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Pseudowire (PW) over MPLS PSN Management Information Base (MIB)

Abstract

This memo defines a portion of the Management Information Base (MIB) for use with network management protocols in the Internet community. In particular, it describes a MIB module for PW operation over Multiprotocol Label Switching (MPLS) Label Switching Routers (LSRs).

Status of This Memo

This document specifies an Internet standards track protocol for the Internet community, and requests discussion and suggestions for improvements. Please refer to the current edition of the "Internet Official Protocol Standards" (STD 1) for the standardization state and status of this protocol. Distribution of this memo is unlimited.

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1. Introduction

This document describes a model for managing pseudowire services for transmission over different flavors of MPLS tunnels. The general PW MIB module [RFC5601] defines the parameters global to the PW regardless of the underlying Packet Switched Network (PSN) and emulated service. This document is applicable for PWs that use MPLS PSN type in the PW-STD-MIB.

This document describes the MIB objects that define pseudowire association to the MPLS PSN, in a way that is not specific to the carried service.

Together, [RFC3811] and [RFC3812] describe the modeling of an MPLS tunnel, and a tunnel's underlying cross-connects. This MIB module supports MPLS-TE PSN, non-TE MPLS PSN (an outer tunnel created by the Label Distribution Protocol (LDP) or manually), and MPLS PW label only (no outer tunnel).

2. The Internet-Standard Management Framework

For a detailed overview of the documents that describe the current Internet-Standard Management Framework, please refer to section 7 of RFC 3410 [RFC3410].

Managed objects are accessed via a virtual information store, termed the Management Information Base or MIB. MIB objects are generally accessed through the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). Objects in the MIB are defined using the mechanisms defined in the Structure of Management Information (SMI). This memo specifies a MIB

module that is compliant to the SMIv2, which is described in STD 58, RFC 2578 [RFC2578], STD 58, RFC 2579 [RFC2579] and STD 58, RFC 2580 [RFC2580].

3. Terminology

This document uses terminology from the document describing the PW architecture [RFC3985], [RFC3916], and [RFC4447].

The terms "outbound" and "inbound" in this MIB module are based on the common practice in the MPLS standards; i.e. "outbound" is toward the PSN. However, where these terms are used in an object name, the object description clarifies the exact packet direction to prevent confusion with these terms in other documents.

"PSN tunnel" is a general term indicating a virtual connection between the two Pseudowire Emulation Edge-to-Edge (PWE3) edge devices. Each tunnel may potentially carry multiple PWs inside. An MPLS tunnel is within the scope of this document.

This document uses terminology from the document describing the MPLS architecture [RFC3031] for MPLS PSN. A Label Switched Path (LSP) is modeled as described in [RFC3811] and [RFC3812] via a series of cross-connects through one or more Label Switching Routers (LSRs).

In MPLS PSN, a PW connection typically uses a PW label within a tunnel label [RFC4447]. Multiple pseudowires each with a unique PW label can share the same tunnel. For PW transport over MPLS, the tunnel label is known as the "outer" label, while the PW label is known as the "inner" label. An exception to this is with adjacent LSRs or the use of a Penultimate Hop Popping (PHP). In this case, there is an option for PWs to connect directly without an outer label.

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [BCP14].

4. Overview

The MIB module structure for defining a PW service consists of three layers of MIB modules functioning together. This general model is defined in the PWE3 architecture [RFC3985]. The layering model is intended to sufficiently isolate PW services from the underlying PSN layer that carries the emulated service. This is done at the same time as providing a standard means for connecting any supported services to any supported PSNs.

The first layer, known as the service layer, contains service-specific modules. These modules define service-specific management objects that interface or collaborate with existing MIB modules for the native version of the service. The service-specific module "glues" the standard modules to the PWE3 MIB modules.

The next layer of the PWE3 MIB structure is the PW MIB module [RFC5601]. This module is used to configure general parameters of PWs that are common to all types of emulated services and PSNs. This layer is connected to the service-specific layer above and the PSN layer below.

The PSN layer provides PSN-specific modules for each type of PSN. These modules associate the PW with one or more "tunnels" that carry the service over the PSN. These modules are used to "glue" the PW service to the underlying PSN-specific MIB modules. This document defines the MIB module for PW over MPLS PSN.

[RFC5542] defines some of the object types used in these modules.

5. Features Checklist

The PW-MPLS-STD-MIB module is designed to satisfy the following requirements and constraints:

- The MIB module supports both manually configured and signaled PWs.
- The MIB module supports point-to-point PW connections.
- The MIB module enables the use of any emulated service.
- The MIB module supports MPLS-TE outer tunnel, non-TE MPLS outer tunnel (an outer tunnel signaled by LDP or set up manually), and no outer tunnel (where the PW label is the only label in the MPLS stack). The latter case is applicable for manual configuration of PW over a single hop, as for signaled MPLS PSN even across a single hop there is an MPLS tunnel -- even though the actual packet may not contain the MPLS tunnel label due to PHP.

The MIB module uses Textual Conventions (TCs) from [RFC2578], [RFC2579], [RFC2580], [RFC2863], [RFC3811], [RFC3813], [RFC5542], and [RFC5601].

6. MIB Module Usage

- The PW table (pwTable) in [RFC5601] is used for all PW types (ATM, FR, Ethernet, SONET, etc.). This table contains high-level generic parameters related to the PW creation. The operator or the agent creates a row for each PW.
- If the selected PSN type in the pwTable is MPLS, the agent creates a row in the MPLS-specific parameters table (pwMplsTable) in this module, which contains MPLS-specific parameters such as EXP bits handling and outer tunnel configuration.
- The operator configures the association to the desired MPLS tunnel (required for MPLS-TE tunnels or for manually configured PWs) through the pwMplsTeOutboundTable. For the LDP-based outer tunnel, there is no need for manual configuration since there is only a single tunnel toward the peer.
- The agent creates rows in the MPLS mapping table in order to allow quick retrieval of information based on the tunnel indexes.

The relation to the MPLS network is by configuration of the edge LSR only -- i.e., the LSR that provides the PW function. Since tunnels are unidirectional, a pair of tunnels MUST exist (one for inbound, one for outbound). Figure 1 depicts a PW that originates and terminates at LSR-M. It uses tunnels A and B formed by crossconnects (XCs) Ax and Bx continuing through LSR-N to LSR-P. The concatenations of XCs create the tunnels. Note: 'X' denotes a tunnel's cross-connect.

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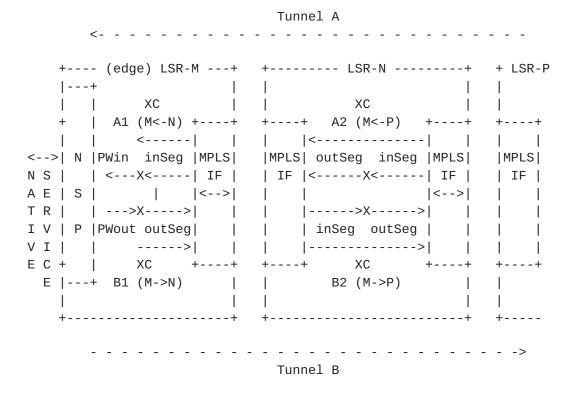


Figure 1: PW modeling over MPLS

The PW-MPLS-STD-MIB supports three options for an MPLS network:

- (1) In the MPLS-TE case, tunnels A and B are created via the MPLS-TE-STD-MIB [RFC3812]. The tunnels are associated (in each peer independently) to the PW by the four indexes that uniquely identify the tunnel at the MPLS-TE-STD-MIB.
- (2) In the non-TE case, tunnels A1 and B1 are either manually configured or set up with LDP. The tunnels are associated to the PW by the XC index in the MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB [RFC3813].
- (3) In the PW-label-only case, there is no outer tunnel on top of the PW label. This case is useful in the case of adjacent Provider Edges (PEs) in manual configuration mode. Note that for signaled tunnels, when LSR-N acts as PHP for the outer tunnel label, there are still entries for the outer tunnel in the relevant MPLS MIB modules, so even for the case of adjacent LSRs, the relevant mode is either MPLS-TE or non-TE.

A combination of MPLS-TE outer tunnel(s) and LDP outer tunnel for the same PW is allowed through the pwMplsOutboundTunnel. The current tunnel that is used to forward traffic is indicated in the object pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse.

The PW-MPLS-STD-MIB module reports through the inbound table the XC entry in the LDP-STD-MIB [RFC3815] of the PW that was signaled through LDP.

This MIB module assumes that a PW can be associated to one MPLS-TE tunnel at a time. This tunnel may be composed of multiple instances (i.e., LSP), each represented by a separate instance index. The selection of the active LSP out of the possible LSPs in the tunnel is out of the scope of this MIB module as it is part of the MPLS PSN functionality. The current active LSP is reported through this MIB module.

It is important to note that inbound (tunnel originated in the remote PE) mapping is not configured or reported through the PW-MPLS-STD-MIB module since the local PE does not know the inbound association between specific PW and MPLS tunnels.

7. PW-MPLS-STD-MIB Example

The following example (supplement the example provided in [RFC5601]) assumes that the node has already established the LDP tunnel to the peer node and that a PW has been configured in the pwTable in [RFC5601] with pwPsnType equal 'mpls'.

The agent creates an entry in pwMplsTable with the following parameters:

The agent also creates an entry in pwMplsOutboundTable for reporting the mapping of the PW on the LDP tunnel:

```
pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex

100, - The XC number for the

-- LDP tunnel

pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex

pwMplsOutboundTunnelInstance

pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR

pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR

pwMplsOutboundIfIndex

pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse

pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse

pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse
```

The agent now creates entries for the PW in the following tables:

- pwMplsInboundTable
- pwMplsNonTeMappingTable (2 entries)

To create an MPLS-TE tunnel to carry this PW, the operator takes the following steps:

- Set pwMplsMplsType in pwMplsTable to both mplsNonTe(1) and mplsTe(0).
- Set pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex, pwMplsOutboundTunnelInstance, pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR, and pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR in pwMplsOutboundTable to the MPLS-TE tunnel that will carry this PW.

The agent will report the tunnel that the PW is currently using through pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse, and will report the PW to MPLS-TE tunnel/LSP mapping in pwMplsTeMappingTable.

8. Object Definitions

```
PW-MPLS-STD-MIB DEFINITIONS ::= BEGIN
IMPORTS
  MODULE-IDENTITY, OBJECT-TYPE, Unsigned32, mib-2
      FROM SNMPv2-SMI
                                        -- [RFC2578]
  MODULE-COMPLIANCE, OBJECT-GROUP
      FROM SNMPv2-CONF
                                        -- [<u>RFC2580</u>]
  StorageType
      FROM SNMPv2-TC
                                        -- [RFC2579]
   InterfaceIndexOrZero
      FROM IF-MIB
                                        -- [RFC2863]
  MplsTunnelIndex, MplsTunnelInstanceIndex,
  MplsLdpIdentifier, MplsLsrIdentifier
      FROM MPLS-TC-STD-MIB
                                        -- [RFC3811]
  MplsIndexType
      FROM MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB
                                       -- [RFC3813]
  PwIndexType
      FROM PW-TC-STD-MIB
                                       -- [RFC5542]
```

DESCRIPTION

"This MIB module complements the PW-STD-MIB module for PW operation over MPLS.

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This version of this MIB module is part of RFC 5602; see the RFC itself for full legal notices. -- Revision history. REVISION "200906120000Z" -- 12 June 2009 00:00:00 GMT **DESCRIPTION** "First published as RFC 5602. " ::= { mib-2 181 } -- Top-level components of this MIB. -- Notifications pwMplsNotifications OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwMplsStdMIB 0 } -- Tables, Scalars pwMplsObjects OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwMplsStdMIB 1 } -- Conformance pwMplsConformance OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwMplsStdMIB 2 } -- PW MPLS table pwMplsTable OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwMplsEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible STATUS current DESCRIPTION "This table controls MPLS-specific parameters when the PW is going to be carried over MPLS PSN." ::= { pwMpls0bjects 1 } pwMplsEntry OBJECT-TYPE SYNTAX PwMplsEntry MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

current

STATUS

```
DESCRIPTION
        "A row in this table represents parameters specific to MPLS
        PSN for a pseudowire (PW). The row is created
         automatically by the local agent if the pwPsnType is
        mpls(1). It is indexed by pwIndex, which uniquely
         identifies a singular PW.
         Manual entries in this table SHOULD be preserved after a
         reboot, and the agent MUST ensure the integrity of those
         entries.
         If the set of entries of a specific row were found to be
         nonconsistent after reboot, the PW pwOperStatus MUST be
         declared as down(2).
        Any read-write object in this table MAY be changed at any
         time; however, change of some objects (for example,
         pwMplsMplsType) during PW forwarding state MAY cause traffic
         disruption."
  INDEX { pwIndex }
      ::= { pwMplsTable 1 }
PwMplsEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
     pwMplsMplsType
                                 BITS,
     pwMplsExpBitsMode
                                 INTEGER,
     pwMplsExpBits
                                 Unsigned32,
     pwMplsTtl
                                 Unsigned32,
                                 MplsLdpIdentifier,
     pwMplsLocalLdpID
     pwMplsLocalLdpEntityIndex Unsigned32,
     pwMplsPeerLdpID
                                 MplsLdpIdentifier,
     pwMplsStorageType
                                 StorageType
  }
pwMplsMplsType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
           BITS {
       mplsTe
                 (0),
       mplsNonTe (1),
       pw0nly
                 (2)
            }
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
        "This object is set by the operator to indicate the outer
         tunnel types, if existing. mplsTe(0) is used if the outer
         tunnel is set up by MPLS-TE, and mplsNonTe(1) is used if the
         outer tunnel is set up by LDP or manually. A combination of
         mplsTe(0) and mplsNonTe(1) MAY exist.
         pwOnly(2) is used if there is no outer tunnel label, i.e.,
```

```
in static provisioning without an MPLS tunnel. pwOnly(2)
         cannot be combined with mplsNonTe(1) or mplsTe(0).
        An implementation that can identify automatically that the
        peer node is directly connected MAY support the bit
        pwOnly(2) as read-only.
  DEFVAL { { mplsNonTe } }
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 1 }
pwMplsExpBitsMode OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
            INTEGER {
       outerTunnel
                        (1),
       specifiedValue
                        (2),
       serviceDependant (3)
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is set by the operator to determine the PW shim
        label EXP bits. The value of outerTunnel(1) is used where
        there is an outer tunnel -- pwMplsMplsType equals to
        mplsTe(0) or mplsNonTe(1). Note that in this case, there
        is no need to mark the PW label with the EXP bits, since the
       PW label is not visible to the intermediate nodes.
        If there is no outer tunnel, specifiedValue(2) SHOULD be used
        to indicate that the value is specified by pwMplsExpBits.
        Setting serviceDependant(3) indicates that the EXP bits are
        set based on a rule that is implementation specific."
  DEFVAL { outerTunnel }
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 2 }
pwMplsExpBits OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 Unsigned32 (0..7)
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
        "This object is set by the operator if pwMplsExpBitsMode is
         set to specifiedValue(2) to indicate the MPLS EXP bits to
        be used on the PW shim label. Otherwise, it SHOULD be set
         to zero."
  DEFVAL { 0 }
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 3 }
pwMplsTtl OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                Unsigned32 (0..255)
  MAX-ACCESS read-write
```

```
STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
        "This object is set by the operator to indicate the PW TTL
        value to be used on the PW shim label."
  DEFVAL { 2 }
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 4 }
pwMplsLocalLdpID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsLdpIdentifier
  MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
        "The LDP identifier of the LDP entity that creates
         this PW in the local node. As the PW labels are always
         set from the per-platform label space, the last two octets
        in the LDP ID MUST always both be zeros."
        "'LDP specifications', RFC 3036, section 2.2.2."
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 5 }
pwMplsLocalLdpEntityIndex OBJECT-TYPE
                 Unsigned32 (1..4294967295)
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
                 current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
        "The local node LDP Entity Index of the LDP entity creating
         this PW."
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 6 }
pwMplsPeerLdpID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsLdpIdentifier
  MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
        "The peer LDP identifier of the LDP session. This object
        SHOULD return the value zero if LDP is not used or if the
         value is not yet known."
   ::= { pwMplsEntry 7 }
pwMplsStorageType OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 StorageType
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This variable indicates the storage type for this row."
  DEFVAL { nonVolatile }
  ::= { pwMplsEntry 8 }
```

- -- End of PW MPLS Table
- -- Pseudowire MPLS Outbound Tunnel Table

pwMplsOutboundTable OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX SEQUENCE OF PwMplsOutboundEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"This table reports and configures the current outbound MPLS tunnels (i.e., toward the PSN) or the physical interface in the case of a PW label only that carries the PW traffic. It also reports the current outer tunnel and LSP that forward the PW traffic."

::= { pwMplsObjects 2 }

pwMplsOutboundEntry OBJECT-TYPE

SYNTAX PwMplsOutboundEntry

MAX-ACCESS not-accessible

STATUS current

DESCRIPTION

"A row in this table configures the outer tunnel used for carrying the PW traffic toward the PSN.

In the case of PW label only, it configures the interface that will carry the PW traffic.

An entry in this table augments the pwMplsEntry, and is created automatically when the corresponding row has been created by the agent in the pwMplsEntry.

This table points to the appropriate MPLS MIB module:

In the MPLS-TE case, the three objects relevant to the indexing of a TE tunnel head-end (as used in the MPLS-TE-STD-MIB) are to be configured, and the tunnel instance indicates the LSP that is currently in use for forwarding the traffic.

In the case of signaled non-TE MPLS (an outer tunnel label assigned by LDP), the table points to the XC entry in the LSR-STD-MIB. If the non-TE MPLS tunnel is manually configured, the operator configures the XC pointer to this tunnel.

In the case of PW label only (no outer tunnel), the ifIndex of the port to carry the PW is configured here.

It is possible to associate a PW to one TE tunnel head-end

```
and a non-TE tunnel together. An indication in this table
       will report the currently active one. In addition, in the
        TE case, the table reports the active tunnel instance
        (i.e., the specific LSP in use).
        Any read-write object in this table MAY be changed at any
        time; however, change of some objects (for example,
        MPLS-TE indexes) during PW forwarding state MAY cause traffic
        disruption."
  AUGMENTS { pwMplsEntry }
      ::= { pwMplsOutboundTable 1 }
PwMplsOutboundEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
     pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex
                                         MplsIndexType,
     pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex
                                         MplsTunnelIndex,
     pwMplsOutboundTunnelInstance
                                         MplsTunnelInstanceIndex,
                                         MplsLsrIdentifier,
     pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR
     pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR
                                         MplsLsrIdentifier,
     pwMplsOutboundIfIndex
                                         InterfaceIndexOrZero,
     pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse
                                         INTEGER
     }
pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex
                              OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsIndexType
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType mplsNonTe(1)
       bit is set, and MUST return a value of zero otherwise.
        If the outer tunnel is signaled, the object is read-only
        and indicates the XC index in the MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB of the
        outer tunnel toward the peer. Otherwise (tunnel is set up
       manually), the operator defines the XC index of the manually
       created outer tunnel through this object.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry 1 }
pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex
                                  OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsTunnelIndex
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
                 current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType mplsTe(0)
        bit is set, and MUST return a value of zero otherwise.
        It is part of the set of indexes for the outbound tunnel.
```

```
The operator sets this object to represent the desired
        tunnel head-end toward the peer for carrying the PW
        traffic.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry 2 }
pwMplsOutboundTunnelInstance
                                  OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsTunnelInstanceIndex
  MAX-ACCESS
                read-only
  STATUS
                current
  DESCRIPTION
      "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType mplsTe(0)
       bit is set, and MUST return a value of zero otherwise.
        It indicates the actual tunnel instance that is currently
        active and carrying the PW traffic. It SHOULD return the
        value zero if the information from the MPLS-TE
       application is not yet known.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry
pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR
                                  OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsLsrIdentifier
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-write
  STATUS
                current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType mplsTe(0)
        bit is set, and MUST return a value of all zeros otherwise.
        It is part of the set of indexes for the outbound tunnel.
        The operator sets this object to represent the desired
        tunnel head-end toward the peer for carrying the PW
        traffic.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry 4 }
pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR
                                  OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsLsrIdentifier
  MAX-ACCESS
                read-write
  STATUS
                current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType mplsTe(0)
       bit is set, and MUST return a value of zero otherwise.
        It is part of the set of indexes for the outbound tunnel.
       Note that in most cases, it equals to pwPeerAddr.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry
                               5 }
pwMplsOutboundIfIndex
                           OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 InterfaceIndexOrZero
```

```
read-write
  MAX-ACCESS
  STATUS
                  current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object is applicable if the pwMplsMplsType pwOnly(0)
       bit is set, and MUST return a value of zero otherwise.
       The operator configures the ifIndex of the outbound port
       in this case.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry 6 }
pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                  INTEGER {
                  notYetKnown (1),
                  mplsTe
                             (2),
                  mplsNonTe
                              (3),
                  pw0nly
                              (4)
   }
  MAX-ACCESS
                  read-only
  STATUS
                  current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object indicates the current tunnel that is carrying
       the PW traffic.
       The value of notYetKnown(1) should be used if the agent is
       currently unable to determine which tunnel or interface is
       carrying the PW, for example, because both tunnels are in
       operational status down.
   ::= { pwMplsOutboundEntry 7 }
-- End of PW MPLS Outbound Tunnel table
-- PW MPLS inbound table
pwMplsInboundTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                    SEQUENCE OF PwMplsInboundEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This table indicates the PW LDP XC entry in the
       MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB for signaled PWs.
   ::= { pwMpls0bjects 3 }
pwMplsInboundEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                    PwMplsInboundEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                   not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"A row in this table is created by the agent
        for each signaled PW, and shows the XC index related to
        the PW signaling in the inbound direction in the
        MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB that controls and display the information
        for all the LDP signaling processes in the local node.
  INDEX { pwIndex }
      ::= { pwMplsInboundTable 1 }
PwMplsInboundEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
     pwMplsInboundXcIndex
                                     MplsIndexType
  }
pwMplsInboundXcIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsIndexType
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "The XC index representing this PW in the inbound
       direction. It MUST return the value zero if the
        information is not yet known."
   ::= { pwMplsInboundEntry 1 }
-- End of PW MPLS inbound table
-- PW to Non-TE mapping Table.
pwMplsNonTeMappingTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                    SEQUENCE OF PwMplsNonTeMappingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This table indicates the PW association to the outbound
        tunnel in non-TE applications, maps the PW to its (inbound)
       XC entry, and indicates the PW-to-physical interface mapping
        for a PW without an outer tunnel.
   ::= { pwMplsObjects 4 }
pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
                    PwMplsNonTeMappingEntry
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS
                   not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
        "A row in this table displays the association
        between the PW and
         - its non-TE MPLS outbound outer tunnel,
```

- its XC entry in the MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB, or
- its physical interface if there is no outer tunnel (PW label only) and manual configuration.

Rows are created in this table by the agent depending on the setting of pwMplsMplsType:

- If the pwMplsMplsType mplsNonTe(1) bit is set, the agent creates a row for the outbound direction (pwMplsNonTeMappingDirection set to psnBound(1)). The pwMplsNonTeMappingXcIndex holds the XC index in the MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB of the PSN-bound outer tunnel. pwMplsNonTeMappingIfIndex MUST be zero for this row.
- If the pwMplsMplsType pwOnly(2) bit is set, the agent creates a row for the outbound direction (pwMplsNonTeMappingDirection set to psnBound(1)). The pwMplsNonTeMappingIfIndex holds the ifIndex of the physical port this PW will use in the outbound direction. pwMplsNonTeMappingXcIndex MUST be zero for this row.
- If the PW has been set up by a signaling protocol (i.e., pwOwner equal pwIdFecSignaling(2) or genFecSignaling(3)), the agent creates a row for the inbound direction (pwMplsNonTeMappingDirection set to fromPsn(2)).

The pwMplsNonTeMappingXcIndex holds the XC index in the MPLS-LSR-STD-MIB of the PW LDP-generated XC entry. pwMplsNonTeMappingIfIndex MUST be zero for this row.

An application can use this table to quickly retrieve the PW carried over specific non-TE MPLS outer tunnel or physical interface.

}

```
pwMplsNonTeMappingDirection OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 INTEGER {
                 psnBound (1),
                 fromPsn (2)
   }
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "Index for the conceptual XC row identifying the tunnel-to-PW
       mappings, indicating the direction of the packet flow for
        this entry.
        psnBound(1) indicates that the entry is related to
        packets toward the PSN.
       fromPsn(2) indicates that the entry is related to
       packets coming from the PSN.
   ::= { pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry 1 }
pwMplsNonTeMappingXcIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                MplsIndexType
  MAX-ACCESS
                not-accessible
  STATUS
                current
  DESCRIPTION
       "See the description clause of pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry for
       the usage guidelines of this object."
   ::= { pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry 2 }
pwMplsNonTeMappingIfIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                InterfaceIndexOrZero
  MAX-ACCESS
               not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "See the description clause of pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry for
       the usage guidelines of this object."
   ::= { pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry 3 }
pwMplsNonTeMappingPwIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 PwIndexType
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
                 current
  STATUS
  DESCRIPTION
       "The value that represents the PW in the pwTable."
   ::= { pwMplsNonTeMappingEntry 4 }
-- End of PW to Non-TE mapping Table.
-- PW to TE MPLS tunnels mapping Table.
```

```
pwMplsTeMappingTable OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                    SEQUENCE OF PwMplsTeMappingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This table reports the PW association to the
       outbound MPLS tunnel for MPLS-TE applications."
   ::= { pwMpls0bjects 5 }
pwMplsTeMappingEntry OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                    PwMplsTeMappingEntry
  MAX-ACCESS
                    not-accessible
  STATUS
                    current
  DESCRIPTION
        "A row in this table represents the association
        between a PW and its MPLS-TE outer (head-end) tunnel.
        An application can use this table to quickly retrieve the
        list of the PWs that are configured on a specific MPLS-TE
        outer tunnel.
        The pwMplsTeMappingTunnelInstance reports the actual
        LSP out of the tunnel head-end that is currently
        forwarding the traffic.
        The table is indexed by the head-end indexes of a TE
         tunnel and the PW index.
  INDEX { pwMplsTeMappingTunnelIndex,
            pwMplsTeMappingTunnelInstance,
            pwMplsTeMappingTunnelPeerLsrID,
            pwMplsTeMappingTunnelLocalLsrID,
            pwMplsTeMappingPwIndex }
      ::= { pwMplsTeMappingTable 1 }
PwMplsTeMappingEntry ::= SEQUENCE {
     pwMplsTeMappingTunnelIndex
                                       MplsTunnelIndex,
     pwMplsTeMappingTunnelInstance
                                       MplsTunnelInstanceIndex,
     pwMplsTeMappingTunnelPeerLsrID
                                       MplsLsrIdentifier,
     pwMplsTeMappingTunnelLocalLsrID MplsLsrIdentifier,
     pwMplsTeMappingPwIndex
                                       PwIndexType
  }
```

```
pwMplsTeMappingTunnelIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsTunnelIndex
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "Primary index for the conceptual row identifying the
       MPLS-TE tunnel that is carrying the PW traffic."
   ::= { pwMplsTeMappingEntry 1 }
pwMplsTeMappingTunnelInstance OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsTunnelInstanceIndex
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object identifies the MPLS-TE LSP that is carrying the
       PW traffic. It MUST return the value zero if the
        information of the specific LSP is not yet known.
       Note that based on the recommendation in the
       MPLS-TC-STD-MIB, instance index 0 should refer to the
        configured tunnel interface."
   ::= { pwMplsTeMappingEntry 2 }
pwMplsTeMappingTunnelPeerLsrID OBJECT-TYPE
                 MplsLsrIdentifier
  SYNTAX
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object identifies the peer LSR when the outer tunnel
       is MPLS-TE."
   ::= { pwMplsTeMappingEntry 3 }
pwMplsTeMappingTunnelLocalLsrID OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 MplsLsrIdentifier
  MAX-ACCESS
                 not-accessible
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object identifies the local LSR."
   ::= { pwMplsTeMappingEntry 4 }
pwMplsTeMappingPwIndex OBJECT-TYPE
  SYNTAX
                 PwIndexType
  MAX-ACCESS
                 read-only
  STATUS
                 current
  DESCRIPTION
       "This object returns the value that represents the PW in the
       pwTable."
   ::= { pwMplsTeMappingEntry 5 }
```

```
-- End of PW to TE MPLS tunnels mapping Table.
-- conformance information
pwMplsGroups
                  OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwMplsConformance 1 }
pwMplsCompliances OBJECT IDENTIFIER ::= { pwMplsConformance 2 }
-- Compliance requirement for fully compliant implementations.
pwMplsModuleFullCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for agents that provide full
             support for the PW-MPLS-STD-MIB module. Such devices
             can then be monitored and also be configured using
             this MIB module."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { pwMplsGroup,
                      pwMplsOutboundMainGroup,
                      pwMplsInboundGroup,
                      pwMplsMappingGroup
                     }
  GROUP
                pwMplsOutboundTeGroup
  DESCRIPTION "This group MUST be supported if the implementation
                allows MPLS-TE tunnels to carry PW traffic.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsMplsType
  DESCRIPTION "Support of pwOnly(2) is not required. At least one
                of mplsTe(0) or mplsNonTe(1) MUST be supported if
                signaling of PW is supported.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsExpBitsMode
  DESCRIPTION "Support of specifiedValue(2) and
                serviceDependant(3) is optional.
                pwMplsLocalLdpID
  OBJECT
  MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "A read-write access is required if the
                implementation supports more than one LDP entity
                identifier for PW signaling.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsLocalLdpEntityIndex
```

```
MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "A read-write access is required if the
                implementation supports more than one LDP entity
                index for PW signaling.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex
  MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "A value other than zero MUST be supported if the
                implementation supports non-TE signaling of the
                outer tunnel.
                A read-write access MUST be supported if the
                implementation supports PW label manual setting
                and carrying them over non-TE tunnels.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsOutboundIfIndex
  MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "A value other than zero and read-write operations
                MUST be supported if the implementation supports
                manually configured PW without MPLS outer tunnel.
    ::= { pwMplsCompliances 1 }
-- Compliance requirement for Read Only compliant implementations.
pwMplsModuleReadOnlyCompliance MODULE-COMPLIANCE
    STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
            "The compliance statement for agents that provide read-
             only support for the PW-MPLS-STD-MIB module. Such
             devices can then be monitored but cannot be configured
             using this MIB module."
  MODULE -- this module
  MANDATORY-GROUPS { pwMplsGroup,
                      pwMplsOutboundMainGroup,
                      pwMplsInboundGroup,
                      pwMplsMappingGroup
                     }
  GROUP
                pwMplsOutboundTeGroup
  DESCRIPTION "This group MUST be supported if the implementation
                allows MPLS-TE tunnels to carry PW traffic.
                pwMplsMplsType
  OBJECT
                read-only
  MIN-ACCESS
```

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

Support of pwOnly(2) is not required. At least one of mplsTe(0) or mplsNonTe(1) MUST be supported if

signaling of PW is supported.

11

OBJECT pwMplsExpBitsMode

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

Support of specifiedValue(2) and serviceDependant(3)

is optional.

11

OBJECT pwMplsExpBits MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

11

OBJECT pwMplsTtl MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

11

OBJECT pwMplsLocalLdpID

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

11

OBJECT pwMplsLocalLdpEntityIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

п

OBJECT pwMplsStorageType

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

п

OBJECT pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

A value other than zero MUST be supported if the implementation supports non-TE signaling of the

outer tunnel.

11

OBJECT pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex

MIN-ACCESS read-only

DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.

П

```
pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR
  OBJECT
  MIN-ACCESS
               read-only
  DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR
  MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.
  OBJECT
                pwMplsOutboundIfIndex
  MIN-ACCESS
                read-only
  DESCRIPTION "Write access is not required.
                A value other than zero MUST be supported if the
                implementation supports manually configured PW
                without MPLS outer tunnel.
    ::= { pwMplsCompliances 2 }
-- Units of conformance.
pwMplsGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
            pwMplsMplsType,
            pwMplsExpBitsMode,
            pwMplsExpBits,
            pwMplsTtl,
            pwMplsLocalLdpID,
            pwMplsLocalLdpEntityIndex,
            pwMplsPeerLdpID,
            pwMplsStorageType
          }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
       "Collection of objects needed for PW over MPLS PSN
       configuration."
   ::= { pwMplsGroups 1 }
pwMplsOutboundMainGroup OBJECT-GROUP
  OBJECTS {
            pwMplsOutboundLsrXcIndex,
            pwMplsOutboundIfIndex,
            pwMplsOutboundTunnelTypeInUse
          }
  STATUS current
  DESCRIPTION
```

```
"Collection of objects needed for outbound association of
       PW and MPLS tunnel."
   ::= { pwMplsGroups 2 }
pwMplsOutboundTeGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
            pwMplsOutboundTunnelIndex,
            pwMplsOutboundTunnelInstance,
            pwMplsOutboundTunnelLclLSR,
            pwMplsOutboundTunnelPeerLSR
          }
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Collection of objects needed for outbound association of
       PW and MPLS-TE tunnel."
   ::= { pwMplsGroups 3 }
pwMplsInboundGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
            pwMplsInboundXcIndex
          }
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Collection of objects needed for inbound PW presentation.
        This group MUST be supported if PW signaling through LDP is
        used."
   ::= { pwMplsGroups 4 }
pwMplsMappingGroup OBJECT-GROUP
   OBJECTS {
            pwMplsNonTeMappingPwIndex,
            pwMplsTeMappingPwIndex
          }
   STATUS current
   DESCRIPTION
       "Collection of objects needed for mapping association of
       PW and MPLS tunnel."
   ::= { pwMplsGroups 5 }
```

END

9. Security Considerations

It is clear that this MIB module is potentially useful for monitoring PW-capable PEs. This MIB module can also be used for configuration of certain objects, and anything that can be configured can be incorrectly configured, with potentially disastrous results.

There are number of management objects defined in this MIB module with a MAX-ACCESS clause of read-write and/or read-create. Such objects may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. The support for SET operations in a non-secure environment without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

o the pwMplsTable, pwMplsNonTeMappingTable and pwMplsTeMappingTable collectively contain objects to provision PW over MPLS tunnels. Unauthorized access to objects in these tables, could result in disruption of traffic on the network. The use of stronger mechanisms such as SNMPv3 security should be considered where possible. Specifically, SNMPv3 VACM and USM MUST be used with any v3 agent which implements this MIB module. Administrators should consider whether read access to these objects should be allowed, since read access may be undesirable under certain circumstances.

Some of the readable objects in this MIB module (i.e., objects with a MAX-ACCESS other than not-accessible) may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control even GET and/or NOTIFY access to these objects and possibly to even encrypt the values of these objects when sending them over the network via SNMP. These are the tables and objects and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

o the pwMplsTable, pwMplsNonTeMappingTable, pwMplsTeMappingTable and pwMplsOutboundTable collectively show the PW over MPLS association. If an Administrator does not want to reveal this information, then these tables should be considered sensitive/vulnerable.

SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 did not include adequate security. Even if the network itself is secure (for example by using IPsec), even then, there is no control as to who on the secure network is allowed to access and GET/SET (read/change/create/delete) the objects in this MIB module.

It is RECOMMENDED that implementers consider the security features as provided by the SNMPv3 framework (see [RFC3410], section 8), including full support for the SNMPv3 cryptographic mechanisms (for authentication and privacy).

Further, deployment of SNMP versions prior to SNMPv3 is NOT RECOMMENDED. Instead, it is RECOMMENDED to deploy SNMPv3 and to enable cryptographic security. It is then a customer/operator responsibility to ensure that the SNMP entity giving access to an instance of this MIB module, is properly configured to give access to the objects only to those principals (users) that have legitimate rights to indeed GET or SET (change/create/delete) them.

10. IANA Considerations

The MIB module in this document uses the following IANA-assigned OBJECT IDENTIFIER values recorded in the SMI Numbers registry:

```
Descriptor OBJECT IDENTIFIER value

pwMplsStdMIB { mib-2 181 }
```

11. References

11.1. Normative References

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11.2. Informative References

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