

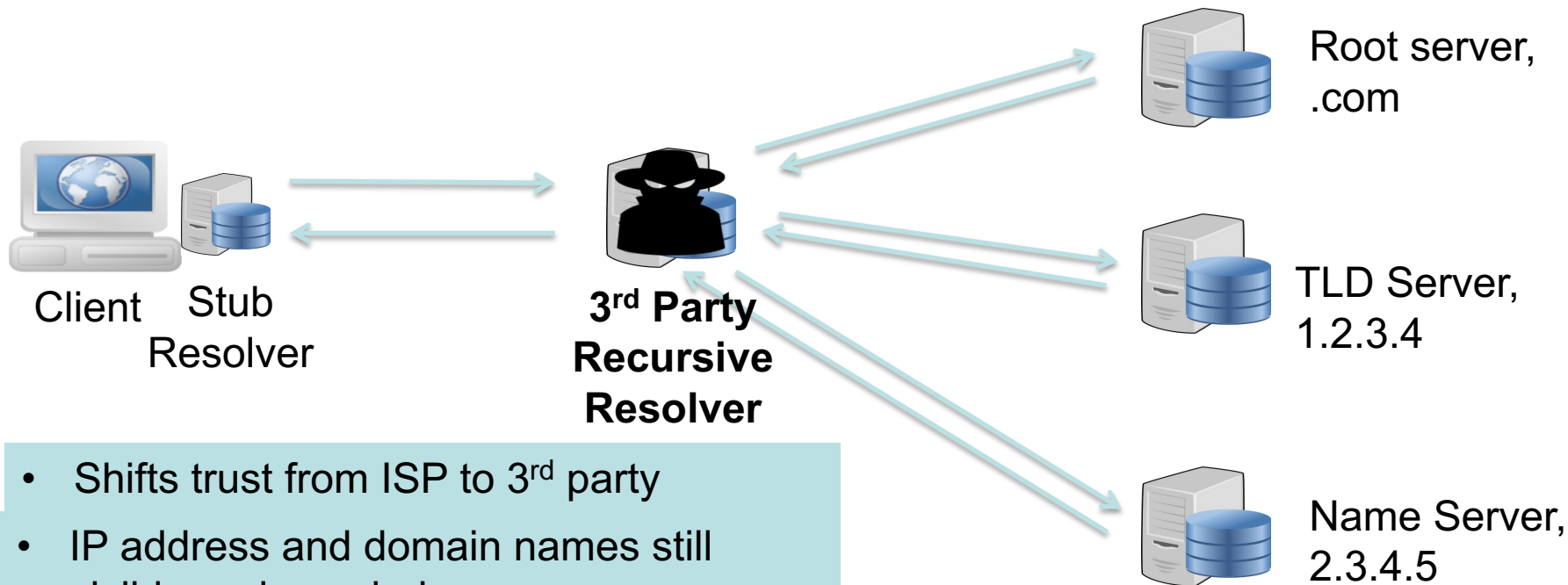
# Oblivious DNS

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# Strawman: Change DNS Providers



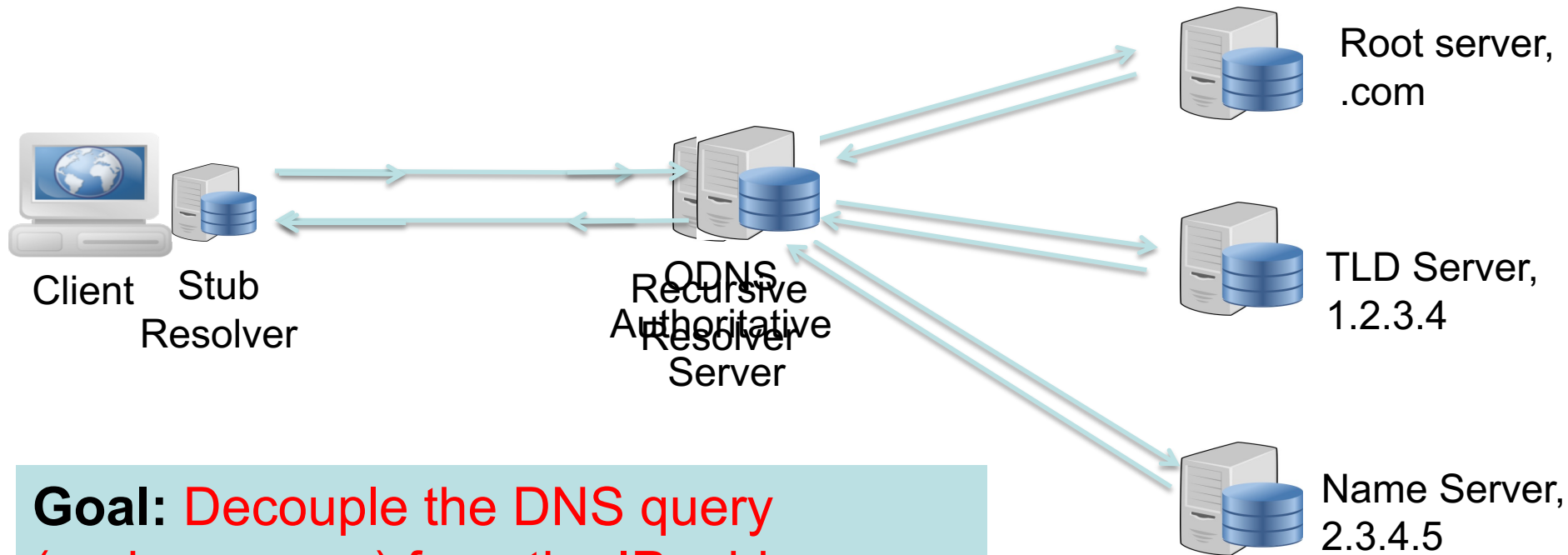
- Shifts trust from ISP to 3<sup>rd</sup> party
- IP address and domain names still visible and coupled
- Still vulnerable to monitoring & data requests

# Oblivious DNS (ODNS)

Goal: *Decouple the DNS query (and response) from the IP address that issued the query*

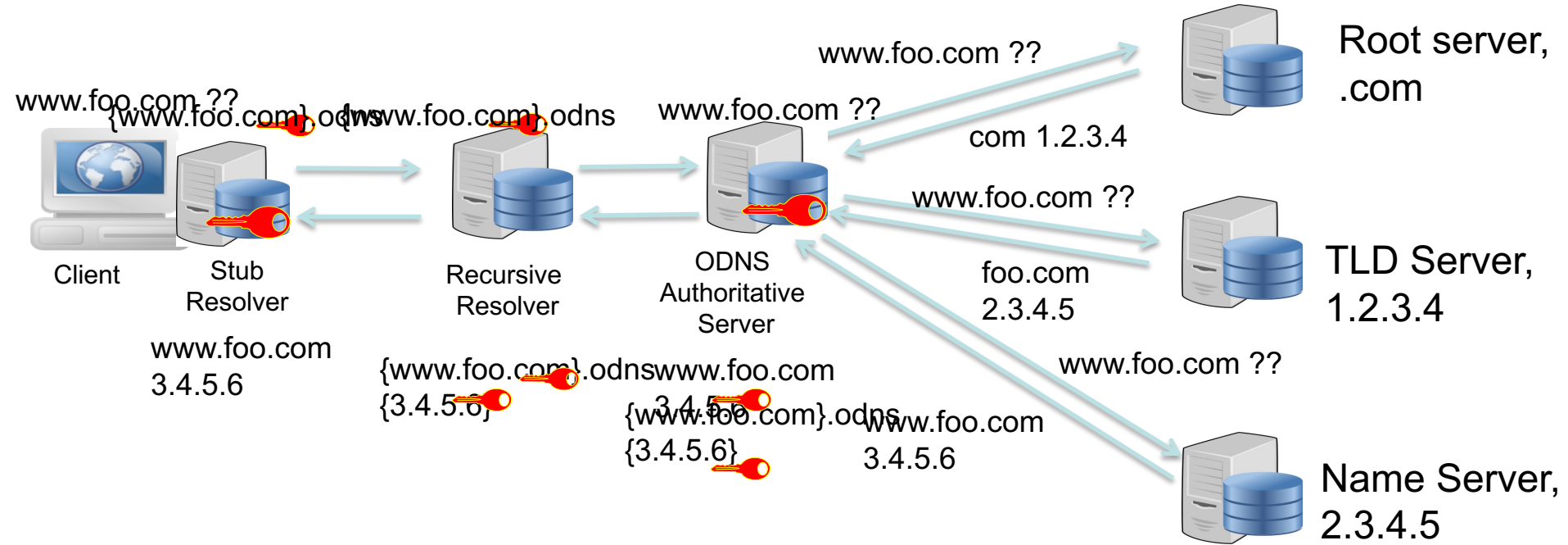
1. Obfuscate the DNS query before sending it to the local recursive resolver
2. Generate a referral to an ODNS authoritative server that can decipher the query
3. ODNS authoritative server can see the DNS query, but not the IP address of the requesting client

# Oblivious DNS

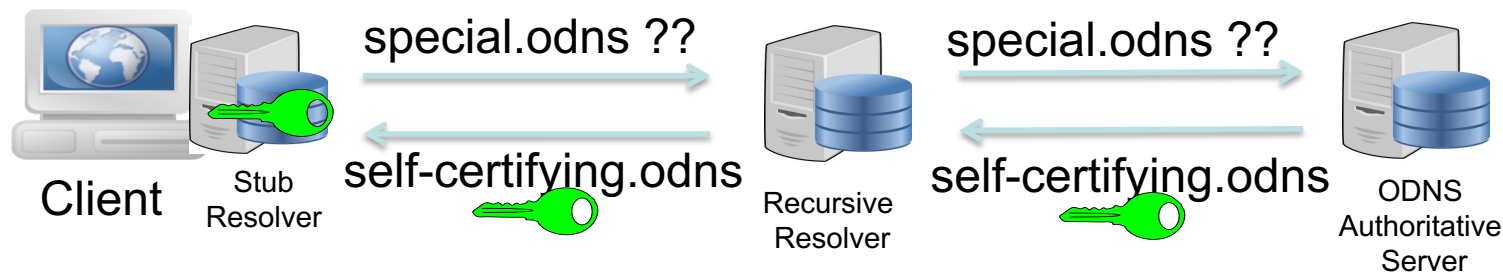


**Goal:** Decouple the DNS query (and response) from the IP address that issued the query

# ODNS Queries & Responses



# Distributing ODNS Keys to Clients



ODNS authoritative servers are replicated and anycasted, resulting in selection of the closest ODNS authoritative server

# Changes/Additions to DNS

- **Stub resolver**
  - Session key generation
  - Encryption of session key with authoritative PK
  - Domain name augmentation
  - Appends session key in additional section
- **Authoritative DNS server**
  - Decrypt session key and query
  - Forward recursive query as before

# Ongoing Implementation Efforts

- Prototype implementation in Go w/Go DNS library
- Some initial progress with Unbound at Hackathon
- Implementation detail: Ciphertext of encrypted QNAME too large for 0.6% of names in lookup trace



# Performance Evaluation: ODNS

- Overhead of **cryptographic operations**
- Additional latency for **DNS lookups**
- Additional **Web page load time**
- Reduced caching at recursive resolver

# Practical Considerations

- EDNS0 Client Subnet
  - **Challenge:** Local recursive can pass on client IP address in query
  - **Solution:** Local recursive should strip EDNS0 CS
- OPT Records and Query Length
  - **Challenge:** Keys are big. Encrypted query/session key can't go in OPT because most resolvers strip it!
  - **Near-term Solution:** QNAME (4 x 63 bytes)
    - 16-byte AES keys, ECIES encrypted key (44 bytes)
    - We use base64 encoding for encrypted domain & key (drawback: no 0x20 encoding)
- QTYPE is in the clear
  - Use TXT records and encrypt everything (?) [From Hackathon]

# Which Recursives Can ODNS Use Today?

- No EDNS0 Client Subnet, No 0x20...

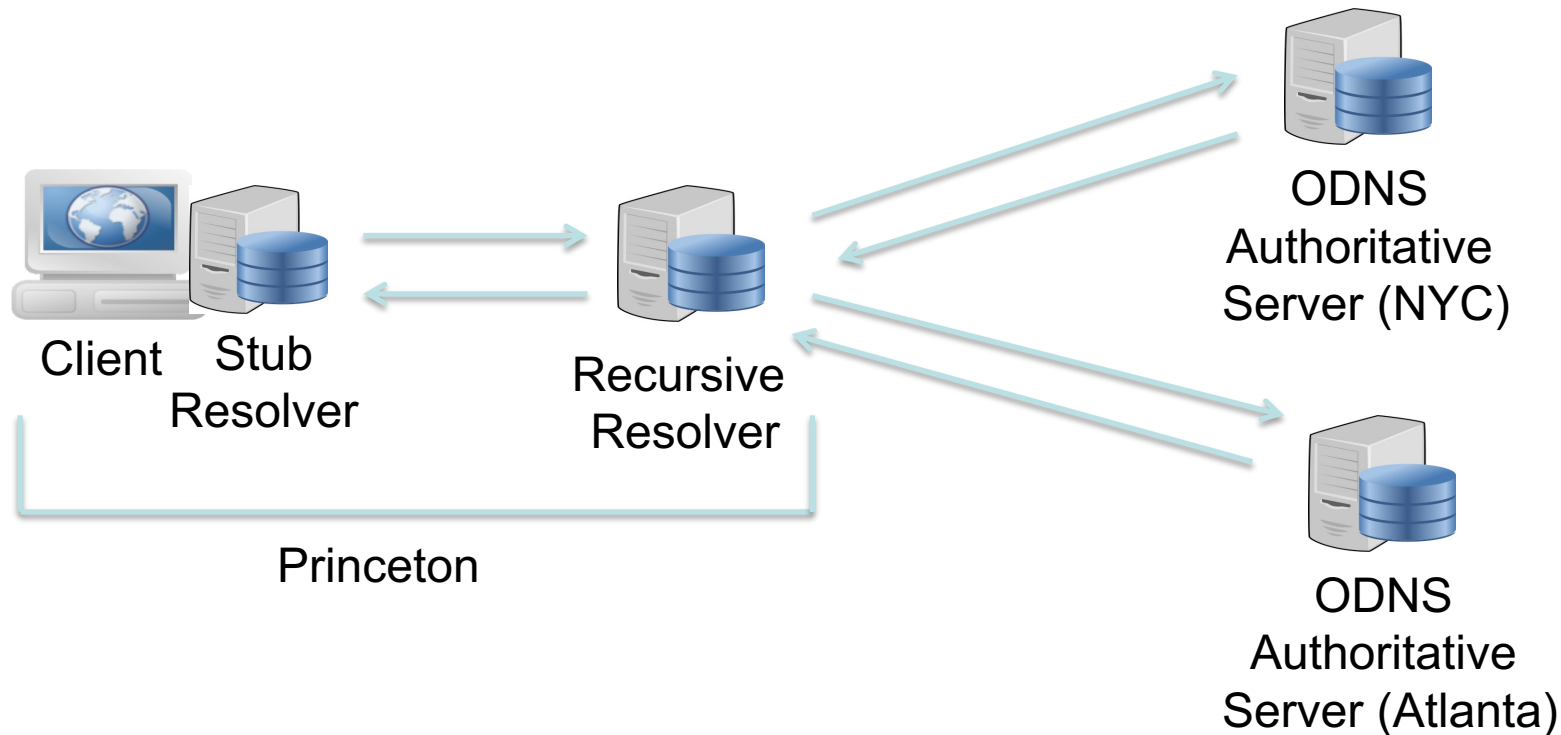
	Open Recursive Resolver (IP)	EDNS0 Client Subnet	0x20
	Cloudflare (1.1.1.1)	No	Yes
	Google (8.8.8.8)	Yes	No
✓	Quad9 (9.9.9.9)	No	No
✓	Level3 (209.244.0.3)	No	No
✓	OpenDNS Home (208.67.222.222)	No	No
	Verisign (64.6.64.6)	No	Yes
✓	Norton ConnectSafe (199.85.126.10)	No	No
	Dyn (216.146.35.35)	Yes	No
✓	Comodo Secure DNS (8.26.56.26)	No	No
	Fourth Estate (45.77.165.194)	Yes	No
✓	DNS.WATCH (84.200.69.80)	No	No
	GreenTeamDNS (81.218.119.11)	Yes	No
✓	SafeDNS (195.46.39.39)	No	No
✓	FreeDNS (37.235.1.174)	No	No
✓	Hurricane Electric (74.82.42.42)	No	No
✓	Ultra (156.154.71.1)	No	No

# ODNS: Summary

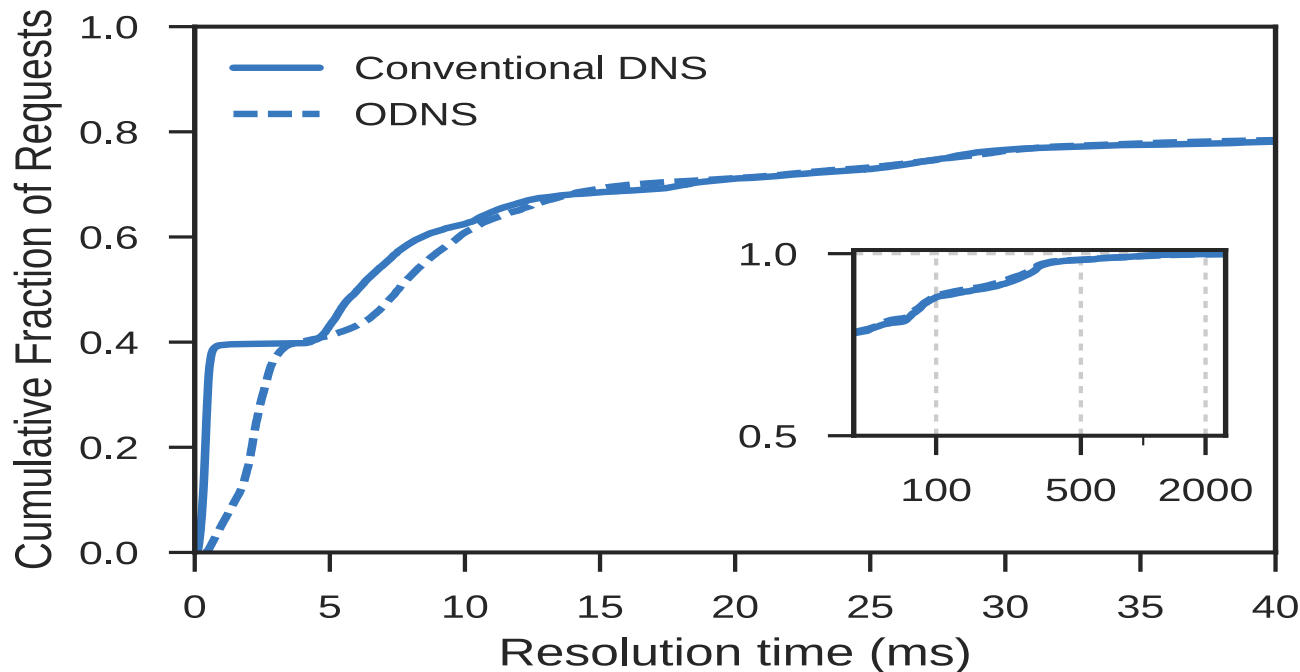
- ODNS protects privacy by decoupling clients' identities from their queries
- Implementation and evaluation show feasibility and low overhead
- ODNS is compatible with existing recursive resolvers and name servers

# Backup Slides

# Prototype and Testbed Setup

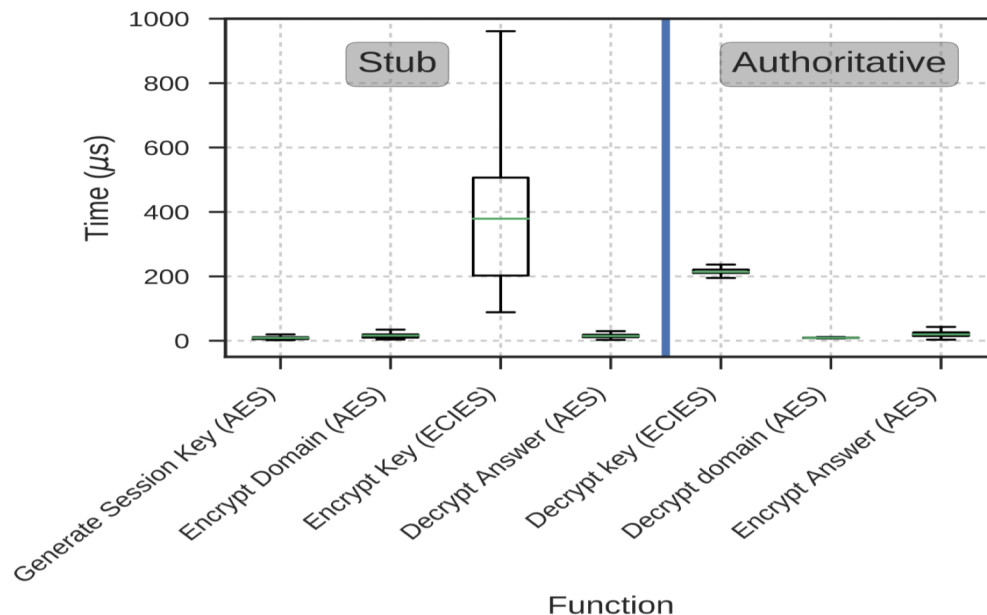


# DNS Resolution Time Overhead



**Difference in median resolution time is 1.5ms,  
which is in line with the cost of cryptographic operations**

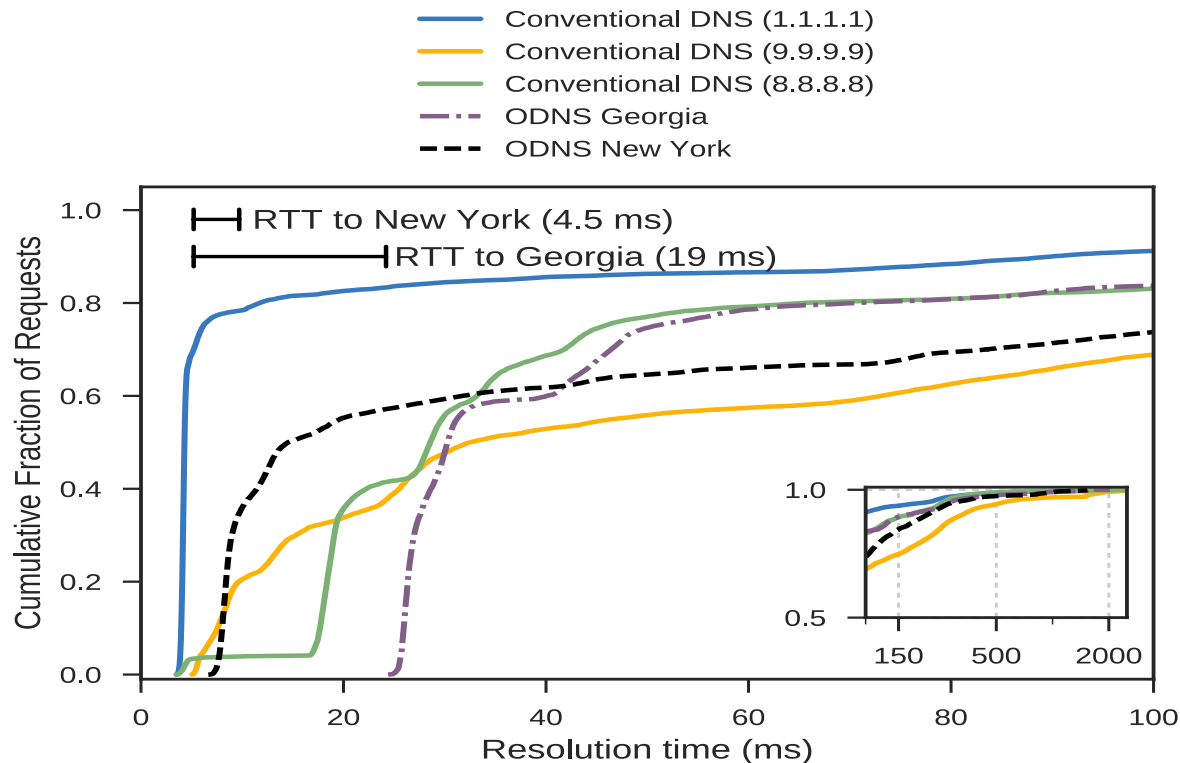
# Cryptographic Operations



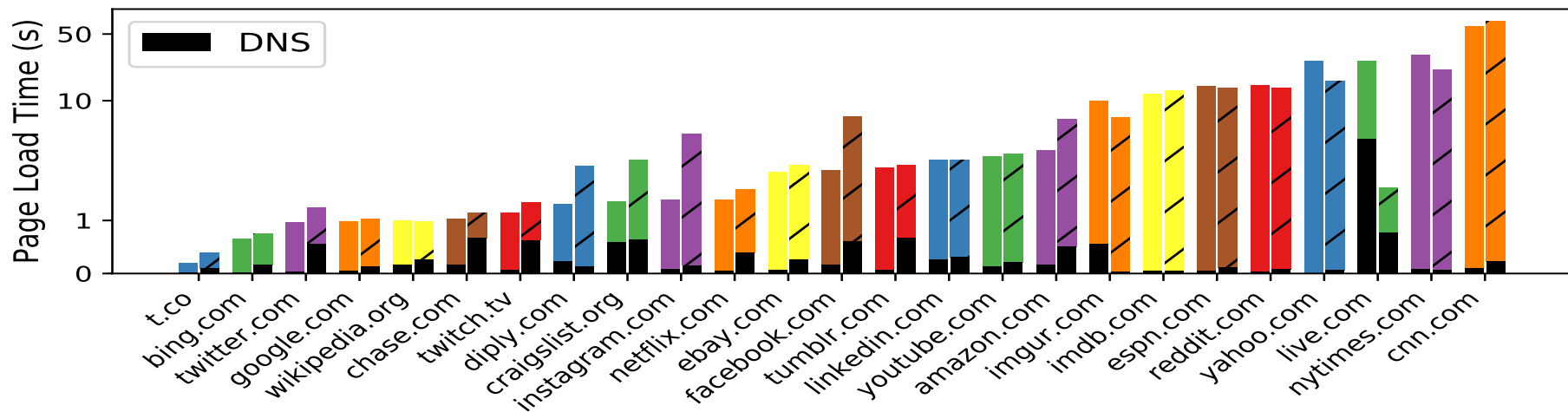
**Most overhead is for encryption of session key on client side.  
(Microseconds)**



# DNS Resolution Time Overhead

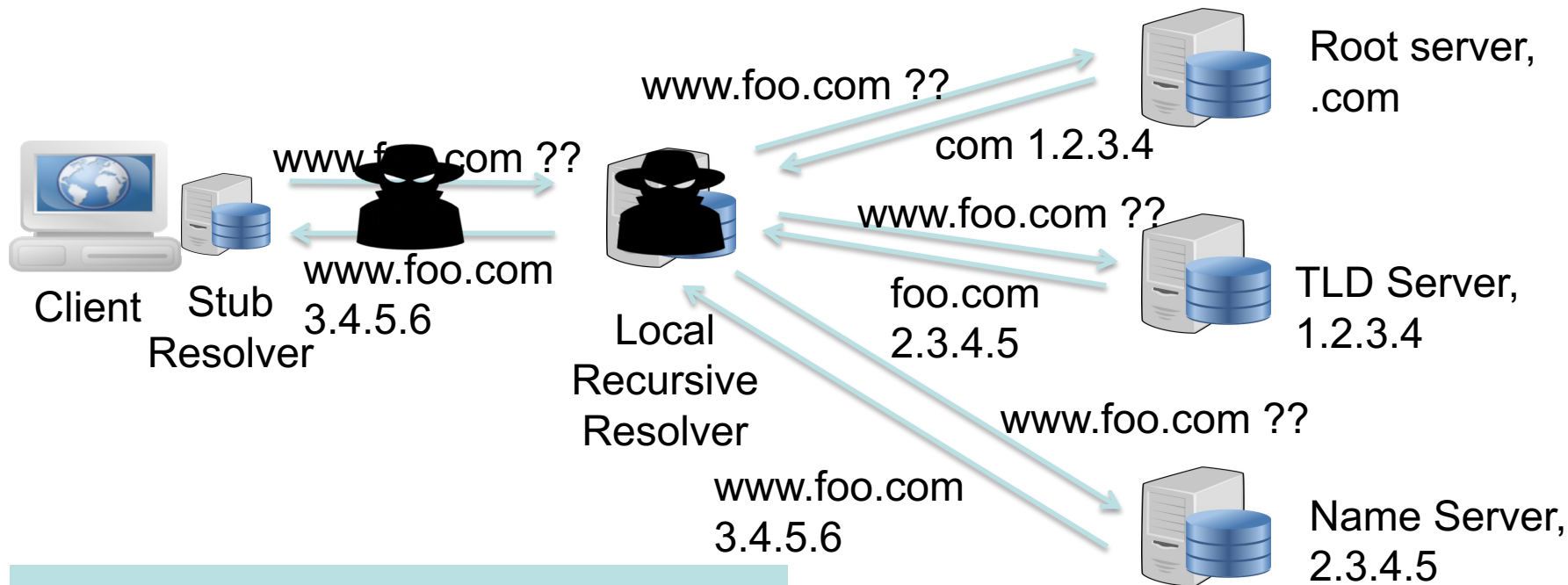


# ODNS Page Load Time



Page load time overhead is small.

# Background: Conventional DNS

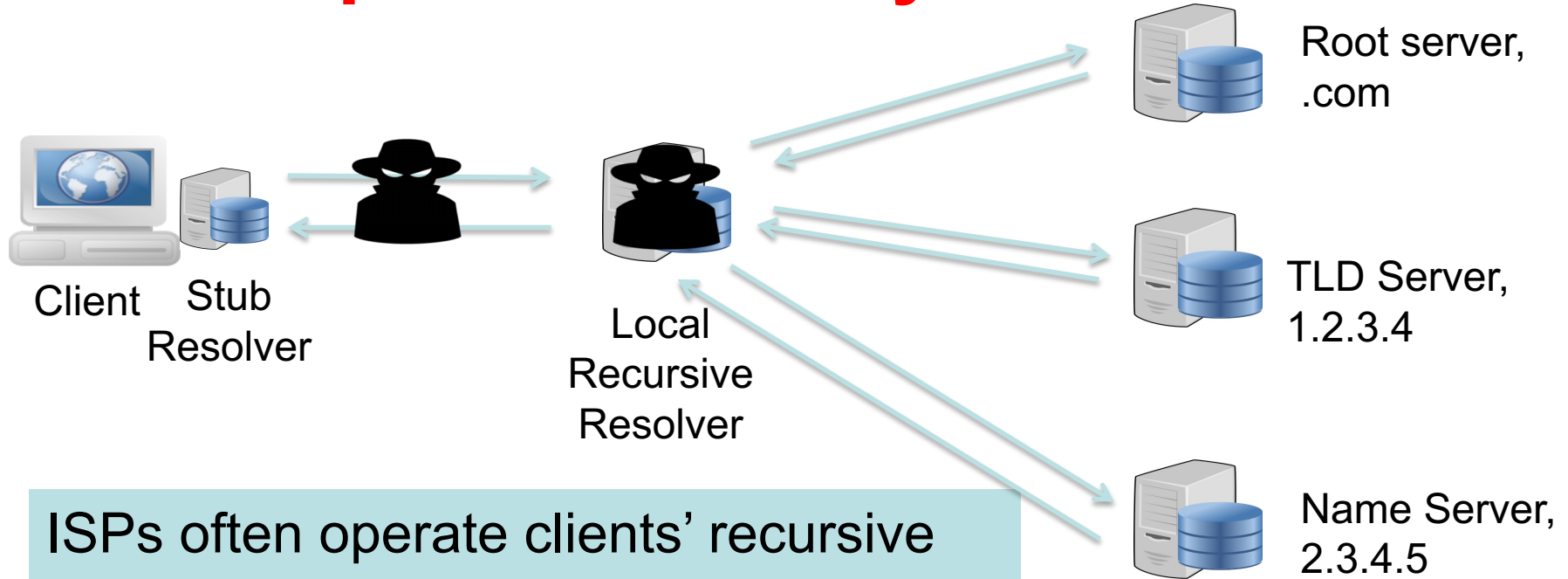


**Vulnerable to traffic monitoring & data requests**

# DNS Privacy: Existing Approaches

- Focus on data confidentiality & integrity in transit
  - DNS-over-TLS
  - DNSCurve, DNSCrypt
  - DNSSEC
- Minimize privacy
  - DNS QNAME Minimization

# Existing Approaches Don't Address First Hop as Adversary



ISPs often operate clients' recursive resolvers, allowing them to monitor clients' browsing patterns

# Strawman: Change DNS Providers



## Announcing 1.1.1.1: the fastest, privacy-first consumer DNS service

01 Apr 2018 by [Matthew Prince](#).

[Tweet](#)

Cloudflare's mission is to help build a better Internet. We're excited today to take another step toward that mission with the launch of [1.1.1.1](#) — the Internet's fastest, privacy-first consumer DNS service. This post will talk a little about what that is and a lot about why we decided to do it. (If you're interested in the technical details on how we built the service, check out Ólafur Guðmundsson's [accompanying post](#).)