

draft-lodderstedt-oauth-jwt-introspection- response-00

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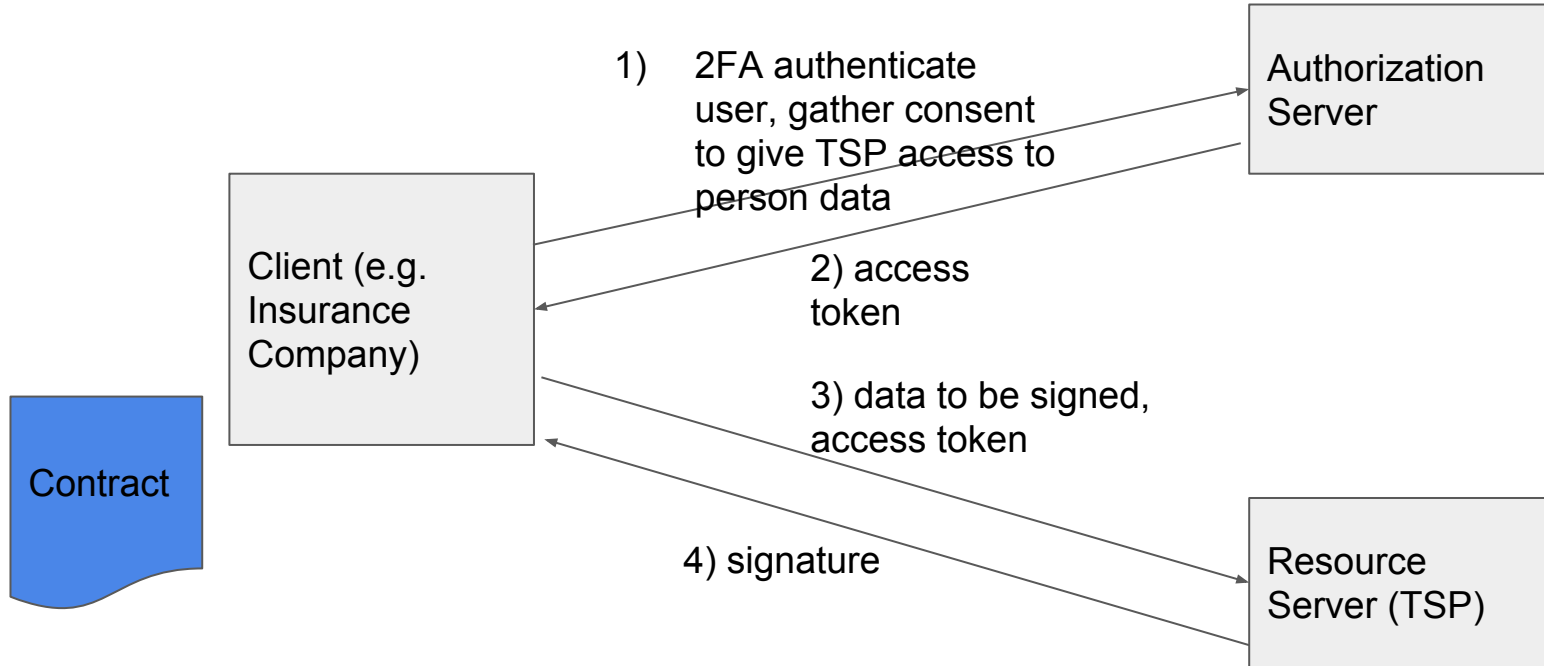
What is it good for?

- Allows the AS to sign and/or encrypt the Token Introspection response
- Signing gives RS a cryptographic proof
 - that a particular AS has issued the access token and
 - what data the AS asserted in the access token
- Encryption may allow intermediaries to fetch the access token without getting access to the access token's payload
- Signing may be used to ensure the access token's integrity and authenticity in such cases

Use Case 1: Qualified Electronic Signature

- RS is Trusted Service Provider according to eIDAS (EU directive on **e**lectronic **I**dentification, **A**uthentication and trust **S**ervices)
- Offers remotely activated electronic signatures
- Can be used with an access token issued by an AS complying with eIDAS level of assurance substantial (identity proofing and authentication)

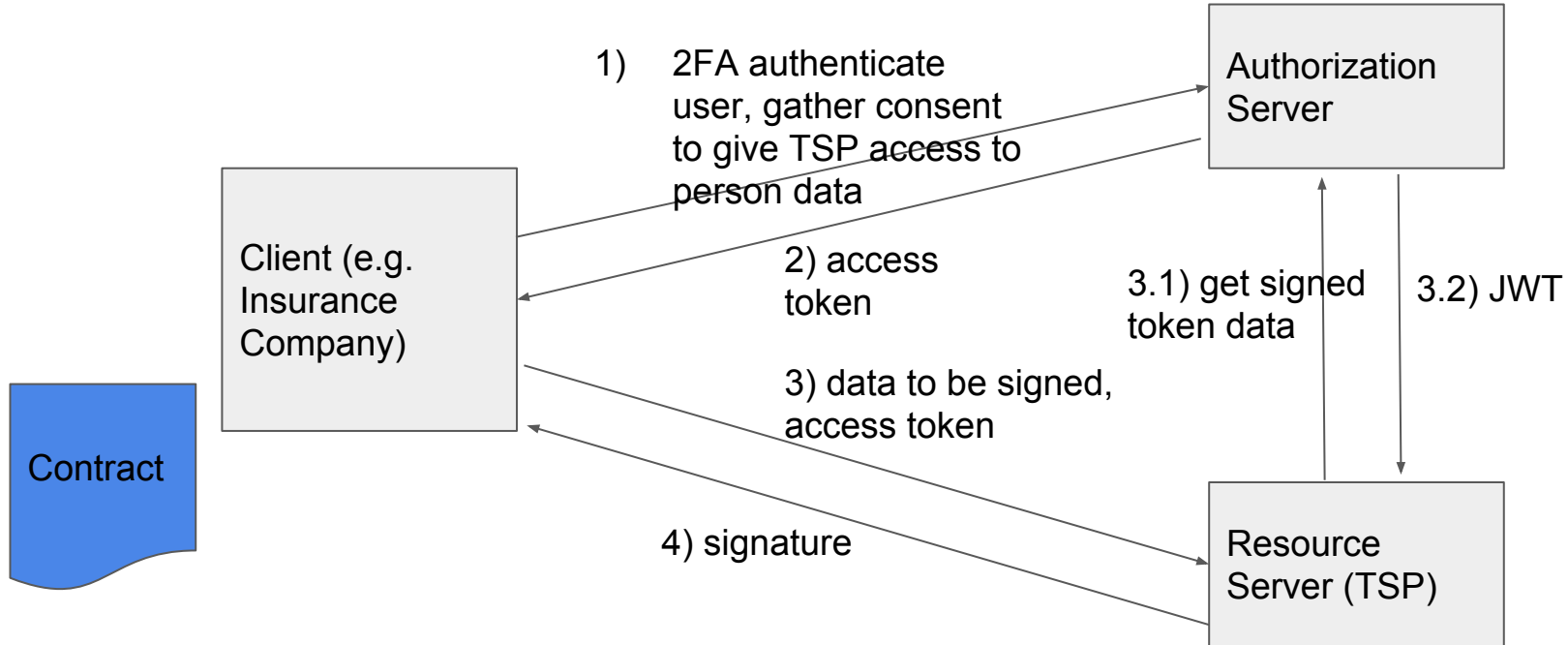
Use Case 1: Qualified Electronic Signature (2)



Use Case 1: Qualified Electronic Signature (3)

- The RS (TSP) is obliged to keep an audit trail of the whole process, including **what entity performed the identity verification and authentication**
- Signed Access Tokens help the RS to securely link the transaction back to the respective AS
- Structured access tokens? Not the easiest choice if the clients wants to access multiple RSs based on the same authorization grant
- **Token Introspection is easier to use from a client perspective but currently lacks digitally signed tokens.**

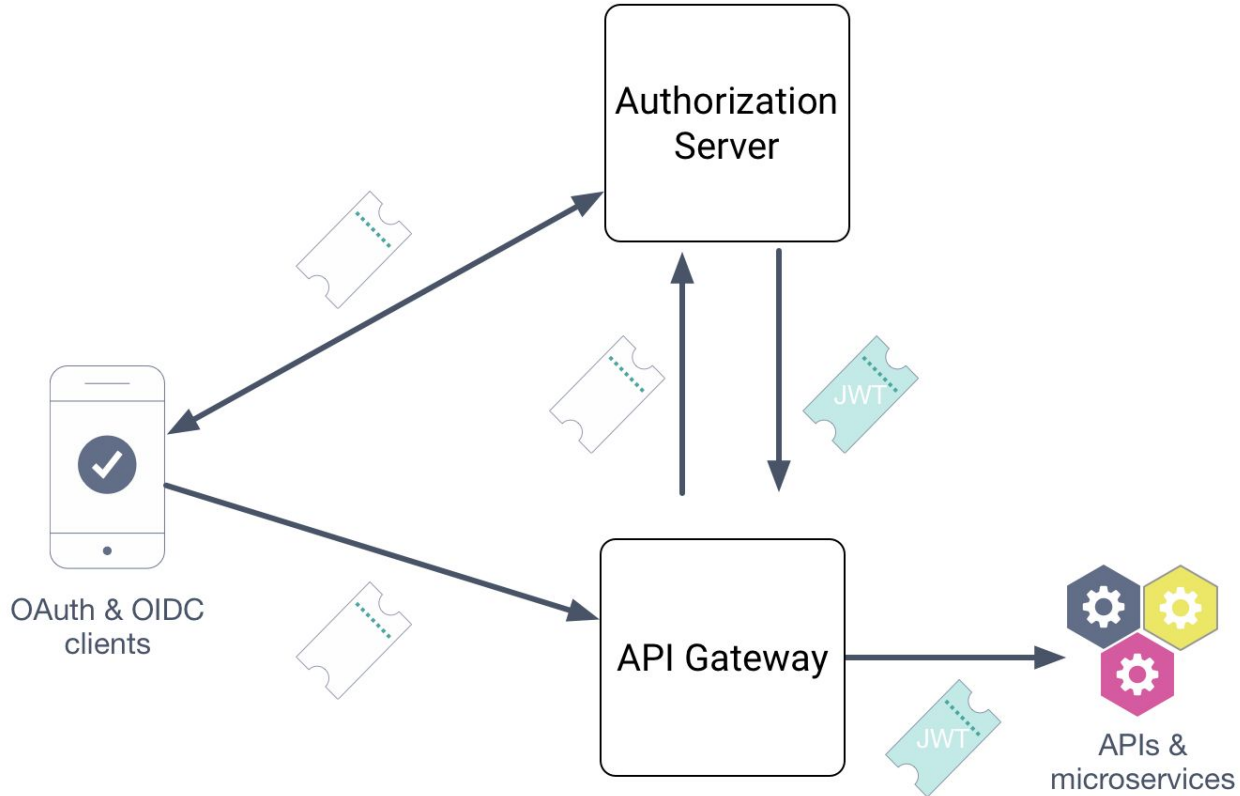
Use Case 1: Qualified Electronic Signature (4)



Use Case 2: Phantom Token Pattern

- Issue “handle token” or by-ref token to apps
- Send by-ref token to API which is fronted by an API gateway
- API gateway converts by-ref token to by-value JWT token using introspection
- Gateway caches using by-ref token as cache key
- Gateway forwards by-value JWT token to back-end microservices
- Back-end microservices can verify JWT off-line without communication to AS

Use Case 2: Phantom Token Pattern (2)



Status

Current

- Published revision -00
- Describes JWT response format
- Describes use of meta data to determine response type

To Be Discussed

- Add data to allow RS to determine AS
- Reusability of same JWT on multiple requests
- Other response formats

TODO

- HTTP cache-control & Expires response header with a value teamed to the expiration time of JWT
- HTTP status codes, 204 in particular for expired input tokens (active = false)
- Add prose around Accept request header
- IANA
- Security Considerations