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The LDAP No-Op Control <draft-zeilenga-ldap-noop-09.txt>

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Abstract

This document defines the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) No-Op control which can be used to disable the normal effect of an operation. The control can be used to discover how a server might react to a particular update request without updating the directory.

1. Overview

It is often desirable to be able to determine if a directory operation [RFC4511] would successful complete or not without having the normal effect of the operation take place. For example, an administrative client might want to verify that new user could update their entry (and not other entries) without the directory actually being updated. The mechanism could be used to build more sophisticated security auditing tools.

This document defines the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) [RFC4510] No-Op control extension. The presence of the No-Op control in an operation request message disables its normal effect upon the directory which operation would otherwise have. Instead of updating the directory and returning the normal indication of success, the server does not update the directory and indicates so by returning the noOperation resultCode (introduced below).

For example, when the No-Op control is present in a LDAP modify operation [RFC4511], the server is do all processing necessary to perform the operation without actually updating the directory. If it detects an error during this processing, it returns a non-success (other than noOperation) resultCode as it normally would. Otherwise, it returns the noOperation. In either case, the directory is left unchanged.

This No-Op control is not intended to be to an "effective access" mechanism [RFC2820, U12].

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119].

DN stands for Distinguished Name.
DSA stands for Directory System Agent.
DSE stands for DSA-specific entry.

2. No-Op Control

The No-Op control is an LDAP Control [RFC4511] whose controlType is IANA-ASSIGNED-OID and controlValue is absent. Clients MUST provide a criticality value of TRUE to prevent unintended modification of the directory.

The control is appropriate for request messages of LDAP Add, Delete, Modify and ModifyDN operations [RFC4511]. The control is also appropriate for requests of extended operations which update the directory (or other data stores), such as Password Modify Extended Operation [RFC3062]. There is no corresponding response control.

When the control is attached to an LDAP request, the server does all normal processing possible for the operation without modification of the directory. That is, when the control is attached to an LDAP request, the directory SHALL NOT be updated and the response SHALL NOT have a resultCode of success (0).

A result code other than noOperation (IANA-ASSIGNED-CODE) means that the server is unable or unwilling to complete the processing for the reason indicated by the result code. A result code of noOperation (IANA-ASSIGNED-CODE) indicates that the server discovered no reason why the operation would fail if submitted without the No-Op control. It is noted that there may be reasons why the operation may fail which are only discoverable when submitting without the No-Op control.

Servers SHOULD indicate their support for this control by providing IANA-ASSIGNED-OID as a value of the 'supportedControl' attribute type [RFC4512] in their root DSE entry. A server MAY choose to advertise this extension only when the client is authorized to use this operation.

3. Security Considerations

The No-Op control mechanism allows directory administrators and users to verify that access control and other administrative policy controls are properly configured. The mechanism may also lead to the development (and deployment) of more effective security auditing tools.

Implementors of this LDAP extension should be familiar with security considerations applicable to the LDAP operations [RFC4511] extended by this control, as well as general LDAP security considerations [Roadmap].

4. IANA Considerations

4.1. Object Identifier

It is requested that IANA assign an LDAP Object Identifier [RFC4520] to identify the LDAP No-Op Control defined in this document.

Subject: Request for LDAP Object Identifier Registration Person & email address to contact for further information:

Kurt Zeilenga <kurt@OpenLDAP.org>

Specification: RFC XXXX

Author/Change Controller: IESG

Comments:

Identifies the LDAP No-Op Control

4.2 LDAP Protocol Mechanism

Registration of this protocol mechanism is requested [RFC4520].

Subject: Request for LDAP Protocol Mechanism Registration

Object Identifier: IANA-ASSIGNED-OID

Description: No-Op Control

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Kurt Zeilenga <kurt@openldap.org>

Usage: Control

Specification: RFC XXXX

Author/Change Controller: IESG

Comments: none

4.3 LDAP Result Code

Assignment of an LDAP Result Code called 'noOperation' is requested.

Subject: LDAP Result Code Registration

Person & email address to contact for further information:

Kurt Zeilenga <kurt@OpenLDAP.org>

Result Code Name: noOperation

Specification: RFC XXXX

Author/Change Controller: IESG

Comments: none

Author's Address

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6. References

[[Note to the RFC Editor: please replace the citation tags used in referencing Internet-Drafts with tags of the form RFCnnnn where possible.]]

6.1. Normative References

[RFC2119]	Bradner, S.,	"Key words	for use	e in RFCs to	Indicate
	Requirement L	_evels", <u>BCF</u>	<u>14</u> (al	so <u>RFC 2119</u>)	, March 1997.

[RFC4510] Zeilenga, K. (editor), "LDAP: Technical Specification Road Map", RFC 4510, June 2006.

[RFC4511] Sermersheim, J. (editor), "LDAP: The Protocol", RFC 4511, June 2006.

[RFC4512] Zeilenga, K. (editor), "LDAP: Directory Information Models", RFC 4512, June 2006.

<u>6.2</u>. Informative References

[X.500]	International Telecommunication Union -			
	Telecommunication Standardization Sector, "The Directory			
	Overview of concepts, models and services,"			
	X.500(1993) (also ISO/IEC 9594-1:1994).			

[RFC2820] Stokes, E., et. al., "Access Control Requirements for LDAP", RFC 2820, May 2000.

[RFC3062] Zeilenga, K., "LDAP Password Modify Extended Operation", RFC 3062, February 2000.

[RFC4520] Zeilenga, K., "Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA) Considerations for the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)", RFC 4520, BCP 64, June 2006.

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