

SCHC over Sigfox draft-zuniga-lpwan-schc-over-sigfox-03

draft update and discussion about ACK-on-Error mode

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- Network architecture
 - Equivalences
- Added more details about
 - SCHC Rules parameters and usage
 - Fragmentation parameters (e.g. Values, Timers)
- Clarifications and some operation details on different fragmentation modes still needed on baseline SCHC draft
 - (Next slides)



No-ACK

The baseline SCHC draft assumes FCN=1-bit (e.g. N=1) for the No-ACK mode.

<u>Proposal:</u> relax/clarify the specification so that N>1 is clearly allowed.

For the SCHC over Sigfox draft we see value in using N>1 for the No-ACK mode.



ACK-on-Error

Our studies show that there is a situation where either a single lost All-0 fragment, or a lost SCHC ACK, would create a complete loss of session.

This is due to the fact that the baseline SCHC draft mandates aborting the session when a W bit out-of-sync is received.

Proposal: Allow for the ACK-on-Error mode to keep the last two windows. This way the receiver can request any lost fragment from the previous window and the sender can retransmit it.

The probability of a real out-of-sync with the W bit can be minimized with a relatively larger window size, e.g. 15 (N=4).

ACK-on-Error – Current Behaviour





