Event Service in Autonomic Networking

ANIMA WG, IETF 100, Singapore

Xun Xiao, Artur Hecker, Zoran Despotovic

(https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-xiao-anima-event-service/)

Call for new ideas

- Leveraging the Current ANI (GRASP, ACP and BRISK)
- ANI extension & other reusable components for AN
- Autonomic Service Agents over ANI and other reusable components

Following what we proposed in IETF99'

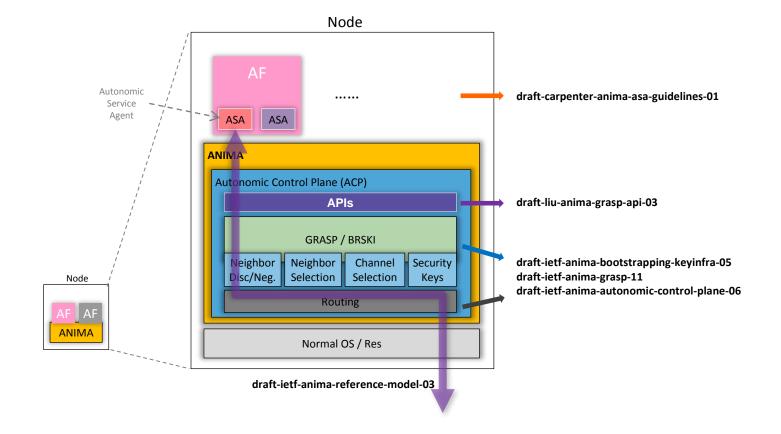
Towards PubSub and Storage integration in ANIMA

ANIMA WG, IETF 99, Prague

PubSub

- · An accepted popular model for async communications
 - Decouples pools of subscribers and publishers
 - Publishers do not need to know about subscribers and vs.
 - Provides more flexibility in distribution/interest sets and much higher system scalability
 - Usually implemented as a middleware, can be distributed or centralized
 - OMG DDS, MMQT, XMMP, PubSub
 - In principle, nothing else but application-layer multicast
- Suits nicely the autonomic paradigm
- Can achieve more precise distribution than flooding
- (Usually) Requires storage in its implementation
 - To hold the so-called "backlog" (error handling, etc)
- We propose to include event service (ES) into ANI as an extension and reusable component.

Existing node architecture in ANIMA



Communication models in existing ANI



- A tightly coupled client-service communication paradigm
 - · A sender directly sends to a specified receiver
- Examples (from using GRASP):
 - Dynamic peer discovery (M_DISCOVERY, M_RESPONSE)
 - State synchronization (M_REQ_SYN, M_SYNCH, M_FLOOD)
 - Parameter settings negotiations (M_REQ_NEG, M_NEGOTIATE, M_WAIT, M_END)

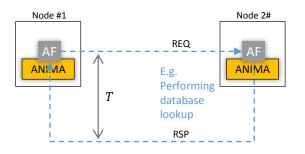
Observations:

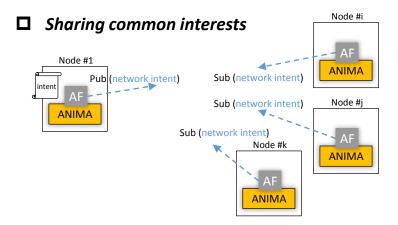
- 1. NOT always known/available.
 - Two interacting nodes (ASAs) are not always known to each other.
 - Two interacting nodes (ASAs) are not always available to each other.
 - e.g. churn, autonomic nodes may come and go in a dynamic way
- 2. NOT always an instant reply.
 - One node (an ASA) might be interested in some information, when certain criteria are satisfied / conditions are met.
 - "When the average temperature is above x degrees, please let me know."
 - "When there is a new autonomic node joining in the ACP domain, please let me know."

• ...

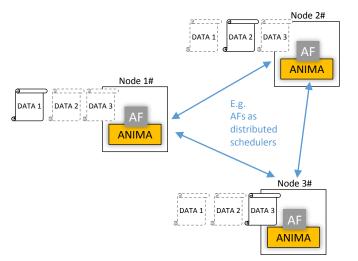
Use cases in ANIMA

D Replying taking long time

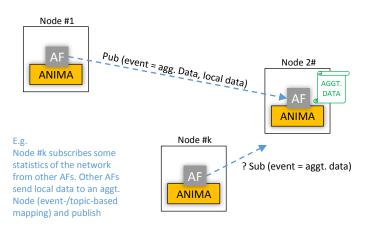




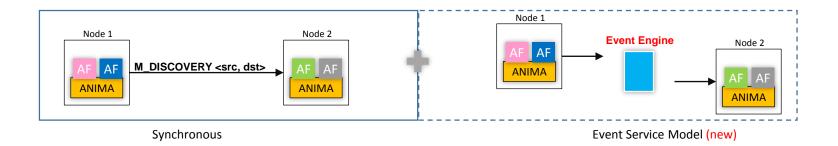
D Distributing data and build common views among AFs



Distributing synthetic/aggregated data



Proposal: Event Service for ANIMA Extension of comm. models in ANI



- In addition to the current synchronous communication model, we propose to extend ANI to support Event Service:
 - Two interacting parties are decoupled
 - Senders (Receivers) can publish (subscribe) information / request asynchronously
 - ANI is extended to be an information-driven system as well

CONCENTRATE ON FEATURES / SERVICES HERE

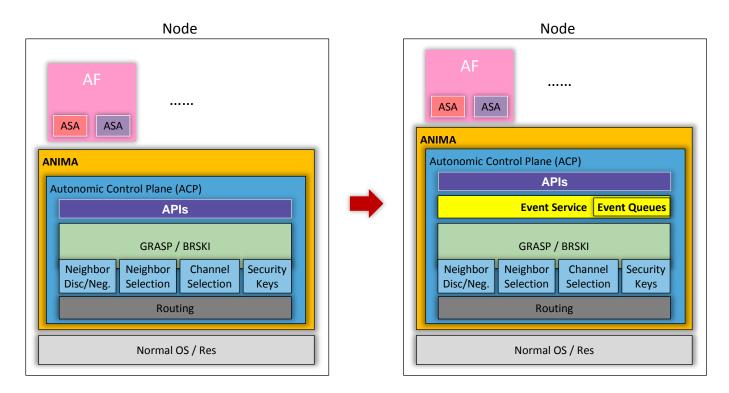
Integration alternatives

	Standard-relevant	Integration Complexity	ANIMA conformance
1. ES as a (must?) ASA	No (as 3 rd -party apps)	simple (handling events at the app layer)	High (Uses ANIMA w/o changes)
2. ES as an ANI extension	Yes (ACP will include the ES modules)	average (Adding new functions, but stand-alone)	Average (Follows model but extends it)

Conclusion: we consider the 2nd option would be a proper way:

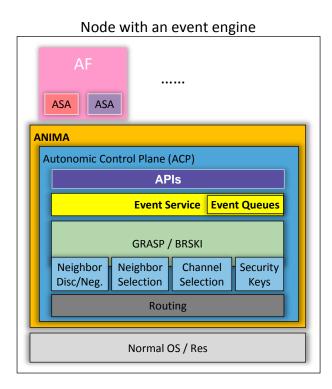
- A clean design: will not introduce technical changes to existing ANI modules, an stand-alone extension;
- Transparent to upper layers: only new interfaces will be added, don't care the technical details in ES;
- Universal: every other modules follow the same interface / APIs

Functionalities of the Event Service



- In the extended ANI, a new module is added on anima node, responsible for:
 - Listening to events from the ACP domain
 - Notifying other anima nodes when events occur
 - Handling local event subscription and publish
 - Storing information

Impacted components



- ANIMA reference model:
 - A new module may have to be added in the reference model, functioning as an event engine middleware
- ANIMA GRASP:
 - New fields / functions may have to be added into GRASP so that it can support event-driven procedures, e.g.,
 - Fields: Event_id,
 - Messages: M_SUBSCRIBE, M_PUBLISH, M_NOTIFY, ...
- Information distribution:
 - Can also call the extended APIs from GRASP for event-driven information distribution
- ANIMA GRASP extended API library:
 - New APIs may have to be added so that enables upper layers ASAs (AFs) to have event-driven communications. For example:
 - Subscribe (Event_id, dst_id, ...)
 - Publish (Event_id, dst_id, ...)

References

[1] draft-ietf-anima-reference-model-04[2] draft-ietf-anima-grasp-15[3] draft-liu-anima-grasp-api-05

[4] draft-liu-anima-grasp-distribution-04