

Requirements for C&U separation BNG Protocol

draft-cuspdt-rtgwg-cusp-requirements-00

draft-cuspdt-rtgwg-cu-separation-bng-deployment-00

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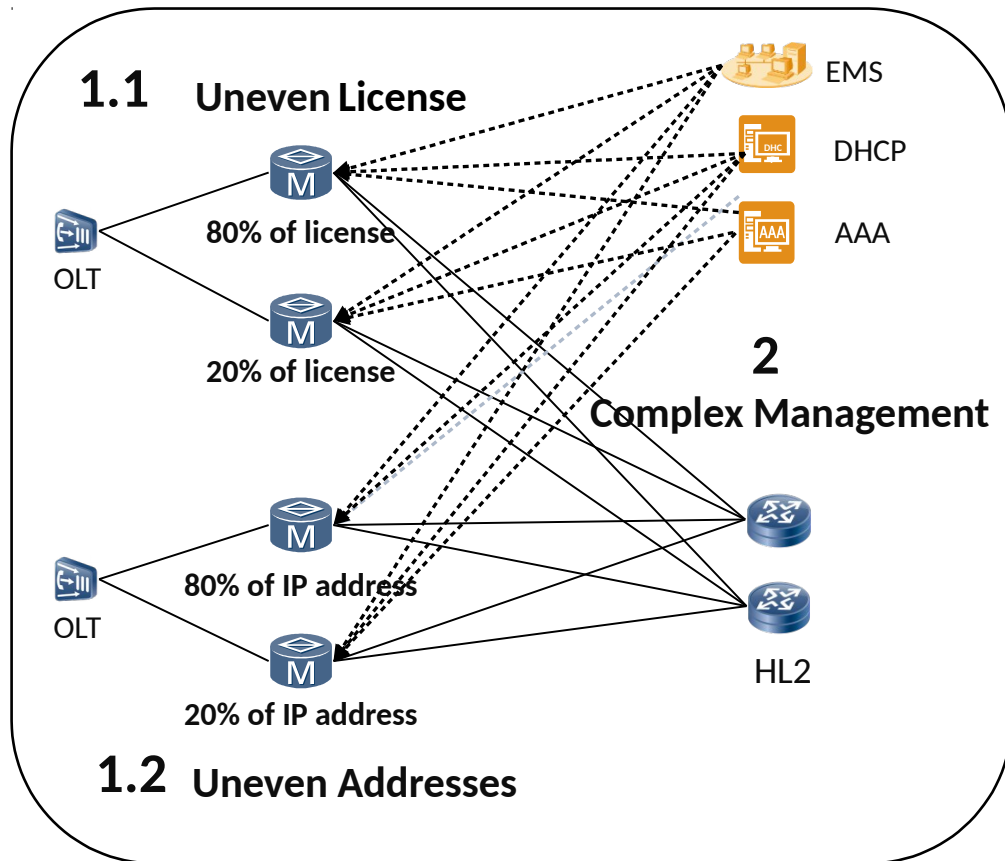
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What is and Why we need the CU separation BNG?

Challenges: Traditional BNG Uneven Resource Usage & Complex Management



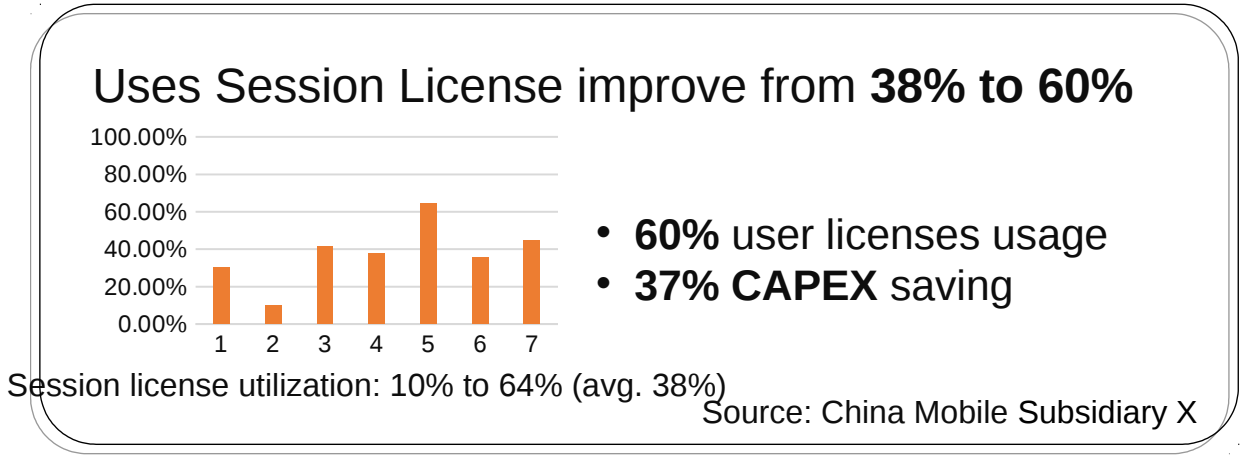
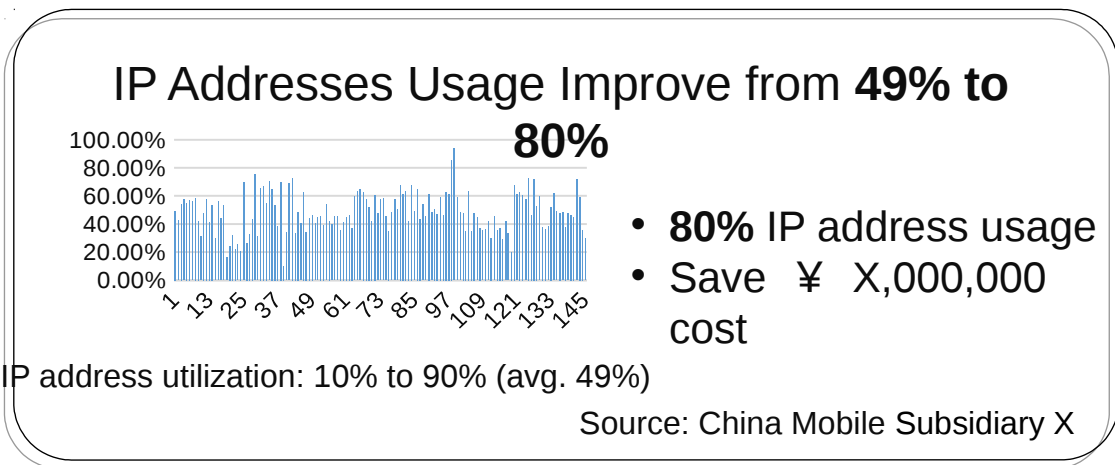
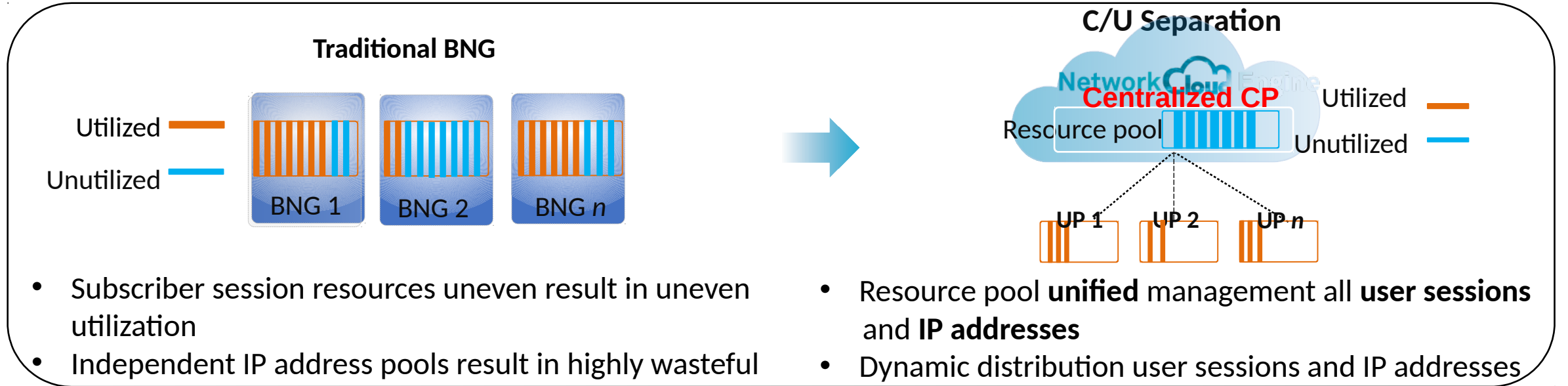
#1 Uneven Resource Usage (Lack of overall view)

- Uneven **User Session/IP address** distribution
- Uneven **Physical Bandwidth** usage

#2 Complex Management (Large number of BNGs)

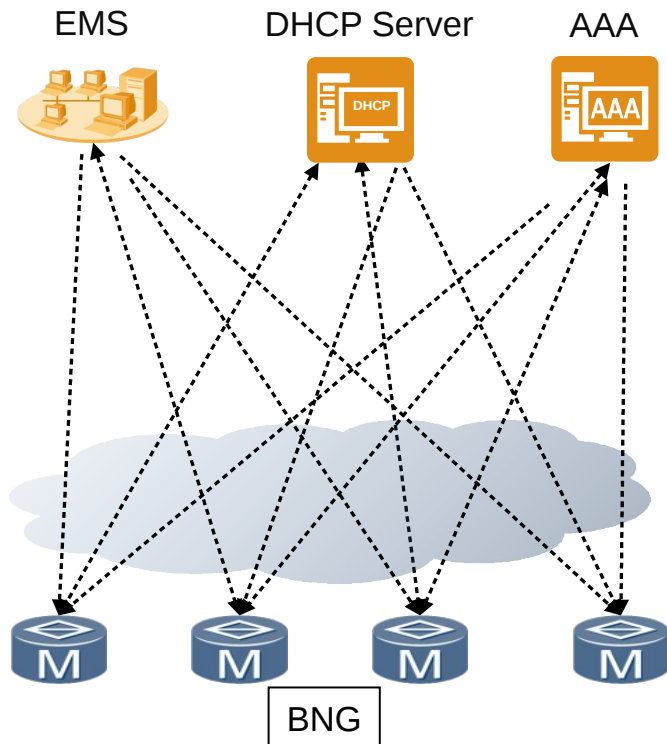
- Servers need to manage/integrate with **each BNG**
- **New service** deployment result in **long TTM**

The CU separation BNG can address these issues: #1

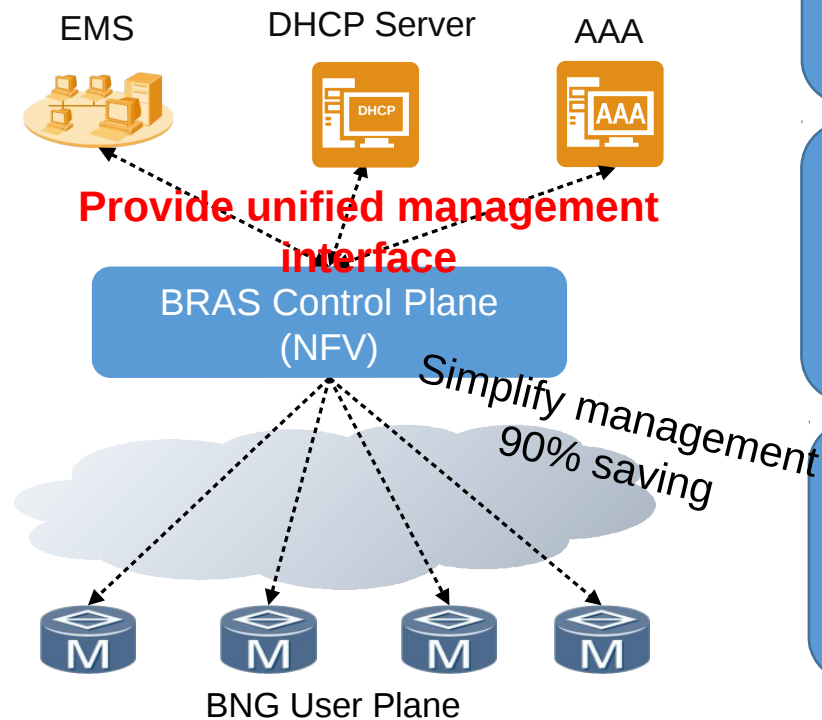


The CU separation BNG can address these issues: #2

Traditional Solution:
Manage all BNG

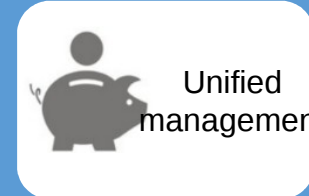


New Solution:
Manage/Integrate with ONE CP



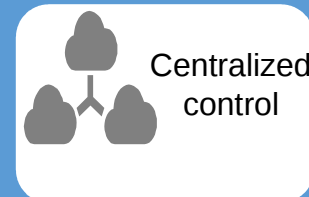
Capability
openness

The BRAS-CP is based on the NFV architecture and supports quick service provisioning.



Unified
management

Unified virtual resource management, improving virtual resource usage efficiency

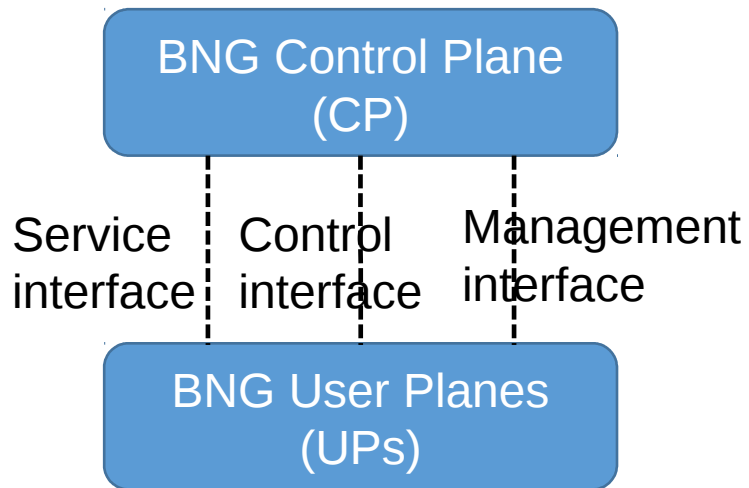


Centralized
control

unifying O&M entry
Single-CP external
interface, simplifying
configurations

What we want to do in IETF

- Propose a set of standard interfaces to support the CU separation BNG (The following figure describes the CU separation BNG's interfaces)



- Exist works list:
 - Architecture** of CU-separated BNG device referring to BNF cloud CO:
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-gu-nfvrg-cloud-bng-architecture/>
 - The information model for **Control interface**:
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-wcg-i2rs-cu-separation-information-model/>
 - Service interface:
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-huang-nvo3-vxlan-gpe-extension-for-vbng/>
 - YANG data model **Management interface**
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-hu-rtgwg-cu-separation-yang-model/>
- Lack a standard protocol for the control interface to carry the attributes which are described in**
<https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-wcg-i2rs-cu-separation-information-model/>

The Crew (subset for CUSPDT)

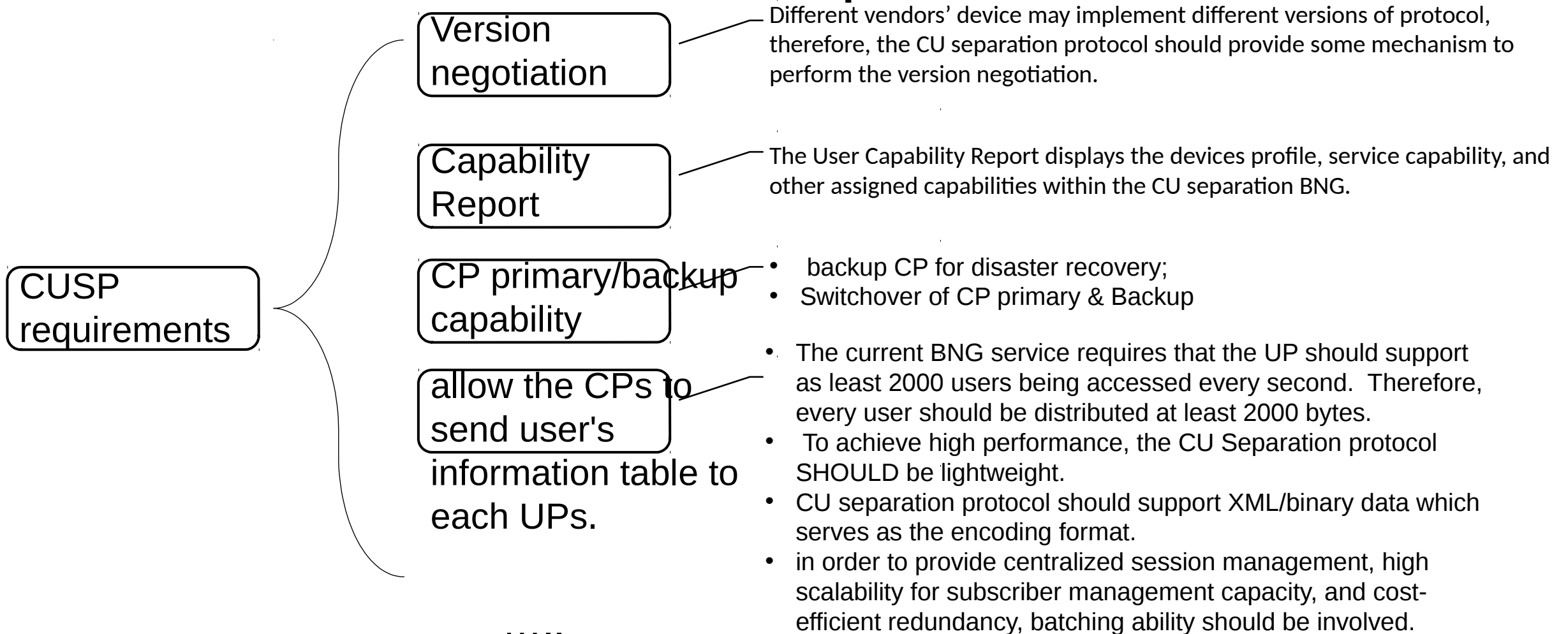
- **CU Separation Protocol Design Team Members:**
 - China Mobile: Shujun Hu; Lu Huang; Rong Gu
 - Telefonica: Victor Lopez
 - Deutsche Telekom: Hans-Jörg Kolbe
 - Huawei: Michael Wang; Jun Song; Jinwei Xia
 - ZTE: Fangwei Hu; Rongrong Hua
 - H3C: Dan Meng

CUSPDT work methods

- To speed-up the our progress on the CUSP requirement, meeting are every 2 weeks.
- Meeting every weeks to discuss the design of the CUSP protocol.
- The progress will be published in the IETF mailing list on time.
- The important issue can be proposed in the mailing list for discussion.
- A GitHub page will be used to solicit more comments and inputs.

Welcome to join us

Current Research—the requirements for CUSP



Current Research – the requirements for CUSP

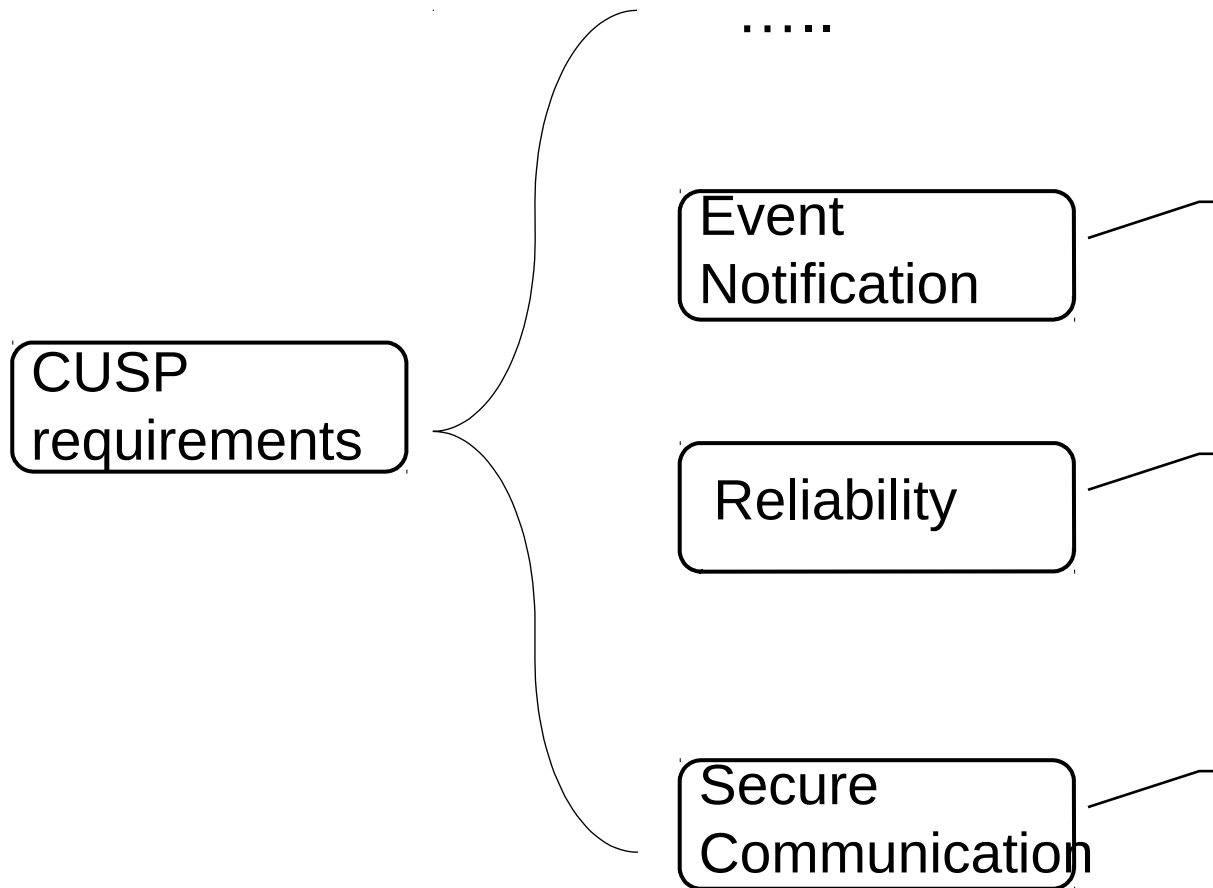
The CUSP protocol MUST be able to asynchronously notify the CP of events on the UP:

- Statistic parameters ;
- Response to CP's request;
- User TRACE;
- User detection;
- Failures;
- Change in available resources;
- Change in capabilities.

- The CUSP should support some kind of heartbeat monitor mechanism.
- And this mechanism should have ability to distinguish whether the interruption is an actual failure.

the CUSP should support multiple security mechanisms to satisfy various scenarios.

- when the special lines are implemented between the CP and UP, the key chain mechanisms may be supported.
- if some VPNs are deployed between the CP and UP, the TLS need to be supported.
- In case of the CP and UPs cross several domains (i.e. cross third-party network), the IPsec mechanisms may be supported.



Next Steps

- Please go through our drafts
- Please provide your important feedback
- Welcome new members to join the Design team.

Thank You