Ground Based LISP (GBL) IETF100, Singapore

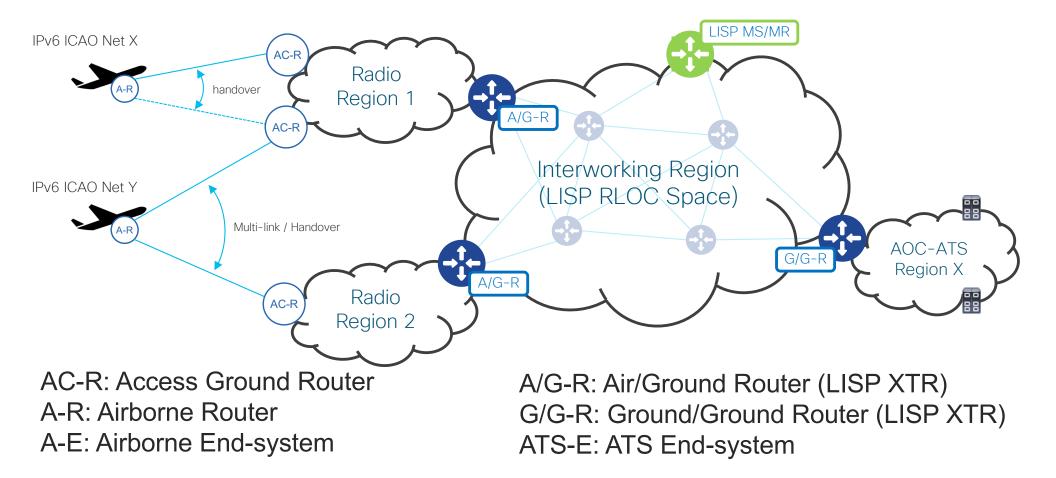
draft-haindl-ground-lisp-atn

November, 2017

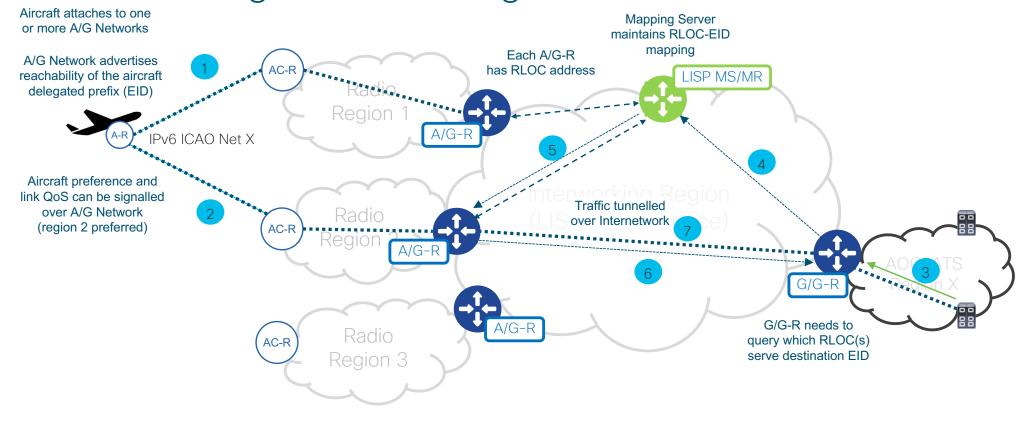
Background

- Use of LISP to address the requirements of the worldwide Aeronautical Telecommunications Network with Internet Protocol Services (ATN/IPS)
- International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO) is proposing to replace existing services with an IPv6 based infrastructure for Air Traffic Management (ATM).
- ATN/IPS handles Air Traffic Controllers (ATC) and Airline Operation Controllers (AOC)
- draft-haindl-ground-lisp-atn was presented at the ICAO IPS Mobility Sub-Group
- Builds on mechanisms defined in draft-ietf-lisp-eid-mobility

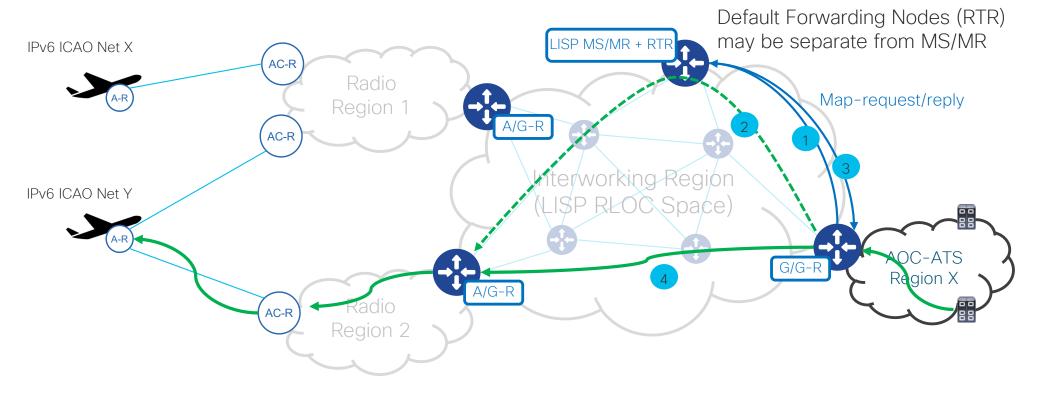
Ground Based LISP (GBL) - Reference Topology



Aircraft registration and ground-to-air traffic

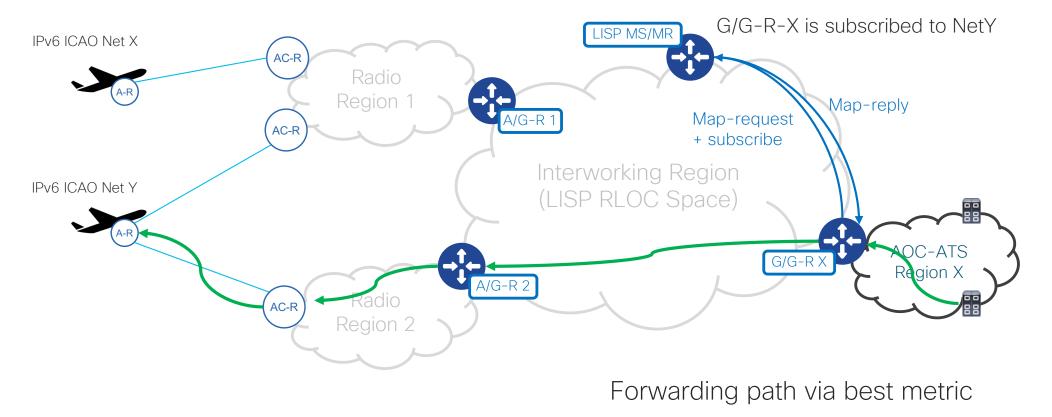


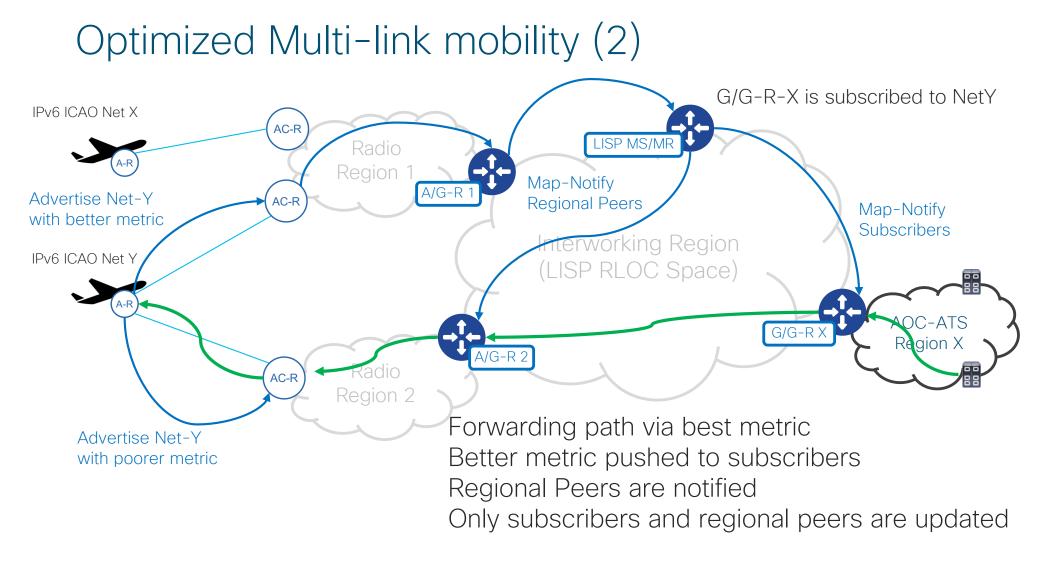
Default Forwarding Path



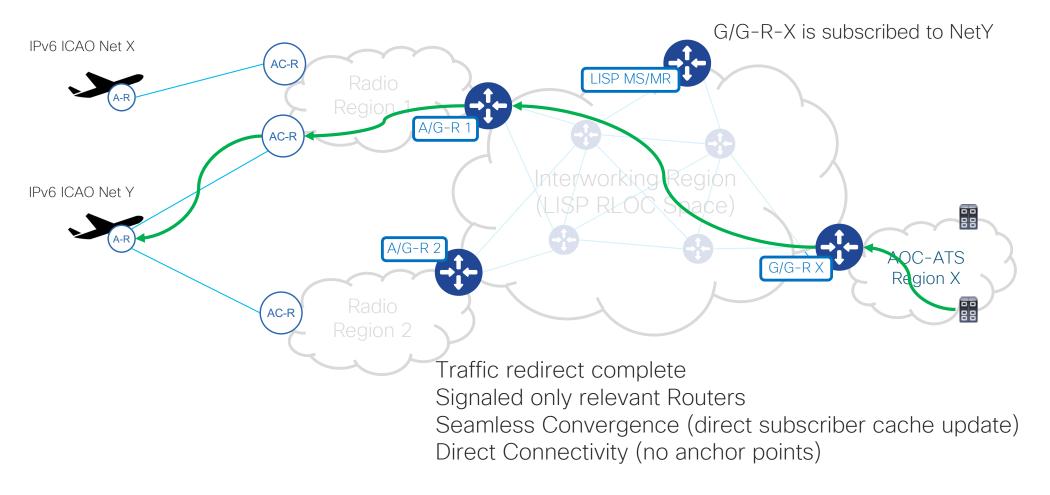
Forwarding path before Map Resolution is complete

Optimized Multi-link mobility (1)



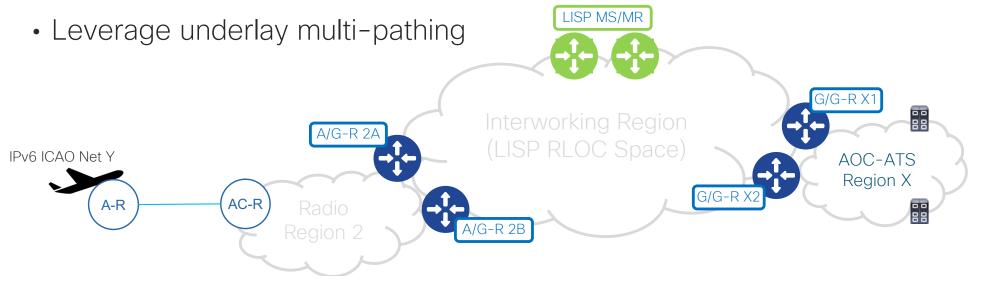


Optimized Multi-link mobility (3)



High Availability

- Resilient Map-Servers based on parallel registrations
- Resilient G/G and A/G Routers
- Mobility without anchor points isolates mobile end-point fate from anchor point fate



Security

- Control Plane message exchange can be secured as specified in ietf-lisp-sec
- Data Plane traffic may be secured as specified in RFC8061
- DoS Mitigation:
 - Control Plane rate limiting
 - Scoping of IP addresses to regions (domestic aircraft)

Next Steps

• Looking for comments from LISP WG