

Asynchronous Management

IETF 100

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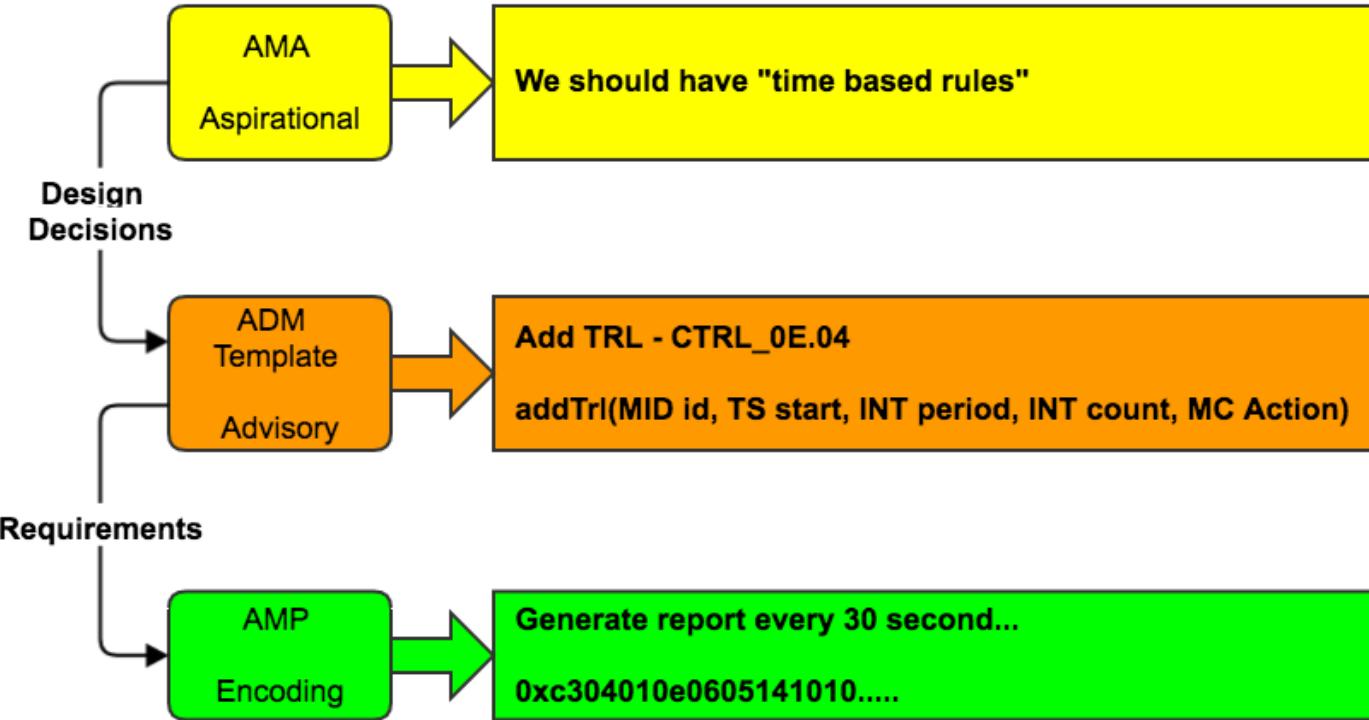


High-Level Overview

- Asynchronous Management Architecture (AMA)
 - Proposed architecture for delay-tolerant network management.
 - draft-birrane-dtn-ama-06 latest draft.
 - *Fixed misspellings.*
 - *Added paragraph clarifying support for concept of tabular data.*
- AMA Application Data Modeling (ADM)
 - Proposed data model compliant with the AMA.
 - **draft-birrane-dtn-adm-00**
 - *YANG schemas for data model*
 - *JSON examples of populated models for a trivial application*



AMA/ADM/AMP Interactions



AMA: Overview

From draft-birrane-dtn-ama-06

■ Service Definitions

- **Configuration:** Change settings on an Agent.
- **Reporting:** Receive performance information from an Agent.
- **Autonomous Parameterized Control:** Change Agent Behavior.
- **Administration:** Fine-grained access to abilities.

■ Desirable Properties

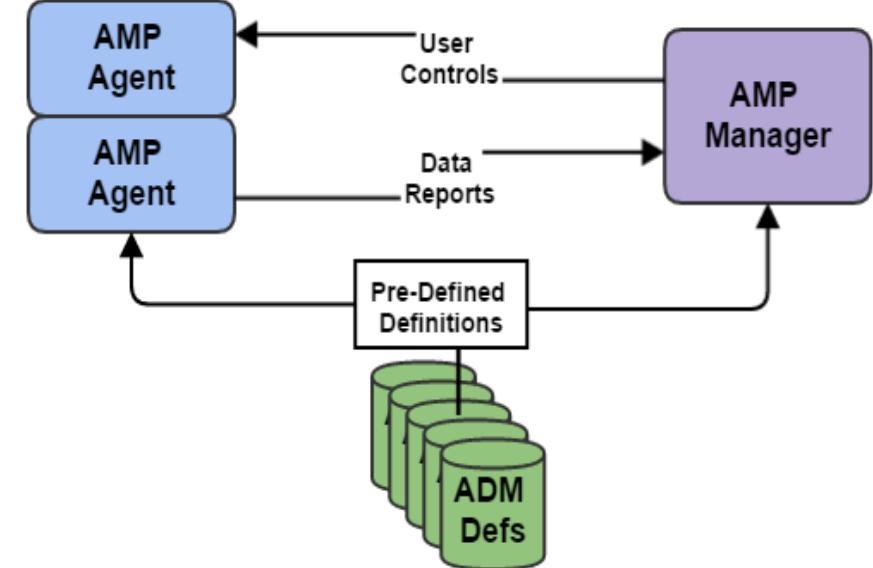
- **Intelligent Information Push:** Can't rely on others.
- **Minimize Message Size:** Increase probability of delivery.
- **Absolute Data Identification:** Pre-shared, global naming.
- **Custom Data Definition:** Send minimal necessary data sets.
- **Autonomous Operation:** Decisions local to Agent



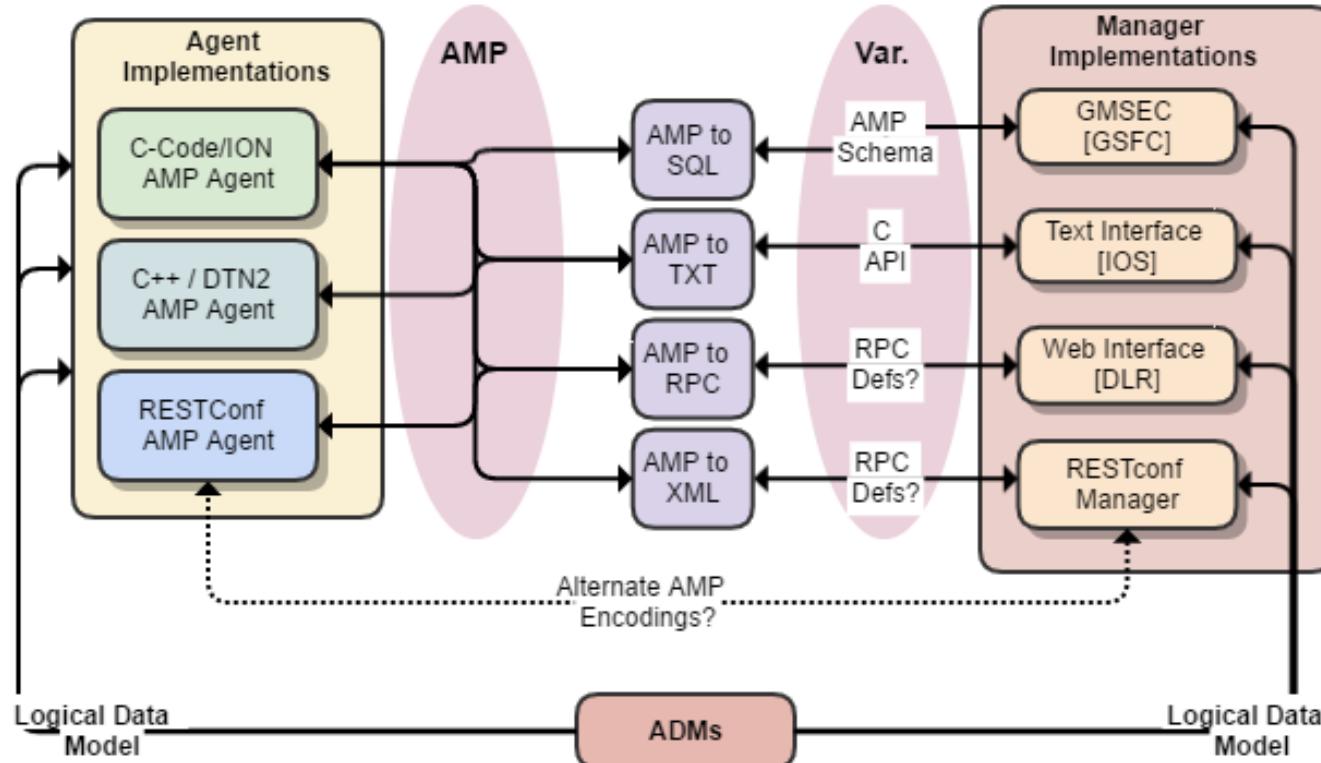
AMA: The Simple System Model

From draft-birrane-dtn-ama-06

- Agents
 - Run on Managed Devices
 - Configure/Report on devices
 - Heavy autonomy and parameterized control
- Manager(s)
 - Collect/Fuse data from Agents
 - Configure Agent behavior
 - Open-loop control
- ADMs
 - Well-named Data and Controls
 - Schemas in YANG
 - Preconfiguration reduces msg size



AMA: The Actual System Model



ADM Template: Logical Modeling

- Separate the data specification from its encoding.
 - Use AMP specification to define how to compactly encode ADM items
- ADMs Schemas will define logical models
 - Designed to identify minimum set of information per data model
 - Remove any “encoding hints” from the models.
 - Use the YANG modelling language
 - Tools exist to validate YANG schemas for correctness and plot dependencies.
- ADMs can be defined in JSON using JSON encodings for YANG schemas
 - Conventions will be defined to make JSON writing expressive and “easy”
 - Reuse existing notations/delimiters where possible (query string)
- Define compilers/adapters
 - Presuppose adapters/compilers to generate encodings as necessary



ADM Template: Logical Data Model

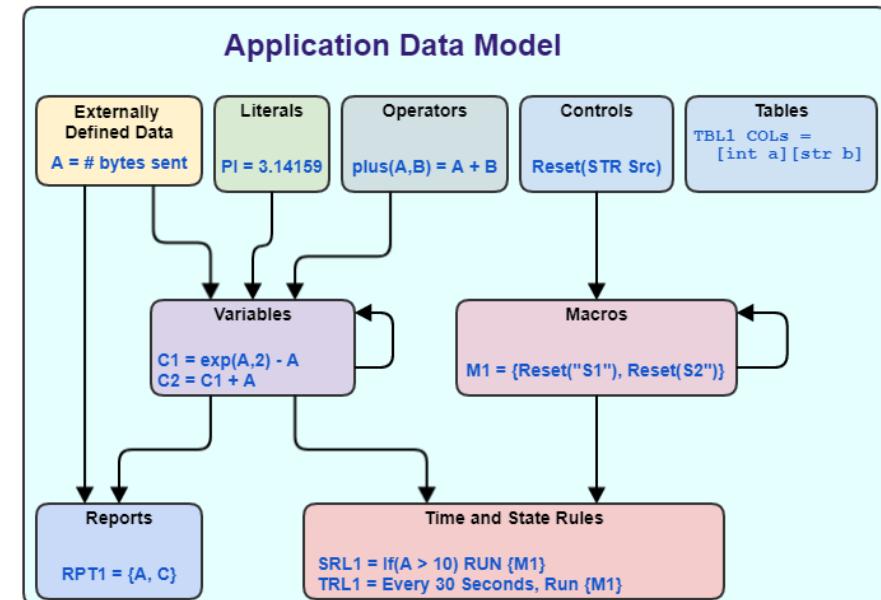
▪ Static Elements

- Solely defined by their ADM.
- EDDs: collected by agents.
- Literals: useful constants.
- Ops: opcodes for math functions.
- CtrlS: opcodes for agent behavior.

▪ Dynamic Elements

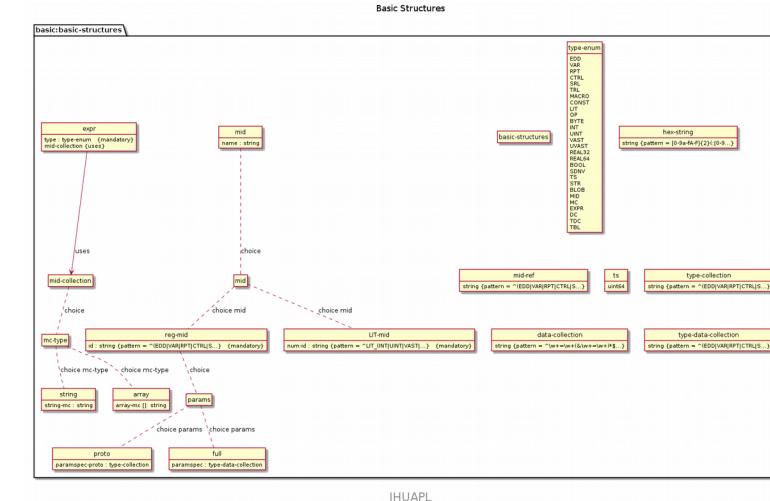
- Defined by ADM or by User
- ADM definitions are immutable.
- Vars: strong-typed variables, including a type for “expression”.
- Macro: Ordered set of CtrlS.
- Rpts: Ordered sets of data
- Rules: Time or State based autonomy.

An ADM defines 9 types of data for each application/protocol managed in the AMA.



ADM Template: YANG Basic Structures

- Types
 - Enumerations, typedefs, etc...
- Basic Structures
 - MID – Common Identifier
 - *Structure identifiers (parameterized or not)*
 - *Literal Identifiers*
 - EXPR -- Expressions
 - COLLECTIONS – Arrays of things
 - *MID Collections*
 - *Type Collections (e.g. function definition)*
 - *Data Collections*
 - *Typed Data Collections (e.g. function calls)*
 - TIMESTAMP



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Tools exist to validate YANG schemas for correctness and plot dependencies.



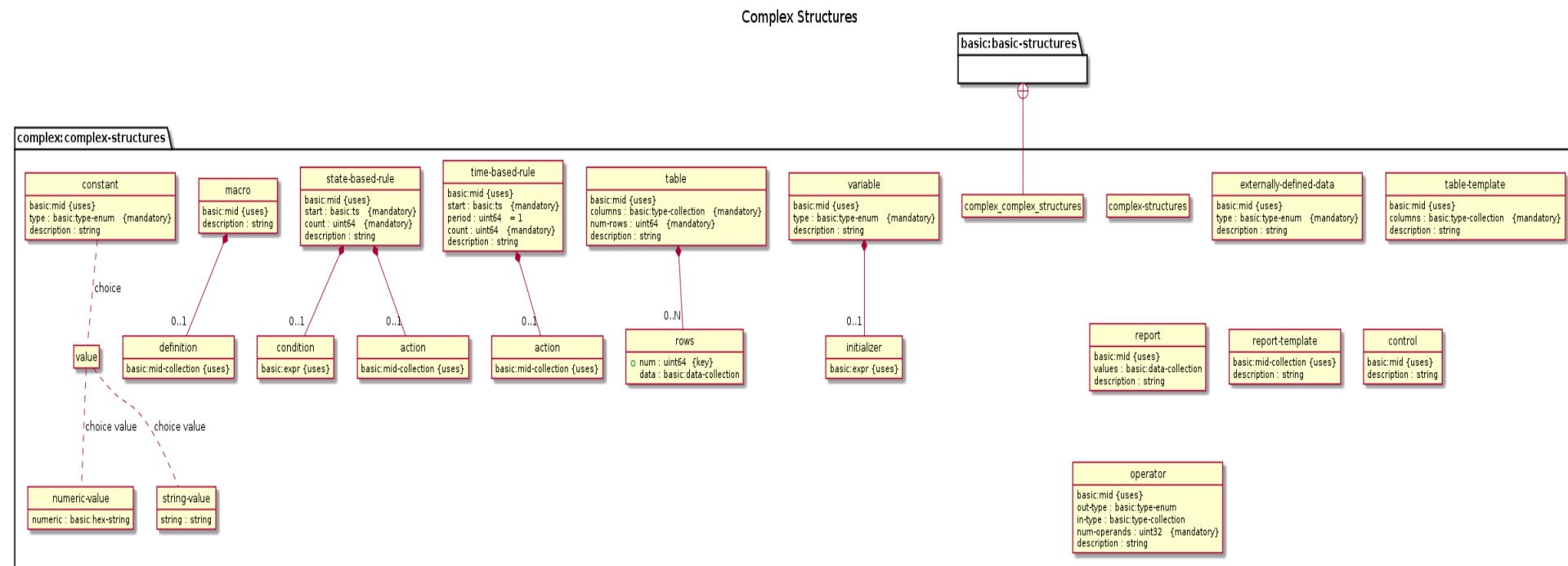
ADM Template: YANG Complex Structures

Complex Structures

- CONSTANTS – PI = 3.14159
- CONTROLS – Parameterized command opcodes
- STATE RULES – Condition -> Action
- TIME RULES – Period -> Action
- TABLES – Bulk reporting
- VARIABLE – Strong-Typed, User-Defined
- EXTERNALLY DEFINED DATA – Firmware sampled counts (# bundles sent)
- OPERATOR – Typed algebraic expressions
- REPORT TEMPLATE – Templatized data return



Complex Structures



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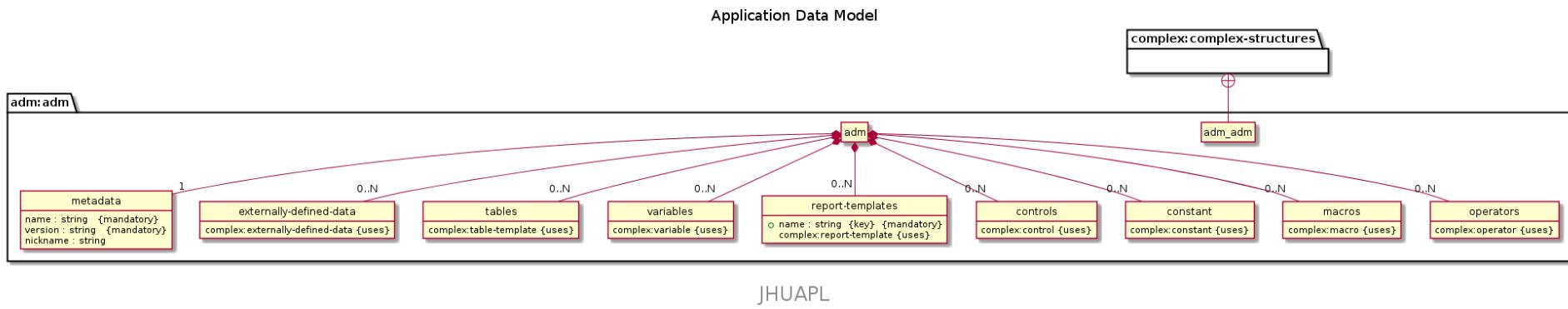


ADM Template: Scope

- Things that are solely defined in the ADM
 - Metadata – Name, Version
 - EDDs – *All* external data definitions.
 - TABLEs – *All* table definitions.
 - CONTROLS – *All* control definitions
 - CONSTANT – *All* constant definitions
 - OPERATORS -- *All* operator definitions
- Things that are defined in the ADM and in networks
 - VARIABLEs – *Some* variable definitions.
 - MACROS -- *Some* macro definitions
 - REPORT TEMPLATEs – *Some* Report definitions
- Things not identified in the ADM, in networks only
 - TIME RULES
 - STATE RULES



ADM Template: YANG Schema



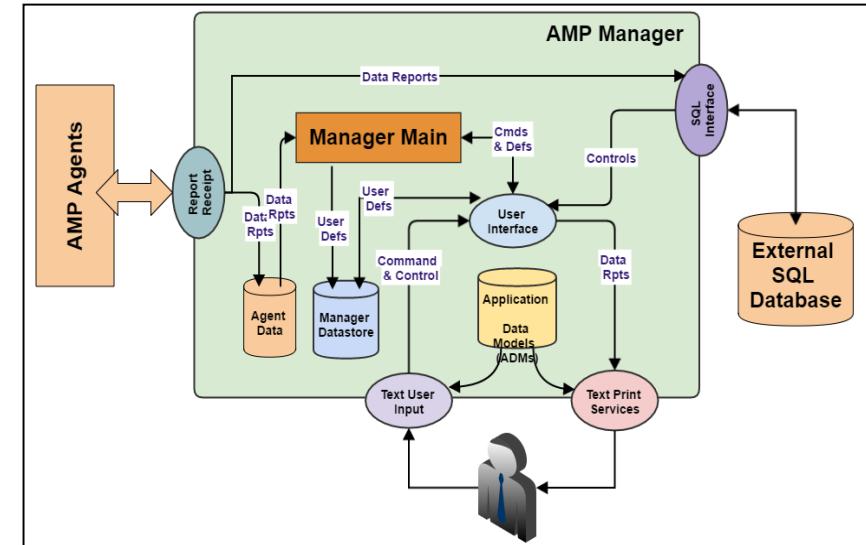
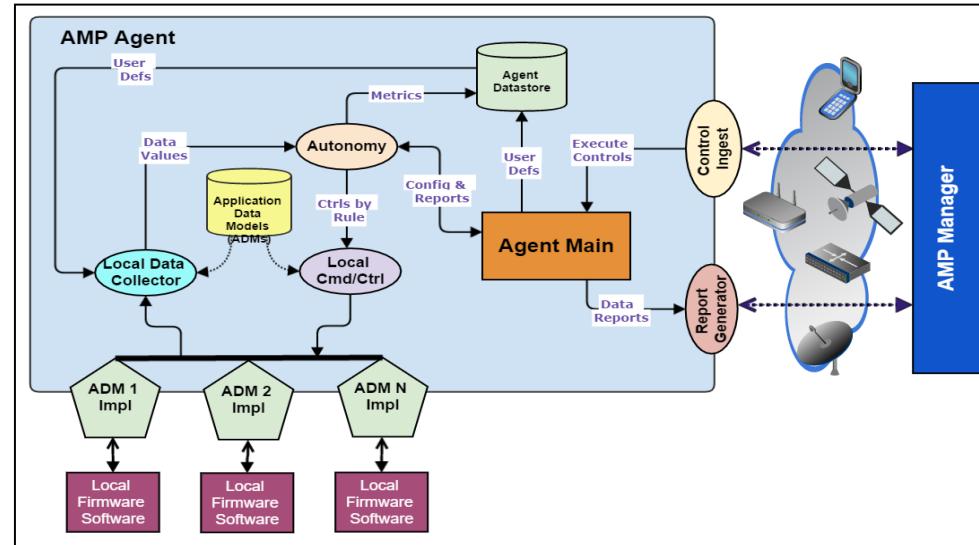
ADM Template: JSON IPNadmin example

```
"adm:metadata": {  
    "name": "Interplanetary internet (IPN) scheme", "version": "V0.0",  
    "nickname": "60 IPN Metadata, 61 IPN EDDs, 62 IPN Variables, 63 IPN Report Templates, 64 IPN Controls, 65 IPN Constants,...  
},  
"adm:externally-defined-data": [  
    {  
        "name": "version", "id": "EDD_00.61", "type": "STR",  
        "description": "This is the version of ion currently installed."  
    }  
],  
"adm:tables": [  
    {  
        "name": "exitRules", "id": "TBL_00.68", "columns": "UINT:firstNodeNbr&UINT:lastNodeNbr&STR:qualifier&STR:gatewayEndpointId",  
        "description": "lists all exit rules"  
    },  
],  
"adm:controls": [  
    {  
        "name": "exitAdd", "id": "CTRL_00.64", "paramspec-proto": "UINT:firstNodeNbr&UINT:lastNodeNbr&STR:gatewayEndpointId",  
        "description": "This control establishes an \"exit\" for static default routing."  
    },  
]
```



Asynchronous Management Protocol (AMP)

- Encoding of the ADM in the context of a protocol
 - Current prototyping efforts answer the questions
 - “Is the data model unambiguous and implementable”
 - “What is representative performance on representative platforms”
 - Reference implementation maturing in ION (3.6.x releases)





Thank you!

Questions?



APL

