Constrained RESTful Environments WG (core)

Chairs:

Jaime Jiménez <jaime.jimenez@ericsson.com> Carsten Bormann <cabo@tzi.org> Mailing List: core@ietf.org Jabber: core@jabber.ietf.org

http://6lowapp.net

core@IETF100, 2018-03-19/-20

• We assume people have read the drafts

- good use of face-to-face communications
- to RFC 8179 and its updates

http://6lowapp.net



Meetings serve to advance difficult issues by making

Note Well: Be aware of the IPR principles, according

üBlue sheets üScribe(s)

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- Any IETF working group or portion thereof
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http://www.ietf.org/about/note-well.html



Agenda Bashing

Monday (120 min)

- 13:30–13:40 Intro, Agenda, Status
- 13:40–13:50 Post-WGLC: Links-JSON (chairs)
- 13:50–14:20 Post-WGLC: OSCORE (GS)
- 14:20–14:45 Post-WGLC: SenML (AK)
- 14:45–15:15 Up for WGLC soon: RD/DNS-SD (CA)
- 15:15–15:30 Up for WGLC soon: COMI (AP)



All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00)



- 09:30–09:35 Intro, Agenda
- 09:35–10:00 Post-WGLC: CoCoA (CG)
- 10:00–10:15 Getting ready: ERT (CA)
- 10:15–10:25 Getting ready: OSCORE-Group (MT)
- 10:25–10:40 New response codes (AK)
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- 10:55–11:05 Pubsub (MK)
- 11:05–11:15 Dynlink/Interfaces (BS)
- 11:15–11:25 Negotiation, AT (BS)
- 11:25–11:35 dev URN (JA)
- http://6lowapp.net core@IETF100, 2018-03-19/-20

Tuesday (150 min)

All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00)

11:35–12:00 Flextime: OPC/UA (CP), Time scale (LT), ...



Draft-ietf-coap-tcp-tls → RFC 8323

Published 2018-02-15 Supporting: RFC 8307 (2018-01-03)





Advertisements

- T2TRG Coexistence (see draft-feeney-t2trg-inter-network-01): Mon 17:30..18:00 Waterloo
- 6TiSCH stateless-proxy option (in draft-ietf-6tisch-minimal-security-05): Wed 13:30..15:00 Viscount • DNSSD: Thu 09:30..12:00 Buckingham



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All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00) Monday (120 min)

• 14:45–15:15 Up for WGLC soon: RD/DNS-SD (CA)



draft-ietf-core-links-json: Status

- Started Feb 2012 as a JSON version of 6690-to-be
 - Avoid the need for another parser
- Added CBOR variants mid-2015
- Focus: roundtrippable with RFC 6690
 - Inherit limitations of RFC 6690 (e.g., percent-encoding)
- Submitted to IESG on 2017-04-02
 - Lots of feedback
 - Related concepts in OCF spec
- Proposed Re-focus:
 - Still cover all of RFC 6690
- Don't inherit the limitations http://6lowapp.net core@IETF100, 2017-11-13/-14

Web Linking: RFC 5988 vs. RFC 8288

- RFC 6690 was based on RFC 5988
- Has since been updated to RFC 8288
 - More conscious use of ABNF
 - Clearer approach to Unicode and language tags
- Clarifies role of serialization (of which RFC 6690 is one) RFC 6690 not updated to RFC 8288
- Links-json should use RFC 8288 as a base

Language tags

- RFC 5988 (and this 8288) defines "starred" attributes Encoding Unicode content, language tag RFC 6690 supports "title", but doesn't do much with
- that
- JSON/CBOR should not be concerned with weird encoding issues
- Language tags are useful for human readable values • So: do support them, but get rid of the "*" hack:

```
{"href": "...", "rel": "...",
"title": {"de_AT": "Übergrößenträger"}
```

```
core@IETF100, 2017-11-13/-14
```

Is this the right way forward?

- Rebase on RFC 8288
 - Clean up "title*" etc.
- documents
- free of RFC 6690 idiosyncrasies
- is RFC 6690 link-format (!?)

Explain how RFC 6690 documents become Links-json

Otherwise, keep Links-json generally applicable and

• Do not change the mandate that "/.well-known/core"

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All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00)



OSCORE

Göran Selander, Ericsson John Mattsson, Ericsson Francesca Palombini, Ericsson Ludwig Seitz, RISE SICS

16 IETF 101, CoRE WG, London, Mar 19, 2018

draft-ietf-core-object-security-11

Status (v-11)

Several implementations

- C (Contiki, Erbium): <u>https://github.com/Gunzter/contiki-oscoap</u>
- Python (aiocoap): <u>https://github.com/chrysn/aiocoap</u>

- Java (Californium, v-03) <u>https://github.com/lukadschaak/oscore</u>

Several interops done

- Java (Californium): <u>https://bitbucket.org/lseitz/oscoap_californium</u> - C# (CoAP-CSharp): https://github.com/Com-AugustCellars/CoAP-CSharp - Python (CoAP for openwsn): <u>https://github.com/openwsn-berkeley/coap</u> - C (openwsn-fw): <u>https://github.com/openwsn-berkeley/openwsn-fw</u>

- Spec and reports: https://github.com/EricssonResearch/OSCOAP

Status (v-11)

- > IETF Last Call ended: IESG evaluation
- Some post-Last-Call reviews
- > Up-to-date handling of review comments on the wiki: https://github.com/core-wg/oscoap/wiki
- > All but a few specific review comments addressed.

- "The document needs a security analysis section"
- > "implications of modifications of unprotected fields"
- > Proposal: Add an appendix describing the security properties of the protocol:
 - Assumptions on intermediaries
 - Protected header fields, security guarantees
 - Unprotected fields, consequences

- > "Nonce construction: Why is Sender ID included in the nonce?"
- > Answer: Designed for supporting notifications and interchange of client and server roles
- > Proposal: Prove (key, nonce) uniqueness in the new appendix

20

- "But this design actively works against any involvement of intermediaries."
- Answer: The design supports intermediaries e.g. performing forwarding and translation
- In the general case, proxies can read but not modify without being detected.
- > Propdsal: Clarify this in the new appendix.

- problem like key exchange"
- > Answer: Key establishment is addressed. - The ACE/OAuth 2.0 framework may be used. - Some IoT deployments require PSK.
- IETF#95.

* "neglecting to address important and difficult parts of the

> Key exchange for OSCORE is discussed in ACE since

Review Comments: HTTP 1(2)

- "This protocol abuses HTTP by tunneling over it" > Answer: Yes. This was requested.
- > "Missing [A]BNF"
- > Answer: Agreed, included
- > "Does the COAP-HTTP gateway understand the type when translating? "
- > Answer: Yes

significance of the new header field and insert the media

Review Comments: HTTP 2(2)

- > "A new media type is defined, but I don't see any mention of a codepoint for use with COAP"
- > Proposal: Not needed for this draft, but will include that for other potential use
- > "What if the request is redirected by a server that doesn't understand OSCORE?"
- > Question for WG: shall we support HTTP redirects?

24

- > Question for WG: Rename HTTP header field: > 'Object-Security' \rightarrow 'CoAP-Object-Security'

Reviews Comments: Summary Proposal

- Clarifications of the points brought up
- > Editorials
- > New appendix:
 - <u>D. Overview of Security Properties</u>
 - > D.1. <u>Supporting Proxy Operations</u>
 - > D.2. Protected Message Fields
 - > D.3. Uniqueness of (key, nonce)
 - > D.4. Unprotected Message Fields

Details on the CoRE WG Github Commits

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Media Types for Sensor Measurement Lists (SenML)

27

- IETF 101, London
- draft-ietf-core-senml-13
 - Ari Keränen

Status

- Done!
 - IETF LC ongoing
 - IESG Telechat April 19th
- Since -12: "+exi" -> "-exi" & editorial fixes
- have "Value" in the long name

Still: could add expert guidance clarification for new values: must

Early assignments

 Suggested CoAP Content-Format IDs • XML IDs in 2-byte range

> Media type application/senml+json application/sensml+json application/senml+cbor application/sensml+cbor application/senml-exi application/sensml-exi application/senml+xml application/sensml+xml

29

Early assignments

How about SenML Fields?

30

Media types for FETCH & PATCH with SenML

31

- IETF 101, London
- draft-keranen-senml-fetch-00
- Ari Keränen & Mojan Mohajer

SenML IPSO SO example

[{"bn":"2001:db8::2/3306/0/", "n":"5850", "vb":true}, {"n":"5851", "v":42}, {"n":"5852", "v":1200},

32

{"n":"5750", "vs":"Ceiling light"}]

SenML IPSO SO example

- Want to retrieve/change only 5850 and 5851
 And want to avoid exchanging full representations
- And want to avoid exchange or doing multiple requests

COAP FETCH / PATCH (RFC 8132)

- and update parts of a resource
- format

34

CoAP methods, FETCH, PATCH, and iPATCH, which are used to access

Needs payload format; dependent on the resource representation

SenML FETCH format

- Modeled after SenML JSON for things with SenML support
- Just indicate names, and potent fetch

[{"bn":"2001:db8::2/3306/0/", "n":"5850"}, {"n":"5851"}]

Modeled after SenML JSON format: simple parsing on constrained

Just indicate names, and potentially times, of the SenML records to

SenML PATCH format

- Same as FETCH format, but with the value(s) to set
 - Essentially a subset of the JSON Merge Patch format

36

n the value(s) to set Merge Patch format
Wild cards

- Optimization for selecting many SenML Records with one FETCH/PATCH Record
- on a device)

37

- "Get all temperature sensor values"
- "Dim all lights to 10%"

• Useful with large amounts of SenML Records (e.g., many IPSO objects

Proposed format

- New SenML Field "ff" ("fetch filter")
 - name field
 - Contains wild card characters "*"
 - Matched to SenML Record Names
- Wild card matches all characters until next "/" or ":"

• Used instead of the name field and concatenated to base name like the

[{"bn":"2001:db8::2/", "ff":"3306/0/58*"}]

(This matches all records in the example except "3306/0/5750")

(Wild Card) Considerations

- Need something **simple** now: constrained devices
 - Wild card **seemed** most suitable
- Using new Field(s) enables easy extensibility
 - Alternative: re-purpose "n" and "bn" fields
- Should wild card support be MUST?
 - doesn't seem right
- How to indicate "not supporting wild cards"? Now suggesting "4.00 Bad Request" but • Regular expressions? New field probably

39

- PATCH operation codes needed (append, delete, ...)?
- Can just re-use SenML content format IDs?
- Interest in CoRE WG to work on this?

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Resource Directory

41

- draft-ietf-core-resource-directory draft-ietf-core-rd-dns-sd draft-amsuess-rd-replication
- Zach Shelby, Michael Koster, Carsten Bormann, Peter van der Stok, Christian Amsüss Kerry Lynn

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2018-03-19



pretty much ready

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Issue tracker / pull requests

107 down, 1 to go 2 to go

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plug test upcoming

44

contact me: c@amsuess.com

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Changes since -12

- Cleanup and clarification
 - Clarified observation behavior
 - Refer to t2trg-rel-impl for server metadata / versioning
 - Reduced the significance of domains (removed from figure 2)
- Added "all resource directory" nodes MC address
- Resolve RFC6690-vs-8288 resolution ambiguities
 - Require registered links not to be relative when using anchor Return absolute URIs in resource lookup
- Work with replication without really changing the RD
 - Multiple RDs can be found, and can have absolute addresses
 - Endpoints from other RDs can be members of a group

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rd-replication

- Different registration addresses
- Different lookup addresses
- Eventually consistent results



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rd-dns-sd

-01: updated with introduction

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rd-dns-sd

hooks into RD extension points

48

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Next steps for resource-directory

49

reviews

plug test

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CoMI – update

Andy Bierman

Michel Veillette

Peter van der Stok

<u>Alexander Pelov <a@ackl.io></u>

CoMI - CoRE – Mar 19 2018 - M. Veillette, A. Bierman, P. van der Stok, A. Pelov <a@ackl.io>

5 I



draft-ietf-core-comi-01

Draft status

Draft	Version Status		- SID registry	
ietf-core-yang-cbor	6	Stable since IETF 97	Ready for WGLC	
ietf-core-sid	3	Stable since IETF 98	Need to add YANG Template WGLC afterwards (April)	
ietf-core-comi	2	Stable since IETF 99	Minor editions/check – need to check YANG Template, YANG attach, NMDA	
52			TAING PUSITIS OK	
veillette-core-yang-library	2	Stable since IETF 98	CoMI model introspection In scope for Core? Normative reference in CoMI	



Actions from last time:

- Official Hackathon @ I -
- Improve interop (simp -

Implementations **CoMI with YANG-CBOR**

Existing implementations

- GoLang: server + client
- C: server + client
- 2 more partial proprietary implementations

/irtual interop @ Hackathon IETF100 FETCH with ietf-system

Hackathon 101 – Semantic interoperability

- YANG -> Thing Description (W3C)
- CoMI bindings to TD
 - GET is a MUST

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OP

CoMI test on F-Interop

⁻-interop

- Environment for executing an online and remote interoperability test session (VPN-lil) setup)
- Cordinate the interop test
- Sniff the traffic (generate PCAP files records)
- Dissect the messages (include Wireshark-like view)
- Analyze the exchanged traffic (automatically issue PASS/FAIL/INCONCLUSIVE verdicts)
- ²-interop reference implementation of CoMI published
- CoMI Server
- CoMI Client
- GET, FETCH, PUT, IPATCH and DELETE



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Test file

·interop@2017-12-12.yang

```
le comi-interop {
```

```
ntainer interface {
   leaf ip-address {
     type string;
}
```

```
}
```

```
leaf name {
   type string;
}
leaf throughput {
   type int64;
```

```
.
```

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Test file



comi-interop@2017-12-12.sid

```
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface",
"sid": 70001
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/ip-address",
"sid": 70002 EXPERIMENTAL RANGE (see draft-ietf-core-sid)
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/name",
"sid": 70003
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/throughput",
"sid": 70004
```

```
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          van der Stok, A. Pelov <a@ackl.io>
```



Test file



comi-interop@2017-12-12.sid

```
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface",
"sid": 70001
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/ip-address",
"sid": 70002 EXPERIMENTAL RANGE (see draft-ietf-core-sid)
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/name",
"sid": 70003
"namespace": "data",
"identifier": "/comi-interop:interface/throughput",
"sid": 70004
```

```
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          van der Stok, A. Pelov <a@ackl.io>
```

SID registry



ol uses compact YANG Schema Item iDentifiers (SID) instead of names or paths. ble to CoMI developers to register and share SIDs.

alan to implement a YANG model using CoMI should first check this site to verify sid files are not already available. For new YANG models or those without a e, developers are invited to create an account to obtain an SID range that can be he missing .sid files.

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SID registry

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SID registry

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ol uses compact YANG Schema Item iDentifiers (SID) instead of names or paths. ble to CoMI developers to register and share SIDs. In to implement a YANG model using CoMI should first check this site to verify sid files are not already available. For new YANG models or those without a e, developers are invited to create an account to obtain an SID range that can be he missing .sid files. In the substant of the links in the Tools section below. When your work is and register the resulting .sid file(s).	sid file registration Use this interface register a sid file in this registry. You must provide corresponding .yang files for validation purposes. SID file: Choisir le fichier aucun fichier sél. YANG file: Choisir le fichier aucun fichier sél. Account(s) used to resolve include and import files: leff tfilliant networks mr314
Vailable 62	Other include and import files (optional): Choisir les fichiers aucun fichier sélectionné Description:
zy check	Files policy: Files are persisted in your private area

Next steps

etf-core-yang-cbor - Start WGLC?

etf-core-sid and ietf-core-comi

- Shepherd, reviewers?
- TODO Check all OK for YANG Template, YANG attach, NMDA
- WGLC in April

Adoption of veillette-core-yang-library as WG item?

n the mean time – do the Interop

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64



Thanks!

- 09:30–09:35 Intro, Agenda
- 09:35–10:00 Post-WGLC: CoCoA (CG)
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- 10:25–10:40 New response codes (AK)
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- 11:25–11:35 dev URN (JA)
- http://6lowapp.net

All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00)

Tuesday (150 min) → **Monday**

```
10:15–10:25 Getting ready: OSCORE-Group (MT)
11:35–12:00 Flextime: OPC/UA (CP), Time scale (LT), ...
                     core@IETF100, 2018-03-19/-20
```



Secure group communication for CoAP draft-ietf-core-oscore-groupcomm-01

66

IETF 101, CoRE WG, London, March 20th, 2018

Marco Tiloca, RISE SICS Göran Selander, Ericsson Francesca Palombini, Ericsson Jiye Park, Universität Duisburg-Essen

Updates from -00 (1/2)

Major updates and restructuring to address reviews -Thanks to Esko Dijk and Peter van der Stok

- > Section 1.1 Terminology
 - Added definition of group as "security group"
 - Not to be confused with "network group" or "application group"

- Section⁶2 Security Context
 - Clarified establishment/derivation of contexts
 - Added table for additional elements wrt OSCORE

Updates from -00 (2/2)

Section 3 – COSE Object

- Examples or request and response (before and after compression)
- CounterSignature0 is used rather than CounterSignature
- 'external aad' includes also the signature algorithm
- 'external aad' does not include the Group Identifier (Gid) any more

Section 6 – NEW

List of responsibilities of the Group Manager

> Appendices

- Appendix A: assumptions and security objectives (former section) Appendix B: additional details on considered use cases Appendix C: added actual example of Gid format (prefix + epoch) – Appendix D: join description aligned with *draft-palombini-ace-key-groupcomm*

Points for discussion (1/2)

- Independence of Security Group from IP addresses

Fixed part of the Gid

- Change to neglect randomness and large size ?

- Requests may be multicast or unicast (e.g. selective retransmissions) Current context retrieval based on Gid and multicast IP address – Change to use only the Gid as kid context for context retrieval ?

 Currently random and large enough to avoid global collisions – Tie-breaker can be trying the keying material from multiple contexts

Points for discussion (2/2)

- > Current terminology explicitly points at multicast
 - Replace "Multicaster" with "Sender" ?
 - Replace "(Pure) Listener" with "(Pure) Recipient"?
 - This would simplify request/assignment of roles upon joining

- > Current description of the join process
 - Appendix D.1: exchanged information
 - Appendix D.2: provisioning/retrieval of public keys
 - Appendix D.3: pointer to the ACE-based approach
 - What should be kept in this document?
 - Should we keep a general description in case ACE is not used?

Implementation

> OSRAM Innovation

- Developed in C
- MediaTek Linklt Smart 7688 – Aligned with individual submission at IETF99
- > Proof-of-concept for Contiki OS
 - Wismote (MSP430; TI CC2520)
 - SmartRF (MSP430; TI CC2538)
 - Aligned with individual submission at IETF99
 - <u>https://github.com/tdrlab/mcast</u>
- > Next steps
 - Move forward to interoperability tests
 - Is it feasible already at IETF102?

Related activity

> draft-tiloca-ace-oscoap-joining Referred by Appendix D.3

> Join an OSCORE group using the ACE framework

- Joining node \rightarrow Client
- Group Manager \rightarrow Resource Server

72 Leverage protocol-specific profiles of ACE – CoAP-DTLS profile *draft-ietf-ace-dtls-authorize* – OSCORE profile

Message formats aligned with draft-palombini-ace-key-groupcomm

draft-ietf-ace-oscore-profile
Thank you! Comments/questions?

73

https://github.com/core-wg/oscore-groupcomm

Support for group comm.

> draft-ietf-core-oscore-groupcomm-01

- The Sender Context stores the endpoint's public-private key pair
- The Recipient Context stores the public key associated to the endpoint from which messages are received
- > Recipient Contexts are derived at runtime

Security Context

Common	Multicastor
Sender ID = 0	Endpoint ID = 0
Recipient ID = 1	
Recipient Recipient ID = 2	
Recipient Recipient ID = 3	



- 09:30–09:35 Intro, Agenda
- 09:35–10:00 Post-WGLC: CoCoA (CG)
- 10:00–10:15 Getting ready: ERT (CA)
- 10:25–10:40 New response codes (AK)
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- 11:05–11:15 Dynlink/Interfaces (BS)
- 11:15–11:25 Negotiation, AT (BS)
- 11:25–11:35 dev URN (JA)
- http://6lowapp.net

All times are in time-warped WET (UTC+00:00)

Tuesday (150 min) → **Monday**

```
10:15–10:25 Getting ready: OSCORE-Group (MT)
11:35–12:00 Flextime: OPC/UA (CP), Time scale (LT), ...
                     core@IETF100, 2018-03-19/-24
```



Too Many Requests Response Code for CoAP

76

- IETF 101, London
- draft-keranen-core-too-many-reqs-00
 - Ari Keränen

Background

- CoAP client can cause overload in server with too frequent requests
- How can server tell client to back off
- HTTP error code 429 "Too many requests"
- Proposal: register 4.29 for CoAP
 - With MaxAge to indicate when it's OK to request again
- Originally part of CoAP Pub/sub Broker draft; also OCF interest

What requests are OK?

- Current text: Client "SHOULD NOT send the same request to the server before the time indicated in the Max-Age option has passed" • Other requests? Should server be able to give guidance what else is
- (not) OK during this time?
 - Example: GET instead of PUBLISH
- Sounds like a generic problem worth a generic solution; probably out of scope for this draft

Next steps

- Bundle with other non-controversial Response Codes?
- WG item?

79

• We assume people have read the drafts

- good use of face-to-face communications
- to RFC 8179 and its updates

http://6lowapp.net



Meetings serve to advance difficult issues by making

Note Well: Be aware of the IPR principles, according

üBlue sheets üScribe(s)

core@IETF100, 2018-03-19/-20

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http://www.ietf.org/about/note-welt.html

- 09:35–10:00 Post-WGLC: CoCoA (CG)

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CoAP Simple Congestion Control/Advanced (CoCoA)

draft-ietf-core-cocoa-03

- Carsten Bormann Universität Bremen TZI
 - August Betzler Fundació i2Cat
- Carles Gomez, Ilker Demirkol Univ. Politècnica de Catalunya

Status

- WG state: "Submitted to IESG for publication"
- Last revision is -03
 - Mostly editorial updates
 - Addresses comments by:
 - Wesley Eddy (TSVART Early Review)
 - Mirja Kühlewind (Responsible AD)
- Next revision
 - Needs to address comments by:
 - Scott Bradner (OPSDIR Telechat Review)
 - Vincent Roca (SECDIR Review)
 - Christer Holmberg (Gen-ART Telechat Review)

Updates in -03 (I)

- Section 1
 - Paragraph previously in Section 5, now more general: overview on CoCoA
 - RTO based on (weak or strong) RTTs
 - Weak RTTs: reaction to congestion with a lower sending rate
 - For NONs, sending rate limited to 1/RTO
 - More conservative than RFC 7641 (Observe): 1/RTT

Updates in -03 (II)

- Section 3
 - Added details on scenarios where CoCoA has been found to perform well
 - Latencies: milliseconds to peaks of dozens of seconds
 Comment from Jaime: which reference contributes to what
 - Comment from Jaim within this range
 - Single-hop and multihop network topologies
 - Link technologies: IEEE 802.15.4, GPRS, UMTS, Wi-Fi
 - Added that CoCoA is also expected to work suitably across the general Internet

Updates in -03 (III)

- Section 4.2
 - in evaluations (Appendix A)

- Section 4.2.1
 - simple exponential backoff

 Added that default weight values for strong and weak RTO estimators have been found to work well

Added an explicit note on VBF replacing RFC 6298

Updates in -03 (IV)

- Section 4.3
 - State of RTO estimators for an endpoint
 - Should be kept long enough to avoid frequent returns to inappropriate initial values
 - For default parameters in CoAP, it is RECOMMENDED to keep it for at least 255 s
 - Was a "MUST" in -02
- Minor editorial updates throughout the document

Next revision (I)

- Scott Bradner's comment
 The draft makes no reference to RFC 5033...
 - "Specifying New Congestion Control Algorithms"
 - ... But we have taken RFC 5033 into account in the design of CoCoA

Next revision (II)

- RFC 5033 guidelines
 - 0. Differences with congestion control principles (RFC 2914)
 - congestion collapse, fairness, optimizing performance)
 - CoCoA design considers such principles (preventing) – 1. Impact on standard TCP, SCTP, DCCP
 - No negative impact
 - 2. Difficult environments
 - CoCoA has been designed for "difficult environments"
 - 3. Investigating a range of environments
 - Done (see slide 4)

Next revision (III)

- RFC 5033 guidelines
 - 4. Protection against congestion collapse
 - VBF of 1.5, 2 or 3 (always greater than 1)
 - 5. Fairness within the alternate cong. control mech.
 - High fairness measured (thanks to the VBF)
 - 6. Performance with misbehaving nodes
 - Considered. Weak estimator role
 - 7. Responses to sudden or transient events
 - CoCoA restores "normal" network state quickly
 - 8. Incremental deployment
 - CoCoA runs correctly in current CNNs and in CNN-cloud

Thanks!

Carsten Bormann – Universität Bremen TZI cabo@tzi.org August Betzler, <u>Carles Gomez</u>, Ilker Demirkol Universitat Politècnica de Catalunya carlesgo@entel.upc.edu

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Draft-ietf-core-dev-urn-01

Arkko, Jennings & Shelby

A Uniform Resource Name (URN) namespace for hardware device identifiers.

Potentially useful in applications such as in sensor data streams and storage, or equipment inventories.

Complements other similar identifiers NIs (RFC 6920), UUIDs (RFC 4122), IMEIs (RFC 7254) etc. Supports, e.g., MAC and EUI-64, identifiers.

urn:dev:mac:0024befffe804ff1

- -01 was published this week
- Fixed a typo in the ABNF ("dn:" => "org:")
- Conformance to the URN registration template

Versions -00 and -01

Next Steps

- Can people read the new template (Section 3)?
- What should the draft say about q-, r-, and f-components?
- Needs text and decision: adding device IDs specified in OneM2M and LWM2M (urn:dev:os and urn:dev:ops)?
 - And would BBF USP protocol identifiers be useful to add as well?
- Adding other, new device identification schemes related to Web of Things work (e.g., urn:dev:wot:something:mysensor1)
 - Note: the DEV URN scheme allows extension to new types, do not have to define everything now
 - But getting the initial set of the relevant ones would be very useful

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Echo and Request Tag draft-ietf-core-echo-request-tag

Christian Amsüss, John Mattson, Göran Selander

2018-03-20

101



News since IETF 100 part I

102



Update 7252 Token processing

mitigates attacks described in coap-actuators

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News since IETF 100 part II

Echo updated for readability

103



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News since IETF 100 part III

Request-Tag can be simpler

104



as we understand block-wise

see "Strictness of RFC7959"

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We want YOU for...

105

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'Pending' response code

Peter van der Stok, Klaus Hartke

107

IETF 101 - CoRE Working Group

Motivation

RFC 7030: Enrollment over Secure Transport (EST) uses http response 202 when result is not immediately available (say: 3 hours) in response to GET or POST.

No such response code exists for coap. This functionality is needed for EST over coap.
The request has been accepted for processing, but the processing has not been completed. The request might or might not eventually be acted upon, as it might be disallowed when processing actually takes place. The representation sent with this response ought to describe the request's current status and point to (or embed) a status monitor that can provide the user with an estimate of when the request will be fulfilled.

HTTP 202

draft-ietf-ace-coap-est specifies requests to servers to verify a node's identity; this may need manual intervention and takes a minimum response time

draft-ietf-core-coap-pubsub specifies a server to send a response to the client to indicate a valid request but may contain an empty payload. 110

draft-keranen-core-too-many-reqs specifies that response is available after minimum response time

Use cases

A new response code (e.g. 2.06) was deemed harmful for proxies. (They will return 5.01 (Not Implemented))

An extension to response code 5.03 "Service Unavailable" does not cover the case because service is available

This draft specifies a content format "60001" extension to existing response codes

20 March 2018

History

CoRE, IETF101, London

Details

- Pending response indicates that target resource exists, but no representation is available yet.
- Location may be specified where result will become available.
- Allows multiple clients to have multiple concurrent requests open at the server.
- Client has to retry with GET request after Max-Age. • Can be used in conjunction with "observe"

- How should application-specific state machines be added to CoAP applications?
- **REST** approach: transfer **representations**
- Need to define **media types** for those application states
- Related trial balloon: draft-bormann-core-maybe-00

Pushing application-specific state machines into CoAP?

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CoAP Protocol Negotiation

draft-silverajan-core-coap-protocol-negotiation-08

Bill Silverajan TUT Mert Ocak Ericsson

IETF 101 draft-silverajan-core-coap-transport-negotiation-08

Context

- Aimed at CoAP nodes that have multiple transports, and wish to allow CoAP requests and responses over some or all these transports
- Both per-server and per-resource models supported Allows clients to directly query origin servers for available transports and communicate using an alternative transport (using a CoAP Option, or a link
- attribute)
- When a CoRE Resource Directory is present, origin servers can also register transport availability to RD for clients to query (using new parameter types)

Current Status

- Updates from -07 to -08
 - 'ol' is now a repeatable attribute allowing multiple base URIs, to align it with OCF 'ep'
 - registering alternate transports at the RD
 - 'at' is now a repeatable parameter for - Better examples provided
 - Updated example usage with RD, based on suggestions found in draft-ietf-coreresource-directory-13

Next Steps

- Evaluate other means to obtain Option
 - Using FETCH

 - Using a resource such as "/pn/" with application/link-format

transport endpoints from the origin server in place of Alternative-Transports

- Using an entry in .well-known/ for site-wide metadata (either core or something else) resource type "core.pn" and content type

CoAP Communication with Alternative Transports

draft-silverajan-core-coap-alternative-transports-11

Bill Silverajan Teemu Savolainen

IETF 101 CoRE, draft-silverajan-core-coap-alternative-transports

TUT Nokia

Context

 Draft's focus is on the URI design work for CoAP over alternative transports - If you need to embed the transport information in a CoAP URI, which URI component should be used?

scheme://host:port/path/to/resource?query

- as the best place to embed transport identification
- The URI query, path and authority components were all disqualified based on identified requirements Technical requirements leave only the URI scheme

Current Status

- Draft -11 is a small delta to -10 The work has been completed - Listed as an informative reference to RFC
- - 8323
- Next step is for WG adoption

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124



OPC UA Message Transmission Method over CoAP

draft-wang-core-opcua-transmission-03

Ping Wang, Chenggen Pu, Heng Wang, Junrui Wu, Yi Yang, Lun Shao, Jianqiang Hou

London, March 20, 2018

Status

- Last version is 02.
- \bullet
- Keep the draft updated.

Made some meaningful changes according to the last meeting comments.

What We Have Updated

Three use cases:

Offline/Online diagnostic system for resource-constrained factories, Factory data monitoring based on web pages, Factory data analysis based on cloud.

Consolidate two transmission schemes into one: Consolidate the proxy for OPC UA-CoAP and the direct transmission into one to realize better transmission performance.

Next Steps

Contact with OPC Foundation to get feedback.

Implement the transmission schemes mentioned above over a reasonable architecture.

Comments or Questions? Thank you!