Transmission of IPv6 Packets over Wireless Body Area Networks (WBANs)

draft-sajjad-6lo-wban-01

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R.

Current status

- Informational
- Intent to make it standard track
- Feedback and suggestions are required

IEEE 802.15.6 Wireless Body Area Networks

- Scope: Standardized in 2012 for short range wireless communication in the vicinity of, or inside, a human body (but not limited to humans)
 - Supports QoS, extremely low power, & data rates up to 10 Mbps
 - Complies with strict non-interference guidelines where needed
 - Considers effects on portable antennas due to the presence of a human (varying with male, female, skinny, heavy, etc.)
 - Meets Specific Absorbed Radiation Limits
 - Medical Implant Communication Service

Updates

- Reduced the WBAN introductory part
- The 6lo-WBAN adaptation layer is specified titled as "Specification of IPv6 over WBAN" that lists the main features that need to be added in the 6lo adaptation layer including
 - The formation of IID, IPv6 link-local address, unicast address mapping, header compression, and fragmentation and reassembly
- Appendix C: "Changes" is added

Changes

1.1. Frame Format and Addressing Modes 3 1.2. Why 6lo is required for IEEE 802.15.6 4 2. Conventions and Terminology 5 3. Topology and Scope of Communication 5 4. Protocol Stack 6 5. Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) 7 6. Specification of IPv6 over WBAN 7 6.1. Stateless Address Autoconfiguration 8 6.2. IPv6 Link-Local Address 8 6.3. Unicast and Multicast Address Mapping 8 6.4. Header Compression 8 6.5. Fragmentation and Reassembly 9 7. IANA Considerations 9 8. Security and Privacy Considerations 9 9. References 9 9.1. Normative References 9 9.2. Informative References 9 9.2. Informative References 10 Appendix A. Patient monitoring use case - Spoke Hub 10 Appendix B. Patient monitoring use case - Connected 12 Appendix C. Changes 13 Authors' Addresses 13	1. Introduction	. 2
1.2. Why 6lo is required for IEEE 802.15.6 4 2. Conventions and Terminology 5 3. Topology and Scope of Communication 5 4. Protocol Stack 6 5. Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) 7 6. Specification of IPv6 over WBAN 7 6.1. Stateless Address Autoconfiguration 8 6.2. IPv6 Link-Local Address 8 6.3. Unicast and Multicast Address Mapping 8 6.4. Header Compression 8 6.5. Fragmentation and Reassembly 9 7. IANA Considerations 9 8. Security and Privacy Considerations 9 9. References 9 9.1. Normative References 9 9.2. Informative References 10 Appendix A. Patient monitoring use case - Spoke Hub 10 Appendix B. Patient monitoring use case - Connected 12 Appendix C. Changes 13	1.1. Frame Format and Addressing Modes	. 3
2. Conventions and Terminology		
4. Protocol Stack		
4. Protocol Stack	3. Topology and Scope of Communication	. 5
5. Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) 7 6. Specification of IPv6 over WBAN 7 6.1. Stateless Address Autoconfiguration 8 6.2. IPv6 Link-Local Address 8 6.3. Unicast and Multicast Address Mapping 8 6.4. Header Compression 8 6.5. Fraqmentation and Reassembly 9 7. IANA Considerations 9 8. Security and Privacy Considerations 9 9. References 9 9.1. Normative References 9 9.2. Informative References 10 Appendix A. Patient monitoring use case - Spoke Hub 10 Appendix B. Patient monitoring use case - Connected 12 Appendix C. Changes 13		
6. Specification of IPv6 over WBAN		
6.1. Stateless Address Autoconfiguration		
6.2. IPv6 Link-Local Address	·	
6.3. Unicast and Multicast Address Mapping		
6.4. Header Compression		
6.5. Fragmentation and Reassembly		
7. IANA Considerations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
8. Security and Privacy Considerations		
9. References		
9.1. Normative References		
9.2. Informative References		
Appendix A. Patient monitoring use case - Spoke Hub 10 Appendix B. Patient monitoring use case - Connected		
Appendix B. Patient monitoring use case - Connected		
Appendix C. Changes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
 		. 13
	Authors' Addresses	. 13

Stateless address auto-configuration

- The 64-bit IID SHALL be derived by utilizing 8bit node address and 8-bit BAN ID (part of MAC header) as follows:
 - ID: 0xYY00:00FF:FE00:00XX

Where YY is the BAN ID, XX is the node address

IPv6 Link-Local Address

- The IPv6 link-local address [RFC4291] for an IEEE 802.15.6 interface is generated by appending the interface identifier to the prefix
 - FE80::/64.

Header Compression

 For IEEE 802.15.6, a LoWPAN encapsulation mechanism LoWPAN_HC1 can be used

 Static header compression techniques of [RFC7400] can also be used as header compression

Questions Comments Suggestions