The Decentralized Identifier (DID) in the DNS

draft-mayrhofer-did-dns-00

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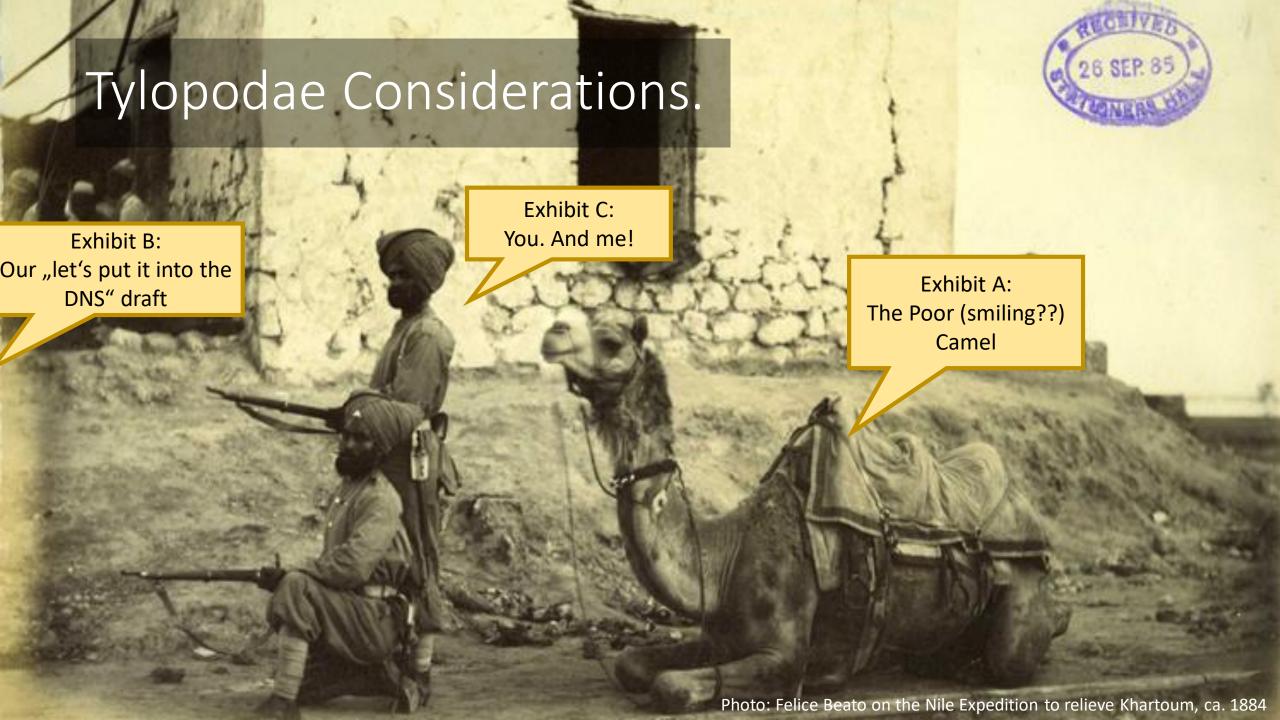
Background – Blockchain Adressing

- "Distributed Ledgers" (read: Blockchains) typically use Adresses to identify resources
 - 3E53XjqK4Cxt71BGeT2VhpcotV8LZ853C8
- Adresses lack identification of the Blockchain / Ledger on which they can be found
 - (above example is a bitcoin* address)
- Not suitable for identification
 - (at least on a global scale)
 - Ambiguity



Bite Reflexes.

- "Let's put it into the DNS"
 - Makes it human friendly
 - Globally available resolution
- But, how exactly?
- Decisions, decisions...
 - TXT ?
 - RRTYPE?
 - CLASS?
 - Owner Name Structure?



Background II – Decentralized Identifiers*

- Work of the W3C Credentials Community Group (soon to be "upgraded" to a Working Group)
- URI-Scheme "did" (Provisional Registration)
- Hierachical Scheme:

```
did:btrc:xzuc-wzcq-qqpq-qupuzs8
```

URI-Scheme:Method:Method-specific Identifier

Bingo! RFC 7553: DNS URI RRtype!

^{*}https://w3c-ccg.github.io/did-spec/

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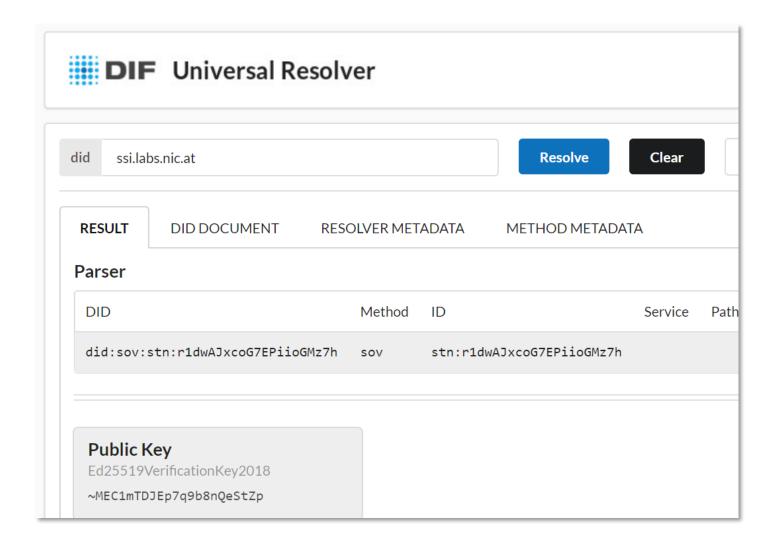
```
_did.example.net. IN URI 100 10 "did:sov:1234abcd"
```

- RRType + Owner Name: RFC 7553 URI RRType
- Email to DID: RFC 7929 DANE for OpenPGP
- Service Parameter: Existing IANA-Registry*
 - But requires Port or at least Protocol
 - Or an ENUMservice
 - (Current) Solution: Update RFC7553 to allow "_did" as well besides the two types above..

^{*}https://www.iana.org/assignments/service-names-port-numbers/service-names-port-numbers.xhtml

Running Code

• uniresolver.io



Next steps.

- Update of RFC7553 the most efficient way?
- Easiest: Entry for a protocol-independent "Service Parameter"
 - Is that possible?
 - Question to IANA pending [#1118333]
- Way forward with the draft?