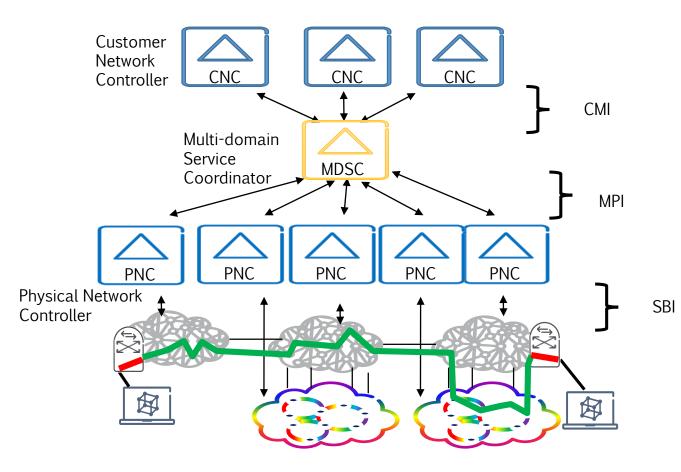
Applicability of PCE for ACTN

draft-ietf-pce-applicability-actn-05

Dhruv Dhody Young Lee Daniele Ceccarelli

ACTN – Abstraction and Control of TE networks



- A set of virtual network operations to orchestrate, manage and control of multi-domain heterogeneous TE networks.
- Three tier controller hierarchy
 - Customer Network Controller (CNC)
 - Multi Domain Service Coordinator (MDSC)
 - Physical Network Controller (PNC)
- Four functions in ACTN
 - Multi domain coordination
 - Virtualization/Abstraction
 - Customer mapping
 - Virtual service coordination
- TEAS
 - draft-ietf-teas-actn-requirements
 - draft-ietf-teas-actn-framework

PCE Applicability for ACTN

ACTN

- MDSC-PNC
- Hierarchy of Controllers
- Tunnel instantiation by the controllers
- MDSC Multi-domain Coordination

PCE/PCEP Architecture

- Parent PCE Child PCE
- H-PCE
- PCInitiated Message by PCE
- Stateful H-PCE

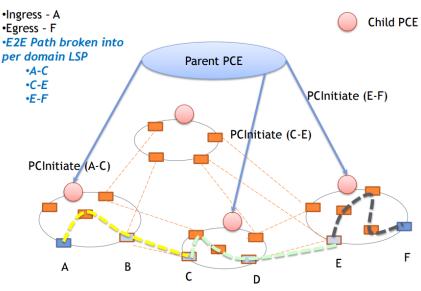
Stateful H-PCE

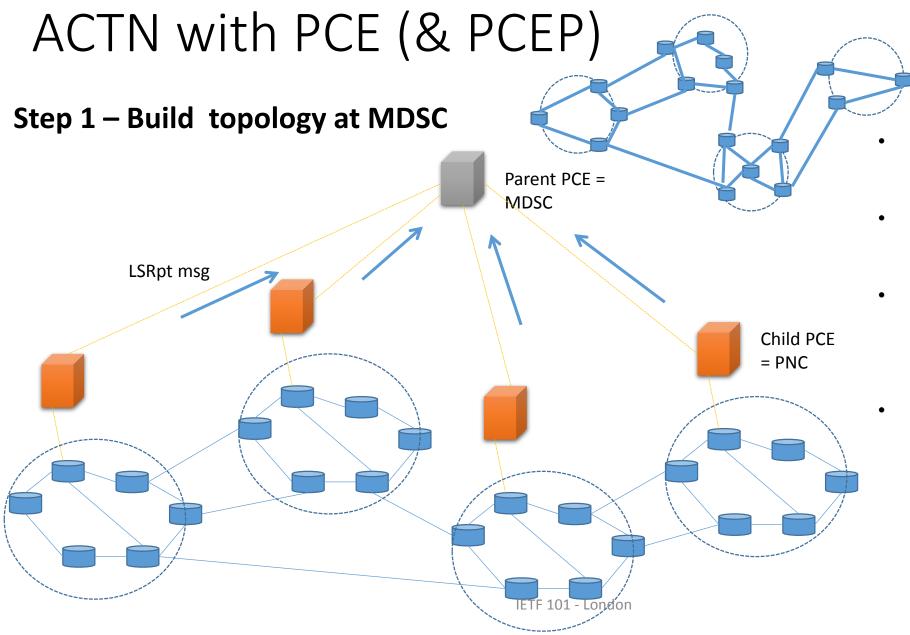
https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-pce-stateful-hpce/

- Hierarchy of stateful PCEs
- Stateful PCEP messages and procedures between child and parent PCE – active and passive!
 - Parent PCE maintain domain topology and inter-domain LSPDB
- Initiation of multi-domain E2E LSP at Parent
 PCE

 Initiation of per-domain LSP by each child PCE, stitched.

Per Domain Stitched LSP



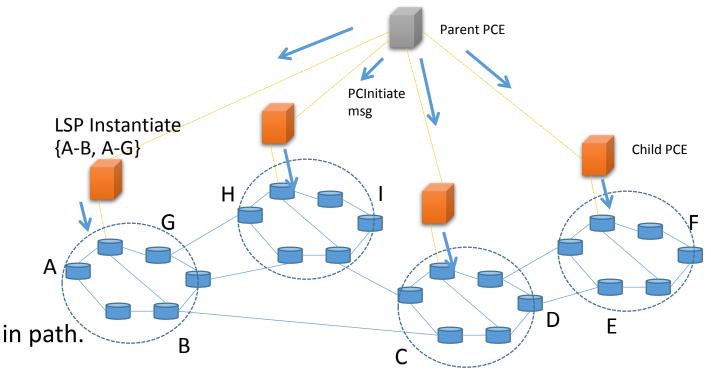


- Use PCEP LSRpt message to build domain topology
- Include border nodes and inter-domain links
- Can also have abstracted information from within the domain
- Based on network events,
 change in topology is reported
 to MDSC.

VN Instantiate: VN1 {A-F; A-I}

Step 2 – VN Instantiation

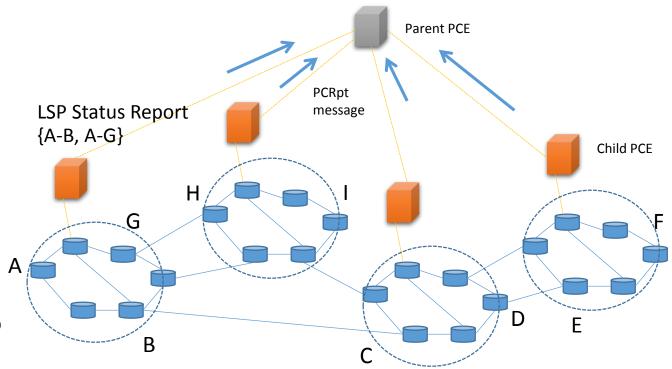
- VN Instantiation will include constraints and optimization criteria
- E2E Path computation for {A-F} and {A-I}
 - Step 2.1 Per-domain paths
 - {A-F} = {A-B, C-D, E-F}
 - {A-I} = {A-G, H-I}
 - PCE Initiate message to initiate per-domain path.



VN1 {A-F; A-I}

Step 2.2 – Per-domain report

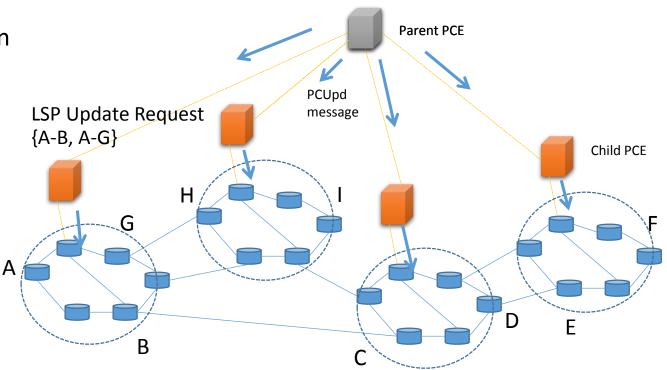
- Each child PCE reports the status of per-domain
 LSP via PCRpt message
- E2E LSP is up when all per-domain LSP along the path are up.
 - {A-F} = {A-B, C-D, E-F}
 - {A-I} = {A-G, H-I}
- Any change in status of per-domain LSP is sent to parent PCE.



VN1 {A-F; A-I}

Step 3 – VN Modify

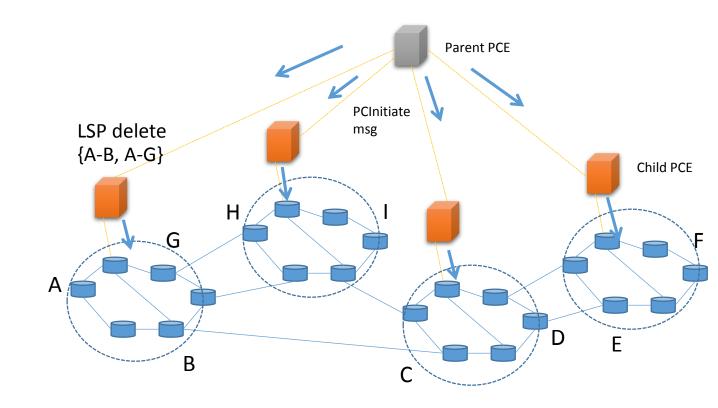
- VN parameters can be modified, such as change in bandwidth
- After re-computation, the per-domain path may need to be updated.
- There might also be a case that existing perdomain path needs to deleted and a new perdomain path needs to be created between different set of border nodes.



Delete VN1

Step 4 – VN Delete

- Customer may request VN to be deleted
- For each E2E path
 - Each per-domain LSP
 - Needs to be deleted
 - PCInitiate with R flag



Summary

- This document is useful to understand how PCE and various extensions to PCEP comes together for ACTN.
- ACTN Framework is now in RFC Requested Stage.
- This document is stable and ready for WG LC.

Thanks!