

I2RS Working Group  
Internet-Draft  
Intended status: Standards Track

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Expires: September 9, 2015

March 9, 2015

## **A YANG Data Model for Layer 1 Network Topology**

[draft-zhang-i2rs-l1-topo-yang-model-01.txt](#)

### Abstract

This draft describes a YANG data model to manipulate the topologies of a layer 1 network. It is independent of data plan technologies and control plane protocols. It can be augmented to include technology-specific data, such as for Optical Transport Networks (OTN).

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**1. Introduction**

This document defines a data model of a layer one network topology, using YANG [[RFC6020](#)]. The model can be used by an application via the I2RS interface [[draft-ietf-i2rs-architecture](#)], in the following ways (but not limited to):

- o to obtain a whole view of the network topology information of its interest;
  
- o to receive notifications with regard to the information of the change of the network topology of its interest;



- o to enforce the establishment/update of a network topology with the characteristic specified in the data model;

This model is confined to describe layer 1 networks, but it is data plane technology independent and can be augmented to specify the topology for networks such as Optical Transport networks (OTN), Synchronous Digital Network/ (SDH/SONET) DWDM (Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing).

[Editor's Note: The authors are aware that there are other drafts closely relating to this draft. Coordination works have been undergoing to get these drafts aligned. The authors are working on obtaining layer one topology by augmenting the data model proposed in [draft-clemm-i2rs-yang-network-topo](#) in the next version of this draft.]

## **2. Conventions used in this document**

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC-2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

## **3. Terminology and Notations**

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is used in this document. The meaning of the symbols in the YANG data tree presented later in this draft is defined in [[ietf-netmod-rfc6087bis](#)]. They are provided below for reference.

- o Brackets "[" and "]" enclose list keys.
- o Abbreviations before data node names: "rw" means configuration (read-write) and "ro" state data (read-only).
- o Symbols after data node names: "?" means an optional node, "!" means a presence container, and "\*" denotes a list and leaf-list.
- o Parentheses enclose choice and case nodes, and case nodes are also marked with a colon (":").
- o Ellipsis ("...") stands for contents of subtrees that are not shown.



## 4. YANG Data Model for Layer 1 Topology

### 4.1. YANG Tree

```

module: ietf-layer1topology
  +--rw layer-one-topology
    +--rw topology* [topology-id]
      +--rw topology-id          topology-id
      +--rw name?                string
      +--rw supporting-topology* [topo-ref]
        | +--rw topo-ref        leafref
      +--rw node* [node-id]
        | +--rw node-id          node-id
        | +--rw interface* [interface-id]
        | | +--rw interface-id    interface-id
        | | +--rw interface-name? if:interface-state-ref
        | | +--rw adaptation-capability
        | +--rw connectivity-matrix* [id]
        | | +--rw id              uint32
        | | +--rw type?           enumeration
        | | +--rw in-interface* [interface-ref]
        | | | +--rw interface-ref leafref
        | | +--rw out-interface* [interface-ref]
        | | | +--rw interface-ref leafref
        | | +--rw dir?            enumeration
      +--rw link* [link-id]
        +--rw link-id            link-id
        +--rw local
          | +--rw local-node      leafref
          | +--rw local-interface leafref
        +--rw remote
          | +--rw remote-node     leafref
          | +--rw remote-interface leafref
        +--rw supporting-path* [supporting-path-index]
          | +--rw supporting-path-index uint32
          | +--rw topo-ref?        leafref
          | +--rw server-path-identifier
          | +--rw server-path-srlg
          | | +--rw srlg-values* [srlg-value]
          | | +--rw srlg-value    uint32
        +--rw attributes
          +--ro information-source? enumeration
          +--ro credibility-preference? uint16
          +--rw admin-status?        enumeration
          +--ro oper-status?         enumeration
          +--rw area-id?              binary
          +--rw max-link-bandwidth?   decimal64

```



```

    +--rw unreserved-bandwidth* [priority]
    | +--rw priority      uint8
    | +--rw bandwidth?   decimal64
    +--ro distance?                               uint32
    +--rw te-metric?                               uint32
    +--rw link-protection-type?                   enumeration
    +--rw switching-capability?                   switching-
capabilities
    +--rw encoding?                               encoding-types
    +--rw switching-capability-specific
    +--rw srlg
        +--rw srlg-values* [srlg-value]
            +--rw srlg-value      uint32
notifications:
  +---n link-failure
  | +--ro topology-id      leafref
  | +--ro link-id          leafref
  | +--ro admin-status?   leafref
  | +--ro oper-status     leafref
  +---n node-failure
    +--ro topology-id      leafref
    +--ro link-id          leafref

```

#### 4.1.1. The node and link list

**The Layer One Topology module contains all the nodes and links** information pertaining to a layer one network. The node is identified by the node-id, which is unique within the network. Within the nodes, all the interfaces pertaining to this node and their potential capabilities/constraints SHOULD be present. Besides this, the constraints associated with a node as a whole SHOULD also be present, such as the connectivity constraints introduced due to abstraction or due to the hardware limitations. The link is identified by the link-id, which is unique within a node. It includes the association with nodes as well as interfaces. Moreover, it includes information that is of interest to the I2RS client, for purposes, such as path computation, monitoring etc.

#### 4.1.2. Notification

Two types of notifications are introduced: node failure and link failure.

#### 4.2. YANG Code

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "l1topo.yang"
```



```
module ietf-layer1topology {
  yang-version 1;

  namespace
    "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-layer1topology";
  prefix "l1topo";

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix "inet";
  }
  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix "if";
  }

  organization
    "Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF) I2RS WG";
  contact
    "ID-draft editor: zhang.xian@huawei.com";

  description
    "This module defines a data-plan technology/protocol
    independent Layer One topology data model.";

  revision 2015-03-09 {
    description
      "Initial version.";
    reference
      "draft-zhang-i2rs-l1-topo-yang-model-01.txt";
  }

  /*
  * Typedefs
  */

  typedef topology-id {
    type inet:uri;
    description "the identifier for a topology";
  }

  typedef node-id {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "the identifier for a node";
  }

  typedef interface-id {
    type union {
```



```
    type inet:ip-address; // IPv4 or IPv6 address
    type int32;           // Un-numbered
}
description
    "the identifier of an interface within a node, supporting both
    numbered/unnumbered";
}

typedef link-id {
    type inet:ip-address; // IPv4 or IPv6 address
    description "the identifier of a link";
}

typedef switching-capabilities {
    type enumeration {
        enum "psc-1" {
            value 1;
            description
                "Packet-Switch Capable-1 (PSC-1)";
        }
        enum "evpl" {
            value 30;
            description
                "Ethernet Virtual Private Line (EVPL)";
        }
        enum "pbb-te"{
            value 40;
            description
                "802_1 PBB-TE";
        }

        enum "l2sc" {
            value 51;
            description
                "Layer-2 Switch Capable (L2SC)";
        }
        enum "tdm" {
            value 100;
            description
                "Time-Division-Multiplex Capable (TDM)";
        }
        enum "otn-tdm" {
            value 110;
            description
                "OTN-TDM Capable";
        }
    }
}
```



```
enum "lsc" {
  value 150;
  description
    "Lambda-Switch Capable (LSC)";
}
enum "fsc" {
  value 200;
  description
    "Fiber-Switch Capable (FSC)";
}
}

description
  "Switching capability of an interface.
  Only a subset of the above-mentioned values are applicable
  to Layer 1 network.
  Here it is included for completeness and will later be
  updated if a base model is augmented to create layer 1
  network topology YANG data model.";

reference
  "The definition of switching types, their values and the
  relevant RFCs can be found at:
  http://www.iana.org/assignments/gmpls-sig-parameters/gmpls-sig-parameters.xhtml#gmpls-sig-parameters-3";
}

typedef encoding-types {
  type enumeration {
    enum "packet" {
      value 1;
      description "Packet";
    }
    enum "ethernet" {
      value 2;
      description "Ethernet";
    }
    enum "pdh" {
      value 3;
      description "PDH";
    }
    enum "sdh-sonet" {
      value 5;
      description "SDH/SONET";
    }
    enum "digital-wrapper" {
      value 7;
    }
  }
}
```



```
    description "Digital Wrapper";
  }
  enum "lambda" {
    value 8;
    description "Lambda(photonic)";
  }
  enum "fiber" {
    value 9;
    description "Fiber";
  }
  enum "fiber-channel" {
    value 11;
    description "FiberChannel";
  }
  enum "oduk" {
    value 12;
    description
      "G.709 OKUK (Digital Path)";
  }
  enum "optical-channel" {
    value 13;
    description "G.709 Optical Channel";
  }
  enum "line" {
    value 14;
    description "Line (e.g., 8B/10B)";
  }
}
description
  "The encoding type supported by an interface or link.
  Not all encoding types are applicable to Layer one network
  nodes. They are included here for completeness and will be
  updated if a base model is available to augment
  so as to build a layer-one specific YANG data model.";
reference
  "The definition of encoding types, their values and the
  relevant RFCs can be found at http://www.iana.org/
  assignments/gmpls-sig-parameters/gmpls-sig-parameters.xhtml#
  gmpls-sig-parameters-3";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping srlg-attribute {
  description
```



```
    "Shared Risk Link Group Attributes";
reference
  "RFC 4203: OSPF Extensions in Support of Generalized
  Multi-Protocol Label Switching (GMPLS)";
list srlg-values {
  key "srlg-value";
  leaf srlg-value {
    type uint32;
    description "SRLG value";
  }
  description
    "the SRLG value list";
}
}

/*
 * Configuration data nodes
 */

container layer-one-topology {
  description
    "this container holds all the inforamtion to layer
    one network. It includes one or multiple topologies";

  list topology {
    key "topology-id";

    description
      "This contains all the information to one topoogy";

    leaf topology-id {
      type topology-id;
      description "topology identifier";
    }

    leaf name {
      type string;
      description "topology name";
    }
  }

  list supporting-topology {
    key "topo-ref";
    leaf topo-ref {
      type leafref {
        path "/layer-one-topology/topology/topology-id";
      }
      description

```



```
        "a Layer-One network might be supported by a lower
        layer network and this is a pointer to the supporting
        topology if there is one";
    }
    description "underlying topology information";
}

list node {
    key "node-id";
    description "the list of nodes within the topology";

    leaf node-id {
        type node-id;
        description "node identifier";
    }

    list interface {
        key "interface-id";
        leaf interface-id {
            type interface-id;
            description "interface identifier";
        }
        leaf interface-name {
            type if:interface-state-ref;
            description
            "Name of the incoming interface.";
        }
        container adaptation-capability {
            description
            "TBD -to add for technology specific information";
        }
        description "interface list pertaining to a node";
    }
}

list connectivity-matrix {
    key "id";

    description
    "This describes the connectivity constraints within
    a node in the network. It can be one matrix or a set
    of matrixes. Further details, read the reference
    provided below.";
    reference
    "https://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-ccamp-general
    -constraint-encode-16 Section 2.1";

    leaf id {
```



```
    type uint32;
    description "matrix id";
}
leaf type {
    type enumeration {
        enum fixed {
            value 0;
            description "Fixed";
        }
        enum dynamic {
            value 1;
            description "Dynamic/changeable";
        }
    }
}
description
    "This field describes the attribute of a
    connectivity matrix, i.e., whether it is
    fixed or switched.";
}
list in-interface {
    key "interface-ref";

    description
        "This list describes a (sub)-set of ingoing
        interfaces within a node that may have
        connectivity constraints.
        Note: directionality may not be relevant
        and it is decided by the dir parameter.";

    leaf interface-ref {
        type leafref {
            path "/layer-one-topology/topology/node/" +
                "interface/interface-id";
        }
        description "reference to an incoming interface";
    }
}
list out-interface {
    key "interface-ref";

    description
        "This list describes a (sub)-set of outgoing
        interfaces within a node that may have
        connectivity constraints.
        Note: directionality may not be relevant and
        it is decided by the dir parameter.";
```



```
leaf interface-ref {
  type leafref {
    path "/layer-one-topology/topology/node/"+
      "interface/interface-id";
  }
  description "reference to an outgoing interface";
}
}
leaf dir{
  type enumeration{
    enum "uni-dir"{
      description
        "the matrix is unidirectional.";
    }
    enum "bi-dir"{
      description
        "this matrix is bidirecdtional.";
    }
  }
  description
    "the directionality attribute of a connc. matrix.";
}
}
} // end of node data node

list link {
  key "link-id";

  description "list of the links within a topology";

  leaf link-id {
    type link-id;
    description
      "remaining issue: if there is no IP addresses
        associated with this link, what would be the key?";
  }

  container local {
    description "near end information for this link";

    leaf local-node {
      type leafref {
        path "/l1topo:layer-one-topology/topology"+
          "/node/node-id";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "refence to the local node";
    }
  }
}
```



```
    }
    leaf local-interface {
      type leafref {
        path "/l1topo:layer-one-topology/topology/node/"
          + "interface/interface-id";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "reference to the local interface";
    }
  }
  container remote {
    description "far end information of this link";

    leaf remote-node {
      type leafref {
        path "/l1topo:layer-one-topology/topology"+
          "/node/node-id";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "reference to the remote node";
    }
    leaf remote-interface {
      type leafref {
        path "/l1topo:layer-one-topology/topology/node/"
          + "interface/interface-id";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "reference to the remote interface";
    }
  }
}
list supporting-path {
  key "supporting-path-index";

  description
    "information pertaining to the underlying path if
    there is any";

  leaf supporting-path-index {
    type uint32;
    description "the identifier of the supporting path";
  }
  leaf topo-ref {
    type leafref {
      path "/l1topo:layer-one-topology/"+
        "topology/topology-id";
    }
    description "reference to the underlying topology";
  }
}
```



```
    }
  container server-path-identifier {
    description "TBD";
  }
  container server-path-srlg {
    uses srlg-attribute;
    description "the SRLG values of the server path";
  }
}

container attributes {

  description "additional information of the link";

  leaf information-source {
    type enumeration {
      enum "unknown" {
        description "The source is unknown";
      }
      enum "locally-configured" {
        description "Configured TE link";
      }
      enum "ospfv2" {
        description "OSPFv2";
      }
      enum "ospfv3" {
        description "OSPFv3";
      }
      enum "isis" {
        description "ISIS";
      }
    }
  }
  config false;

  description
    "Indicates the source of the information about
    the link. remaining issue: if configuration of
    a link is allowed, what additional types are
    needed to add?";
}
  leaf credibility-preference {
    type uint16;
    config false;
    description "the level of credibility";
  }
  leaf admin-status {
    type enumeration {
```



```
    enum up {
      value 1;
      description "up";
    }
    enum down {
      value 2;
      description "down";
    }
    enum testing {
      value 3;
      description "testing - in some test mode.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The adminstrative state of the link.";
  reference
    "RFC2863: The Interfaces Group MIB.";
}
leaf oper-status {
  type enumeration {
    enum up {
      value 1;
      description "up";
    }
    enum down {
      value 2;
      description "down";
    }
    enum testing {
      value 3;
      description "testing - in some test mode";
    }
    enum unknown {
      value 4;
      description "unknown - status cannot be
        determined for some reason.";
    }
    enum dormant{
      value 5;
      description "dormant";
    }
  }
}
config false;
description
  "The current operational state of the link.";
reference
  "RFC2863: The Interfaces Group MIB.";
```



```
}
leaf area-id {
  type binary {
    length 1..13;
  }
  description
    "This object indicates the area identifier of
    the IGP. If OSPF is used to advertise LSA,
    this represents an ospfArea. If IS-IS is used,
    this represents an area address.
    Otherwise, this is zero.";
  reference
    "RFC4920: Crankback Signaling Extensions for MPLS
    and GMPLS RSVP-TE.";
}

leaf max-link-bandwidth {
  type decimal64 {
    fraction-digits 2;
  }
  description
    "the max bandwidth supported by this link";
}

list unreserved-bandwidth {
  key "priority";
  max-elements "8";

  description
    "This describes the unreserved bandwidth (in
    Bytes/second) on a level basis ( level 0-7).";

  leaf priority {
    type uint8{
      range "0..7";
    }
    description "priority level";
  }
  leaf bandwidth {
    type decimal64 {
      fraction-digits 2;
    }
    description "badnwidth per priority";
  }
}

leaf distance {
```



```
    type uint32;
    units "kilometers";

    config false;
    description
      "the distance this link spans.";
  }
  leaf te-metric {
    type uint32;
    description "the metric supported by the link";
  }

  leaf link-protection-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum "extra-traffic" {
        value 1;
        description "Extra traffic";
      }
      enum "unprotected" {
        value 2;
        description "unprotected";
      }
      enum "shared" {
        value 4;
        description "Shared";
      }
      enum "1-for-1" {
        value 8;
        description "Dedicated one for one protection";
      }
      enum "1-plus-1" {
        value 16;
        description "Dedicated one plus one protection";
      }
      enum "enhanced" {
        value 32;
        description "a protection type that is
          more reliable than Dedicated 1+1,
          e.g., 4 fiber BLSR/MS-SPRING.";
      }
    }
  }
  description
    "Link Protection Type configured for this link";
  reference
    "RFC3471: Generalized Multi-Protocol Label
    Switching (GMPLS) Signaling Functional
    Description.";
```



```
    }

    leaf switching-capability {
      type switching-capabilities;
      description
        "the switching capability supported by the link";
    }
    leaf encoding {
      type encoding-types;
      description
        "the encoding type supported by this link.";
    }

    container switching-capability-specific {
      description
        "TBD - to add for technology specific information";
    }
    container srlg {
      uses srlg-attribute;
      description " the SRLG values of a link";
    }
  }// end of link attributes
}// end of link leaf data node
}
}// end of configuring data nodes

/*
* notifications - only provide operational change information.
* reply to topology/node/link creation is acked via rpc-reply.
*/

notification link-failure {
  leaf topology-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/layer-one-topology/topology/topology-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description "";
  }
  leaf link-id {
    type leafref {
      path
        "/layer-one-topology/topology[topology-id="+
        "current ()/../../topology-id]/link/link-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description "";
  }
}
```



```
    }
    leaf admin-status {
      type leafref {
        path
          "/layer-one-topology/topology/link[link-id = " +
            "current()/../link-id]/attributes/admin-status";
      }
      description "";
    }
    leaf oper-status {
      type leafref {
        path
          "/layer-one-topology/topology/" +
            "link[link-id = current()/../link-id]"
          + "/attributes/oper-status";
      }
      mandatory true;
      description "";
    }
    description
      "link failure information";
  } //notification

notification node-failure {
  leaf topology-id {
    type leafref {
      path "/layer-one-topology/topology/topology-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description "";
  }
  leaf link-id {
    type leafref {
      path
        "/layer-one-topology/topology[topology-id= "
        + "current ()/../topology-id]/node/node-id";
    }
    mandatory true;
    description "";
  }
  description
    "node failure information";
} //notification
} //module
```

<CODE ENDS>



## **5. Security Considerations**

Since the data model defined in this draft is manipulated via the I2RS interface. The security concerns mentioned in [[draft-ietf-i2rs-architecture](#)] also applies to this draft.

The YANG module defined in this memo is designed to be accessed via the NETCONF protocol [[RFC6241](#)]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is SSH [[RFC6242](#)]. The NETCONF access control model [[RFC6536](#)] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a pre-configured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in the YANG module which are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., <edit-config>) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

[Editor's note: to List specific subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability.]

## **6. Manageability Considerations**

TBD.

## **7. IANA Considerations**

TBD.

## **8. Acknowledgements**

The initial YANG model specified in this draft is based on [draft-clemm-i2rs-yang-network-topo](#) but it is modified according to the features of the layer one networks.

We would like to thank the authors of the above mentioned draft for their helpful discussion during the creation of this draft.

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TBD.

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