7Zj9NRCLXjbB0DCgJ
liH6rXMKR86ofgl19V2mRjesvhdKYgkGb0if9rvxVpLJ/6zdru5CE9yeuJZ59l+n
YH/r6PzdJ4Q7yKrJX8qD6A60j4+biaU4MQ72KpsjhQNTTqF/HRwi0N54GDaknEwE
TnJQHgLJDYqww9yKWtjjAgMBAAgggIvMIICKzAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU0s4s70+yG30R
4+GE78Hil7N3hkIwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU3hNEuwvUGNCHY1TBatcUR03pNdYwDwYD
VR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zA0BgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCAQYwGAYDVR0gAQH/BA4wDDAKBggr
BgEFBQc0AjBhBgNVHR8EWjBYMFagVKBSHlByc3luYzovL3Jwa2kuZXhhbXBsZS5u
ZXQvcmluY2VudG9yeS8zQUZFMkNFRjRjRGQjIXQjdEMTFFM0UxODRFRkMxRTI5N0Iz
Nzc4NjQyLmNyYbDB0BggrBgEFBQcBAQRCMEAwPgYIKwYBBQUHMAKGmNjzew5j0i8v
cnBraS5leGFtcGx1Lm5ldC9yZXBvc2l0b3J5L2V4YW1wbGUtdGEuY2VyMIG5Bggr
BgEFBQcBCwSBrcBQTA+BggrBgEFBQcwCoYycnN5bmM6Ly9ycGtpLmV4YW1wbGUu
bmV0L3JlcG9zaXRvcnkxZXhhbXBsZS1jYS5tZnQwNQYIKwYBBQUHMA2GKWh0dHBz
0i8vcnJkcC5leGFtcGx1Lm5ldC9ub3RpZmljYXRpb24ueG1sMDAGCCsGAQUFBzAF
hiRyc3luYzovL3Jwa2kuZXhhbXBsZS5uZXQvcmluY2VudG9yeS8wHwYIKwYBBQUH
AQcBAf8EEDA0MAwEAgABMAYDBADAAAIwHgYIKwYBBQUHAQgEEjAQoA4wDDAKAgMA
+/ACAwd78TANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAA0CAQEAnLu+d1ZsUTiX3YWGueTHIalW4ad0
Kupi7pYMV2nXbxNGmdJMo19BkzVz9tj55ReMghUU4YLm/ICYe4fz5e0T8o9s/vIm
cGS29+WoGuiznMitpvbS/379gaMezk6KpqjH6Brw6meMqy09phmcmvm3x3WTmx09
mLlQneMptwk8qSYcnMUMGLJs+cVqmk0a3sWRdw8WrGu6QqYtQz3HFZQojF06YzEq
V/dBdCFdEOwTfVl2n2XqhoJl/oEBdC4uu2G0qRk3+WVs+uwVHP0Ttsbt7TzFgZfY
yxqv0g6Qo1dxZVZmHHncKmETu/BqCDGJot9may31ukrx34Bu+XFMVihm0w==
```

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

The end-entity certificate is issued by the CA. This certificate grants signature authority for one IPv4 address block (192.0.2.0/24). Signature authority for AS numbers is not needed for geofeed data signatures, so no AS numbers are included in the certificate.

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIEPtCCA42gAwIBAgIUJ605QIPX8rw5m4Zwx3WyuW7hZuQwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEL  
BQAwMzExMC8GA1UEAxMoM0FDRTJDRUY0RkIyMUII3RDExRTNFMTg0RUZDMUUYOTdC  
Mzc3ODY0MjAeFw0yMTA1MjAxNjA1NDVaFw0yMjAzMTYxNjA1NDVaMDMxMTAvBgNV  
BAMTKDkxNDY1MkEzQkQ1MUMxNDQyNjAxOTg4ODlGNUM0NUFCRjA1M0ExODcwggEi  
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQCycTQrOb/qB2W3i3Ki8PhA/DEW  
yii2TgGo9pgCw09lsIRI6Zb/k+aSiWwP9kSczlcQgtPCVwr62hTQZCIowBN0BL0c  
K0/5k1imJdi5qdM3nvKswM8CnoR11vB8pQFwruZmr5xphXRvE+mzuJVLgu2V1upm  
BXuWloeymudh6WwJ+GDjwPX03RiXBejBr0FNXhaFLe08y4DPfr/S/tXJ0Bm7QzQp  
tmbPLYtGfprYu45liFFqqP94UeLpISfXd36AKGzqTFcc3EW9l5UFE1MFLlnoEog  
qtoLoKABt0Ik0FGKeC/EgeaBdWLe469ddC9rQft5w6g6cmxG+aYDdIEB34zrAgMB  
AAGjggGvMIIBqzAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUkUZSo71RwUQmAZiIn1xFq/BToYcwHwYDVR0j  
BBgwFoAU0s4s70+yG30R4+GE78Hil7N3hkIwDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIwADA0BgNVHQ8B  
Af8EBAMCB4AwGAYDVR0gAQH/BA4wDDAKBggrBgEFBQc0AjBhBgNVHR8EwJBYMFag  
VKBSHlByc3luYzovL3Jwa2kuZXhhbXBsZS5uZXQvcvVwb3NpdG9yeS8zQUFMkNF  
RjRGQjIxQjdEMTFFM0UxODRFRkMxRTI5N0IzNzc4NjQyLmNybdBsBggrBgEFBQcB  
AQRgMF4wXAYIKwYBBQUHMAKGUHHJzew5j0i8vcnBraS5leGFtcGx1Lm5ldC9yZXBv  
c2l0b3J5LzNBQ0UyQ0VGNEZCMjFCN0QxMUUZrTE4NEVGQzFFMjk3QjM3Nzg2NDIu  
Y2VyMBkGCCsGAQUFBwEHAQH/BAowCDAGBAIAAQUAMEUGCCsGAQUFBwELBDkwNzA1  
BggrBgEFBQcwDYYPaHR0cHM6Ly9ycmRwLmV4YW1wbGUubmV0L25vdG1maWVhdGlv  
bi54bWwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQADggEBAEjC98gVp0Mb7uiKaHy1P0453mtJ+AkN  
07fsK/qGw/e90DJv7cp1hvjj4uy3sgf7PJQ7cKNGrgybq/1E0jce+ARgVjbi2Brz  
ZswAnB846Snwsktw6cenaif6Aww6q00NspAepMBd2Vg/9sKFvOwJFV0gNcqIqIXP  
5rGJPWBcOMv52a/7adjfXwpn0ijit0gMloQGmC2TPZpydZKjlxEATdFEQssa33xD  
nlpp+/r9xuNVYRtRcC36oWraVA3jzN6F6rDE8r8xs3ylISVz6JeCQ4YRYwbMsjjc  
/tiJLM7ZYxIe5IrYz1ZtN6n/SEssJASwRIgps2EhCt/HS2xAmGCOhgU=

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

The end-entity certificate is displayed below in detail. For brevity, the other two certificates are not.

```

0 1189: SEQUENCE {
4 909: SEQUENCE {
8 3: [0] {
10 1: INTEGER 2
: }
13 20: INTEGER 27AD394083D7F2B5B99B8670C775B2B96EE166E4
35 13: SEQUENCE {
37 9: OBJECT IDENTIFIER
: sha256WithRSAEncryption (1 2 840 113549 1 1 11)
48 0: NULL
: }
50 51: SEQUENCE {
52 49: SET {
54 47: SEQUENCE {
56 3: OBJECT IDENTIFIER commonName (2 5 4 3)
61 40: PrintableString
: '3ACE2CEF4FB21B7D11E3E184EFC1E297B3778642'
: }
: }
: }
103 30: SEQUENCE {
105 13: UTCTime 20/05/2021 16:05:45 GMT
120 13: UTCTime 16/03/2022 16:05:45 GMT
: }
135 51: SEQUENCE {
137 49: SET {
139 47: SEQUENCE {
141 3: OBJECT IDENTIFIER commonName (2 5 4 3)
146 40: PrintableString
: '914652A3BD51C144260198889F5C45ABF053A187'
: }
: }
: }
188 290: SEQUENCE {
192 13: SEQUENCE {
194 9: OBJECT IDENTIFIER rsaEncryption
: (1 2 840 113549 1 1 1)
205 0: NULL
: }
207 271: BIT STRING, encapsulates {
212 266: SEQUENCE {
216 257: INTEGER
: 00 B2 71 34 2B 39 BF EA 07 65 B7 8B 72 A2 F0 F8
: 40 FC 31 16 CA 28 B6 4E 01 A8 F6 98 02 C0 EF 65
: B0 84 48 E9 96 FF 93 E6 92 89 65 8F F6 44 9C CE
: 57 10 82 D3 C2 57 0A FA DA 14 D0 64 22 28 C0 13
: 74 04 BD 1C 2B 4F F9 93 58 A6 25 D8 B9 A9 D3 37
: 9E F2 AC C0 CF 02 9E 84 75 D6 F0 7C A5 01 70 AE
: E6 66 AF 9C 69 85 74 6F 13 E9 B3 B8 95 4B 82 ED

```

```

:      95 D6 EA 66 05 7B 96 96 87 B2 9A E7 61 E9 65 89
:      F8 60 E3 C0 F5 CE DD 18 97 05 E8 C1 AC E1 4D 5E
:      16 85 2D ED 3C CB 80 CF 7E BF D2 FE D5 C9 38 19
:      BB 43 34 29 B6 66 CF 2D 8B 46 7E 9A D8 BB 8E 65
:      88 51 6A A8 FF 78 51 E2 E9 21 27 D7 77 7E 80 28
:      6C EA 4C 50 9C 73 71 16 F6 5E 54 14 4D 4C 14 B9
:      67 A0 4A 20 AA DA 0B A0 A0 01 B7 42 24 38 51 8A
:      78 2F C4 81 E6 81 75 62 DE E3 AF 5D 74 2F 6B 41
:      FB 79 C3 A8 3A 72 6C 46 F9 A6 03 74 81 01 DF 8C
:      EB
477   3:   INTEGER 65537
:       }
:     }
:   }
482 431: [3] {
486 427:   SEQUENCE {
490   29:   SEQUENCE {
492    3:     OBJECT IDENTIFIER subjectKeyIdentifier (2 5 29 14)
497   22:     OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
499   20:     OCTET STRING
:         91 46 52 A3 BD 51 C1 44 26 01 98 88 9F 5C 45 AB
:         F0 53 A1 87
:       }
:     }
521  31:   SEQUENCE {
523    3:     OBJECT IDENTIFIER authorityKeyIdentifier (2 5 29 35)
528   24:     OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
530   22:     SEQUENCE {
532   20:     [0]
:         3A CE 2C EF 4F B2 1B 7D 11 E3 E1 84 EF C1 E2 97
:         B3 77 86 42
:       }
:     }
554  12:   SEQUENCE {
556    3:     OBJECT IDENTIFIER basicConstraints (2 5 29 19)
561    1:     BOOLEAN TRUE
564    2:     OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
566    0:     SEQUENCE {}
:         }
:     }
568  14:   SEQUENCE {
570    3:     OBJECT IDENTIFIER keyUsage (2 5 29 15)
575    1:     BOOLEAN TRUE
578    4:     OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
580    2:     BIT STRING 7 unused bits
:         '1'B (bit 0)
:       }
:     }

```

```

584 24: SEQUENCE {
586 3: OBJECT IDENTIFIER certificatePolicies (2 5 29 32)
591 1: BOOLEAN TRUE
594 14: OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
596 12: SEQUENCE {
598 10: SEQUENCE {
600 8: OBJECT IDENTIFIER
: resourceCertificatePolicy (1 3 6 1 5 5 7 14 2)
: }
: }
: }
: }
610 97: SEQUENCE {
612 3: OBJECT IDENTIFIER cRLDistributionPoints (2 5 29 31)
617 90: OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
619 88: SEQUENCE {
621 86: SEQUENCE {
623 84: [0] {
625 82: [0] {
627 80: [6]
: 'rsync://rpki.example.net/repository/3ACE2CEF4F'
: 'B21B7D11E3E184EFC1E297B3778642.crl'
: }
: }
: }
: }
: }
709 108: SEQUENCE {
711 8: OBJECT IDENTIFIER authorityInfoAccess
: (1 3 6 1 5 5 7 1 1)
721 96: OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
723 94: SEQUENCE {
725 92: SEQUENCE {
727 8: OBJECT IDENTIFIER caIssuers (1 3 6 1 5 5 7 48 2)
737 80: [6]
: 'rsync://rpki.example.net/repository/3ACE2CEF4F'
: 'B21B7D11E3E184EFC1E297B3778642.cer'
: }
: }
: }
: }
819 25: SEQUENCE {
821 8: OBJECT IDENTIFIER ipAddrBlocks (1 3 6 1 5 5 7 1 7)
831 1: BOOLEAN TRUE
834 10: OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
836 8: SEQUENCE {
838 6: SEQUENCE {
840 2: OCTET STRING 00 01

```

```

844    0:      NULL
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
846  69:      SEQUENCE {
848    8:      OBJECT IDENTIFIER subjectInfoAccess
      :      (1 3 6 1 5 5 7 1 11)
858  57:      OCTET STRING, encapsulates {
860  55:      SEQUENCE {
862  53:      SEQUENCE {
864    8:      OBJECT IDENTIFIER '1 3 6 1 5 5 7 48 13'
874  41:      [6]
      :      'https://rrdp.example.net/notification.xml'
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
      :      }
917  13:      SEQUENCE {
919    9:      OBJECT IDENTIFIER sha256WithRSAEncryption
      :      (1 2 840 113549 1 1 11)
930    0:      NULL
      :      }
932 257:      BIT STRING
      :      48 C2 F7 C8 15 A7 43 1B EE E8 8A 68 7C A5 3F 4E
      :      39 DE 6B 49 F8 09 0D D3 B7 EC 2B FA 86 C3 F7 BD
      :      D0 32 6F ED CA 75 86 F8 E3 E2 EC B7 B2 07 FB 3C
      :      94 3B 70 A3 46 AE 0C 9B AB F9 44 D2 37 1E F8 04
      :      60 56 36 E2 D8 1A F3 66 C5 80 9C 1F 38 E9 29 F0
      :      B2 4B 70 E9 C7 A7 6A 27 FA 03 0C 3A AB 4D 0D B2
      :      90 1E A4 C0 5D D9 58 3F F6 C2 85 BC EC 09 15 53
      :      A0 35 CA A2 42 25 CF E6 B1 89 3D 60 5C 38 CB F9
      :      D9 AF FB 69 D8 DF 5F 0A 67 3A 28 E2 4C E8 0C 96
      :      84 06 98 2D 93 3D 9A 72 75 92 A3 97 11 00 4D D1
      :      44 42 CB 1A DF 7C 43 9E 5A 69 FB FA FD C6 E3 55
      :      61 1B 51 70 2D FA A1 6A DA 54 0D E3 CC DE 85 EA
      :      B0 C4 F2 BF 31 B3 7C A5 21 25 73 E8 97 82 43 86
      :      11 63 06 CC B2 38 DC FE D8 89 2C CE D9 63 12 1E
      :      E4 8A D8 CF 56 6D 37 A9 FF 48 4B 2C 24 0B 30 44
      :      88 29 B3 61 21 0A DF C7 4B 6C 40 98 60 8E 86 05
      :      }

```

To allow reproduction of the signature results, the end-entity private key is provided. For brevity, the other two private keys are not.

-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----

```
MIIEpQIBAAKCAQEAsnE0Kzm/6gdlt4tyovD4QPwxFsootk4BqPaYAsDvZbCES0mW
/5Pmkollj/ZEnM5XEILTwlck+toU0GQiKMATdAS9HctP+ZNYpiXYuanTN57yrMDP
Ap6EddbWfKUBcK7mZq+caYV0bxPps7iVS4LtlDbqZgV7lpaHsprnYellifhg48D1
zt0YlwXowazhTV4WHS3tPMuAz36/0v7VyTgZu0M0KbZmzy2LRn6a2Lu0ZYhRaqj/
eFHi6SEn13d+gChs6kxQnHNxFvZeVBRNTBS5Z6BKIKraC6CgAbdCJDhRingvxIHm
gXVi3u0vXXQva0H7ec0o0nJsRvmmA3SBAd+M6wIDAQABAOIBAQCyB0FeMuKm8bRo
18aKjFGSPEoZi53srIz5bvUgIi92TBLez7ZnzL6Iym26oJ+5th+lCHGO/dqlhXio
pI50C5Yc9TFbb1b/EC0suCuuqKFjZ8CD3GVsHozXKJeMM+/o5YZXQrORj6UnwT0z
ol/JE5pIGUCIgsXX6tz9s5BP3lUAvVQHsv6+vEVKLxQ3wj/1vIL80/CN036EV0GJ
mpkwmygPjFEct9wbWo0yn3jxJb36+M/QjjUP28oNIVn/IKoPZRxnqchEbuuCJ651
IsaFSqtiThm4WZtvCH/IDq+6/dcMucmTjIRcYwW7fdHfjpl1lVPve9c/OmpWEQvF
t3ArWUt5AoGBANs4764yHxo4mctLIE7G7l/tf9bP4KKUiYw4R4ByEocuqMC4yhmt
MPCf0FLOQet710WckjP2L/7EKUe9yx7G5KmxAHY6j0jvcRkvGsl6lWF0sQ8p126M
Y9hmGzM0jtsdhAiMmOWKzjvm4WqfMgghQe+PnjjSVkgTt+7BxpIuGBAvAoGBANBg
26FF5cDLpix0d3Za1YXsOgguwCaw3Plvi7vUZRpA/zBMELEty0ebfakkIRWNm07l
nE+lAZwxm+29PTD0nqCFE91teyzjnQaL05kkAdJiFuVv3icL0Go399FrnJbKensm
FGSli+3KxQhCNiJJfgWzq4bE0ioAmjdGbYXzIYQFAoGBAM6tuDJ36KDU+hIS6wu6
02TPSfZhf/zPo3pCWQ78/QDb+Zdw4IEiqoBA7F4NPVLg9Y/H8UTx9r/veqe7hP0o
Ok7NpIzSmKTHkc5XfZ60Zn90LFoKbaQ40a1kXoJdWEu2YR0aU1Ae9F6/Rog6PHYz
vLE5qscRbu0XQhLkN+z7bg5bAoGBAKDsBDEb/dbqbyaAYpmwhH2sdRSkphg7Niwc
DNm9qWa1J6Zw1+M87I6Q8naRREuU1IAVqqWHVLR/ROBQ6NTJ1Uc5/qFeT2XXUgkf
taMKv61tuyjZK3sTmznMh0HfzUpWjEhWnCEuB+ZYVdm052ZGw2A75RdrILL2+9Dc
PvDXVubRAoGAdqXeSWoLxuzZXzl8rsaKRsTYaXn0WaZieU1SL5vVe8nK257UDqZ
E3ng2j5XPTUWli+aNGFEJGRoNtcQv0600/sFZUhu52sq9mwVYZNh1TB5aP8X+pV
iFcZOLUVQEcn6PA+YQK5FU11rAI1M0Gm5RDnVnU10L2xfCYxb7FzV6Y=
```

-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----

Signing of "192.0.2.0/24,US,WA,Seattle," (terminated by CR and LF)  
yields the following detached CMS signature.

```
# RPKI Signature: 192.0.2.0 - 192.0.2.255
# MIIGjwYJKoZIhvcNAQcCoIIGgDCCBnwCAQMxDALBgIghkgBZQMEAgEwDQYLKoZ
# IhvcNAQkQAS+gggSpMIIEpTCCA42gAwIBAgIUJ605QIPX8rW5m4Zwx3Wyuw7hZu
# QwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQAwmZExMC8GA1UEAxMoM0FDRTJDRUY0RkIyMUI3RDExR
# TNFMTG0RUZDMUUY0TdCMzc3ODY0MjAeFw0yMTA1MjAxNjA1NDVaFw0yMjAzMTYx
# NjA1NDVaMDMxMTAvBgNVBAMTKDkxNDY1MkEzQkQ1MUMxNDQyNjAxOTg4ODlGNUM
# 0NUFCRjA1M0ExODcwggEiMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAQUAA4IBDwAwggEKAoIBAQCycT
# QrOb/qB2W3i3Ki8PhA/DEWyii2TgGo9pgCw09lsIRI6Zb/k+aSiWWP9kSczlcQg
# tPCVvr62htQZCIowBN0BL0ck0/5k1imJdi5qdM3nvKswM8CnoR11vB8pQFwruZm
# r5xphXRvE+mzuJVLgu2V1upmBXuWloeymudh6WWJ+GDjwPX03RiXBejBr0FNXha
# FLe08y4DPfr/S/tXJ0Bm7QzQptmbPLYtGfprYu45liFFqP94UeLpISfXd36AKG
# zqTFCcc3EW9l5UFE1MFLlnoEogqtoLoKABt0Ik0FGKeC/EgeaBdWLe469ddC9rQ
# ft5w6g6cmxG+aYDdIEB34zrAgMBAAGjggGvMIIBqzAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUKUzSo71R
# wUQMAZiIn1xFq/BToYcwHwYDVR0jBBgwFoAU0s4s70+yG30R4+GE78Hil7N3hkI
# wDAYDVR0TAQH/BAIwADA0BgNVHQ8BAf8EBAMCB4AwGAYDVR0gAQH/BA4wDDAKBg
# grBgEFBQcOAjBhBgNVHR8EwjBYMFagVKBSHlByc3luYzovL3Jwa2kuZXhhbXBsZ
# S5uZXQvcmluZ3NpdG9yeS8zQUZFMkNFRjRGQjIxQjdEMTFFM0UxODRFRkMxRTI5
# N0IzNzc4NjQyLmNybDBsBggrBgEFBQcBAQRgMF4wXAYIKwYBBQUHMAKGUHHJzeW5
# j0i8vcnBraS5leGFtcGx1Lm5ldC9yZXBvc2l0b3J5LzNBQ0UyQ0VGNEZCMjFCN0
# QxMUUZrTE4NEVGQzFFMjk3QjM3Nzg2NDIuY2VyMBkGCCsGAQUFBwEHAQH/BAowC
# DAGBAIAAQUAMEUGCCsGAQUFBwELBDkwnZa1BggrBgEFBQcwDYypaHR0cHM6Ly9y
# cmRwLmV4Yw1wbGUubmV0L25vdGlmawNhdGlvbi54bWwwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQELBQA
# DggEBAEjC98gVp0Mb7uiKaHylP0453mtJ+AkN07fsK/qGw/e90DJv7cp1hvj4u
# y3sgf7PJQ7cKNGrqybq/LE0jce+ARgVjbi2BrzZswAnB846Snwsktw6cenaif6A
# ww6q00NspAepMBd2Vg/9sKFv0wJFV0gNcqiQiXP5rGJPWBc0Mv52a/7adjfXwpn
# OijiTOgMloQGmC2TPZpydZKjlxEATdFEQssa33xDnlpp+/r9xuNVYRtRcC36oWr
# aVA3jzN6F6rDE8r8xs3ylISVz6JeCQ4YRYwbMsjjc/tiJLM7ZYxIe5IrYz1ZtN6
# n/SEssJASwRIgsp2EhCt/HS2xAmGC0hgUxggGqMIIBpgIBA4AUKUzSo71RwUQMA
# ZiIn1xFq/BToYcwCwYJYIZIAWUDBAIBoGswGgYJKoZIhvcNAQkDMQ0GCyqGSIb3
# DQEJEAevMBwGCSqGSIb3DQEJBTEPFw0yMTA1MjAxNjA1MzlaMC8GCSqGSIb3DQE
# JBDEiBCAr4vKeUvHJINsE0YQwUMxoo48qrOU+iPuFbQR8qX3BFjANBgkqhkiG9w
# 0BAQEFAASCAQB85HsCBru3EcV0cf4nC6Z3jr0jT+fVlyTDA0bF6GTNWgrxe7jSA
# Inyf51UzuIGqhVY3sQiiXbdWcVYtPb4118Kvyexh8A/HLp4eeAJnt19D3igt38M
# o84q5pf9pTQXx3hbsm51ilp0ip/TKVMqzE42s60Pox3M0+6eKH3/vBKnw1s1ayM
# 0MUnPDTBfZL3JJEGPwfIZHEcrypevbqR7Jjsz5vp0qyF2D9v+w+nyhZOPmuePm7
# YqLyOw/E99PVBs9uI+hmbiCz/BK2Z3VRjrrlrUU+49eldSTkZ2sJyhCbbV2Ufgi
# S2F0quAgJzjilyN3BDQLV8Rp9cGh0PpVslKH2na
# End Signature: 192.0.2.0 - 192.0.2.255
```

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