Network Working Group Internet-Draft

Intended status: Informational
Expires: November 16, 2014

I. Young, Ed.
Independent
L. Johansson
SUNET
S. Cantor
Shibboleth Consortium
May 15, 2014

The Entity Category SAML Entity Metadata Attribute Types draft-young-entity-category-01

Abstract

This document describes a SAML entity attribute which can be used to assign category membership semantics to an entity, and a second attribute for use in claiming interoperation or support for entities in such categories.

This document is a product of the Research and Education Federations (REFEDS) Working Group process.

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of $\underline{\mathsf{BCP}}$ 78 and $\underline{\mathsf{BCP}}$ 79.

Internet-Drafts are working documents of the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF). Note that other groups may also distribute working documents as Internet-Drafts. The list of current Internet-Drafts is at http://datatracker.ietf.org/drafts/current/.

Internet-Drafts are draft documents valid for a maximum of six months and may be updated, replaced, or obsoleted by other documents at any time. It is inappropriate to use Internet-Drafts as reference material or to cite them other than as "work in progress."

This Internet-Draft will expire on November 16, 2014.

Copyright Notice

Copyright (c) 2014 IETF Trust and the persons identified as the document authors. All rights reserved.

This document is subject to BCP 78 and the IETF Trust's Legal Provisions Relating to IETF Documents (http://trustee.ietf.org/license-info) in effect on the date of publication of this document. Please review these documents

carefully, as they describe your rights and restrictions with respect to this document.

Table of Contents

$\underline{1}$. Introduction	<u>2</u>
1.1. REFEDS Document Process	<u>3</u>
$\underline{2}$. Notation and Conventions	<u>3</u>
3. Entity Category Attribute	<u>3</u>
<u>3.1</u> . Syntax	<u>3</u>
<u>3.2</u> . Semantics	<u>4</u>
3.3. Entity Category Example	<u>4</u>
4. Entity Category Support Attribute	<u>5</u>
<u>4.1</u> . Syntax	<u>5</u>
<u>4.2</u> . Semantics	<u>5</u>
4.3. Entity Category Support Example	<u>6</u>
5. IANA Considerations	<u>7</u>
6. Security Considerations	<u>7</u>
<u>7</u> . References	<u>8</u>
<u>7.1</u> . Normative References	<u>8</u>
<u>7.2</u> . Informative References	<u>8</u>
<u>Appendix A</u> . Acknowledgements	<u>8</u>
<u>Appendix B</u> . Change Log (to be removed by RFC Editor before	
publication)	<u>9</u>
B.1. Since <u>draft-young-entity-category-00</u>	<u>9</u>
B.2. Since draft-macedir-entity-category	9

1. Introduction

This document describes a SAML attribute, referred to here as the "entity category attribute", values of which represent entity types or categories. When used with the SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes [SAML2MetadataAttr] each such entity category attribute value represents a claim that the entity thus labelled meets the requirements of, and is asserted to be a member of, the indicated category.

These category membership claims MAY be used by a relying party to provision policy for release of attributes from an identity provider, to influence user interface decisions such as those related to identity provider discovery, or for any other purpose. In general, the intended uses of any claim of membership in a given category will depend on the details of the category's definition, and will often be included as part of that definition.

Entity category attribute values are URIs, and this document does not specify a controlled vocabulary. Category URIs may therefore be defined by any appropriate authority without any requirement for

Young, et al. Expires November 16, 2014 [Page 2]

central registration. It is anticipated that other specifications may provide management and discovery mechanisms for entity category attribute values.

A second SAML attribute, referred to here as the "entity category support attribute", contains URI values which represent claims by an entity to support and/or interoperate with entities in a given category or categories. These values, defined in conjunction with specific entity category values, provide entities in a category with the means to identify peer entities that wish to interact with them in category-specific fashion.

1.1. REFEDS Document Process

The Research and Education Federations group ([REFEDS]) is the voice that articulates the mutual needs of research and education identity federations worldwide. It aims to represent the requirements of research and education in the ever-growing space of access and identity management.

From time to time REFEDS will wish to publish a document in the Internet RFC series. Such documents will be published as part of the RFC Independent Submission Stream [RFC4844]; however the REFEDS working group sign-off process will have been followed for these documents, as described in the REFEDS Participant's Agreement [REFEDS.agreement].

This document is a product of the REFEDS Working Group process.

2. Notation and Conventions

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [BCP14].

3. Entity Category Attribute

3.1. Syntax

Entity category attribute values MUST be URIs. It is RECOMMENDED that http:-scheme or https:-scheme URLs are used, and further RECOMMENDED that each such value resolves to a human-readable document defining the category.

The entity category attribute MUST be encoded as a SAML 2.0 Attribute element with @NameFormat urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri and @Name http://macedir.org/entity-category.

A SAML entity is associated with one or more categories by including the Attribute element described here in the entity's metadata through use of the [SAML2MetadataAttr] metadata extension, in which the Attribute element is contained within an mdattr:EntityAttributes element directly contained within an md:Extensions element directly contained within the entity's md:EntityDescriptor. The meaning of the entity category attribute is undefined by this specification if it appears anywhere else within a metadata instance, or within any other XML document.

3.2. Semantics

The presence of the entity category attribute within an entity's entity attributes represents a series of claims (one for each attribute value) that the entity is a member of each named category. The precise semantics of such a claim depend on the definition of the category itself.

The definition of the concept of a category is intentionally not addressed in this document, in order to leave it as general as possible. However, to be useful, category definitions SHOULD include the following as appropriate:

- o A definition of the authorities who may validly assert membership in the category. While membership in some categories may be selfasserted informally by an entity's owner, others may need to be validated by third parties such as the entity's home federation or other registrar.
- o A set of criteria by which an entity's membership in the category can be objectively assessed.
- o A definition of the processes by which valid authorities may determine that an entity meets the category's membership criteria.
- o A description of the anticipated uses for category membership by relying parties.

If significant changes are made to a category definition, the new version of the category SHOULD be represented by a different category URI.

Entity category attribute value URIs MUST be treated as opaque strings.

3.3. Entity Category Example

Young, et al. Expires November 16, 2014 [Page 4]

4. Entity Category Support Attribute

4.1. Syntax

Entity category support attribute values MUST be URIs. It is RECOMMENDED that http:-scheme or https:-scheme URLs are used, and further RECOMMENDED that each such value resolves to a human-readable document defining the value's semantics. A given entity category value MAY be associated with multiple support values in order to allow for multiple forms of support, participation, or interoperation with entities in the category.

The entity category support attribute MUST be encoded as a SAML 2.0 Attribute element with @NameFormat urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0 :attrname-format:uri and @Name http://macedir.org/entity-category-support.

A SAML entity claims a form of support for entities in one or more categories by including the Attribute element described here in the entity's metadata through use of the [SAML2MetadataAttr] metadata extension, in which the Attribute element is contained within an mdattr:EntityAttributes element directly contained within an md:Extensions element directly contained within the entity's md:EntityDescriptor. The meaning of the entity category support attribute is undefined by this specification if it appears anywhere else within a metadata instance, or within any other XML document.

<u>4.2</u>. Semantics

The presence of the entity category support attribute within an entity's entity attributes represents a series of claims (one for each attribute value) that the entity supports peer entities in a category in a particular fashion. The precise semantics of such a claim depend on the definition of the category support identifier itself. Category support claims will often be defined to be self-asserted.

The definition of the concept of "support" for a category is intentionally not addressed in this document, in order to leave it as general as possible. It is assumed that entity category definitions MAY define one or more support values signifying particular definitions for "support" by peers as motivated by use cases arising from the definition of the category itself.

A common case is expected to be the definition of a single support value whose URI is identical to that defined for the category itself.

If significant changes are made to a category support definition, the new version SHOULD be represented by a different category support URI.

Entity category support attribute value URIs MUST be treated as opaque strings.

4.3. Entity Category Support Example

```
<md:EntityDescriptor xmlns:md="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:metadata"</pre>
  entityID="https://idp.example.edu/entity">
  <md:Extensions>
    <mdattr:EntityAttributes
     xmlns:mdattr="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:metadata:attribute">
      <Attribute xmlns="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:assertion"</pre>
        NameFormat="urn:oasis:names:tc:SAML:2.0:attrname-format:uri"
        Name="http://macedir.org/entity-category-support">
        <AttributeValue
         >http://example.org/category/dog/basic</AttributeValue>
        <AttributeValue
          >http://example.org/category/dog/advanced</AttributeValue>
        <AttributeValue>urn:oid:1.3.6.1.4.1.21829
     </Attribute>
    </mdattr:EntityAttributes>
  </md:Extensions>
</md:EntityDescriptor>
```

5. IANA Considerations

This memo includes no request to IANA.

6. Security Considerations

The presence of the entity category attribute within an entity's entity attributes represents a series of claims (one for each attribute value) that the entity is a member of the named categories. Before accepting and acting on such claims, any relying party needs to establish, at a level of assurance sufficient for the intended use, a chain of trust concluding that the claim is justified.

Some of the elements in such a chain of trust might include:

- o The integrity of the metadata delivered to the relying party, as for example assured by a digital signature.
- o If the entity category attribute is carried within a signed assertion, the assertion itself must be evaluated.
- o The procedures and policies of the immediate source of the metadata; in particular, any procedures the immediate source has with regard to aggregation of metadata from other sources.
- o The policies and procedures implemented by agents along the publication path from the original metadata registrar: this may be determined either by examination of the published procedures of each agent in turn, or may be simplified if the entity metadata includes publication path metadata as described in the [SAML2MetadataDRI] extension.
- o The policies and procedures implemented by the original metadata registrar.
- o The definition of the category itself; in particular, any statements it makes about whether membership of the category may be self-asserted, or may only be asserted by particular authorities.

Although entity category support attribute values will often be defined as self-asserted claims by the containing entity, the provenance of the metadata remains relevant to a relying party's decision to accept a claim of support as legitimate, and the specific definition of a support claim will influence the assurance required to act on it.

Young, et al. Expires November 16, 2014 [Page 7]

7. References

7.1. Normative References

[BCP14] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", <u>BCP 14</u>, <u>RFC 2119</u>, March 1997.

[SAML2MetadataAttr]

Cantor, S., Ed., "SAML V2.0 Metadata Extension for Entity Attributes", August 2009,

<http://wiki.oasis-open.org/security/SAML2MetadataAttr>.

[SAML2MetadataDRI]

La Joie, C., Ed., "SAML V2.0 Metadata Extensions for Registration and Publication Information Version 1.0", April 2012,

http://wiki.oasis-open.org/security/SAML2MetadataDRI.

7.2. Informative References

[REFEDS.agreement]

Research and Education Federations, "REFEDS Participant's Agreement", , <https://refeds.org/about/about_agreement.html>.

[REFEDS] Research and Education Federations, "REFEDS Home Page", , http://www.refeds.org/.

[RFC4844] Daigle, L. Internet Architecture Board, "The RFC Series and RFC Editor", <u>RFC 4844</u>, July 2007.

Appendix A. Acknowledgements

This work has been a collaborative effort within the REFEDS and MACE-Dir communities. Special thanks to (in no particular order):

- o RL 'Bob' Morgan
- o Ken Klingenstein
- o Keith Hazelton
- o Steven Olshansky
- o Mikael Linden
- o Nicole Harris

o Tom Scavo

Appendix B. Change Log (to be removed by RFC Editor before publication)

B.1. Since draft-young-entity-category-00

Update affiliations for Leif Johansson and Scott Cantor.

Remove authors from acknowledgements.

Reorganize some of the introductory boilerplate sections.

B.2. Since <u>draft-macedir-entity-category</u>

Adopted as base for <u>draft-young-entity-category-00</u>.

Changed ipr from "pre5378Trust200902" to "trust200902" and submission type from IETF to independent.

Designate Ian Young as editor for this version. Set more general affiliation.

Modernised reference to $\overline{\text{RFC 2119}}$ [BCP14] and moved that reference to the introduction.

Adjusted layout of examples so that they don't exceed the RFC standard line length.

Minor typographical nits but (intentionally) no substantive content changes.

Authors' Addresses

Ian A. Young (editor)
Independent

EMail: ian@iay.org.uk

Leif Johansson SUNET

EMail: leifj@sunet.se

Scott Cantor Shibboleth Consortium

EMail: cantor.2@osu.edu