Privacy Extensions for Stateless Address Autoconfiguration in IPv6

(draft-ietf-6man-rfc4941bis-00)

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Issues with RFC4941

- Prevents use of **only** temporary addresses
- Recommends reusing the same IID for multiple prefixes
- Reuses the same IID as host moves from one network to another
- Limits non-deprecated addresses to one per prefix
- Temporary addresses disabled by default
- Miscellaneous issues

Generation of non-stable IIDs

- We propose two alternative algorithms:
 - Random IIDs
 - A la RFC7217:

F(Prefix, MAC_Address, Network_ID, Time, DAD_Counter, secret_key)

Q: Algorithms

- There has been some discussion regarding what to do with the possible algorithms:
 - Improve the "a la rfc7217" algorithm -- done!
 - Recommend the simple randomization one?
 - Remove the "a la rfc7217" algorithm altogether?
 - Keep both algorithms as options, but do not recommend any specific one?

Q: Requirements for temporary IIDs

- Requirements were spelled out in draft-gont-6mannon-stable-iids and referenced in rfc4941bis
- There seems to be agreement to incorporate the requirements into rfc4941bis
 - Either in the body or in an appendix

Q: "On by default"

- rfc4941bis makes temporary addresses "on by default"
 - Probably out of question in the light of RFC7528
 - Is already the case for MS Windows systems
- Proposals to incoporate some text on how this might affect security devices
 - that assume many addresses per device is an attack

Q: When to change IIDs

- IIDs change upon network (re-)attachment and other privacy-sensitive events
- Question was raised if/how we could prevent onlink glitches from triggering IID generation