ICMPv6 errors for discarding packets due to processing limits

draft-herbert-6man-icmp-limits-02

Tom Herbert <tom@quantonium.net>

Overview

- Hosts and middleboxes can drop packets because they have limits of processing headers
- Problem becomes apparent with more use of EH
- Proposal: new ICMP errors that nodes can send when such a limit is hit
- Goal: increase visibility into what's happening and make use of extension headers more viable

Problem

- Real devices have practical limitations for processing protocol headers protocol headers
 - Hardware may have a limited size parsing buffer
 - Unbounded list of options is hard and potential DOS
 - Behavior may be nonconformant
- This is a host and intermediate node issue
 - Hosts may limit EH processing to avoid DOS attack (draft-ietf-6man-rfc6434-bis)
 - Intermediate nodes must process HBH (relaxed in RFC8200), or stateful FW needs to find L4 header

Effects of drops

- Source receives no indication why packets are dropped
- No visibility into what is happening
- Without feedback, source has no way to fix problem
- Middleboxes incur no obvious cost in dropping
- Net result: motivation to avoid using extension headers (essential de facto best practice)

Proposal

- New ICMP errors
- Can be sent by both hosts and intermediate nodes
- They are ICMP errors, so
 - All the caveats, limitations, & reasons to blocking
 - Security considerations similar to existing errors
- Source can at least log the error, possibly take corrective action

New ICMPv6 Parameter problems

- 1 Unrecognized Next Header type
 - Not new, but allow intermediate nodes to send this it
- 4 Extension header too big
 - Size in bytes
- 5 Extension header chain too long
 - Either total size or number of headers
- 6 Too many options in extension header
 - Applies to destination and hop-by-hop options

New ICMPv6 Dest. unreachable

- 8 Headers too long
 - Usable for any header chain, not just IP

Reporting priority

- 1. Real ICMP error (existing codes)
- 2. Unrecognized Next Header Type (encountered by intermediate node)
- 3. Too many options in extension header
- 4. Extension header too big
- 5. Extension header chain too long (number of headers)
- 6. Extension header chain too long (size of chain)
- 7. Headers too long

ICMP error pointer

Point to:

- First byte beyond size limit, or...
- First byte of EH or option that is beyond a count limit

Methods

- Pointer field in Parameter Problem
- Multi-part ICMP for Destination Unreachable with a four byte pointer in multi-part data

Host reaction

- At least log error
- Report error to application
 - Application may be able to backoff what it's sending
 - Probably needs some new API
- Path characteristics

Thank you!