### NMDA protocol operation Backwards-Compatibility with Legacy Devices

### draft-wu-netconf-nmda-compatibility-01

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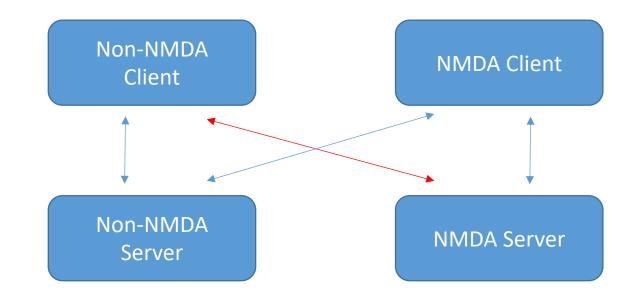
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## Goals

- Objectives & Motivations
  - The NMDA has been published as RFC8342, and the protocol extensions are work in progress;
  - Found some backward compatibility issues when we deployed NMDA
  - Sharing these problems with WG, and solicit comments and suggestions
  - Investigate reasonable solutions if the WG agree with these problems.

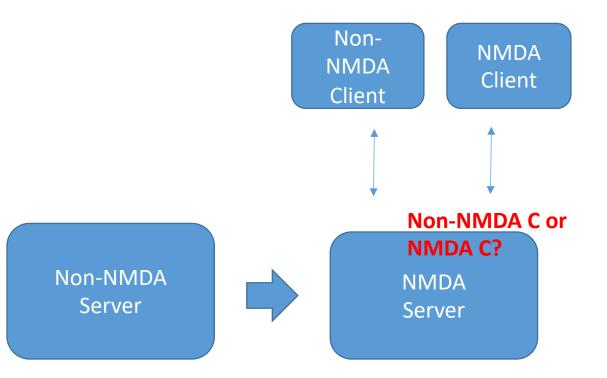
### Assumptions

- The NMDA Client, Non-NMDA Client, NMDA Server, and Non-NMDA Server will coexist in period of time. RFC6241 is widely implemented and not obsoleted.
  - The NMDA Client can use conventional operation (i.e. get, getconfig) to communicate with Non-NMDA Server;
  - But there are some problems when Non-NMDA Client want to retrieve data from NMDA Server ..



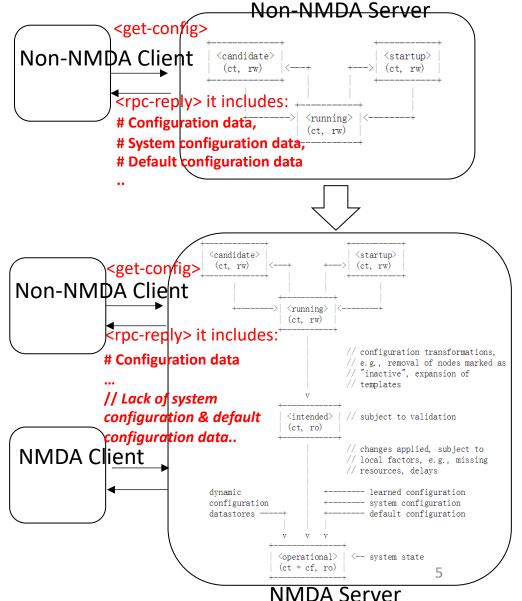
# Problem Illustrated # 1: Client NMDA support indication

- When a server is upgraded to NMDA aware server and needs to support both NMDA client and non-NMDA clients,
- There is no standards-based way for the server to know whether the client supports NMDA.
  - Suggestions: Client NMDA support should be indicated by protocol operations.
    - If <get>/<get-config>/<edit-config> operation is received from the client, the server should assume the client is Non-NMDA client.
    - If <get-data>/<edit-data> operation is received from the client, the server should assume the client is NMDA client.



# Problem Illustrated # 2: Default data handling

- Assumption: System configuration & default configuration originally part of conventional configuration datastores have been explicitly separated and moved to <operational> datastore under NMDA.
- It is not clear whether the NMDA aware server can return the same results to non-NMDA clients as non-NMDA-aware server does..
  - If yes, impact on <get-config>, <get>, <get-data> and default handling behavior:
    - <get>: almost no impact, return content of <running> and system config, default config from <operational>
    - <get-data>: If target datastore is <running>, the default config in case of report all retrieval should not be reported unless explicitly set by the client.
    - <get-config>: in report-all mode ,the data retrieved on the <running> datastore will be reduced without including default configuration unless explicitly set by the client.
    - **Default handling behavior**: Report all mode can not report default configuration unless explicitly set by the client
    - <edit-config>:no impact and follow default handling behavior in RFC6243
    - <edit-data> on <running>: 'create' default config succeed while 'delete' default config fails.



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#### Problem Illustrated # 3: System config handling need to config<sup>.</sup> the IP of Client Interface : Foo <edit-data> IP Model <candidate> <start Interface: (ct, rw) (ct, <-----/ system config running (ct. rw) configuration transformations, // e.g., removal of nodes marked as // "inactive", expansion of // templates <intended> // subject to validation (ct. ro) // changes applied, subject to // local factors, e.g., missing // resources, delays dynamic learned configuration configuration тасе too <operational> (ct + cf, ro)

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#### In some case, further configuration is needed within the system • configuration

- e.g., configure IP address of the interface after such interface configuration is auto-created (i.e., system configuration), such auto-created configuration needs to set by the client
- since int config as system confi doesn't exist in the conventional configuration datastore after NMDA is introduced. •
- The effect is the same as feed auto-created interface configuration into running datastore and make it become client set configuration. •
- After the interface configuration is applied, it will be merged with the • other existing system configuration in the <operational> datastore.
- It is still not clear whether the NMDA aware server can return the same • results to non-NMDA clients as non-NMDA-aware server does...
  - If yes, impact on <edit-config>, <edit-data>
    - <edit-config> on <running>: return error to indicate system config exist or return ok to indicate system exist doesn't exist???
    - <edit-data> on <running>: return ok to indicate system config does'n exist.

# Q & A

### Or talk to us on the mailing list

### Thank You !