# Coordinated Address Space Manage ment (CASM) Architecture draft-li-opsawg-address-pool-management-arch-01

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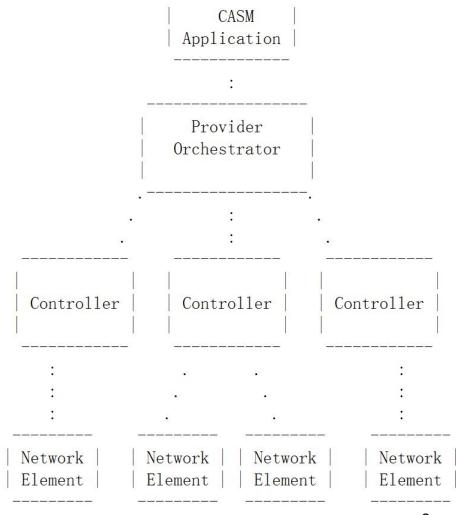
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## **Progress**

- "draft-li-opsawg-address-pool-management-arch-00" present at IE TF 101
- Comments around IETF 101
  - Some terminologies have been changed, such as "APMS" appeared in the e old version.
  - Expired drafts referenced were replaced with the latest ones
  - It is extended to handle containers, VLAN assignments, etc.
  - A number of enterprise operators that have a need for this type of solution
  - Other refinement
    - Correct several editorial errors
    - Components introduction is moved close to the reference architecture in section 3

## **New Use Case: Service SDN Management**

- End-to-end services building in private or public clouds.
- The SDN Orchestrator deals with addressing of undelay network elements, manages IPv4, IPv6 addresses and also MAC addresses to assign to network interfaces.
- Service provisioning of L3VPN and L2VPN by the SDN orchestration level.



## New Requirements from Enterprise operators

- Automatic coordination of address block and single address should be supported
- User-friendly Interface to monitor and show address Usage, technical detail of low-layer could be hidden.
- Manual and dynamic resource coordination are both supported
- IP address allocation can synchronize with other entities, such a s DNS server or SDN controller.

### New comments in the mail list

#### **Feedback to the comments of Tianran Zhou**

- 1. There is a typo in section 1 "Another factor which drive this work is that tThe network architectures are rapidly changing with the migration to ward private and public clouds." tThe->the
- <Chen> delete t
- 2. In section 1, you have "A series of use cases are defined in "Use Case Draft"." But there is no reference to these use cases.
- Or how about use a section to include the use case within this draft?
- <Chen> add the draft to the reference which is expired. <a href="https://www.ietf.org/archive/id/draft-xie-ps-centralized-address-management-02.txt">https://www.ietf.org/archive/id/draft-xie-ps-centralized-address-management-02.txt</a>
- 3. In section 3, "1) CASM Application "
- The figure 1 shows several CASM Applications. It's better to clarify how these applications may act differently.
- If only for different users, based on the reading of this part, it's better to have just one "CASM Client" in the figure.
- <Chen> CASM Application refers to various address applications, such as address service management and address log management. Application may be more appropriate than the client.
- 4. In section 3, "2) CASM Coordinator" Figure 1 shows two components "pool management" and "address management". It's better to clarify the ese two functional components in this section.
- <Chen> the "pool management" is to manage an address block, and the "address management" is to manage address blocks and some specific addresses. "pool management" is a way to achieve "address management".
- 5. In section 4, in the first procedure, how about enabling the operators to indicate the address allocation policies or so?
- <Chen> "the address allocation policies should be added in later version."
- 6. In section 5, it's better to address how the required interfaces can map to the "pool management", "address management" and "address data base" as in the CASM Coordinator.
- <Chen> we plan to write another draft about the YANG model of the interfaces mapping to the components mentioned in this draft.
- 7. Section 6. What's the relationship between this use case and the mentioned use cases in section 1?
- <Chen> This is a new use case proposed by Telecom Italia. It will be put in a more suitable position in the next version 07/15/2018

## **New comments in the mail list**

#### Feedback to the comments of Mohamed Boucadair

- Page5, Q: What does that mean? (pointing to "maintain the CASM Coordinator")
- A: This paragraph clarifies the role and function of the CASM Application. CASM Application manages, maintains, and the oper ates address pool in the CASM coordinator.
- Page6: Q: What is the difference between an address pool and addresses? (pointing to "address pools")
- A: Address pool is a bunch of addresses configured somewhere in the network for a common purpose, addresses means multiple addressing units instead of a single one.
- Page6: Q: How it knows this? (pointing to "the condition")
- A: The DA module in the device collects the utilization of the address resource. Under certain policy conditions, the address is a pplied to make up for the shortage of the address. Otherwise, the address resource is released when the address is redundant.
- Page7: Q: That is? (pointing to "user plane devices")
- A: This is a statement about the device module. The BRAS consists of a user plane and a control plane. The user plane refers to o forwarding, user session in data plane, and the control plane refers to control functions, such as address management.
- Page7: Q: Does this means that a permanent session is required to be maintained? (pointing to "When the connection of the C
  ASM Coordinator is lost or it needs the status information of certain applications, it may proactively query")
- A: Yes, It need to monitor the session. If the session fails, It need to get the status from the DA again to avoid data incomplete.
- Page15: Q: What is the motivation for having this use case? Are there unique requirements that can be derived from it? (pointin g to "Services SDN Management Use Cases")
- A: This is a new use case from Telecom Italia. It describes End-to-end services building in private or public clouds. It will be disc ussed at this IETF meeting and decide what to do with it.

## New comments in the maillist

#### Feedback to the comments of You Lu

- 1. The draft mentioned the usage in carrier networks. Is the architecture able to support enterprise net works or data center networks, such as google?
- Xie: Yes, CASM architecture is designed to support enterprise and data center networks for their a utomatic resource coordination. we are looking forward to receiving requirments from you based on your experience in google cloud.
- 2. Some of challenges in the draft are related to IPv4, is this work able to be applied to IPv6?
- Xie: As another kind of resource, IPv6 has been considered in CASM.

## **Acknowledgements**

 Many thanks given to Mohamed Boucadair and Tianran Zhou,et c., for their contributions

## **Next Step**

- Further refinement based on new comments
- Any contributions are welcome
- More inputs from enterprise operators
- Adopted as a WG doc?

## Thank you! Q&A