Discussion on Next Steps in Mobile Data Plane solutions ...or: Simplification as Design Principle ?

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Use and challenges of future networks

IoT

- Small, constrained in power, massive number of devices
- Mobile vs stationary
- Reachability as optional requirement

Mobile Internet

- Smartphone, INET communication, VoIP
- Mobile content sources (large content upload)

Mission Critical

- Low latency, reliable communication
- V2X, automation/industrial
- Healthcare

Heterogeneity..

Resources...

Costs...

Network Management...

Network Slicing



Multi-Access Edge Computing

Control-/Data-Plane Separation

Tailored Services Provisioning

Data-Plane Concepts in EPS (4G)

What we have today...



What to do differently.. And why?

(input from variuos sources - non-exhaustive list)

- "Costs and complexity of today's mobile data plane may not be justified for some deployments (industry verticals)" – Simplification as design principle
- "Per-packet overhead counts" Reduce per-packet/tunnel overhead
- *"De-couple control- from user plane"* Independent deployment and selection
- *"De-couple mobile device IP address from single session anchor" –* Enable optmized routing paths for non-routable mobile device IP address.
 Treat locator separate from identifier(s).
- "Access network-independend data plane" Unified data plane protocol
- *"Greater control on data plane paths"* Need for solution that enable data plane routing independent of mobile device IP address/prefix
- "Optimized operation between control-/data plane" –
 Lower costs for data plane setup/update/teardown.
 Consider different expectation on IP address continuity.

Simplification has its limits

Still needed ...

- Traffic classification and QoS mapping
- Backward compatibility, e.g. with legacy radio access
- Support of non-IP data
- Means for chargeable event monitoring and reporting
- Support of dormant devices (outdated locator)
- Compatibility with IPv4 transport
- Private IP address support