

# **TLS 1.3 Extension for Certificate-based Authentication with an External Pre-Shared Key**

draft-housley-tls-tls13-cert-with-extern-psk

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# Authentication and Key Schedule

## Initial Handshake:

**Authentication:**

Signature and Certificate

**Key Schedule Secret Inputs:**

(EC)DHE

## Subsequent Handshake:

**Authentication:**

Resumption PSK

Resumption PSK

**Key Schedule Secret Inputs:**

Resumption PSK + (EC)DHE

(EC)DHE

# This Extension Adds Another Choice

## Initial Handshake:

**Authentication:**

Signature and Certificate

Signature and Certificate

**Key Schedule Secret Inputs:**

(EC)DHE

External PSK + (EC)DHE

## Subsequent Handshake:

**Authentication:**

Resumption PSK

Resumption PSK

**Key Schedule Secret Inputs:**

Resumption PSK + (EC)DHE

(EC)DHE

# External PSK for Quantum Protection

- Open question whether a large-scale quantum computer is feasible, and if so, when it might happen
- If it happens, (EC)DHE becomes vulnerable
- Today: Adversary saves TLS 1.3 handshake and the associated ciphertext
- Someday: Decrypt communications when a large-scale quantum computer becomes available
- Near-term solution: Strong external PSK as an input to the TLS 1.3 key schedule
- Long-term solution: Quantum-resistant public-key cryptographic algorithms (winners of NIST competition)

# Extension Overview

## Client

```
ClientHello
+ tls_cert_with_extern_psk
+ supported_groups*
+ key_share
+ signature_algorithms*
+ psk_key_exchange_modes(psk_dhe_ke)
+ pre_shared_key
```

----->

## Server

```
ServerHello
+ tls_cert_with_extern_psk
+ key_share
+ pre_shared_key
+ {EncryptedExtensions}
  {CertificateRequest*}
  {Certificate}
  {CertificateVerify}
  {Finished}
```

<-----

```
{Certificate*}
{CertificateVerify*}
{Finished}
[Application Data]
```

----->

<----->

```
[Application Data]
```

# Extension Syntax

- The successful negotiation of the "tls\_cert\_with\_extern\_psk" extension requires the TLS 1.3 key schedule processing to include both the selected external PSK and the (EC)DHE shared secret value, and it requires the server to send the Certificate and CertificateVerify messages in the handshake
- The "tls\_cert\_with\_extern\_psk" extension will always be used along with the "key\_share", "psk\_key\_exchange\_modes", and "pre\_shared\_key" extensions
- The "psk\_key\_exchange\_modes" extension will always offer psk\_dhe\_ke
- The "pre\_shared\_key" extension has obfuscated\_ticket\_age set to zero
- Inclusion of the extension is willingness to authenticate the server with a certificate and include an external PSK in the key schedule processing:

```
struct {  
    select (Handshake.msg_type) {  
        case client_hello: Empty;  
        case server_hello: Empty;  
    };  
} CertWithExternPSK;
```

# Allow Certificates with External PSK

- TLS 1.3 does not permit the server to send a CertificateRequest message when a PSK is being used. This restriction is removed when the "tls\_cert\_with\_extern\_psk" extension is negotiated, allowing the client and the server to be authenticated with a certificates
- TLS 1.3 does not permit an external PSK to be used in the same fashion as a resumption PSK, and this extension does not alter those restrictions
- A certificate **MUST NOT** be used with a resumption PSK