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A. Morton
AT&T Labs
M. Chiba
Cisco Systems
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Individual Session Control Feature for TWAMP
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Abstract

The IETF has completed its work on the core specification of TWAMP - the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol. This memo describes an OPTIONAL feature for TWAMP, that gives the controlling host the ability to start and stop one or more individual test sessions using Session Identifiers. The base capability of the TWAMP protocol requires all test sessions previously requested and accepted to start and stop at the same time.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC 2119](#) [[RFC2119](#)].

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TWAMP Session Control

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Internet-Draft

TWAMP Session Control

April 2010

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1. Introduction

The IETF has completed its work on the core specification of TWAMP – the Two-Way Active Measurement Protocol [[RFC5357](#)]. TWAMP is an extension of the One-way Active Measurement Protocol, OWAMP [[RFC4656](#)]. The TWAMP specification gathered wide review as it approached completion, and the by-products were several recommendations for new features in TWAMP. There are a growing number of TWAMP implementations at present, and wide-spread usage is expected. There are even devices that are designed to test implementations for protocol compliance.

This memo describes an OPTIONAL feature for TWAMP. [[RFC5357](#)] TWAMP (and OWAMP) start all previously requested and accepted test sessions at once. This feature allows the Control-Client to control individual test sessions on the basis of their Session Identifier (SID). This feature permits a short duration TWAMP test to start (and/or stop) during a longer test. This feature permits a specific diagnostic test to begin if intermediate results indicate that the test is warranted, for example.

This feature requires a Mode bit position assignment and the assignment of two new TWAMP command numbers (for the augmented Start and Stop commands). This feature also specifies a new Stop-ACK Server response, to complete the symmetry of the session stopping process in the same way as the Start-ACK response.

The Individual Session Control feature gives the Control-Client new flexibility to manage any number of test sessions once they are

established. However, [[RFC5357](#)] test sessions are established in serial order and the total establishment time grows with the number of sessions and the round-trip time. Therefore, implementers of this feature may also wish to implement the "Reflect Octets" feature, described in [[I-D.ietf-ippm-twamp-reflect-octets](#)], once it has been published as an RFC. This feature allows a Control-Client to distinguish between parallel Request-TW-Session commands, because a participating Server can return octets (e.g., the Control-Client's local index) in its reply to the request. Thus, the Reflect Octets feature supports the efficient establishment of many simultaneous test sessions which the Individual Session Control feature can then manage (start/stop).

This memo is an update to the TWAMP core protocol specified in [[RFC5357](#)]. Measurement systems are not required to implement the feature described in this memo to claim compliance with [[RFC5357](#)].

Throughout this memo, the bits marked MBZ (Must Be Zero) MUST be set to zero by senders and MUST be ignored by receivers. Also, the HMAC

(Hashed Message Authentication Code) MUST be calculated as defined in [Section 3.2 of \[RFC4656\]](#).

2. Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this memo is to describe an additional OPTIONAL function and feature for TWAMP [[RFC5357](#)].

The scope of the memo is limited to specifications of the following features:

1. Extension of the modes of operation through assignment of a new value in the Mode field to communicate feature capability and use,
2. the definitions of augmented start session and stop session commands (with corresponding acknowledgements), and
3. the definition of related procedures for TWAMP entities.

The motivation for this feature is the ability to start and stop

individual test sessions at will, using a single TWAMP-control connection.

When the Server and Control-Client have agreed to use the Individual Session Control mode during control connection setup, then the Control-Client, the Server, the Session-Sender, and the Session-Reflector MUST all conform to the requirements of that mode, as identified below. The original TWAMP-Control Start and Stop commands MUST NOT be used.

3. TWAMP Control Extensions

TWAMP-Control protocol is a derivative of the OWAMP-Control protocol, and provides two-way measurement capability. TWAMP [[RFC5357](#)] uses the Modes Field to identify and select specific communication capabilities, and this field is a recognized extension mechanism. The following sections describe one such extension.

3.1. Connection Setup with Individual Session Control

TWAMP-Control connection establishment follows the procedure defined in [section 3.1 of \[RFC4656\]](#) OWAMP. The Individual Session Control mode requires one new bit position (and value) to identify the ability of the Server/Session-Reflector to start and stop specific sessions (according to their Session Identifier, or SID). This new

feature requires an additional TWAMP mode bit assignment as follows:

Value	Description	Reference/Explanation
0	Reserved	
1	Unauthenticated	RFC4656, Section 3.1
2	Authenticated	RFC4656, Section 3.1
4	Encrypted	RFC4656, Section 3.1
8	Unauth. TEST protocol, Auth. CONTROL	RFC5618, Section 3.1

zzz	Individual Session Control	this memo, bit position (Z)

In the original OWAMP mode field, setting bit positions 0, 1 or 2

indicated the security mode of the Control protocol, and the Test protocol inherited the same mode (see [section 4 of \[RFC4656\]](#)). In the [\[RFC5618\]](#) memo, bit position (3) allows a different security mode in the Test protocol and uses the unauthenticated test packet format.

If the Server sets the new bit position (bit position Z) in the Server Greeting message to indicate its capabilities, then the Server and Session-Reflector MUST comply with the requirements of this memo to control sessions on an individual basis if desired.

If the Control-Client intends to control sessions on an individual basis (according to the requirements in this memo), it MUST set the mode bit (Z, corresponding to the new mode) in the Setup Response message. This means that:

1. The Control-Client and the Server MUST use the start and stop commands intended for individual session control and the corresponding acknowledgements, as defined in the sections that follow.
2. The Control-Client and the Server MUST NOT use the start and stop commands (2 and 3) and the acknowledgement defined in [\[RFC5357\]](#).

The Control-Client MUST also set one mode bit to indicate the chosen security mode (currently bits 0, 1, 2, or 3), consistent with the modes offered by the Server. The Control-Client MAY also set Modes bit Z with other features and bit positions (such as the reflect octets feature).

[3.2.](#) Start-N-Sessions Command with Individual Session Control

Having

- o initiated Individual Session Control mode in the Setup Response,
- o requested one or more test sessions, and
- o received affirmative Accept-Session response(s),

a TWAMP Client MAY start the execution of one or more test sessions by sending a Start-N-Sessions message to the Server (note that "N"

with a zero Accept field in the Start-N-Ack response).

All SID fields are constructed as defined in the last paragraph of OWAMP [section 3.5 \[RFC4656\]](#) (and referenced in TWAMP). Note that the SID is assigned by the Server during the session request exchange.

The message is terminated with a single block HMAC, as illustrated above.

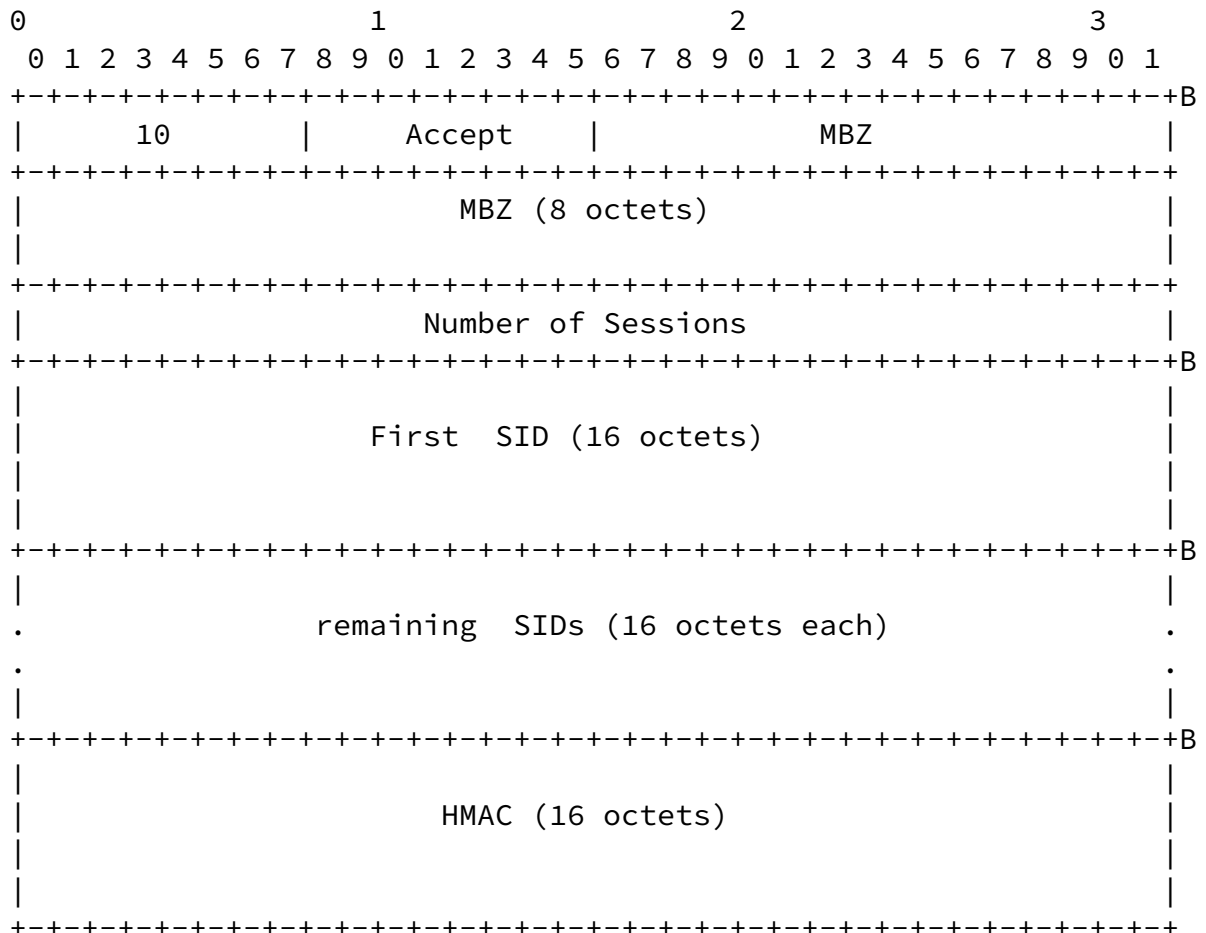
The Server MUST respond with one or more Start-N-Ack messages (which SHOULD be sent as quickly as possible). Start-N-Ack messages SHALL have the format defined in the next section.

When using Individual Session Control mode and its Start-N-Ack command as described in the next section, multiple Start-N-Sessions commands MAY be sent without waiting for acknowledgement, and the Start-N-sessions commands MAY arrive in any order.

[3.3.](#) Start-N-Ack Command with Individual Session Control

The Server responds to the Start-N-Sessions command (for one or more specific sessions referenced by their SIDs) with one or more Start-N-Ack commands with Accept fields corresponding to one or more of the SIDs. This allows for the possibility that a Server cannot immediately start one or more of the sessions referenced in a particular Start-N-Sessions command, but can start one or more of the sessions.

The format of the message is as follows.



The Command Number value of 10 indicates that this is a Stop-N-Ack message. The Server MUST compose this command, and the Control-Client MUST interpret this command, according to the field descriptions below.

The Accept Field values are defined in OWAMP [section 3.3 \[RFC4656\]](#).

The Number of Sessions field indicates the count of sessions that this Stop-N-Ack command applies to, and MUST be one or greater. The number of SID fields that follow MUST be equal to the value in the Number of Sessions field.

All SID fields are constructed as defined in the last paragraph of OWAMP [section 3.5 \[RFC4656\]](#) (and referenced in TWAMP). Note that the SID is assigned by the Server during the session request exchange.

The message is terminated with a single block HMAC, as illustrated above.

Note that the SIDs for all Sessions with the same 'Accept' code can be acknowledged using the same Stop-N-Ack message.

[3.6.](#) SERVWAIT Timeout Operation

[Section 3.1 of \[RFC5357\]](#) describes the operation of the optional SERVWAIT timer. In normal TWAMP operation, the Server suspends monitoring the SERVWAIT timer while test sessions are in progress. When the Individual Session Control feature is utilized, this suspension is extended to cover the time when ANY test session is in progress.

Thus, the Server SHALL suspend monitoring control connection activity after receiving any Start-N-Sessions command, and after receiving a Stop-N-Sessions command for all corresponding SIDs (and no test sessions are in-progress), OR when REFWAIT expires on ALL test sessions initiated by a TWAMP-Control connection, then the SERVWAIT monitoring SHALL resume (as though a Stop-N-Sessions command had been received). An implementation which supports the SERVWAIT timeout option SHOULD also implement the REFWAIT timeout option.

there are three security modes: unauthenticated, authenticated, and encrypted. Unauthenticated mode has one test packet format, while authenticated and encrypted modes use another (common) format.

[4.1.](#) Sender Behavior

The individual session control feature requires that the sender MUST manage test sessions according to their SID. Otherwise, the sender behavior is as described in [section 4.1 of \[RFC5357\]](#).

[4.2.](#) Reflector Behavior

The TWAMP Reflector follows the procedures and guidelines in [section 4.2 of \[RFC5357\]](#), with the following additional functions required by this feature:

- o The Session-Reflector MUST manage all test sessions accepted according to their SID.
- o Upon receipt of a TWAMP-Control Stop-N-Sessions command referencing a specific session/SID, the Session-Reflector MUST ignore TWAMP-Test packets (in the same session/SID) that arrive at the current time plus the Timeout (in the Request-TW-Session command and assuming subsequent acknowledgement). The Session-Reflector MUST NOT generate a test packet to the Session-Sender for packets that are ignored. (Note: The Request-TW-Session command includes sender address + port and receiver address + port, and this is usually sufficient to distinguish sessions.)
- o If the REFWAIT timer is implemented, it SHOULD be enforced when any test session is in-progress (started and not stopped).

[5.](#) Security Considerations

The security considerations that apply to any active measurement of live networks are relevant here as well. See the security

considerations in [RFC4656] and [\[RFC5357\]](#).

[6.](#) IANA Considerations

This memo requests assignment of one mode bit position/value to the IANA registry for the TWAMP Mode field, and describes behavior when the new mode is used. This field is a recognized extension mechanism for TWAMP.

This memo also requests assignment of four command numbers in the TWAMP-Control Command Number registry, and describes the use of the new commands. The command number field is a recognized extension mechanism for TWAMP.

[6.1.](#) Registry Specification

IANA has created a TWAMP-Modes registry (as requested in [\[RFC5618\]](#)). TWAMP-Modes are specified in TWAMP Server Greeting messages and Set-up Response messages, as described in [section 3.1 of \[RFC5357\]](#), consistent with [section 3.1 of \[RFC4656\]](#), and extended by this memo. Modes are indicated by setting bits in the 32-bit Modes field that correspond to values in the Modes registry. For the TWAMP-Modes registry, we expect that new features will be assigned increasing registry values that correspond to single bit positions, unless there is a good reason to do otherwise (more complex encoding than single bit positions may be used in the future, to access the 2^{32} value space).

IANA has also created a TWAMP-Control Command Number registry. TWAMP-Control commands are specified by the first octet in TWAMP-Control messages as specified in [section 3.5 of \[RFC5357\]](#), and augmented by this memo. This registry may contain 256 possible values.

[6.2.](#) Registry Management

Because the TWAMP-Control Command Number registry can contain only 256 values and TWAMP-Modes can only contain thirty-two values, and because TWAMP is an IETF protocol, these registries must be updated only by "IETF Consensus" as specified in [\[RFC5226\]](#) (an RFC documenting registry use that is approved by the IESG). Management of these registries is described in [section 8.2 of \[RFC5357\]](#) and [\[RFC5618\]](#).

This memo proposes assignment of values 7, 8, 9 and 10 in the Command number Registry, and a Mode registry value (indicated by "zzz") corresponding to the next available bit position (indicated by "Z")

in sections [3.1](#) and [3.7](#) above. Note that the "zzz" and "Z" strings should be replaced by IANA or the RFC Editor when values are assigned.

[6.3.](#) Experimental Numbers

One experimental value has been assigned in the TWAMP-Control Command Number registry.

No additional experimental values are assigned in the TWAMP-Modes registry.

[6.4.](#) Registry Contents

TWAMP-Control Command Number Registry

Value	Description	Semantics Definition
0	Reserved	
1	Forbidden	
2	Start-Sessions	RFC4656, Section 3.7
3	Stop-Sessions	RFC4656, Section 3.8
4	Reserved	
5	Request-TW-Session	RFC5357, Section 3.5
6	Experimentation	RFC5357, Section 8.3

7	Start-N-Sessions	this memo, Section 3.2
8	Start-N-Ack	this memo, Section 3.3
9	Stop-N-Sessions	this memo, Section 3.4
10	Stop-N-Ack	this memo, Section 3.5

TWAMP-Modes Registry

Value	Description	Reference/Explanation
0	Reserved	
1	Unauthenticated	RFC4656, Section 3.1
2	Authenticated	RFC4656, Section 3.1
4	Encrypted	RFC4656, Section 3.1
8	Unauth. TEST protocol, Auth. CONTROL	RFC5618, Section 3.1

zzz	Individual Session Control	this memo, Section 3.1 bit position (Z)

The suggested values are:

The next value corresponding to an unused bit is zzz=16, with Z=4.

[7.](#) Acknowledgements

The authors thank everyone who provided comments on this feature, especially Lars Eggert, Adrian Farrel, and Alexey Melnikov.

[8.](#) References

[8.1.](#) Normative References

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[8.2.](#) Informative References

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Authors' Addresses

Al Morton
AT&T Labs
200 Laurel Avenue South
Middletown,, NJ 07748
USA

Phone: +1 732 420 1571
Fax: +1 732 368 1192
Email: acmorton@att.com
URI: <http://home.comcast.net/~acmacm/>

Murtaza Chiba
Cisco Systems
170 W. Tasman Drive
San Jose, 95134
USA

Phone: +1 800 553 NETS
Fax: +1
Email: mchiba@cisco.com
URI:

Morton & Chiba

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