IETF Hackathon: Trusted Execution Environment Provisioning (TEEP)

- IETF 104
- 23-24 March, 2019
- Prague



Hackathon Plan

- Flesh out implementation issues with OTrP specs:
 - draft-ietf-teep-architecture-02
 - draft-ietf-teep-opentrustprotocol-02
 - (draft is underspecified)
 - draft-thaler-teep-otrp-over-http-01

- Work on implementations and compare interpretations of spec
- Validate that spec is TEE vendor agnostic

What got done

- Multiple (2) implementations represented
 - Across 3 types of TEEs (Intel SGX, ARM TrustZone, RISC-V Keystone)
- Participants used Open Enclave SDK branch that supports both SGX and TrustZone
- SGX+TrustZone <u>implementation</u> of OTrP client & server in progress:
 - Ported to run over Open Enclave SDK
 - –Added more of OTrP implementation (more use of JWS & JWE)
 - Updated to match latest HTTP transport spec (changes based on MNot feedback), straightforward
 - -Implemented Trusted Application request mechanism designed (but not implemented) at hackathon 103 but only doc'ed in a github issue

What we learned

- Filed Issues: https://github.com/ietf-teep/OTrP
 - -5 new draft issues filed
 - −3 existing issues updated with more info
- Summary of new issues:
 - Relationship between OTrP and attestation (EAT/RATS/etc) needs work (on agenda for this week)
 - Some OTrP fields look redundant with others, opportunity for mismatch
 - OTrP spec uses two slightly different cert chain encoding mechanisms (JWS and custom), complicating code
 - Some OTrP fields (TEE name, TEE version) are underspecified and are interpreted differently by different people

Wrap Up

Team members:

- Dave Thaler
- Akira Tsukamoto
- Kuniyasu Suzaki
- Hannes Tschofenig (co-author)

First timers @ IETF/Hackathon: 2

