

IPv6 RA IPv6-Only Flag draft-ietf-6man-ipv6only-flag-04

I E T F

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Working Group Last Call



- Started on 6 September 2018
 - Many emails
 - Requests for implementations
- Thanks to Lee Howard for detailed review and everyone else's comments.
- Three new versions of draft published since IETF 102 intended to resolve issues raised in discussion and last call

Changes Since IETF102



- draft-ietf-6man-ipv6only-flag-02 (2018-August-14)
 - Added text to Section 9 to clarify that hosts not supporting this flag are not protected from IPv4-based attacks.
 - Editorial changes.
- draft-ietf-6man-ipv6only-flag-03 (2018-October-16)
 - Reorganized text about problem statement and applicability
 - Added note about shortage of flag bits
 - Clarified text about logging configuration error in Section 6
 - Editorial changes

Changes Since IETF102 (cont)

- draft-ietf-6man-ipv6only-flag-04 (5 Nov 2018)
 - Added text to Section 1 explaining why the mechanism is based on Router Advertisements.
 - Added text to Section 3 that for a VLAN, the IPv6-Only flag only applies to the specific VLAN on which it was received.
 - Changed Section 3 that administrators MUST only use this mechanism if they are certain that the link is IPv6-Only, instead of SHOULD.
 - Added ARP to Section 4 for protocols that the IPv6-Only flag applies to.
 - Renamed the IPv6-Only flag label from "6" to "S".
 - Added pointers to Section 7.2.7 of RFC4861 in Section 6.
 - Added that RFC4861 is also updated by Section 6 for routers implementing this flag.
 - Changed Section 7 from SHOULD NOT to MUST NOT.
 - Added Appendix A on implementations and testing.
 - Many small clarifications based on IPv6 list discussion and editorial changes.

Implementation and Testing



- FreeBSD Implementation by Bjoern Zeeb
 - https://lists.freebsd.org/pipermail/svn-src-head/2018-October/119360.html
 - ~100 lines of code
 - Tested with two FreeBSD IPv6 routers, a FreeBSD laptop on Ethernet and WiFi, and with Win10 and OSX clients
- Test using Scapy
 - https://samsclass.info/124/proj11/proj9xN-scapy-ra.html
 - Verified that setting this flag did not cause any adverse effects on Windows 10 and Android.

Issues Raised (1 of 2)





- Not needed because layer 2 filters sufficient
 - L2 filters may not existing on all links.
 - This is to inform hosts not to even try sending IPv4, so there is an incremental benefit
- Not needed because hosts can discover the lack of IPv4 services anyway
 - Hard to make discovery reliable, discovery process might cause other hosts to think there was IPv4 when it was just discovery traffic.
 - This is signal from Administrator that the link is IPv6-Only
- Could be done by DHCPv4 mechanism
 - Not if routers are IPv6 only; or if layer 2 blocks IPv4, or if no IPv4 services on link.

Issues Raised (2 of 2)



- Could be done by management protocol or DHCPv6
 - Management protocols not universal (BYOD devices, unmanged links, etc.)
 - RA is the only universal mechanism
- Host behavior suggested, not mandatory
 - Requirement is SHOULD, do this unless you have a good reason to not do it.
 - Administrator is saying the link in IPv6-Only
- Might cause interop issues among IPv4 hosts
 - Not an issue, the network admin has decided not to support IPv4!

Next Steps



Authors think it is ready to advance

 Implementation experience shows it is feasible and doesn't disrupt legacy IPv6 implementations

Next steps?



QUESTIONS / COMMENTS?